

# CPC COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION

## H ELECTRICITY

(NOTE omitted)

## H04 ELECTRIC COMMUNICATION TECHNIQUE

(NOTE omitted)

## H04B TRANSMISSION (transmission systems for measured values, control or similar signals [G08C](#); coding, decoding, code conversion, in general [H03M](#); broadcast communication [H04H](#); multiplex systems [H04J](#); secret communication [H04K](#); transmission of digital information [H04L](#))

### NOTE

This subclass covers the transmission of information-carrying signals, the transmission being independent of the nature of the information, and includes monitoring and testing arrangements and the suppression and limitation of noise and interference.

### WARNING

In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

**1/00 Details of transmission systems, not covered by a single one of groups [H04B 3/00](#) - [H04B 13/00](#); Details of transmission systems not characterised by the medium used for transmission (tuning resonant circuits [H03J](#))**

### NOTE

In this group, group [H04B 1/0003](#) takes precedence over groups [H04B 1/005](#) - [H04B 1/76](#)

- 1/0003 . {Software-defined radio [SDR] systems, i.e. systems wherein components typically implemented in hardware, e.g. filters or modulators/demodulators, are implemented using software, e.g. by involving an AD or DA conversion stage such that at least part of the signal processing is performed in the digital domain (digital baseband systems [H04L 25/00](#); digital modulation/demodulation [H04L 27/00](#); CDMA [H04B 1/707](#); TDMA [H04B 7/2643](#); image transmission [H04N 5/00](#))}
- 1/0007 . . {wherein the AD/DA conversion occurs at radiofrequency or intermediate frequency stage}
- 1/001 . . . {Channel filtering, i.e. selecting a frequency channel within the SDR system (multiplexing of multicarrier modulation signals being represented by different frequencies [H04L 5/06](#); multiplexing of multicarrier modulation signals [H04L 5/023](#))}
- 1/0014 . . . {using DSP [Digital Signal Processor] quadrature modulation and demodulation}
- 1/0017 . . . {Digital filtering ([H04B 1/001](#) takes precedence; digital filters [per se H03H 17/00](#))}
- 1/0021 . . . {Decimation, i.e. data rate reduction techniques ([H04B 1/0025](#) takes precedence)}
- 1/0025 . . . {using a sampling rate lower than twice the highest frequency component of the sampled signal (for demodulation of angle-modulated signals [H03D 3/006](#))}
- 1/0028 . . {wherein the AD/DA conversion occurs at baseband stage}

- 1/0032 . . . {with analogue quadrature frequency conversion to and from the baseband (quadrature modulators and demodulators [per se H03D 3/007](#), [H03C 3/40](#))}
- 1/0035 . . . {Channel filtering, i.e. selecting a frequency channel within a software radio system (multiplexing of multicarrier modulation signals being represented by different frequencies [H04L 5/06](#); multiplexing of multicarrier modulation signals [H04L 5/023](#))}
- 1/0039 . . . {using DSP [Digital Signal Processor] quadrature modulation and demodulation}
- 1/0042 . . . {Digital filtering ([H04B 1/0035](#) takes precedence; digital filters [per se H03H 17/00](#))}
- 1/0046 . . . {Decimation, i.e. data rate reduction techniques}
- 1/005 . {adapting radio receivers, transmitters and transceivers for operation on two or more bands, i.e. frequency ranges}
- 1/0053 . . {with common antenna for more than one band}
- 1/0057 . . . {using diplexing or multiplexing filters for selecting the desired band}
- 1/006 . . . {using switches for selecting the desired band ([H04B 1/0057](#) takes precedence)}
- 1/0064 . . {with separate antennas for the more than one band ([H04B 1/0053](#) takes precedence)}
- 1/0067 . . {with one or more circuit blocks in common for different bands}
- 1/0071 . . . {using a common intermediate frequency for more than one band ([H04B 1/0075](#) takes precedence)}
- 1/0075 . . . {using different intermediate frequencies for the different bands}
- 1/0078 . . . . {with a common intermediate frequency amplifier for the different intermediate frequencies, e.g. when using switched intermediate frequency filters}
- 1/0082 . . . {with a common local oscillator for more than one band}

- 1/0085 . . . . {where one band is the image frequency band of the other and the band selection is done by image rejection}
- 1/0089 . . . . {using a first intermediate frequency higher than the highest of any band received}
- 1/0092 . . . . . {using a wideband front end}
- 1/0096 . . {where a full band is frequency converted into another full band}
- 1/02 . Transmitters (spatial arrangements of component circuits in radio pills for living beings [A61B 5/07](#))
- 1/03 . . Constructional details, e.g. casings, housings {(adapted for airplanes [B64D](#))}
- 1/034 . . . Portable transmitters {(distress beacons [G01S 1/68](#); means for indicating the location of accidentally buried persons [A63B 29/021](#))}
- 1/0343 . . . . {to be carried on the body}
- 1/0346 . . . . {Hand-held transmitters}
- 1/036 . . . Cooling arrangements (cooling transformers [H01F 27/08](#); cooling discharge tubes [H01J 7/24](#), [H01J 19/74](#))
- 1/04 . . Circuits (of television transmitters [H04N 5/38](#); {oscillators [H03B](#); modulators [H03C 1/00](#), [H03C 3/00](#), [H03C 5/00](#); amplifiers [H03F](#); power supplies [H04B 1/1607](#))}
- 2001/0408 . . . . {with power amplifiers}
- 2001/0416 . . . . {having gain or transmission power control}
- 2001/0425 . . . . {with linearisation using predistortion}
- 2001/0433 . . . . {with linearisation using feedback}
- 2001/0441 . . . . {with linearisation using feed-forward}
- 2001/045 . . . . {with means for improving efficiency}
- 1/0458 . . . {Arrangements for matching and coupling between power amplifier and antenna or between amplifying stages (matching circuits in general [H03H](#))}
- 1/0466 . . . {Fault detection or indication ([H04B 1/0483](#) takes precedence)}
- 1/0475 . . . {with means for limiting noise, interference or distortion ([H04B 1/0483](#) takes precedence)}
- 1/0483 . . . {Transmitters with multiple parallel paths}
- 2001/0491 . . . {with frequency synthesizers, frequency converters or modulators}
- 1/06 . Receivers (control of amplification [H03G](#); television receivers [H04N 5/44](#), [H04N 5/64](#))
- 1/08 . . Constructional details, e.g. cabinet
- 1/082 . . . {to be used in vehicles ([H04B 1/086](#) takes precedence; holding or mounting accessories [B60R 11/02](#))}
- 2001/084 . . . . {with removable front panel}
- 1/086 . . . {Portable receivers}
- 1/088 . . . . {with parts of the receiver detachable or collapsible}
- 1/10 . . Means associated with receiver for limiting or suppressing noise or interference {induced by transmission (interference reduction in spread spectrum systems [H04B 1/7097](#); equalising on HF or IF [H04B 7/005](#); diversity systems [H04B 7/02](#); elimination of image frequencies [H03D 7/18](#); noise suppression by control of amplification [H03G 3/00](#), [H03G 5/00](#), [H03G 7/00](#); squelching [H03G 3/26](#), [H03G 3/34](#))}
- 1/1009 . . . {Placing the antenna at a place where the noise level is low and using a noise-free transmission line between the antenna and the receivers (screened aerials [H01Q 7/04](#); feeders for aerials [H01Q 9/00](#))}
- 1/1018 . . . {noise filters connected between the power supply and the receiver (suppression or limitation of noise from electric apparatus [H04B 15/00](#); demodulation [H03D](#); ripple filters [H02M 1/14](#); filters in general [95G](#), [H03H](#); power supplies [H04B 1/1607](#))}
- 1/1027 . . . {assessing signal quality or detecting noise/interference for the received signal}
- 1/1036 . . . . {with automatic suppression of narrow band noise or interference, e.g. by using tuneable notch filters ([H04B 1/123](#) takes precedence; filter circuits [H03H](#))}
- 2001/1045 . . . . {Adjacent-channel interference}
- 2001/1054 . . . . {by changing bandwidth}
- 2001/1063 . . . . {using a notch filter}
- 2001/1072 . . . . {by tuning the receiver frequency}
- 1/1081 . . . {Reduction of multipath noise (by equalising [H04B 7/005](#))}
- 1/109 . . . {by improving strong signal performance of the receiver when strong unwanted signals are present at the receiver input}
- 1/12 . . . Neutralising, balancing, or compensation arrangements {(balancing ripple filters [H04B 15/005](#), [H02M 1/143](#))}
- 1/123 . . . . {using adaptive balancing or compensation means (adaptive filter circuits and algorithms [H03H](#))}
- 1/126 . . . . . {having multiple inputs, e.g. auxiliary antenna for receiving interfering signal (aerials in general [H01Q](#))}
- 1/14 . . . Automatic detuning arrangements
- 1/16 . . Circuits {(demodulators [H03D](#))}
- 1/1607 . . . {Supply circuits (converters [H02M](#); filters therefor [H02M 1/14](#); voltage stabilisers [G05F 1/46](#))}
- 1/1615 . . . . {Switching on; Switching off, e.g. remotely (battery saving circuits associated with selective call operation [H04W 52/00](#); details of power consumption reduction in a PLL, [H03L 7/0802](#), [H03L 7/14](#), [H03L 2207/08](#), [H03L 2207/18](#); muting amplifiers by gain control see [H03G 3/34](#))}
- 1/1623 . . . . {using tubes}
- 1/163 . . . {Special arrangements for the reduction of the damping of resonant circuits of receivers (amplifiers [H03F](#); negative impedance networks for line transmission systems [H04B 3/16](#))}
- 1/1638 . . . {Special circuits to enhance selectivity of receivers not otherwise provided for (resonant circuits [H03H](#))}
- 1/1646 . . . {adapted for the reception of stereophonic signals}
- 1/1653 . . . . {Detection of the presence of stereo signals and pilot signal regeneration}
- 1/1661 . . . . {Reduction of noise by manipulation of the baseband composite stereophonic signal or the decoded left and right channels}
- 1/1669 . . . . . {of the demodulated composite stereo signal}

