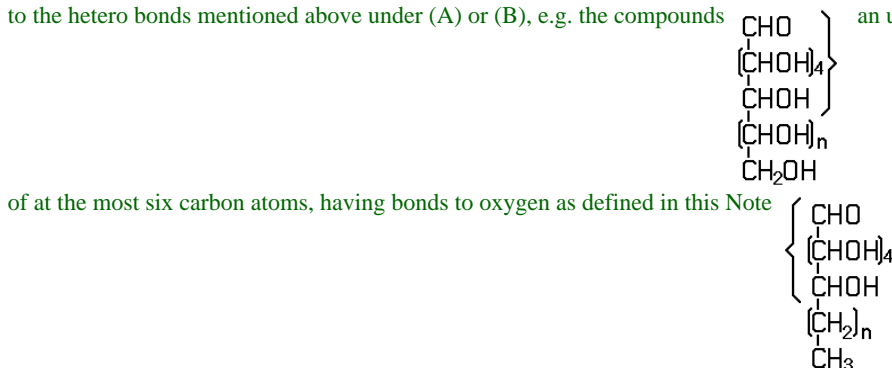


CPC COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION

C07H SUGARS; DERIVATIVES THEREOF; NUCLEOSIDES; NUCLEOTIDES; NUCLEIC ACIDS (derivatives of aldonic or saccharic acids [C07C](#), [C07D](#); aldonic acids, saccharic acids [C07C 59/105](#), [C07C 59/285](#); cyanohydrins [C07C 255/16](#); glycals [C07D](#); compounds of unknown constitution [C07G](#); polysaccharides, derivatives thereof [C08B](#); DNA or RNA concerning genetic engineering, vectors, e.g. plasmids, or their isolation, preparation or purification [C12N 15/00](#); sugar industry [C13](#))

NOTES

1. This subclass covers compounds containing saccharide radicals (see the definitions in Note (3) below).
2. This subclass does not cover polysaccharides which for the purpose of this subclass are defined as having more than five saccharide radicals attached to each other by glycosidic linkages.
3. In this subclass, the following expressions are used with the meanings indicated:
 - “saccharide radical” which is derived from acyclic polyhydroxy-aldehydes or acyclic polyhydroxy-ketones, or from their cyclic tautomers, by removing hydrogen atoms or by replacing hetero bonds to oxygen by the same number of hetero bonds to halogen, nitrogen, sulfur, selenium, or tellurium, in accordance with either of the following definitions:
 - a. It
 - i. consists of an uninterrupted carbon skeleton and oxygen atoms directly attached thereto, and
 - ii. is considered to be terminated by every bond to a carbon atom of a cyclic structure and by every bond to a carbon atom having three bonds to hetero atoms, e.g. ester or nitrile radicals, and
 - iii. contains within the carbon skeleton an unbranched sequence of at the most six carbon atoms in which at least three carbon atoms — at least two in the case of a skeleton having only four carbon atoms — have one single bond to an oxygen atom as the only hetero bond, and
 - A. in a cyclic or acyclic sequence, at least one other carbon atom has two single bonds to oxygen atoms as the only hetero bonds, or
 - B. in an acyclic sequence, at least one other carbon atom has one double bond to an oxygen atom as the only hetero bond, the said sequence containing at the most one double bond, i.e. C=C or possibly ketalised C=O), in addition to the hetero bonds mentioned above under (A) or (B), e.g. the compounds



n being an integer, are classified in group [C07H 3/02](#);

- b. It is also a radical derived from a radical as defined in (a) above by replacing at the most four of the specified hetero bonds to oxygen by the same number of hetero bonds to halogen, nitrogen, sulfur, selenium, or tellurium;
 - “heterocyclic radical” or “hetero ring” is considered to exclude saccharide radicals as defined above
4. Attention is drawn to Note (3) after class [C07](#), which defines the last place priority rule applied in the range of subclasses [C07C-C07K](#) and within these subclasses.

