

# CPC COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION

## H03J TUNING RESONANT CIRCUITS; SELECTING RESONANT CIRCUITS (indicating arrangements for measuring [G01D](#); measuring, testing [G01R](#); remote-control in general [G05](#), [G08](#); automatic control or stabilisation of generators [H03L](#))

### NOTE

This subclass covers also the control of tuning, including the combined control of tuning and other functions, e.g. combinations of tuning control and volume control, combinations of control of local oscillator and of supplementary resonant circuits.

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| <p><b>1/00</b> Details of adjusting, driving, indicating, or mechanical control arrangements for resonant circuits in general (machine elements in general <a href="#">F16</a>; coupling of knobs to shafts <a href="#">F16D</a>)</p> <p>1/0008 . {using a central processing unit, e.g. a microprocessor (digital tuning in general <a href="#">H03J 5/0245</a>)}</p> <p>1/0016 . . {Indicating arrangements (digital indication of tuning in general <a href="#">H03J 1/048</a>)}</p> <p>1/0025 . . {in a remote control unit (remote control tuning in general <a href="#">H03J 9/00</a>)}</p> <p>1/0033 . . {for voltage synthesis with a D/A converter}</p> <p>1/0041 . . {for frequency synthesis with counters or frequency dividers}</p> <p>1/005 . . . {in a loop}</p> <p>1/0058 . . {provided with channel identification means (arrangements for monitoring the use made of broadcast services <a href="#">H04H 60/31</a>)}</p> <p>1/0066 . . . {with means for analysing the received signal strength (<a href="#">H03J 1/0083</a> takes precedence)}</p> <p>1/0075 . . . . {where the receiving frequencies of the stations are stored in a permanent memory, e.g. ROM}</p> <p>1/0083 . . . {using two or more tuners}</p> <p>1/0091 . . {provided with means for scanning over a band of frequencies (<a href="#">H03J 1/0058</a> takes precedence)}</p> <p>1/02 . Indicating arrangements {(indicating correct tuning <a href="#">H03J 3/12</a>)}</p> <p>1/025 . . {with voiced announcement}</p> <p>1/04 . . with optical indicating means</p> <p>1/041 . . . {Pointers, markers, or the like, for tuning dials; Folding dials}</p> <p>1/042 . . . {Means insuring a precise reading of the dial, e.g. special scale, local illumination possibly temporary, luminous point moving with the pointer}</p> <p>1/044 . . . {Illumination of the tuning dial; On and off switching of the illumination; Circuits related with illumination}</p> <p>1/045 . . . {Indication of the tuning band, the bandwidth, tone control, the channel number, the frequency, or the like}</p> <p>1/047 . . . . {using electronic means, e.g. LED's (display of electronic variables in general <a href="#">G01R 13/00</a>, for discontinuous display <a href="#">G01R 13/404</a>)}</p> <p>1/048 . . . . . {with digital indication (using a microprocessor <a href="#">H03J 1/0016</a>)}</p> | <p>1/06 . Driving or adjusting arrangements; combined with other driving or adjusting arrangements, e.g. of gain control</p> <p>1/063 . . {Special arrangements taken in correlation with the wear; Suppressing backlash; Locking in a desired position}</p> <p>1/066 . . {Constructional details regarding potentiometric setting of voltage or current variable reactances}</p> <p><b>NOTE</b></p> <p>Groups <a href="#">H03J 1/14</a>, <a href="#">H03J 1/16</a> take precedence over groups <a href="#">H03J 1/08</a> - <a href="#">H03J 1/12</a>.