- 1/1676 . . . . . {of the sum or difference signal}
- 1/1684 . . . . . {of the decoded left or right stereo channel}
- 1/1692 . . . . . {using companding of the stereo difference signal, e.g. FMX (volume compression or expansion in amplifiers [H03G 7/00](#))}
- 1/18 . . . . . Input circuits, e.g. for coupling to an antenna or a transmission line (coupling networks between antennas or lines and receivers independent of the nature of the receiver [H03H](#))
- 1/20 . . . . . for coupling gramophone pick-up, recorder output, or microphone to receiver {, e.g. for Hi-Fi systems or audio/video combinations (constructional details for associated working of receivers and recording devices [G11B 31/003](#); for television signals only [H04N 5/00](#))}
- 1/202 . . . . . {by remote control}
- 1/205 . . . . . {with control bus for exchanging commands between units}
- 1/207 . . . . . {with an audio or audio/video bus for signal distribution ([H04B 1/205](#) takes precedence)}
- 1/22 . . . . . for receivers in which no local oscillation is generated
- 1/24 . . . . . the receiver comprising at least one semiconductor device having three or more electrodes
- 1/26 . . . . . for superheterodyne receivers (multiple frequency-changing [H03D 7/16](#))
- 1/28 . . . . . the receiver comprising at least one semiconductor device having three or more electrodes
- 1/30 . . . . . for homodyne or synchrodyne receivers (demodulator circuits [H03D 1/22](#))
- 1/302 . . . . . {for single sideband receivers (demodulator circuits [H03D 1/24](#))}
- 2001/305 . . . . . {using dc offset compensation techniques}
- 2001/307 . . . . . {using n-port mixer}
- 1/38 . . . . . Transceivers, i.e. devices in which transmitter and receiver form a structural unit and in which at least one part is used for functions of transmitting and receiving
- 1/3805 . . . . . with built-in auxiliary receivers
- 2001/3811 . . . . . {Split configuration of transmission devices}
- 1/3816 . . . . . Mechanical arrangements for accommodating identification devices, e.g. cards or chips; with connectors for programming identification devices
- 1/3818 . . . . . Arrangements for facilitating insertion or removal of identification devices
- 1/3822 . . . . . specially adapted for use in vehicles ([H04B 1/3827](#) takes precedence)
- 1/3827 . . . . . Portable transceivers
- 1/3833 . . . . . {Hand-held transceivers}
- 1/3838 . . . . . {Arrangements for reducing RF exposure to the user, e.g. by changing the shape of the transceiver while in use}
- 2001/3844 . . . . . {with means to alert the user that a certain exposure has been reached}
- 1/385 . . . . . {Transceivers carried on the body, e.g. in helmets}
- 2001/3855 . . . . . {carried in a belt or harness}
- 2001/3861 . . . . . {carried in a hand or on fingers}
- 2001/3866 . . . . . {carried on the head}
- 2001/3872 . . . . . {with extendable microphones or earphones}
- 1/3877 . . . . . Arrangements for enabling portable transceivers to be used in a fixed position, e.g. cradles or boosters
- 1/3883 . . . . . Arrangements for mounting batteries or battery chargers
- 1/3888 . . . . . Arrangements for carrying or protecting transceivers
- 2001/3894 . . . . . {Waterproofing of transmission device}
- 1/40 . . . . . Circuits
- 1/401 . . . . . for selecting or indicating operating mode
- 1/403 . . . . . using the same oscillator for generating both the transmitter frequency and the receiver local oscillator frequency
- 1/405 . . . . . with multiple discrete channels
- 1/406 . . . . . {with more than one transmission mode, e.g. analog and digital modes}
- 1/408 . . . . . the transmitter oscillator frequency being identical to the receiver local oscillator frequency
- 1/44 . . . . . Transmit/receive switching
- 1/46 . . . . . by voice-frequency signals; by pilot signals
- 1/48 . . . . . in circuits for connecting transmitter and receiver to a common transmission path, e.g. by energy of transmitter {([H04B 1/46](#) takes precedence)}
- 2001/485 . . . . . {inhibiting unwanted transmission}
- 1/50 . . . . . using different frequencies for the two directions of communication
- 1/52 . . . . . Hybrid arrangements, i.e. arrangements for transition from single-path two-direction transmission to single-direction transmission on each of two paths or vice versa
- 1/525 . . . . . with means for reducing leakage of transmitter signal into the receiver
- 1/54 . . . . . using the same frequency for two directions of communication ([H04B 1/44](#) takes precedence)
- 1/56 . . . . . with provision for simultaneous communication in two directions
- 1/58 . . . . . Hybrid arrangements, i.e. arrangements for transition from single-path two-direction transmission to single-direction transmission on each of two paths or vice versa
- 1/581 . . . . . {using a transformer}
- 1/582 . . . . . {with automatic balancing}
- 1/583 . . . . . {using a bridge network}
- 1/585 . . . . . {with automatic balancing}
- 1/586 . . . . . {using an electronic circuit}
- 1/587 . . . . . {using opto-couplers (light transmission systems [H04B 10/00](#))}
- 1/588 . . . . . {using sampling gates}
- 1/59 . . . . . Responders; Transponders (relay systems [H04B 7/14](#))
- 1/60 . . . . . Supervising unattended repeaters
- 1/62 . . . . . for providing a predistortion of the signal in the transmitter and corresponding correction in the receiver, e.g. for improving the signal/noise ratio {(for optical transmitters [H04B 10/58](#))}
- 1/64 . . . . . Volume compression or expansion arrangements {(for amplifiers [H03G 7/00](#))}
- 1/66 . . . . . for reducing bandwidth of signals (in pictorial communication systems [H04N](#)); for improving efficiency of transmission ([H04B 1/68](#) takes precedence; {vocoders [G10L](#)})

1/662	. . {using a time/frequency relationship, e.g. time compression or expansion}	1/71	. . . . the interference being narrowband interference
1/665	. . {using psychoacoustic properties of the ear, e.g. masking effect}	1/7101	. . . . . {with estimation filters}
1/667	. . {using a division in frequency subbands (for TV signals <a href="#">H04N 19/63</a> )}	1/7102	. . . . . {with transform to frequency domain}
1/68	. for wholly or partially suppressing the carrier or one side band {or by using special modulation methods (modulator circuits <a href="#">H03C 1/52</a> , <a href="#">H03C 1/60</a> ; single sideband receivers <a href="#">H04B 1/302</a> ; for data transmission <a href="#">H04L 27/02</a> )}	1/7103	. . . . the interference being multiple access interference
1/69	. Spread spectrum techniques	1/7105	. . . . . Joint detection techniques, e.g. linear detectors
2001/6904	. . {using code hopping}	1/71052	. . . . . {using decorrelation matrix}
2001/6908	. . {using time hopping}	1/71055	. . . . . {using minimum mean squared error [MMSE] detector}
2001/6912	. . {using chirp}	1/71057	. . . . . {using maximum-likelihood sequence estimation [MLSE]}
2001/6916	. . {Related theory}	1/7107	. . . . . Subtractive interference cancellation
1/692	. . Hybrid techniques using combinations of two or more spread spectrum techniques	1/71072	. . . . . {Successive interference cancellation}
1/707	. . using direct sequence modulation	1/71075	. . . . . {Parallel interference cancellation}
2001/70706	. . . {using a code tracking loop, e.g. a delay locked loop}	2001/71077	. . . . . {Partial interference cancellation}
1/70712	. . . {with demodulation by means of convolvers, e.g. of the SAW type (SAW convolvers in general <a href="#">G06G 7/195</a> )}	1/711	. . . . the interference being multi-path interference
1/70718	. . . {with asynchronous demodulation, i.e. not requiring code synchronisation}	1/7113	. . . . . Determination of path profile
2001/70724	. . . {featuring pilot assisted reception}	1/7115	. . . . . Constructive combining of multi-path signals, i.e. RAKE receivers
1/7073	. . . Synchronisation aspects	<b><u>WARNING</u></b>	
1/70735	. . . . {Code identification ( <a href="#">H04B 1/7083</a> takes precedence)}	Group <a href="#">H04B 1/7115</a> is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group <a href="#">H04B 7/02</a> .	
1/7075	. . . . with code phase acquisition	Groups <a href="#">H04B 7/02</a> and <a href="#">H04B 1/7115</a> should be considered in order to perform a complete search.	
1/70751	. . . . . {using partial detection ( <a href="#">H04B 1/70758</a> takes precedence)}	1/7117	. . . . . Selection, re-selection, allocation or re-allocation of paths to fingers, e.g. timing offset control of allocated fingers
1/70752	. . . . . {Partial correlation}	1/712	. . . . . Weighting of fingers for combining, e.g. amplitude control or phase rotation using an inner loop
1/70753	. . . . . {Partial phase search}	1/713	. . using frequency hopping
1/70754	. . . . . {Setting of search window, i.e. range of code offsets to be searched ( <a href="#">H04B 1/70758</a> takes precedence)}	1/7136	. . . Arrangements for generation of hop frequencies, e.g. using a bank of frequency sources, using continuous tuning or using a transform
1/70755	. . . . . {Setting of lock conditions, e.g. threshold}	2001/71362	. . . . . {using a bank of frequency sources}
1/70756	. . . . . {Jumping within the code, i.e. masking or slewing ( <a href="#">H04B 1/70758</a> takes precedence)}	2001/71365	. . . . . {using continuous tuning of a single frequency source}
1/70757	. . . . . {with increased resolution, i.e. higher than half a chip ( <a href="#">H04B 1/70758</a> takes precedence)}	2001/71367	. . . . . {using a transform}
1/70758	. . . . . {Multimode search, i.e. using multiple search strategies}	1/7143	. . . Arrangements for generation of hop patterns
1/7077	. . . . . Multi-step acquisition, e.g. multi-dwell, coarse-fine or validation	1/715	. . . Interference-related aspects
1/70775	. . . . . {Multi-dwell schemes, i.e. multiple accumulation times}	2001/7152	. . . . . {with means for suppressing interference}
1/708	. . . . . Parallel implementation	2001/7154	. . . . . {with means for preventing interference}
1/7083	. . . . Cell search, e.g. using a three-step approach	1/7156	. . . Arrangements for sequence synchronisation
1/7085	. . . . using a code tracking loop, e.g. a delay-locked loop	2001/71563	. . . . {Acquisition}
2001/70855	. . . . . {Dithering}	2001/71566	. . . . {Tracking}
1/7087	. . . . Carrier synchronisation aspects	1/7163	. . using impulse radio
1/709	. . . Correlator structure	1/71632	. . . {Signal aspects ( <a href="#">H04B 1/7172</a> and <a href="#">H04B 1/7176</a> take precedence)}
1/7093	. . . . Matched filter type	1/71635	. . . {Transmitter aspects ( <a href="#">H04B 1/7174</a> takes precedence)}
2001/70935	. . . . . {using a bank of matched filters, e.g. Fast Hadamard Transform}	1/71637	. . . {Receiver aspects ( <a href="#">H04B 1/7183</a> takes precedence)}
1/7095	. . . . Sliding correlator type	1/717	. . . Pulse-related aspects
1/7097	. . . Interference-related aspects	1/7172	. . . . {Pulse shape (in general <a href="#">H04L 25/03834</a> )}
		1/7174	. . . . {Pulse generation (in general <a href="#">H04L 25/03834</a> )}
		1/7176	. . . Data mapping, e.g. modulation