1/00	Processes for the preparation of sugar derivatives	3/04	• Disaccharides
1/02	• Phosphorylation	3/06	• Oligosaccharides, i.e. having three to five saccharide radicals attached to each other by glycosidic linkages
1/04	• . Introducing polyphosphoric acid radicals		
1/06	• Separation; Purification	3/08	• Deoxysugars; Unsaturated sugars (1,2-dideoxy-1-enoses C07D); Osones
1/08	• . from natural products	3/10	• Anhydrosugars, e.g. epoxides
3/00	Compounds containing only hydrogen atoms and saccharide radicals having only carbon, hydrogen, and oxygen atoms (preparation by hydrolysis of di- or polysaccharides C13; separation or purification of sucrose, glucose, fructose, lactose or maltose C13)	5/00	Compounds containing saccharide radicals in which the hetero bonds to oxygen have been replaced by the same number of hetero bonds to halogen, nitrogen, sulfur, selenium, or tellurium
3/02	• Monosaccharides		

5/02	. to halogen	15/16	. . . Lincomycin; Derivatives thereof
5/04	. to nitrogen	15/18	. Acyclic radicals, substituted by carbocyclic rings
5/06	. . Aminosugars	15/20	. Carbocyclic rings
5/08	. to sulfur, selenium or tellurium	15/203	. . Monocyclic carbocyclic rings other than cyclohexane rings; Bicyclic carbocyclic ring systems
5/10	. . to sulfur	15/207	. . Cyclohexane rings not substituted by nitrogen atoms, e.g. kasugamycins
7/00	Compounds containing non-saccharide radicals linked to saccharide radicals by a carbon-to-carbon bond	15/22	. . Cyclohexane rings, substituted by nitrogen atoms
7/02	. Acyclic radicals	15/222	. . . Cyclohexane rings substituted by at least two nitrogen atoms
7/027	. . Keto-aldehydic acids	15/224 with only one saccharide radical directly attached to the cyclohexyl radical, e.g. destomycin, fortimicin, neamine
7/033	. . Uronic acids	15/226 with at least two saccharide radicals directly attached to the cyclohexane rings
7/04	. Carbocyclic radicals	15/228 attached to adjacent ring-carbon atoms of the cyclohexane rings
7/06	. Heterocyclic radicals	15/23 with only two saccharide radicals in the molecule, e.g. ambutyrosin, butyrosin, xylostatin, ribostamycin
9/00	Compounds containing a hetero ring sharing at least two hetero atoms with a saccharide radical	15/232 with at least three saccharide radicals in the molecule, e.g. lividomycin, neomycin, paromomycin
9/02	. the hetero ring containing only oxygen as ring hetero atoms	15/234 Attached to non-adjacent ring carbon atoms of the cyclohexane rings, e.g. kanamycins, tobramycin, nebramycin, gentamicin A ₂
9/04	. . Cyclic acetals	15/236 a saccharide radical being substituted by an alkylamino radical in position 3 and by two substituents different from hydrogen in position 4, e.g. gentamycin complex, sisomycin, verdamycin
9/06	. the hetero ring containing nitrogen as ring hetero atoms	15/238	. . . Cyclohexane rings substituted by two guanidine radicals, e.g. streptomycins
11/00	Compounds containing saccharide radicals esterified by inorganic acids; Metal salts thereof (halo-sugars C07H 5/02; thio-, seleno-, or telluro-sugars C07H 5/08)	15/24	. . Condensed ring systems having three or more rings
11/02	. Nitrates; Nitrites	15/244	. . . Anthraquinone radicals, e.g. sennosides
11/04	. Phosphates; Phosphites; Polyphosphates	15/248	. . . Colchicine radicals, e.g. colchicosides
13/00	Compounds containing saccharide radicals esterified by carbonic acid or derivatives thereof, or by organic acids, e.g. phosphonic acids	15/252	. . . Naphthacene radicals, e.g. daunomycins, adriamycins
13/02	. by carboxylic acids	15/256	. . . Polyterpene radicals
13/04	. . having the esterifying carboxyl radicals attached to acyclic carbon atoms	15/26	. Acyclic or carbocyclic radicals, substituted by hetero rings
13/06	. . . Fatty acids	17/00	Compounds containing heterocyclic radicals directly attached to hetero atoms of saccharide radicals
13/08	. . having the esterifying carboxyl radicals directly attached to carbocyclic rings	17/02	. Heterocyclic radicals containing only nitrogen as ring hetero atoms
13/10	. . having the esterifying carboxyl radicals directly attached to heterocyclic rings	17/04	. Heterocyclic radicals containing only oxygen as ring hetero atoms
13/12	. by acids having the group -X-C(=X)-X-, or halides thereof, in which each X means nitrogen, oxygen, sulfur, selenium or tellurium, e.g. carbonic acid, carbamic acid	17/06	. . Benzopyran radicals
15/00	Compounds containing hydrocarbon or substituted hydrocarbon radicals directly attached to hetero atoms of saccharide radicals	17/065	. . . Benzo[b]pyrans
NOTE	In this group, acyl radicals directly attached to hetero atoms of the saccharide radicals are not considered as substituted hydrocarbon radicals.	17/07 Benzo[b]pyran-4-ones
15/02	. Acyclic radicals, not substituted by cyclic structures	17/075 Benzo[b]pyran-2-ones
15/04	. . attached to an oxygen atom of the saccharide radical	17/08	. . Hetero rings containing eight or more ring members, e.g. erythromycins
15/06	. . . being a hydroxyalkyl group esterified by a fatty acid	19/00	Compounds containing a hetero ring sharing one ring hetero atom with a saccharide radical; Nucleosides; Mononucleotides ; Anhydro-derivatives thereof
15/08	. . . Polyoxyalkylene derivatives	19/01	. Sharing oxygen
15/10	. . . containing unsaturated carbon-to-carbon bonds	19/02	. sharing nitrogen
15/12	. . attached to a nitrogen atom of the saccharide radical		
15/14	. . attached to a sulfur, selenium or tellurium atom of a saccharide radical		