</p> <p>1/08 . . Toothed-gear drive; Worm drive</p> <p>1/10 . . Rope drive; Chain drive</p> <p>1/12 . . Friction drive</p> <p>1/14 . . Special arrangements for fine and coarse tuning</p> <p>1/16 . . Single control means independently performing two or more functions</p> <p>1/18 . Control by auxiliary power</p> <p>1/182 . . {using a ring of magnets or the like}</p> <p>1/185 . . {the auxiliary power producing an adjustment dependent on the current intensity}</p> <p>1/187 . . {the auxiliary power balancing automatically a Wheatstone bridge or the like, that has been unbalanced by the controlling device}</p> <p>1/20 . . the auxiliary power being switched on as long as controlling current is switched on</p> <p>1/22 . . with stepping arrangements actuated by control pulses</p> <p><b>3/00</b> Continuous tuning (<a href="#">H03J 7/00</a>, <a href="#">H03J 9/00</a> take precedence; combination of continuous and discontinuous tuning other than for bandspreading <a href="#">H03J 5/00</a>)</p> <p>3/02 . Details</p> <p>3/04 . . Arrangements for compensating for variations of physical values, e.g. temperature (automatic control of ambient conditions <a href="#">G05D</a>)</p> <p>3/06 . . Arrangements for obtaining constant bandwidth or gain throughout tuning range or ranges (automatic gain control <a href="#">H03G</a>)</p> <p>3/08 . . . by varying a second parameter simultaneously with the tuning, e.g. coupling bandpass filter</p> <p>3/10 . . Circuit arrangements for fine tuning, e.g. bandspreading</p> <p>3/12 . . Electrically-operated arrangements for indicating correct tuning</p> <p>3/14 . . . Visual indication, e.g. magic eye</p> <p>3/16 . . Tuning without displacement of reactive element, e.g. by varying permeability</p> |
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- 3/18 . . . by discharge tube or semiconductor device  
simulating variable reactance
- 3/185 . . . . {with varactors, i.e. voltage variable reactive  
diodes}
- 3/20 . of single resonant circuit by varying inductance only  
or capacitance only
- 3/22 . of single resonant circuit by varying inductance and  
capacitance simultaneously
- 3/24 . of more than one resonant circuit simultaneously,  
the circuits being tuned to substantially the same  
frequency, e.g. for single-knob tuning
- 3/26 . . the circuits being coupled so as to form a  
bandpass filter
- 3/28 . of more than one resonant circuit simultaneously,  
the tuning frequencies of the circuits having a  
substantially constant difference throughout the  
tuning range
- 3/30 . . Arrangements for ensuring tracking with variable  
inductors
- 3/32 . . Arrangements for ensuring tracking with variable  
capacitors
- 5/00 Discontinuous tuning; Selecting predetermined  
frequencies; Selecting frequency bands with  
or without continuous tuning in one or more  
of the bands, e.g. push-button tuning, turret  
tuner (H03J 7/00, H03J 9/00 take precedence; for  
bandspreading H03J 3/10)**
- 5/02 . with variable tuning element having a number of  
predetermined settings and adjustable to a desired  
one of these settings
- 5/0209 . . {Discontinuous tuning using an electrical variable  
impedance element, e.g. a voltage variable  
reactive diode, by selecting the corresponding  
analogue value between a set of non preset  
values}
- 5/0218 . . {Discontinuous tuning using an electrical variable  
impedance element, e.g. a voltage variable  
reactive diode, by selecting the corresponding  
analogue value between a set of preset values}
- 5/0227 . . . {using a counter}
- 5/0236 . . . {with possibility to skip over certain counter  
positions, i.e. channel skipping, or scanning the  
counter position with a variable frequency rate}
- 5/0245 . . {Discontinuous tuning using an electrical variable  
impedance element, e.g. a voltage variable  