- 1/7183 . . . Synchronisation
- 1/719 . . . Interference-related aspects
- 1/72 . . Circuits or components for simulating antennas, e.g. dummy antennas
- 1/74 . . for increasing reliability, e.g. using redundant or spare channels or apparatus {[\(replacing by standby devices for amplifiers H03F 1/52, H03F 1/542\)](#)}
- 1/745 . . {[using by-passing or self-healing methods](#)}
- 1/76 . . Pilot transmitters or receivers for control of transmission or for equalising
- 3/00** **Line transmission systems** ([combined with near-field transmission systems H04B 5/00; constructional features of cables H01B 11/00](#))
  - 3/02 . Details
  - 3/03 . . Hybrid circuits ([for transceivers H04B 1/52, H04B 1/58; hybrid junctions of the waveguide type H01P 5/16](#))
  - 3/04 . . Control of transmission; Equalising ([control of amplification in general H03G](#))
    - 3/06 . . . by the transmitted signal
    - 3/08 . . . . in negative-feedback path of line amplifier
    - 3/10 . . . by pilot signal
    - 3/11 . . . . using pilot wire ([H04B 3/12 takes precedence](#))
    - 3/12 . . . . in negative-feedback path of line amplifier
    - 3/14 . . . characterised by the equalising network used
    - 3/141 . . . . {[using multiequalisers, e.g. bump, cosine, Bode](#)}
    - 3/142 . . . . {[using echo-equalisers, e.g. transversal](#)}
    - 3/143 . . . . {[using amplitude-frequency equalisers](#)}
    - 3/144 . . . . . {[fixed equalizers](#)}
    - 3/145 . . . . . {[variable equalisers](#)}
    - 3/146 . . . . {[using phase-frequency equalisers](#)}
    - 3/147 . . . . . {[fixed equalisers](#)}
    - 3/148 . . . . . {[variable equalisers](#)}
    - 3/16 . . . characterised by the negative-impedance network used
    - 3/18 . . . . wherein the network comprises semiconductor devices
    - 3/20 . . Reducing echo effects or singing; Opening or closing transmitting path; Conditioning for transmission in one direction or the other
      - 3/21 . . . using a set of bandfilters
      - 3/23 . . . using a replica of transmitted signal in the time domain, e.g. echo cancellers
      - 3/231 . . . . {[Echo cancellers using readout of a memory to provide the echo replica](#)}
      - 3/232 . . . . {[using phase shift, phase roll or frequency offset correction](#)}
      - 3/234 . . . . {[using double talk detection](#)}
      - 3/235 . . . . {[combined with adaptive equaliser](#)}
      - 3/237 . . . . {[using two adaptive filters, e.g. for near end and for end echo cancelling](#)}
      - 3/238 . . . . {[using initial training sequence](#)}
      - 3/26 . . Improving frequency characteristic by the use of loading coils ([loading coils per se H01F 17/08](#))
      - 3/28 . . Reducing interference caused by currents induced in cable sheathing or armouring
      - 3/30 . . Reducing interference caused by unbalance current in a normally balanced line
      - 3/32 . . Reducing cross-talk, e.g. by compensating
    - 3/34 . . . by systematic interconnection of lengths of cable during laying; by addition of balancing components to cable during laying
    - 3/36 . . Repeater circuits ([H04B 3/58 takes precedence; amplifiers therefor H03F](#))
    - 3/38 . . . for signals in two different frequency ranges transmitted in opposite directions over the same transmission path
    - 3/40 . . Artificial lines; Networks simulating a line of certain length
    - 3/42 . . Circuits for by-passing of ringing signals
    - 3/44 . . Arrangements for feeding power to a repeater along the transmission line
    - 3/46 . . Monitoring; Testing
    - 3/462 . . . Testing group delay or phase shift, e.g. timing jitter
    - 3/466 . . . . Testing attenuation in combination with at least one of group delay and phase shift
    - 3/48 . . . Testing attenuation ([H04B 3/466 takes precedence](#))
    - 3/487 . . . Testing crosstalk effects
    - 3/493 . . . Testing echo effects or singing
    - 3/50 . . Systems for transmission between fixed stations via two-conductor transmission lines ([H04B 3/54 takes precedence](#))
    - 3/52 . . Systems for transmission between fixed stations via waveguides
    - 3/54 . . Systems for transmission via power distribution lines
      - 3/542 . . {[the information being in digital form](#)}
      - 3/544 . . {[Setting up communications; Call and signalling arrangements](#)}
      - 3/546 . . {[Combination of signalling, telemetering, protection \(circuits for remote indication of supply or distribution network condition H02J 13/00\)](#)}
      - 3/548 . . {[the power on the line being DC \(arrangements for feeding power H04L 12/10; extracting feeding power from signals H04L 25/02\)](#)}
    - 3/56 . . Circuits for coupling, blocking, or by-passing of signals
    - 3/58 . . Repeater circuits ([amplifiers therefor H03F](#))
    - 3/60 . . Systems for communication between relatively movable stations, e.g. for communication with lift ([H04B 3/54 takes precedence](#))
  - 5/00** **Near-field transmission systems, e.g. inductive loop type**
    - 5/0006 . {[using a receiver structurally associated with a loudspeaker or an earphone](#)}
    - 5/0012 . {[using capacitive coupling](#)}
    - 5/0018 . {[using leaky or radiating cables, e.g. leaky coaxial cables or power lines for inductive transmission \(leaky cables per se H01Q 13/20; for railways B61L 3/22\)](#)}
    - 5/0025 . {[Near field system adaptations](#)}
    - 5/0031 . . {[for data transfer](#)}
    - 5/0037 . . {[for power transfer](#)}
    - 5/0043 . . {[for taking measurements, e.g. using sensor coils](#)}
    - 5/005 . . {[for isolation purposes](#)}
    - 5/0056 . {[for use in interrogation, identification or read/write systems \(record carriers G06K 7/00, G06K 19/00; for railways B61L 3/12\)](#)}

