

# CPC COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION

## Y GENERAL TAGGING OF NEW TECHNOLOGICAL DEVELOPMENTS; GENERAL TAGGING OF CROSS-SECTIONAL TECHNOLOGIES SPANNING OVER SEVERAL SECTIONS OF THE IPC; TECHNICAL SUBJECTS COVERED BY FORMER USPC CROSS-REFERENCE ART COLLECTIONS [XRACs] AND DIGESTS

(NOTES omitted)

## Y02 TECHNOLOGIES OR APPLICATIONS FOR MITIGATION OR ADAPTATION AGAINST CLIMATE CHANGE

(NOTES omitted)

## Y02T CLIMATE CHANGE MITIGATION TECHNOLOGIES RELATED TO TRANSPORTATION

<b>10/00</b>	<b>Road transport of goods or passengers</b>	10/40	. . Engine management systems
10/10	. Internal combustion engine [ICE] based vehicles	10/42	. . . controlling air supply
10/12	. . Technologies for the improvement of indicated efficiency of a conventional ICE	10/44	. . . controlling fuel supply
10/121	. . . Adding non fuel substances or small quantities of secondary fuel to fuel, air or fuel/air mixture	10/46	. . . controlling ignition
10/123	. . . Fuel injection	10/47	. . . Exhaust feedback
10/125	. . . Combustion chambers and charge mixing enhancing inside the combustion chamber	10/48	. . . Switching off the internal combustion engine, e.g. stop and go
10/126	. . . Acting upon fuel or oxidizing compound, e.g. pre-treatment by catalysts, ultrasound or electricity	10/50	. . Intelligent control systems, e.g. conjoint control
10/128	. . . Methods of operating, e.g. homogeneous charge compression ignition [HCCI], premixed charge compression ignition [PCCI]	10/52	. . . relating to internal combustion engine fuel consumption
10/14	. . Technologies for the improvement of mechanical efficiency of a conventional ICE	10/54	. . . relating to internal combustion engine emissions
10/142	. . . Methods of operating, e.g. Atkinson cycle, Ericsson	10/56	. . . Optimising drivetrain operating point
10/144	. . . Non naturally aspirated engines, e.g. turbocharging, supercharging	10/60	. Other road transportation technologies with climate change mitigation effect
10/146	. . . Charge mixing enhancing outside the combustion chamber	10/62	. . Hybrid vehicles
10/148	. . . Downsizing or downspeeding	10/6204	. . . using ICE and mechanical energy storage, e.g. flywheel ( <a href="#">mechanical storage units for electromobility in general Y02T 10/7027</a> )
10/16	. . Energy recuperation from low temperature heat sources of the ICE to produce additional power	10/6208	. . . using ICE and fluidic energy storage, e.g. pressure accumulator
10/163	. . . Turbocompound engines	10/6213	. . . using ICE and electric energy storage, i.e. battery, capacitor ( <a href="#">battery for energy storage for electromobility in general Y02T 10/7005</a> ; <a href="#">capacitor technology for energy storage for electromobility in general Y02T 10/7022</a> )
10/166	. . . Waste heat recovering cycles or thermoelectric systems	10/6217	. . . . of the series type or range extenders
10/17	. . Non-reciprocating piston engines, e.g. rotating motors	10/6221	. . . . of the parallel type
10/18	. . Varying inlet or exhaust valve operating characteristics	10/6226	. . . . . Motor-assist type
10/20	. . Exhaust after-treatment	10/623	. . . . of the series-parallel type
10/22	. . . Three way catalyst technology, i.e. oxidation or reduction at stoichiometric equivalence ratio	10/6234	. . . . . Series-parallel switching type
10/24	. . . Selective Catalytic Reactors for reduction in oxygen rich atmosphere	10/6239	. . . . . Differential gearing distribution type
10/26	. . . Thermal conditioning of exhaust after-treatment	10/6243	. . . . . Electrical distribution type
10/30	. . Use of alternative fuels	10/6247	. . . . . with motor integrated into gearbox
10/32	. . . Gaseous fuels	10/6252	. . . . . connected or connectable to input shaft of gearing
10/34	. . . Non-gaseous fuels	10/6256	. . . . . connected or connectable to intermediate shaft of gearing
10/36	. . . Multiple fuels, e.g. multi fuel engines	10/626	. . . . . Motor between output shaft of gearing and driven wheels
		10/6265	. . . . . Driving a plurality of axles
		10/6269	. . . . . provided with means for plug-in
		10/6273	. . . . . Combining different types of energy storage