reactive diode, in which no corresponding  
analogue value either exists or is preset, i.e. the  
tuning information is only available in a digital  
form (microprocessor tuning H03J 1/0008)}
- 5/0254 . . . {the digital values being transferred to a D/A  
converter}
- 5/0263 . . . . {the digital values being held in an auxiliary  
non erasable memory}
- 5/0272 . . . {the digital values being used to preset a  
counter or a frequency divider in a phase  
locked loop, e.g. frequency synthesizer}
- 5/0281 . . . . {the digital values being held in an auxiliary  
non erasable memory}
- 5/029 . . . {with channel skipping capability}
- 5/04 . . operated by hand
- 5/06 . . . Settings determined by single indexing means  
with snap action
- 5/08 . . . Settings determined by a number of separately-  
actuated positioning means
- 5/10 . . . Settings determined by a number of positioning  
means mounted on a common support, e.g.  
turret tuner, which is adjustable to desired  
positions, a different positioning means being  
in operation in each position
- 5/12 . . . Settings determined by a number of separately-  
actuated driving means which adjust the tuning  
element directly to desired settings
- 5/14 . . operated by auxiliary power
- 5/143 . . . {Settings determined by a number of  
positioning means mounted on a common  
support, e.g. turret tuner, which is adjustable  
to determined positions, a different positioning  
means being in operation in each position}
- 5/146 . . . {Settings desired by a switch controlled  
together with the tuning member and which  
stops the control as soon as a desired position is  
reached}
- 5/16 . . . Settings determined by a number of separate  
positioning means actuated by hand
- 5/18 . . . Settings determined by a number of separate  
positioning means actuated by electromagnets
- 5/20 . . . Settings determined by a number of positioning  
means actuated by a second means adjustable  
to different positions by the same or by a  
second auxiliary power
- 5/22 . . . Settings determined by a number of separately  
actuated driving means which adjust the tuning  
element directly to desired settings
- 5/24 . with a number of separate pretuned tuning circuits  
or separate tuning elements selectively brought into  
circuit, e.g. for waveband selection, for television  
channel selection (switches in general H01H)
- 5/242 . . {used exclusively for band selection}
- 5/244 . . . {using electronic means}
- 5/246 . . {using electronic means (H03J 5/244 takes  
precedence)}
- 5/248 . . {using electromechanical means}
- 5/26 . . operated by hand
- 5/28 . . . Tuning circuits or elements supported on a  
revolving member with contacts arranged in a  
plane perpendicular to the axis
- 5/30 . . . Tuning circuits or elements supported on a  
revolving member with contacts arranged in  
lines parallel to the axis
- 5/32 . . . Stationary tuning circuits or elements selected  
by push-button
- 7/00 Automatic frequency control; Automatic scanning  
over a band of frequencies**
- 7/02 . Automatic frequency control (H03J 7/18 takes  
precedence; automatic tuning control for television  
receivers H04N 5/50)
- 7/023 . . {Neutralization of the automatic frequency  
correction during a tuning change}
- 7/026 . . {Means preventing a wrong working of the  
automatic frequency correction in case of fading  
or bad signal/noise ratio}
- 7/04 . . where the frequency control is accomplished by  
varying the electrical characteristics of a non-  
mechanically adjustable element or where the  
nature of the frequency controlling element is not  
significant
- 7/042 . . . {with reactance tube}