5/0062	. . {in RFID [Radio Frequency Identification] Systems}	7/0465	. . . . . {taking power constraints at power amplifier or emission constraints, e.g. constant modulus, into account}
5/0068	. . {in transponders}	7/0469	. . . . . {taking special antenna structures, e.g. cross polarized antennas into account}
5/0075	. {using inductive coupling (transformers or inductances adapted for inductive coupling <a href="#">H01F 38/14</a> )}	7/0473	. . . . . {taking constraints in layer or codeword to antenna mapping into account}
5/0081	. . {with antenna coils (loop aerials <a href="#">H01Q 7/00</a> )}	7/0478	. . . . . {Special codebook structures directed to feedback optimization}
5/0087	. . {with multiple coils at either side}	7/0482	. . . . . {Adaptive codebooks}
5/0093	. . {with one coil at each side, e.g. with primary and secondary coils}	7/0486	. . . . . {taking channel rank into account}
5/02	. using transceiver	7/0491	. . . using two or more sectors, i.e. sector diversity
5/04	. Calling systems, e.g. paging system	7/0495	. . . . using overlapping sectors in the same base station to implement MIMO for antennas
5/06	. using a portable transmitter associated with a microphone	7/06	. . . at the transmitting station
<b>7/00</b>	<b>Radio transmission systems, i.e. using radiation field (<a href="#">H04B 10/00</a>, <a href="#">H04B 15/00</a> take precedence)</b>	7/0602	. . . . {using antenna switching ( <a href="#">H04B 7/0686</a> takes precedence; antenna beam directivity switching <a href="#">H01Q 3/24</a> )}
7/002	. {Reducing depolarization effects}	7/0604	. . . . . {with predefined switching scheme}
7/005	. Control of transmission; Equalising	7/0606	. . . . . {Random or pseudo-random switching scheme}
7/01	. Reducing phase shift	7/0608	. . . . . {Antenna selection according to transmission parameters}
7/015	. Reducing echo effects	7/061	. . . . . {using feedback from receiving side}
7/02	. Diversity systems; Multi-antenna system, i.e. transmission or reception using multiple antennas ( <a href="#">RAKE receivers H04B 1/7115</a> )	7/0613	. . . . {using simultaneous transmission ( <a href="#">H04B 7/0686</a> takes precedence)}
	<b>WARNING</b>	7/0615	. . . . . {of weighted versions of same signal}
	Group <a href="#">H04B 7/02</a> is impacted by reclassification into group <a href="#">H04B 1/7115</a> .	7/0617	. . . . . {for beam forming}
	Groups <a href="#">H04B 7/02</a> and <a href="#">H04B 1/7115</a> should be considered in order to perform a complete search.	7/0619	. . . . . {using feedback from receiving side (feedback signaling for adaptive modulation/coding <a href="#">H04L 1/0001</a> )}
7/022	. . Site diversity; Macro-diversity (using two or more spaced independent antennas <a href="#">H04B 7/04</a> )	7/0621	. . . . . {Feedback content}
7/024	. . . Co-operative use of antennas of several sites, e.g. in co-ordinated multipoint or co-operative multiple-input multiple-output [MIMO] systems	7/0623	. . . . . {Auxiliary parameters, e.g. power control [PCB] or not acknowledged commands [NACK], used as feedback information}
7/026	. . . Co-operative diversity, e.g. using fixed or mobile stations as relays	7/0626	. . . . . {Channel coefficients, e.g. channel state information [CSI]}
7/028	. . {Spatial transmit diversity using a single antenna at the transmitter}	7/0628	. . . . . {Diversity capabilities}
7/04	. . using two or more spaced independent antennas	7/063	. . . . . {Parameters other than those covered in groups <a href="#">H04B 7/0623</a> - <a href="#">H04B 7/0634</a> , e.g. channel matrix rank or transmit mode selection}
7/0404	. . . the mobile station comprising multiple antennas, e.g. to provide uplink diversity	7/0632	. . . . . {Channel quality parameters, e.g. channel quality indicator [CQI]}
7/0408	. . . using two or more beams, i.e. beam diversity	7/0634	. . . . . {Antenna weights or vector/matrix coefficients}
7/0413	. . . MIMO systems	7/0636	. . . . . {Feedback format}
7/0417	. . . . Feedback systems	7/0639	. . . . . {Using selective indices, e.g. of a codebook, e.g. pre-distortion matrix index [PMI] or for beam selection}
7/0421	. . . . . {utilizing implicit feedback, e.g. steered pilot signals}	7/0641	. . . . . {Differential feedback}
7/0426	. . . . Power distribution	7/0643	. . . . . {Feedback on request}
7/043	. . . . . {using best eigenmode, e.g. beam forming or beam steering}	7/0645	. . . . . {Variable feedback}
7/0434	. . . . . {using multiple eigenmodes}	7/0647	. . . . . {Variable feedback rate}
7/0439	. . . . . {utilizing channel inversion}	7/065	. . . . . {Variable contents, e.g. long-term or short-short}
7/0443	. . . . . {utilizing "waterfilling" technique}	7/0652	. . . . . {Feedback error handling}
7/0447	. . . . . {utilizing uniform distribution}	7/0654	. . . . . {at the receiver, e.g. antenna verification at mobile station}
7/0452	. . . . Multi-user MIMO systems	7/0656	. . . . . {at the transmitter, e.g. error detection at base station}
7/0456	. . . . Selection of precoding matrices or codebooks, e.g. using matrices antenna weighting	7/0658	. . . . . {Feedback reduction}
7/046	. . . . . {taking physical layer constraints into account}		

7/066	. . . . .	{Combined feedback for a number of channels, e.g. over several subcarriers like in orthogonal frequency division multiplexing [OFDM]}	7/0837	. . . . .	{using pre-detection combining ( <a href="#">H04B 7/0868 takes precedence</a> )}
7/0663	. . . . .	{using vector or matrix manipulations}	7/084	. . . . .	{Equal gain combining, only phase adjustments ( <a href="#">antenna beam scanning or forming by phase or amplitude control H01Q 3/26, e.g. phased arrays</a> )}
7/0665	. . . . .	{Feed forward of transmit weights to the receiver}	7/0842	. . . . .	{Weighted combining}
7/0667	. . . . .	{of delayed versions of same signal ( <a href="#">using space-time coding H04L 1/0618</a> )}	7/0845	. . . . .	{per branch equalization, e.g. by an FIR-filter or RAKE receiver per antenna branch ( <a href="#">rake receivers as such H04B 1/7115</a> )}
7/0669	. . . . .	{using different channel coding between antennas ( <a href="#">space-time coding H04L 1/0618</a> )}	7/0848	. . . . .	{Joint weighting}
7/0671	. . . . .	{using different delays between antennas}	7/0851	. . . . .	{using training sequences or error signal ( <a href="#">minimizing error signal H04B 7/0854</a> )}
7/0673	. . . . .	{using feedback from receiving side}	7/0854	. . . . .	{using error minimizing algorithms, e.g. minimum mean squared error [MMSE], "cross-correlation" or matrix inversion}
7/0676	. . . . .	{using random or pseudo-random delays}	7/0857	. . . . .	{using maximum ratio combining techniques, e.g. signal-to- interference ratio [SIR], received signal strenght indication [RSS]}
7/0678	. . . . .	{using different spreading codes between antennas ( <a href="#">code allocation H04J 13/16</a> )}	7/086	. . . . .	{using weights depending on external parameters, e.g. direction of arrival [DOA], predetermined weights or beamforming}
7/068	. . . . .	{using space frequency diversity ( <a href="#">space-frequency coding H04L 1/0606</a> )}	7/0862	. . . . .	{receiver computing weights based on information from the transmitter}
7/0682	. . . . .	{using phase diversity (e.g. phase sweeping)}	7/0865	. . . . .	{Independent weighting, i.e. weights based on own antenna reception parameters}
7/0684	. . . . .	{using different training sequences per antenna}	7/0868	. . . . .	{Hybrid systems, i.e. switching and combining}
7/0686	. . . . .	{Hybrid systems, i.e. switching and simultaneous transmission}	7/0871	. . . . .	{using different reception schemes, at least one of them being a diversity reception scheme}
7/0689	. . . . .	{using different transmission schemes, at least one of them being a diversity transmission scheme}	7/0874	. . . . .	{using subgroups of receive antennas}
7/0691	. . . . .	{using subgroups of transmit antennas}	7/0877	. . . . .	{switching off a diversity branch, e.g. to save power}
7/0693	. . . . .	{switching off a diversity branch, e.g. to save power}	7/088	. . . . .	{using beam selection}
7/0695	. . . . .	{using beam selection}	7/0882	. . . . .	{using post-detection diversity}
7/0697	. . . . .	{using spatial multiplexing}	7/0885	. . . . .	{with combination}
7/08	. . . . .	at the receiving station	7/0888	. . . . .	{with selection}
7/0802	. . . . .	{using antenna selection ( <a href="#">H04B 7/0868 takes precedence; antenna beam directivity switching H01Q 3/24</a> )}	7/0891	. . . . .	{Space-time diversity ( <a href="#">rake receivers H04B 1/7115; space-time decoding H04L 1/0631</a> )}
7/0805	. . . . .	{with single receiver and antenna switching ( <a href="#">H04B 7/0822 takes precedence</a> )}	7/0894	. . . . .	{using different delays between antennas}
7/0808	. . . . .	{comparing all antennas before reception}	7/0897	. . . . .	{using beamforming per multi-path, e.g. to cope with different directions of arrival [DOA] at different multi-paths}
7/0811	. . . . .	{during preamble or gap period}	7/10	. . . . .	Polarisation diversity; Directional diversity
7/0814	. . . . .	{based on current reception conditions, e.g. switching to different antenna when signal level is below threshold}	7/12	. . . . .	Frequency diversity
7/0817	. . . . .	{with multiple receivers and antenna path selection}	7/14	. . . . .	Relay systems
7/082	. . . . .	{selecting best antenna path}	7/145	. . . . .	Passive relay systems
7/0822	. . . . .	{according to predefined selection scheme}	7/15	. . . . .	Active relay systems
7/0825	. . . . .	{with main and with auxiliary or diversity antennas}	7/155	. . . . .	Ground-based stations ( <a href="#">H04B 7/204 takes precedence ; for satellite systems H04B 7/18517</a> )
7/0828	. . . . .	{with delay elements in antenna paths}			
7/0831	. . . . .	{Compensation of the diversity switching process for non-uniform properties or faulty operations of the switches used in the diversity switching process}			
7/0834	. . . . .	{based on external parameters, e.g. subscriber speed or location}			