10/6278	. . . . Battery and capacitor	10/82	. . Elements for improving aerodynamics
10/6282	. . . . Battery and mechanical or fluidic energy storage	10/84	. . Data processing systems or methods, management, administration
10/6286	. . . Control systems for power distribution between ICE and other motor or motors	10/86	. . Optimisation of rolling resistance, e.g. weight reduction
10/6291	. . . . Predicting future driving conditions	10/862	. . . Tyres, e.g. materials
10/6295	. . . Other types of combustion engine	10/865	. . . Bearings
10/64	. . Electric machine technologies for applications in electromobility	10/88	. . Optimized components or subsystems, e.g. lighting, actively controlled glasses
10/641	. . . characterised by aspects of the electric machine	10/90	. . Energy harvesting concepts as power supply for auxiliaries' energy consumption, e.g. photovoltaic sun-roof
10/642	. . . Control strategies of electric machines for automotive applications	10/92	. . Energy efficient charging or discharging systems for batteries, ultracapacitors, supercapacitors or double-layer capacitors specially adapted for vehicles
10/643	. . . . Vector control		
10/644	. . . . Control strategies for ac machines other than vector control		
10/645	. . . . Control strategies for dc machines		
10/646	. . . . With two or more electric drive machines	<b>30/00</b>	<b>Transportation of goods or passengers via railways</b>
10/70	. . Energy storage for electromobility ( <a href="#">hydrogen internal combustion engines Y02T 90/42</a> ; <a href="#">fuel cell powered electric vehicles Y02T 90/34</a> )	30/10	. . Energy recovery technologies concerning the propulsion system in locomotives or motor railcars
10/7005	. . . Batteries	30/12	. . In electric locomotives or motor railcars with electric accumulators, e.g. involving regenerative braking
10/7011	. . . . Lithium ion battery		
10/7016	. . . . Lead acid battery	30/14	. . In locomotives or motor railcars with pneumatic accumulators
10/7022	. . . Capacitors, supercapacitors or ultracapacitors	30/16	. . In locomotives or motor railcars with two or different kinds or types of engine
10/7027	. . . Mechanical energy storage devices	30/18	. . Specific power storing devices
10/7033	. . . . Fly wheels	30/30	. . Other technological aspects of railway vehicles
10/7038	. . . Energy storage management	30/32	. . Reducing air resistance by modifying contour
10/7044	. . . . Controlling the battery or capacitor state of charge	30/34	. . Composite; Lightweight materials
10/705	. . . . Controlling vehicles with one battery or one capacitor only	30/36	. . Device for using the energy of the movements of the vehicle
10/7055	. . . . Controlling vehicles with more than one battery or more than one capacitor		
10/7061	. . . . . the batteries or capacitors being of the same voltage	30/38	. . Bogie frames comprising parts made from fiber-reinforced matrix material
10/7066	. . . . . the batteries or capacitors being of a different voltage	30/40	. . Applications of solar cells or heat pipes, e.g. on ski-lift cabins or carriages for passengers or goods
10/7072	. . . Electromobility specific charging systems or methods for batteries, ultracapacitors, supercapacitors or double-layer capacitors ( <a href="#">efficient charging systems for batteries, ultracapacitors, supercapacitors or double-layer capacitors in road transportation in general Y02T 10/92</a> )	30/42	. . concerning heating, ventilating or air conditioning
		<b>50/00</b>	<b>Aeronautics or air transport</b>
10/7077	. . . . on board the vehicle	50/10	. . Drag reduction
10/7083	. . . . . with the energy being of renewable origin	50/12	. . Overall configuration, shape or profile of fuselage or wings
10/7088	. . . . Charging stations		
10/7094	. . . . . with the energy being of renewable origin	50/14	. . Adaptive structures, e.g. morphing wings
10/72	. . Electric energy management in electromobility	50/16	. . by influencing airflow
10/7208	. . . Electric power conversion within the vehicle	50/162	. . . by generating or controlling vortexes
10/7216	. . . . DC to DC power conversion	50/164	. . . . at the wing tip, e.g. winglets
10/7225	. . . . . Using step - up or boost converters	50/166	. . . by influencing the boundary layer
10/7233	. . . . . Using step - down or buck converters	50/30	. . Wing lift efficiency
10/7241	. . . . DC to AC or AC to DC power conversion	50/32	. . Optimised high lift wing systems
10/725	. . . . AC to AC power conversion	50/34	. . Helicopter rotor blades lift efficiency
10/7258	. . . Optimisation of vehicle performance	50/40	. . Weight reduction
10/7275	. . . . Desired performance achievement	50/42	. . Airframe
10/7283	. . . . Optimisation of energy management	50/43	. . . Composites
10/7291	. . . . by route optimisation processing	50/44	. . . Design measures
10/76	. . Transmission of mechanical power	50/46	. . Interior
10/80	. Technologies aiming to reduce greenhouse gasses emissions common to all road transportation technologies	50/50	. On board measures aiming to increase energy efficiency
		50/52	. . concerning the electrical systems
		50/53	. . . Energy recovery, conversion or storage systems
		50/54	. . . All-electric or substantially electric architectures
		50/55	. . . Solar cells as on-board power source