7/045	. . . {Modification of automatic frequency control sensitivity or linearising automatic frequency control operation; Modification of the working range ( <a href="#">H03J 7/10 takes precedence</a> )}	9/02	. using radio transmission; using near-field transmission
7/047	. . . {Automatic frequency control using an auxiliary signal, e.g. low frequency scanning of the locking range or superimposing a special signal on the input signal}	9/04	. using ultrasonic, sonic or infrasonic waves
7/06	. . . using counters or frequency dividers	9/06	. using electromagnetic waves other than radio waves, e.g. light
7/065	. . . . {the counter or frequency divider being used in a phase locked loop}	<b>2200/00</b>	<b>Indexing scheme relating to tuning resonant circuits and selecting resonant circuits</b>
7/08	. . . using varactors, i.e. voltage variable reactive diodes ( <a href="#">H03J 7/06 takes precedence</a> )	2200/01	. Circuitry controlling the selecting or switching action
7/10	. . . . Modification of automatic frequency control sensitivity or linearising automatic frequency control operation	2200/02	. Algorithm used as input for AFC action alignment receiver
7/12	. . . . Combination of automatic frequency control voltage with stabilised varactor supply voltage	2200/03	. Alignment of a receiver during fabrication
7/14	. . . Controlling the magnetic state of inductor cores ( <a href="#">H03J 7/06 takes precedence</a> )	2200/04	. Alignment of a transmitter during fabrication
7/16	. . where the frequency control is accomplished by mechanical means, e.g. by a motor	2200/05	. Alignment of transmitter with a receiver, after fabrication
7/18	. Automatic scanning over a band of frequencies	2200/06	. Tuning of antenna
7/183	. . {combined with selection between different stations transmitting the same programme, e.g. by analysis of the received signal strength}	2200/07	. Calibration of receivers, using quartz crystal oscillators as reference
7/186	. . . {using two or more tuners}	2200/08	. Calibration of receivers, in particular of a band pass filter
7/20	. . where the scanning is accomplished by varying the electrical characteristics of a non-mechanically adjustable element ( <a href="#">H03J 7/183 takes precedence</a> )}	2200/09	. Calibration of oscillator in receiver, using an external carrier frequency as reference
7/22	. . . in which an automatic frequency control circuit is brought into action after the scanning action has been stopped ( <a href="#">H03J 7/24 takes precedence</a> )	2200/10	. Tuning of a resonator by means of digitally controlled capacitor bank
7/24	. . . using varactors, i.e. voltage variable reactive diodes ( <a href="#">H03J 7/28 takes precedence</a> )	2200/11	. Cellular receiver, e.g. GSM, combined with a GPS receiver
7/26	. . . . in which an automatic frequency control circuit is brought into action after the scanning action has been stopped	2200/12	. Radio receiver combined with a GPS receiver
7/28	. . . using counters or frequency dividers	2200/13	. Television receiver combined with a GPS receiver
7/285	. . . . {the counter or frequency divider being used in a phase locked loop}	2200/14	. Tunable filter in receiver contributing to image rejection
7/30	. . where the scanning is accomplished by mechanical means, e.g. by a motor	2200/15	. Tuning of resonator by means of digitally controlled inductor bank
7/305	. . . {in which an automatic frequency control circuit is brought into action after the scanning action has been stopped}	2200/16	. Interpolation of control values for varicaps
7/32	. . with simultaneous display of received frequencies, e.g. panoramic receivers	2200/17	. Elimination of interference caused by harmonics of local oscillator
<b>9/00</b>	<b>Remote-control of tuned circuits; Combined remote-control of tuning and other functions, e.g. brightness, amplification (<a href="#">mechanical remote-control arrangements H03J 1/00</a>; {using a microprocessor <a href="#">H03J 1/0025</a>; constructional details of remote control switching devices <a href="#">H01H 9/0235</a>})</b>	2200/18	. Tuning of a master filter in order to tune its slave filter
9/002	. {comprising one or more tuning stages separated from the rest of a receiver}	2200/19	. Resonator in MEMS technology
9/005	. {using non-electrical means without push-button control, e.g. pneumatic, hydraulic or sound wave transmission, Bowden cables}	2200/20	. Radio receiver with possibility to choose a station with a certain program style
9/007	. {by voltages or currents with different frequencies or phases}	2200/21	. Television receiver with possibility to choose a station with a certain program style
		2200/22	. Remote control device controlling cursor and/or including a cursor detecting device
		2200/23	. Remote control device with display showing data to be transmitted to the controlled apparatus
		2200/24	. Remote control device with display showing program content
		2200/25	. Remote control device with display
		2200/26	. . Remote control device with touch screen display
		2200/27	. Adjusting the seek sensitivity of a scanning or sweeping receiver
		2200/28	. Automatic self-alignment of a receiver
		2200/29	. Self-calibration of a receiver
		2200/30	. Radio receiver with speech synthesis ability, used for conveying information that is shown on the display
		2200/31	. Several sweeping or scanning speeds
		2200/32	. Tuning of tracking filter
		2200/33	. Tuning of filter by controlling transconductance
		2200/34	. Tuning of oscillator by controlling transconductance
		2200/35	. Inductance tunable by switching in/out parts of the inductor

- 2200/36 . Circuit arrangements for, e.g. increasing the tuning range, linearizing the voltage-capacitance relationship, lowering noise, constant slope in different bands
- 2200/37 . Control voltage applied to the anode of the varicap
- 2200/38 . Control voltage applied to the cathode of the varicap
- 2200/39 . Variable capacitors implemented using micro electro-mechanical systems [MEMS]
- 2200/40 . Conversion to a zero or near-zero intermediate frequency