- 7/15507 . . . . {Relay station based processing for cell extension or control of coverage area, (network planning with network coordinated processing with regard to cell extension [H04W 16/26](#); network topologies using dedicated repeater stations [H04W 84/047](#); terminal devices adapted for relaying to or from an other terminal [H04W 88/04](#))}
- 7/15514 . . . . {for shadowing compensation (for satellite mobile telephony service systems [H04B 7/18536](#))}
- 7/15521 . . . . {combining by calculations packets received from different stations before transmitting the combined packets as part of network coding (network coding aspects for detection or prevention of errors in the information received [H04L 1/0076](#); network traffic management with optimizing of information sizing, e.g. header compression, by using assembly and disassembly of packets [H04W 28/065](#))}
- 7/15528 . . . . {Control of operation parameters of a relay station to exploit the physical medium}
- 7/15535 . . . . {Control of relay amplifier gain (amplifier gain control in general [H03G 3/00](#); gain control reducing self - or loop interference [H04B 7/15578](#))}
- 7/15542 . . . . {Selecting at relay station its transmit and receive resources (selection of wireless resources by user or terminal [H04W 72/02](#); arrangements affording multiple use of the transmission path by two-dimensional division of the resources [H04L 5/0003](#), or by allocating sub-channels [H04L 5/003](#))}
- 7/1555 . . . . {Selecting relay station antenna mode, e.g. selecting omnidirectional -, directional beams, selecting polarizations}
- 7/15557 . . . . {Selecting relay station operation mode, e.g. between amplify and forward mode, decode and forward mode or FDD - and TDD mode}
- 7/15564 . . . . {Relay station antennae loop interference reduction}
- 7/15571 . . . . {by signal isolation, e.g. isolation by frequency or by antenna pattern, or by polarization}
- 7/15578 . . . . {by gain adjustment}
- 7/15585 . . . . {by interference cancellation}
- 7/15592 . . . . {Adapting at the relay station communication parameters for supporting cooperative relaying, i.e. transmission of the same data via direct - and relayed path (cooperative diversity [H04B 7/024](#))}
- 7/165 . . . . employing angle modulation
- 7/17 . . . . employing pulse modulation, e.g. pulse code modulation
- 7/185 . . . . Space-based or airborne stations; {Stations for satellite systems} ([H04B 7/204](#) takes precedence)
- 7/18502 . . . . {Airborne stations}
- 7/18504 . . . . {Aircraft used as relay or high altitude atmospheric platform}
- 7/18506 . . . . {Communications with or from aircraft, i.e. aeronautical mobile service}
- 7/18508 . . . . . {with satellite system used as relay, i.e. aeronautical mobile satellite service}
- 7/1851 . . . . {Systems using a satellite or space-based relay ([H04B 7/18508](#), [H04B 7/18521](#) take precedence; providing specific services [H04B 7/18523](#) - [H04B 7/18576](#))}
- 7/18513 . . . . {Transmission in a satellite or space-based system}
- 7/18515 . . . . {Transmission equipment in satellites or space-based relays}
- 7/18517 . . . . {Transmission equipment in earth stations}
- 7/18519 . . . . {Operations control, administration or maintenance}
- 7/18521 . . . . {Systems of inter linked satellites, i.e. inter satellite service (for optical links between satellites [H04B 10/118](#))}
- 7/18523 . . . . {Satellite systems for providing broadcast service to terrestrial stations, i.e. broadcast satellite service (arrangements specially adapted for satellite broadcast receiving [H04H 40/90](#); picture transmission via satellite [H04N 1/00103](#); television transmission via satellite [H04N 7/20](#))}
- 7/18526 . . . . {Arrangements for data linking, networking or transporting, or for controlling an end to end session (data switching networks [H04L 12/00](#))}
- 7/18528 . . . . {Satellite systems for providing two-way communications service to a network of fixed stations, i.e. fixed satellite service or very small aperture terminal [VSAT] system}
- 7/1853 . . . . {Satellite systems for providing telephony service to a mobile station, i.e. mobile satellite service (for selecting [H04W](#))}
- 7/18532 . . . . {Arrangements for managing transmission, i.e. for transporting data or a signalling message}
- 7/18534 . . . . {for enhancing link reliability, e.g. satellites diversity}
- 7/18536 . . . . {Shadowing compensation therefor, e.g. by using an additional terrestrial relay}
- 7/18539 . . . . {Arrangements for managing radio, resources, i.e. for establishing or releasing a connection}
- 7/18541 . . . . {for handover of resources}
- 7/18543 . . . . {for adaptation of transmission parameters, e.g. power control (for detecting or preventing errors in the information received [H04L 1/00](#))}
- 7/18545 . . . . {Arrangements for managing station mobility, i.e. for station registration or localisation}
- 7/18547 . . . . {for geolocalisation of a station (position fixing by direction or distance determination [G01S 5/00](#))}
- 7/1855 . . . . {using a telephonic control signal, e.g. propagation delay variation, Doppler frequency variation, power variation, beam identification}



- 7/18552 . . . . . {using a telephonic control signal and a second ranging satellite (determining absolute distances from a plurality of spaced points of known location [G01S 5/14](#))}
- 7/18554 . . . . . {using the position provided by an existing geolocalisation system}
- 7/18556 . . . . . {using a location database}
- 7/18558 . . . . . {Arrangements for managing communications, i.e. for setting up, maintaining or releasing a call between stations}
- 7/1856 . . . . . {for call routing}
- 7/18563 . . . . . {Arrangements for interconnecting multiple systems (data switching networks [H04L 12/00](#))}
- 7/18565 . . . . . {Arrangements for preventing unauthorised access or for providing user protection (arrangements for secret or secure communication [H04L 9/00](#))}
- 7/18567 . . . . . {Arrangements for providing additional services to the basic mobile satellite telephony service}
- 7/18569 . . . . . {Arrangements for system physical machines management, i.e. for construction operations control, administration, maintenance}
- 7/18571 . . . . . {for satellites; for fixed or mobile stations}
- 7/18573 . . . . . {for operations control, administration or maintenance}
- 7/18576 . . . . . {Satellite systems for providing narrowband data service to fixed or mobile stations, e.g. using a minisatellite, a microsatellite (for selecting [H04W](#))}
- 7/18578 . . . . . {Satellite systems for providing broadband data service to individual earth stations (for selecting [H04W](#); provisions for broadband connection, [H04Q 11/0478](#))}
- 7/1858 . . . . . {Arrangements for data transmission on the physical system, i.e. for data bit transmission between network components}
- 7/18582 . . . . . {Arrangements for data linking, i.e. for data framing, for error recovery, for multiple access}
- 7/18584 . . . . . {Arrangements for data networking, i.e. for data packet routing, for congestion control (data switching networks [H04L 12/00](#))}
- 7/18586 . . . . . {Arrangements for data transporting, e.g. for an end to end data transport or check}
- 7/18589 . . . . . {Arrangements for controlling an end to end session, i.e. for initialising, synchronising or terminating an end to end link}
- 7/18591 . . . . . {Arrangements for interconnecting multiple systems (data switching networks [H04L 12/00](#))}
- 7/18593 . . . . . {Arrangements for preventing unauthorised access or for providing user protection (arrangements for secret or secure communication [H04L 9/00](#))}
- 7/18595 . . . . . {Arrangements for adapting broadband applications to satellite systems}
- 7/18597 . . . . . {Arrangements for system physical machines management, i.e. for construction, operations control, administration, maintenance}
- 7/19 . . . . . Earth-synchronous stations
- 7/195 . . . . . Non-synchronous stations
- 7/204 . . . . . Multiple access
- 7/2041 . . . . . {Spot beam multiple access}
- 7/2043 . . . . . {Mixed mode, TDM and FDM systems}
- 7/2045 . . . . . {SS-FDMA, FDMA satellite switching}
- 7/2046 . . . . . {SS-TDMA, TDMA satellite switching}
- 7/2048 . . . . . {Frame structure, synchronisation or frame acquisition in SS-TDMA systems}
- 7/208 . . . . . Frequency-division multiple access {[FDMA]}
- 7/212 . . . . . Time-division multiple access {[TDMA]}
- 7/2121 . . . . . {Channels assignment to the different stations}
- 7/2123 . . . . . {Variable assignment, e.g. demand assignment}
- 7/2125 . . . . . {Synchronisation}
- 7/2126 . . . . . {using a reference station}
- 7/2128 . . . . . {Changing of the reference station}
- 7/216 . . . . . Code division or spread-spectrum multiple access ({CDMA, SSMA} ; spread spectrum techniques in general [H04B 1/69](#))
- 7/22 . . . . . Scatter propagation systems {, e.g. ionospheric, tropospheric or meteor scatter}
- 7/24 . . . . . for communication between two or more posts ([wireless communication networks H04W](#))
- 7/26 . . . . . at least one of which is mobile
- 7/2603 . . . . . {Arrangements for wireless physical layer control ([H04B 7/2612](#) takes precedence)}
- 7/2606 . . . . . {Arrangements for base station coverage control, e.g. by using relays in tunnels}
- 7/2609 . . . . . {Arrangements for range control, e.g. by using remote antennas}
- 7/2612 . . . . . {Arrangements for wireless medium access control, e.g. by allocating physical layer transmission capacity ([H04B 7/2615](#) - [H04B 7/2643](#) take precedence; provision for broadband connection [H04Q 11/0478](#))}
- 7/2615 . . . . . {using hybrid frequency-time division multiple access [FDMA-TDMA]}
- 7/2618 . . . . . {using hybrid code-time division multiple access [CDMA-TDMA]}
- 7/2621 . . . . . {using frequency division multiple access [FDMA] ([H04B 7/2615](#) takes precedence)}
- 7/2625 . . . . . {using common wave}
- 7/2628 . . . . . {using code-division multiple access [CDMA] or spread spectrum multiple access [SSMA] ([H04B 7/2618](#) takes precedence)}
- 7/2631 . . . . . {for broadband transmission}
- 7/2634 . . . . . {for channel frequency control}
- 7/2637 . . . . . {for logical channel control}
- 7/264 . . . . . {for data rate control}
- 7/2643 . . . . . {using time-division multiple access [TDMA] ([H04B 7/2615](#), [H04B 7/2618](#) take precedence)}
- 7/2646 . . . . . {for broadband transmission}
- 7/265 . . . . . {for channel frequency control}
- 7/2653 . . . . . {for logical channel control}
- 7/2656 . . . . . {for structure of frame, burst}