- 19/04 . . Heterocyclic radicals containing only nitrogen atoms as ring hetero atom
- 19/044 . . . Pyrrole radicals
- 19/048 . . . Pyridine radicals
- 19/052 . . . Imidazole radicals
- 19/056 . . . Triazole or tetrazole radicals
- 19/06 . . . Pyrimidine radicals
- 19/067 with ribosyl as the saccharide radical
- 19/073 with 2-deoxyribosyl as the saccharide radical
- 19/09 with arabinosyl as the saccharide radical
- 19/10 with the saccharide radical esterified by phosphoric or polyphosphoric acids
- 19/11 containing cyclic phosphate
- 19/12 . . . Triazine radicals
- 19/14 . . . Pyrrolo-pyrimidine radicals
- 19/16 . . . Purine radicals
- 19/167 with ribosyl as the saccharide radical
- 19/173 with 2-deoxyribosyl as the saccharide radical
- 19/19 with arabinosyl as the saccharide radical
- 19/20 with the saccharide radical esterified by phosphoric or polyphosphoric acids
- 19/207 the phosphoric or polyphosphoric acids being esterified by a further hydroxylic compound, e.g. flavine adenine dinucleotide or nicotinamide-adenine dinucleotide
- 19/213 containing cyclic phosphate
- 19/22 . . . Pteridine radicals
- 19/23 . . . Heterocyclic radicals containing two or more heterocyclic rings condensed among themselves or condensed with a common carbocyclic ring system, not provided for in groups [C07H 19/14](#) - [C07H 19/22](#)
- 19/24 . . Heterocyclic radicals containing oxygen or sulfur as ring hetero atom
- 21/00 Compounds containing two or more mononucleotide units having separate phosphate or polyphosphate groups linked by saccharide radicals of nucleoside groups, e.g. nucleic acids**
- 21/02 . with ribosyl as saccharide radical
- 21/04 . with deoxyribosyl as saccharide radical
- 23/00 Compounds containing boron, silicon, or a metal, e.g. chelates, vitamin B₁₂ (esters with inorganic acids [C07H 11/00](#); metal salts, see parent compounds)**
- 99/00 Subject matter not provided for in other groups of this subclass**