50/56	. . Thermal management, e.g. environmental control systems [ECS] or cooling	70/54	. . Propeller
50/60	. Efficient propulsion technologies	70/542	. . . Improved propeller design
50/62	. . Electrical	70/545	. . . Recovery of rotational energy
50/64	. . Hybrid	70/547	. . . Wake equalizing arrangements
50/66	. . Propellers	70/56	. . Jets
50/67	. . Relevant aircraft propulsion technologies	70/58	. . Propulsion by direct use of wind
50/671	. . . Measures to reduce the propulsor weight	70/583	. . . Energy efficient technologies involving sails
50/672	. . . . using composites	70/586	. . . Kites
50/673	. . . Improving the blades aerodynamics	70/59	. . Other propulsion concepts for reducing greenhouse gas emissions, e.g. wave-powered
50/675	. . . Enabling an increased combustion temperature by cooling	70/70	. Technologies for a more efficient operation of the waterborne vessel not otherwise provided for
50/676	. . . . Blades cooling	70/72	. . Related to heating, ventilation, air conditioning, or refrigeration systems
50/6765	. . . Enabling an increased combustion temperature by thermal barrier coatings	70/74	. . Integrating maritime voyage control
50/677	. . . Controlling the propulsor to control the emissions	70/742	. . . Speed reduction
50/678	. . . using fuels of non-fossil origin	70/745	. . . Weather routing
50/80	. Energy efficient operational measures	70/747	. . . Course optimization
50/82	. . Related to ground operations	70/80	. Measures concerning recycling, retrofitting or dismantling of waterborne vessels
50/823	. . . Aircraft equipment, e.g. wheel embedded	70/90	. Port equipment or systems reducing GHG emissions
50/826	. . . Towing equipment		
50/84	. . Related to management of trajectory and mission		
<b>70/00</b>	<b>Maritime or waterways transport</b>	<b>90/00</b>	<b>Enabling technologies or technologies with a potential or indirect contribution to GHG emissions mitigation</b>
70/10	. Measures concerning design or construction of watercraft hulls	90/10	. Technologies related to electric vehicle charging
70/12	. . Improving hydrodynamics of hull	90/12	. . Electric charging stations
70/121	. . . Reducing surface friction	90/121	. . . by conductive energy transmission
70/122	. . . . Air lubrication, air cavity systems	90/122	. . . by inductive energy transmission
70/123	. . . . Hull coatings, e.g. biomimicry	90/124	. . . by exchange of energy storage elements
70/125	. . . Lower wave resistance	90/125	. . . Alignment between the vehicle and the charging station
70/126	. . . . Bow shape	90/127	. . . Converters or inverters for charging
70/127	. . . improving wake pattern	90/128	. . . Energy exchange control or determination
70/128	. . . . reducing the interaction between hull and propeller	90/14	. . Plug-in electric vehicles
70/14	. . Construction of hull	90/16	. . Information or communication technologies improving the operation of electric vehicles
70/143	. . . Materials, e.g. ultra light steels, composites	90/161	. . . Navigation
70/146	. . . Energy efficient measures related to fabrication or assembly of hull	90/162	. . . . Position determination
70/30	. Measures at the maintenance or repair stage specially aiming at green house gasses emissions reduction	90/163	. . . Information or communication technologies related to charging of electric vehicle
70/32	. . Surface or tank cleaning and treatment operations	90/167	. . . Systems integrating technologies related to power network operation and communication or information technologies for supporting the interoperability of electric or hybrid vehicles, i.e. smartgrids as interface for battery charging of electric vehicles [EV] or hybrid vehicles [HEV] (power aggregation of EV or HEV <a href="#">Y02E 60/721</a> )
70/34	. . Improved operation of fossil fuel transfer, e.g. ship-to-ship oil or gas transfer		
70/36	. . Handling waste		
70/50	. Measures to reduce greenhouse gas emissions related to the propulsion system		
70/52	. . Propulsion power plant		
70/5209	. . . Relating to type of fuel		
70/5218	. . . . Less carbon-intensive fuels, e.g. natural gas, biofuels		
70/5227	. . . . Non-conventional fuels, e.g. nuclear	90/168	. . . . Remote or cooperative charging operation
70/5236	. . . Renewable or hybrid-electric solutions	90/169	. . . . Aspects supporting the interoperability of electric or hybrid vehicles, e.g. recognition, authentication, identification or billing
70/5245	. . . . using solar generated electricity, e.g. photovoltaics	90/30	. Application of fuel cell technology to transportation
70/5254	. . . . using wind motor to generate electricity	90/32	. . Fuel cells specially adapted to transport applications, e.g. automobile, bus, ship
70/5263	. . . Other measures to increase efficiency of the power plant	90/34	. . Fuel cell powered electric vehicles [FCEV]
70/5272	. . . . Engine monitoring and control	90/36	. . Fuel cells as on-board power source in aeronautics
70/5281	. . . . Waste heat recovery		
70/529	. . . . Reducing auxiliary power		

**NOTE**

Documents tagged under [Y02T 90/167](#) are concurrently tagged also under [Y04S 30/10](#)

## Y02T

- 90/38 . . Fuel cells as on-board power source in waterborne transportation
- 90/40 . Application of hydrogen technology to transportation
- 90/42 . . Hydrogen as fuel for road transportation
- 90/44 . . Hydrogen as fuel in aeronautics
- 90/46 . . Hydrogen as fuel in waterborne transportation
- 90/50 . Computer aided design [CAD] for improving the mechanical performance in the sector of transportation, e.g. improvement of aerodynamics, noise or vibration reduction, tyre design