- 7/2659 . . . . {for data rate control}
- 7/2662 . . . {Arrangements for Wireless System Synchronisation}
- 7/2665 . . . . {Arrangements for Wireless Frequency Division Multiple Access [FDMA] System Synchronisation}
- 7/2668 . . . . {Arrangements for Wireless Code-Division Multiple Access [CDMA] System Synchronisation, (for code acquisition [H04B 1/7075](#), for code tracking [H04B 1/7085](#))}
- 7/2671 . . . . {Arrangements for Wireless Time-Division Multiple Access [TDMA] System Synchronisation}
- 7/2675 . . . . . {Frequency synchronisation}
- 7/2678 . . . . . {Time synchronisation}
- 7/2681 . . . . . {Synchronisation of a mobile station with one base station}
- 7/2684 . . . . . {Synchronisation of a mobile station with more than one base station}
- 7/2687 . . . . . {Inter base stations synchronisation}
- 7/269 . . . . . {Master/slave synchronisation}
- 7/2693 . . . . . {Centralised synchronisation, i.e. using external universal time reference, e.g. by using a global positioning system [GPS] or by distributing time reference over the wireline network}
- 7/2696 . . . . . {Over the air autonomous synchronisation, e.g. by monitoring network activity ([H04B 7/2693](#) takes precedence)}
- 10/00** **Transmission systems employing electromagnetic waves other than radio-waves, e.g. infrared, visible or ultraviolet light, or employing corpuscular radiation, e.g. quantum communication**  
**NOTE**  
 Groups [H04B 10/03](#), [H04B 10/07](#), [H04B 10/11](#), [H04B 10/25](#), [H04B 10/27](#), [H04B 10/29](#) and [H04B 10/40](#) - [H04B 10/90](#), and their subgroups are based on IPC2013.01
- 10/03 . Arrangements for fault recovery  
**WARNING**  
 This group and its subgroups are not complete pending reclassification; see also [H04B 10/07](#) and subgroups [H04B 10/071](#) - [H04B 10/0799](#)
- 10/032 . . using working and protection systems ([H04J 14/0287](#) takes precedence)}
- 10/035 . . using loopbacks
- 10/038 . . using bypasses
- 10/07 . Arrangements for monitoring or testing transmission systems; Arrangements for fault measurement of transmission systems
- 10/0705 . . {Prevention or detection of unauthorized access, e.g. tapping}
- 10/071 . . using a reflected signal, e.g. using optical time-domain reflectometers [OTDRs]
- 10/073 . . using an out-of-service signal ([H04B 10/071](#) takes precedence)
- 10/0731 . . . {Testing or characterisation of optical devices, e.g. amplifiers}
- 10/075 . . using an in-service signal ([H04B 10/071](#) takes precedence)
- 10/077 . . . using a supervisory or additional signal
- 10/0771 . . . . {Fault location on the transmission path}
- 10/0773 . . . . {Network aspects, e.g. central monitoring of transmission parameters}
- 10/0775 . . . . {Performance monitoring and measurement of transmission parameters}
- 10/0777 . . . . {Monitoring line amplifier or line repeater equipment}
- 10/0779 . . . . {Monitoring line transmitter or line receiver equipment}
- 10/079 . . . using measurements of the data signal
- 10/0791 . . . . {Fault location on the transmission path}
- 10/0793 . . . . {Network aspects, e.g. central monitoring of transmission parameters}
- 10/0795 . . . . {Performance monitoring; Measurement of transmission parameters}
- 10/07951 . . . . . {Monitoring or measuring chromatic dispersion or PMD}
- 10/07953 . . . . . {Monitoring or measuring OSNR, BER or Q}
- 10/07955 . . . . . {Monitoring or measuring power}
- 10/07957 . . . . . {Monitoring or measuring wavelength}
- 10/0797 . . . . {Monitoring line amplifier or line repeater equipment}
- 10/0799 . . . . {Monitoring line transmitter or line receiver equipment}
- 10/11 . Arrangements specific to free-space transmission, i.e. transmission through air or vacuum
- 10/112 . . Line-of-sight transmission over an extended range
- 10/1121 . . . {One-way transmission}
- 10/1123 . . . {Bidirectional transmission}
- 10/1125 . . . . {using a single common optical path}
- 10/1127 . . . . {using two distinct parallel optical paths}
- 10/1129 . . . {Arrangements for outdoor wireless networking of information}
- 10/114 . . Indoor or close-range type systems
- 10/1141 . . . {One-way transmission}
- 10/1143 . . . {Bidirectional transmission}
- 10/1149 . . . {Arrangements for indoor wireless networking of information}
- 10/116 . . . Visible light communication
- 10/118 . . specially adapted for satellite communication
- 10/12 . {Transmission through light guides, e.g. optical fibres ([H04B 10/25](#) takes precedence)}
- WARNING**  
 This group and its subgroups is no longer used for classification of new documents as from March 1, 2012. If not indicated differently for a particular subgroup, the backlog of its subgroups is being continuously reclassified to [H04B 10/25](#) - [H04B 10/2587](#)
- 10/14 . . {Terminal stations}
- WARNING**  
 This group and its subgroups is no longer used for classification of new documents as from March 1, 2012. The backlog of this group and its subgroups is being continuously reclassified to [H04B 10/40](#) - [H04B 10/69](#)
- 10/142 . . . {Coherent homodyne or heterodyne systems}

- 10/152 . . . {Non-coherent direct-detection systems}
- 10/22 . {Transmission between two stations which are mobile relative to each other}
- WARNING**
- This group and its subgroup is no longer used for classification of new documents as from March 1, 2012. The backlog of this group and its subgroup is being continuously reclassified to [H04B 10/25](#) - [H04B 10/2587](#) and [H04B 10/70](#)
- 10/225 . . {using optical fibre links}
- 10/25 . Arrangements specific to fibre transmission {(optical fibres [per se](#), structural details of arrangements comprising optical fibres or other optical elements [G02B 6/00](#))}
- WARNING**
- This group and its subgroups are not complete pending reclassification; see also [H04B 10/12](#) and its subgroups
- 10/2503 . . {Bidirectional transmission}
- 10/2504 . . {Transmission components ([H04B 10/40](#) takes precedence)}
- 10/2507 . . for the reduction or elimination of distortion or dispersion
- 10/25073 . . . {using spectral equalisation, e.g. spectral filtering}
- 10/25077 . . . {using soliton propagation}
- 10/2513 . . . due to chromatic dispersion
- 10/25133 . . . . {including a lumped electrical or optical dispersion compensator ([H04B 10/2519](#), [H04B 10/2525](#) take precedence) ; optical dispersion compensators involving optical fibres [per se](#) [G02B 6/293](#)}
- 10/25137 . . . . {using pulse shaping at the transmitter, e.g. pre-chirping or dispersion supported transmission [DST]}
- 10/2519 . . . . using Bragg gratings {(Bragg gratings [per se](#) [G02B 6/02076](#); devices using fibre gratings for dispersion control [per se](#) [G02B 6/29316](#))}
- 10/2525 . . . . using dispersion-compensating fibres {(dispersion-tailored or dispersion compensation fibres [per se](#) [G02B 6/02214](#))}
- 10/25253 . . . . . {with dispersion management, i.e. using a combination of different kind of fibres in the transmission system (devices with different kinds of fibres for dispersion control [per se](#) [G02B 6/29374](#))}
- 10/2531 . . . . using spectral inversion
- 10/2537 . . . due to scattering processes, e.g. Raman or Brillouin scattering
- 10/2543 . . . due to fibre non-linearities, e.g. Kerr effect {(non-linear optical devices [G02F 1/35](#))}
- 10/255 . . . . Self-phase modulation [SPM]
- 10/2557 . . . . Cross-phase modulation [XPM]
- 10/2563 . . . . Four-wave mixing [FWM]
- 10/2569 . . . due to polarisation mode dispersion [PMD]
- 10/2572 . . . {due to forms of polarisation-dependent distortion other than PMD}
- 10/2575 . . Radio-over-fibre, e.g. radio frequency signal modulated onto an optical carrier {(sub-carrier multiplexing [H04J 14/0298](#))}
- 10/25751 . . . {Optical arrangements for CATV or video distribution (adaptations of television systems for optical transmission [H04N 7/22](#))}
- 10/25752 . . . {Optical arrangements for wireless networks}
- 10/25753 . . . . {Distribution optical network, e.g. between a base station and a plurality of remote units (WDM networks in general [H04J 14/0278](#))}
- 10/25754 . . . . . {Star network topology}
- 10/25755 . . . . . {Ring network topology}
- 10/25756 . . . . . {Bus network topology}
- 10/25758 . . . . {between a central unit and a single remote unit by means of an optical fibre}
- 10/25759 . . . . . {Details of the reception of RF signal or the optical conversion before the optical fibre}
- 10/2581 . . Multimode transmission {(mode multiplex systems [H04J 14/04](#))}
- 10/2587 . . using a single light source for multiple stations
- 10/27 . Arrangements for networking {(free-space networks [H04B 10/11](#), WDM networks [H04J 14/0278](#), specific to radio-over-fibre [H04B 10/25753](#))}
- 10/271 . . {Combination of different networks, e.g. star and ring configuration in the same network or two ring networks interconnected}
- 10/272 . . Star-type networks {or tree-type networks}
- 10/2725 . . . {Star-type networks without a headend}
- 10/275 . . Ring-type networks
- 10/2755 . . . {Ring-type networks with a headend}
- 10/278 . . Bus-type networks
- 10/29 . Repeaters
- 10/291 . . in which processing or amplification is carried out without conversion of the main signal from optical form {(fibre optical amplifiers [per se](#) [H01S 3/067](#))}
- 10/2912 . . . {characterised by the medium used for amplification or processing}
- 10/2914 . . . . {using lumped semiconductor optical amplifiers [SOA] (semiconductor optical amplifiers [per se](#) [H01S 5/50](#))}
- 10/2916 . . . . {using Raman or Brillouin amplifiers (Raman or Brillouin amplifiers [per se](#) [H01S 3/302](#))}
- 10/2918 . . . {Two-way repeaters, i.e. repeaters amplifying separate upward and downward lines}
- 10/293 . . . Signal power control
- 10/2931 . . . . {using AGC ([H04B 10/294](#) takes precedence)}
- 10/2933 . . . . {considering the whole optical path}
- 10/2935 . . . . . {with a cascade of amplifiers}
- 10/2937 . . . . . {Systems with a repeater placed only at the beginning or the end of the system, i.e. repeaterless systems, e.g. systems with only post and pre-amplification}
- 10/2939 . . . . . {Network aspects}
- 10/294 . . . . in a multiwavelength system, e.g. gain equalisation {(for general power control in WDM systems, see also [H04J 14/0221](#))}
- 10/2941 . . . . . {using an equalising unit, e.g. a filter ([H04B 10/296](#) takes precedence)}
- 10/2942 . . . . . {using automatic gain control [AGC] ([H04B 10/296](#) takes precedence)}
- 10/296 . . . . . Transient power control, e.g. due to channel add/drop or rapid fluctuations in the input power

- 10/297 . . . Bidirectional amplification
- 10/2971 . . . . {A single amplifier for both directions}
- 10/2972 . . . . {Each direction being amplified separately}
- 10/299 . . . Signal waveform processing, e.g. reshaping or retiming
- 10/30 . {Transmission systems employing beams of corpuscular radiation ([arrangements for handling beams of corpuscular radiation](#), e.g. focusing, moderating, [G21K 1/00](#))}
- WARNING**  
This group is no longer used for classification of new documents as from March 1, 2012. The backlog of this group and its subgroups is being continuously reclassified to [H04B 10/80](#) and [H04B 10/90](#)
- 10/40 . Transceivers
- 10/43 . . using a single component as both light source and receiver, e.g. using a photoemitter as a photoreceiver
- 10/50 . Transmitters
- 10/501 . . {Structural aspects}
- 10/502 . . . {LED transmitters}
- 10/503 . . . {Laser transmitters}
- 10/504 . . . . {using direct modulation}
- 10/505 . . . . {using external modulation}
- 10/5051 . . . . . {using a series, i.e. cascade, combination of modulators}
- 10/5053 . . . . . {using a parallel, i.e. shunt, combination of modulators}
- 10/5055 . . . . . {using a pre-coder}
- 10/5057 . . . . . {using a feedback signal generated by analysing the optical output}
- 10/50572 . . . . . {to control the modulating signal amplitude including amplitude distortion}
- 10/50575 . . . . . {to control the modulator DC bias}
- 10/50577 . . . . . {to control the phase of the modulating signal}
- 10/5059 . . . . . {using a feed-forward signal generated by analysing the optical or electrical input}
- 10/50593 . . . . . {to control the modulating signal amplitude including amplitude distortion}
- 10/50595 . . . . . {to control the modulator DC bias}
- 10/50597 . . . . . {to control the phase of the modulating signal}
- 10/506 . . . {Multi-wavelength transmitters ([WDM systems in general H04J 14/02](#))}
- 10/508 . . Pulse generation, e.g. generation of solitons
- 10/516 . . Details of coding or modulation
- 10/5161 . . . {Combination of different modulation schemes}
- 10/5162 . . . {Return-to-zero modulation schemes}
- 10/5165 . . . {Carrier suppressed; Single sideband; Double sideband or vestigial}
- 10/5167 . . . {Duo-binary; Alternative mark inversion; Phase shaped binary transmission}
- 10/524 . . . Pulse modulation
- 10/532 . . . Polarisation modulation {, e.g. polarization switching or transmission of a single data stream on two orthogonal polarizations ([polarization multiplexed systems H04J 14/06](#))}
- 10/54 . . . Intensity modulation
- 10/541 . . . . {Digital intensity or amplitude modulation}
- 10/548 . . . Phase or frequency modulation
- 10/556 . . . . Digital modulation, e.g. differential phase shift keying [DPSK] or frequency shift keying [FSK]
- 10/5561 . . . . . {Digital phase modulation}
- 10/5563 . . . . . {Digital frequency modulation}
- 10/564 . . Power control
- 10/572 . . Wavelength control
- 10/58 . . Compensation for non-linear transmitter output
- 10/588 . . . in external modulation systems
- 10/60 . Receivers
- 10/61 . . Coherent receivers {i.e., optical receivers using an optical local oscillator ([delay line interferometer based DPSK optical receivers H04B 10/677](#))}
- 10/611 . . . {Intradyn, i.e., coherent receivers with a free running local oscillator having a frequency close but not phase-locked to the carrier signal}
- 10/612 . . . {for optical signals modulated with a format different from binary or higher-order PSK [X-PSK], e.g. QAM, DPSK, FSK, MSK, ASK}
- 10/613 . . . {including phase diversity, e.g., having in-phase and quadrature branches, as in QPSK coherent receivers}
- 10/614 . . . {comprising one or more polarization beam splitters, e.g. polarization multiplexed [PolMux] X-PSK coherent receivers, polarization diversity heterodyne coherent receivers ([H04J 14/06 takes precedence](#))}
- 10/615 . . . {Arrangements affecting the optical part of the receiver ([adjustment of the frequency or phase of the local oscillator in homodyne receivers H04B 10/63](#), [use of polarization beam splitters H04B 10/614](#))}
- 10/6151 . . . . {comprising a polarization controller at the receiver's input stage}
- 10/616 . . . {Details of the electronic signal processing in coherent optical receivers}
- 10/6161 . . . . {Compensation of chromatic dispersion}
- 10/6162 . . . . {Compensation of polarization related effects, e.g., PMD, PDL}
- 10/6163 . . . . {Compensation of non-linear effects in the fiber optic link, e.g. self-phase modulation [SPM], cross-phase modulation [XPM], four wave mixing [FWM]}
- 10/6164 . . . . {Estimation or correction of the frequency offset between the received optical signal and the optical local oscillator}
- 10/6165 . . . . {Estimation of the phase of the received optical signal, phase error estimation or phase error correction}
- 10/6166 . . . . {Polarization demultiplexing, tracking or alignment of orthogonal polarization components ([polarisation multiplex systems H04J 14/06](#))}



10/63	. . . Homodyne {, i.e., coherent receivers where the local oscillator is locked in frequency and phase to the carrier signal}	11/00	<b>Transmission systems employing sonic, ultrasonic or infrasonic waves</b>
10/64	. . . Heterodyne {, i.e., coherent receivers where, after the opto-electronic conversion, an electrical signal at an intermediate frequency [fIF] is obtained}	13/00	<b>Transmission systems characterised by the medium used for transmission, not provided for in groups <a href="#">H04B 3/00</a> - <a href="#">H04B 11/00</a></b>
10/66	. . Non-coherent receivers, e.g. using direct detection	13/005	. {Transmission systems in which the medium consists of the human body}
10/67	. . . Optical arrangements in the receiver	13/02	. Transmission systems in which the medium consists of the earth or a large mass of water thereon, e.g. earth telegraphy ( <a href="#">line transmission systems with earth or water return H04B 3/00</a> ; {geophysics, detecting hidden masses <a href="#">G01H</a> , <a href="#">G01V 1/16</a> , <a href="#">G01V 1/18</a> , <a href="#">G01V 3/00</a> ; sonars <a href="#">G01S 1/72</a> ; applications of earth currents <a href="#">G01S 1/72</a> , <a href="#">H05F 7/00</a> ; direction and distance determination with lead cables <a href="#">G01S 13/00</a> })
10/671	. . . . {for controlling the input optical signal}	14/00	<b>Transmission systems not characterised by the medium used for transmission (details thereof <a href="#">H04B 1/00</a>)</b>
10/672	. . . . . {for controlling the power of the input optical signal}	14/002	. {characterised by the use of a carrier modulation ( <a href="#">using subcarrier modulation H04B 14/08</a> )}
10/673	. . . . . {using an optical preamplifier}	14/004	. . {Amplitude modulation}
10/674	. . . . . {using a variable optical attenuator}	14/006	. . {Angle modulation}
10/675	. . . . . {for controlling the optical bandwidth of the input signal, e.g. spectral filtering}	14/008	. . {Polarisation modulation}
10/676	. . . . {for all-optical demodulation of the input optical signal}	14/02	. characterised by the use of pulse modulation ( <a href="#">in radio transmission relays H04B 7/17</a> ; <a href="#">transmission of digital information per se H04L</a> )
10/677	. . . . . {for differentially modulated signal, e.g. DPSK signals}	14/023	. . {using pulse amplitude modulation}
10/69	. . . Electrical arrangements in the receiver	14/026	. . {using pulse time characteristics modulation, e.g. width, position, interval}
10/691	. . . . {Arrangements for optimizing the photodetector in the receiver}	14/04	. . using pulse code modulation ( <a href="#">analogue/digital or digital/analogue conversion per se H03M 1/00</a> ; <a href="#">for TV signals H04N 7/24</a> )
10/6911	. . . . . {Photodiode bias control, e.g. for compensating temperature variations}	14/042	. . . {Special circuits, e.g. comparators}
10/693	. . . . {Arrangements for optimizing the preamplifier in the receiver}	14/044	. . . {Sample and hold circuits ( <a href="#">in general G11C 27/02</a> )}
10/6931	. . . . . {Automatic gain control of the preamplifier}	14/046	. . . {Systems or methods for reducing noise or bandwidth}
10/6932	. . . . . {Bandwidth control of bit rate adaptation}	14/048	. . . . {Non linear compression or expansion}
10/6933	. . . . . {Offset control of the differential preamplifier}	14/06	. . using differential modulation, e.g. delta modulation ( <a href="#">conversion of analogue values to or from differential modulation H03M 3/00</a> )
10/695	. . . . {Arrangements for optimizing the decision element in the receiver, e.g. by using automatic threshold control}	14/062	. . . {using delta modulation or one-bit differential modulation [1DPCM]}
10/697	. . . . {Arrangements for reducing noise and distortion}	14/064	. . . . {with adaptive feedback}
10/6971	. . . . . {using equalisation}	14/066	. . . {using differential modulation with several bits [NDPCM]}
10/6972	. . . . . {using passive filtering}	14/068	. . . . {with adaptive feedback}
10/6973	. . . . . {using noise matching networks}	14/08	. characterised by the use of a sub-carrier
10/70	. Photonic quantum communication	15/00	<b>Suppression or limitation of noise or interference (<a href="#">by means associated with receiver H04B 1/10</a>)</b>
10/80	. Optical aspects relating to the use of optical transmission for specific applications, not provided for in groups <a href="#">H04B 10/03</a> - <a href="#">H04B 10/70</a> , e.g. optical power feeding or optical transmission through water	15/005	. {Reducing noise, e.g. humm, from the supply}
10/801	. . {using optical interconnects, e.g. light coupled isolators, circuit board interconnections}	15/02	. Reducing interference from electric apparatus by means located at or near the interfering apparatus ( <a href="#">structural association with dynamo-electric machines H02K 11/00</a> )
10/802	. . . {for isolation, e.g. using optocouplers}	15/025	. . {Reducing interference from ignition apparatus of fuel engines ( <a href="#">cables with high resistance H01B</a> )}
10/803	. . . {Free space interconnects, e.g. between circuit boards or chips}	15/04	. . the interference being caused by substantially sinusoidal oscillations, e.g. in a receiver, in a tape-recorder ( <a href="#">reducing parasitic oscillations H03B</a> , <a href="#">H03F</a> ; <a href="#">screening H05K 9/00</a> )
10/806	. . {Arrangements for feeding power}		
10/807	. . . {Optical power feeding, i.e. transmitting power using an optical signal}		
10/808	. . . {Electrical power feeding of an optical transmission system ( <a href="#">power feeding arrangements in general H04B 3/44</a> )}		
10/85	. . Protection from unauthorised access, e.g. eavesdrop protection		
10/90	. Non-optical transmission systems, e.g. transmission systems employing non-photonic corpuscular radiation		

15/06	. . . by local oscillators of receivers	17/408	. . . {using successive loop-backs}
<b>17/00</b>	<b>Monitoring; Testing</b> (of line transmission systems <a href="#">H04B 3/46</a> ; arrangements for monitoring or testing transmission systems employing electromagnetic waves other than radio waves <a href="#">H04B 10/07</a> )	17/409	. . . {by means of resistance, voltage or current measurement}
17/0082	. {using service channels; using auxiliary channels}	<b>2201/00</b>	<b>Indexing scheme relating to details of transmission systems not covered by a single group of <a href="#">H04B 3/00</a> - <a href="#">H04B 13/00</a></b>
17/0085	. . {using test signal generators}	2201/69	. Orthogonal indexing scheme relating to spread spectrum techniques in general
17/0087	. . {using auxiliary channels or channel simulators}	2201/692	. . Cognitive radio
17/10	. of transmitters	2201/694	. . WPAN
17/101	. . {for measurement of parameters}	2201/696	. . relating to Downlink
17/102	. . . {of radiated power at antenna port}	2201/698	. . relating to Uplink
17/103	. . . {of reflected power, e.g. return loss}	2201/707	. . relating to direct sequence modulation
17/104	. . . {of other parameters, e.g. DC offset, delay or propagation times}	2201/70701	. . . featuring pilot assisted reception
17/11	. . for calibration	2201/70702	. . . Intercell-related aspects
17/12	. . . of transmit antennas, e.g. of the amplitude or phase	2201/70703	. . . using multiple or variable rates
17/13	. . . of power amplifiers, e.g. gain or non-linearity	2201/70705	. . . . Rate detection
17/14	. . . of the whole transmission and reception path, e.g. self-test loop-back	2201/70706	. . . with means for reducing the peak-to-average power ratio
17/15	. . Performance testing	2201/70707	. . . Efficiency-related aspects
17/16	. . . Test equipment located at the transmitter	2201/70709	. . . . with discontinuous detection
17/17	. . . Detection of non-compliance or faulty performance, e.g. response deviations ( <a href="#">H04B 17/18</a> takes precedence)	2201/7071	. . . . with dynamic control of receiver resources
17/18	. . . Monitoring during normal operation	2201/70711	. . . . . with modular structure
17/19	. . . Self-testing arrangements	2201/70713	. . . . Reducing computational requirements
17/20	. of receivers	2201/70714	. . . . Reducing hardware requirements
17/21	. . for calibration; for correcting measurements	2201/70715	. . . with application-specific features
17/23	. . Indication means, e.g. displays, alarms, audible means	2201/70716	. . . Quadrature
17/24	. . with feedback of measurements to the transmitter	2201/70718	. . . Particular systems or standards
17/26	. . using historical data, averaging values or statistics	2201/70719	. . . . CDMA2000
17/27	. . for locating or positioning the transmitter	2201/7072	. . . . HDR
17/29	. . Performance testing	2201/70722	. . . . HSDPA/HSUPA
17/30	. of propagation channels	2201/70723	. . . . . Multi-carrier HSPA
17/309	. . Measuring or estimating channel quality parameters	2201/70724	. . . . . UMTS
17/318	. . . Received signal strength	2201/70726	. . . . . Asynchronous CDMA
17/327	. . . . Received signal code power [RSCP]	2201/70727	. . . using fast Fourier transform
17/336	. . . Signal-to-interference ratio [SIR] or carrier-to-interference ratio [CIR]	2201/70728	. . . Frequency aspects
17/345	. . . Interference values ( <a href="#">H04B 17/336</a> takes precedence)	2201/7073	. . . Direct sequence modulation synchronisation
17/354	. . . Adjacent channel leakage power	2201/70733	. . . . 2D search
17/364	. . . Delay profiles	2201/70736	. . . . DSA
17/373	. . Predicting channel quality parameters	2201/7097	. . . Direct sequence modulation interference
17/382	. . for resource allocation, admission control or handover	2201/709709	. . . . Methods of preventing interference
17/391	. . Modelling the propagation channel	2201/709718	. . . . Determine interference
17/3911	. . . {Fading models or fading generators}	2201/709727	. . . . GRAKE type RAKE receivers
17/3912	. . . {Simulation models}	2201/709736	. . . . Hybrid interference mitigation schemes
17/3913	. . . {Predictive models}	2201/709745	. . . . Iterative interference mitigation schemes
17/40	. of relay systems	2201/709754	. . . . Blind joint detection
17/401	. . {with selective localization}	2201/709763	. . . . Joint detection using feedback
17/402	. . . {using different frequencies}	2201/709772	. . . . Joint detection using feedforward
17/403	. . . . {generated by local oscillators}	2201/709781	. . . . Linear detectors for joint detection
17/404	. . . . {selected by local filters}	2201/70979	. . . . Fat finger issues in RAKE receivers
17/405	. . . . {generated by local multipliers, dividers, modulators}	2201/713	. . Frequency hopping
17/406	. . . {using coded addresses}	2201/71307	. . . Partial band interference
17/407	. . {without selective localization}	2201/71315	. . . Wide band interference
		2201/71323	. . . Adaptive systems
		2201/7133	. . . Asymmetric systems
		2201/71338	. . . Asynchronous systems
		2201/71346	. . . Bluetooth
		2201/71353	. . . Fast frequency hopping
		2201/71361	. . . Slow frequency hopping
		2201/71369	. . . OFCHM
		2201/71376	. . . Threshold

- 2201/71384 . . . Look-up tables
- 2201/7163 . . Orthogonal indexing scheme relating to impulse radio
- 2201/71632 . . . Diversity
- 2201/71634 . . . Applied to ranging
- 2201/71636 . . . Transmitted reference
- 2201/71638 . . . Spectrum issues
- 2203/00 Indexing scheme relating to line transmission systems**
  - 2203/54 . Aspects of powerline communications not already covered by [H04B 3/54](#) and its subgroups
  - 2203/5404 . . Methods of transmitting or receiving signals via power distribution lines
    - 2203/5408 . . . using protocols
    - 2203/5412 . . . by modifying wave form of the power source
    - 2203/5416 . . . by adding signals to the wave form of the power source
  - 2203/542 . . . using zero crossing information
  - 2203/5425 . . . improving S/N by matching impedance, noise reduction, gain control
  - 2203/5429 . . Applications for powerline communications
  - 2203/5433 . . . Remote metering
  - 2203/5437 . . . Wired telephone
  - 2203/5441 . . . Wireless systems or telephone
  - 2203/5445 . . . Local network
  - 2203/545 . . . Audio/video application, e.g. interphone
  - 2203/5454 . . . Adapter and plugs
  - 2203/5458 . . . Monitor sensor; Alarm systems
  - 2203/5462 . . Systems for power line communications
    - 2203/5466 . . . using three phases conductors
    - 2203/547 . . . via DC power distribution
    - 2203/5475 . . . adapted for drill or well combined with data transmission
  - 2203/5479 . . . using repeaters
  - 2203/5483 . . . using coupling circuits
  - 2203/5487 . . . . cables
  - 2203/5491 . . . using filtering and bypassing
  - 2203/5495 . . . having measurements and testing channel
- 2210/00 Indexing scheme relating to optical transmission systems**
  - 2210/003 . Devices including multiple stages, e.g., multi-stage optical amplifiers or dispersion compensators
  - 2210/006 . Devices for generating or processing an RF signal by optical means
  - 2210/07 . Monitoring an optical transmission system using a supervisory signal ([OAM for WDM transmission H04J 14/0272](#))
    - 2210/071 . . using alarms
    - 2210/072 . . using an overhead signal
    - 2210/074 . . using a superposed, over-modulated signal
    - 2210/075 . . using a pilot tone
    - 2210/077 . . using a separate fibre
    - 2210/078 . . using a separate wavelength
    - 2210/08 . Shut-down or eye-safety
    - 2210/25 . Distortion or dispersion compensation
      - 2210/252 . . after the transmission line, i.e. post-compensation
      - 2210/254 . . before the transmission line, i.e. pre-compensation
    - 2210/256 . . at the repeater, i.e. repeater compensation
    - 2210/258 . . treating each wavelength or wavelength band separately
  - 2210/516 . Optical conversion of optical modulation formats, e.g., from optical ASK to optical PSK
  - 2210/517 . Optical NRZ to RZ conversion, or *vice versa*
  - 2215/00 Reducing interference at the transmission system level**
    - 2215/061 . Reduction of burst noise, e.g. in TDMA systems
      - 2215/062 . . by inhibiting burst transmission
      - 2215/063 . . by smoothing the transmission power envelope
    - 2215/064 . Reduction of clock or synthesizer reference frequency harmonics
      - 2215/065 . . by changing the frequency of clock or reference frequency
      - 2215/066 . . by stopping a clock generator
      - 2215/067 . . by modulation dispersion
      - 2215/068 . . by avoiding a reception frequency range
    - 2215/069 . Reduction of switch mode power supply ripple