

CPC COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION

H ELECTRICITY

(NOTE omitted)

H01 BASIC ELECTRIC ELEMENTS

(NOTES omitted)

H01L SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES; ELECTRIC SOLID STATE DEVICES NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR (use of semiconductor devices for measuring [G01](#); resistors in general [H01C](#); magnets, inductors, transformers [H01F](#); capacitors in general [H01G](#); electrolytic devices [H01G 9/00](#); batteries, accumulators [H01M](#); waveguides, resonators, or lines of the waveguide type [H01P](#); line connectors, current collectors [H01R](#); stimulated-emission devices [H01S](#); electromechanical resonators [H03H](#); loudspeakers, microphones, gramophone pick-ups or like acoustic electromechanical transducers [H04R](#); electric light sources in general [H05B](#); printed circuits, hybrid circuits, casings or constructional details of electrical apparatus, manufacture of assemblages of electrical components [H05K](#); use of semiconductor devices in circuits having a particular application, see the subclass for the application)

NOTES

1. This subclass covers:
 - electric solid state devices which are not covered by any other subclass and details thereof, and includes: semiconductor devices adapted for rectifying, amplifying, oscillating or switching; semiconductor devices sensitive to radiation; electric solid state devices using thermoelectric, superconductive, piezo-electric, electrostrictive, magnetostrictive, galvano-magnetic or bulk negative resistance effects and integrated circuit devices;
 - photoresistors, magnetic field dependent resistors, field effect resistors, capacitors with potential-jump barrier, resistors with potential-jump barrier or surface barrier, incoherent light emitting diodes and thin-film or thick-film circuits;
 - processes and apparatus adapted for the manufacture or treatment of such devices, except where such processes relate to single-step processes for which provision exists elsewhere.
2. In this subclass, the following terms or expressions are used with the meaning indicated:
 - "wafer" means a slice of semiconductor or crystalline substrate material, which can be modified by impurity diffusion (doping), ion implantation or epitaxy, and whose active surface can be processed into arrays of discrete components or integrated circuits;
 - "solid state body" means the body of material within which, or at the surface of which, the physical effects characteristic of the device occur. In thermoelectric devices, it includes all materials in the current path.
Regions in or on the body of the device (other than the solid state body itself), which exert an influence on the solid state body electrically, are considered to be "electrodes" whether or not an external electrical connection is made thereto. An electrode may include several portions and the term includes metallic regions which exert influence on the solid state body through an insulating region (e.g. capacitive coupling) and inductive coupling arrangements to the body. The dielectric region in a capacitive arrangement is regarded as part of the electrode. In arrangements including several portions, only those portions which exert an influence on the solid state body by virtue of their shape, size, or disposition or the material of which they are formed are considered to be part of the electrode. The other portions are considered to be "arrangements for conducting electric current to or from the solid state body" or "interconnections between solid state components formed in or on a common substrate", i.e. leads;
 - "device" means an electric circuit element; where an electric circuit element is one of a plurality of elements formed in or on a common substrate it is referred to as a "component";
 - "complete device" is a device in its fully assembled state which may or may not require further treatment, e.g. electroforming, before it is ready for use but which does not require the addition of further structural units;
 - "parts" includes all structural units which are included in a complete device;
 - "container" is an enclosure forming part of the complete device and is essentially a solid construction in which the body of the device is placed, or which is formed around the body without forming an intimate layer thereon. An enclosure which consists of one or more layers formed on the body and in intimate contact therewith is referred to as an "encapsulation";
 - "integrated circuit" is a device where all components, e.g. diodes, resistors, are built up on a common substrate and form the device including interconnections between the components;
 - "assembly" of a device is the building up of the device from its component constructional units and includes the provision of fillings in containers.
3. In this subclass, both the process or apparatus for the manufacture or treatment of a device and the device itself are classified, whenever both of these are described sufficiently to be of interest.

4. Attention is drawn to Note (3) after the title of section [C](#), which Note indicates to which version of the periodic table of chemical elements the IPC refers. In this subclass, the Periodic System used is the 8 group system indicated by Roman numerals in the Periodic Table thereunder.

WARNINGS

1. The following IPC groups are not in the CPC scheme. The subject matter for these IPC groups is classified in the following CPC groups:

| | | |
|--|------------|--|
| H01L 21/301 | covered by | H01L 21/30 |
| H01L 21/328 | covered by | H01L 29/66075 |
| H01L 21/329 | covered by | H01L 29/66083 |
| H01L 21/33 | covered by | H01L 29/66227 |
| H01L 21/331 | covered by | H01L 29/66234 |
| H01L 21/332 | covered by | H01L 29/66363 |
| H01L 21/334 | covered by | H01L 29/66075 |
| H01L 21/335 | covered by | H01L 29/66409 |
| H01L 21/336 | covered by | H01L 29/66477 |
| H01L 21/337 | covered by | H01L 29/66893 |
| H01L 21/338 | covered by | H01L 29/66848 |
| H01L 21/339 | covered by | H01L 29/66946 |
| H01L 21/36-H01L 21/368 | covered by | H01L 21/02107 |
| H01L 21/58 | covered by | H01L 24/80 |
| H01L 21/66 | covered by | H01L 22/00 |
| H01L 21/8242 | covered by | H01L 27/108 |
| H01L 21/8244 | covered by | H01L 27/11 |
| H01L 21/8246 | covered by | H01L 27/112 |
| H01L 21/98 | covered by | H01L 25/50 |
| H01L 29/38 | covered by | H01L 29/04-H01L 29/365 |
| H01L 29/96 | covered by | H01L 29/68-H01L 29/945 |
| H01L 51/30 | covered by | H01L 51/0032 |
| H01L 51/40 | covered by | H01L 51/0001 |
| H01L 51/46 | covered by | H01L 51/0032 |
| H01L 51/48 | covered by | H01L 51/0001 |
| H01L 51/54 | covered by | H01L 51/0032 |

2. {In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.}

21/00 Processes or apparatus adapted for the manufacture or treatment of semiconductor or solid state devices or of parts thereof

21/02 . Manufacture or treatment of semiconductor devices or of parts thereof

21/02002 . . {Preparing wafers}

NOTES

- This group covers processes for manufacturing wafers prior to the fabrication of any device, i.e. between the sawing of ingots (covered by [B28D](#)) and the cleaning of substrates (covered by [H01L 21/02041](#)).
- This group does not cover:
 - simple use of grinding or polishing machines [B24B](#)
 - thermal smoothening [H01L 21/324](#)

21/02005 . . . {Preparing bulk and homogeneous wafers}
 21/02008 {Multistep processes}
 21/0201 {Specific process step}
 21/02013 {Grinding, lapping}
 21/02016 {Backside treatment}
 21/02019 {Chemical etching}
 21/02021 {Edge treatment, chamfering}
 21/02024 {Mirror polishing}
 21/02027 {Setting crystal orientation}
 21/0203 {Making porous regions on the surface}

21/02032 {by reclaiming or re-processing}

21/02035 {Shaping}

21/02041 . . {Cleaning}

21/02043 . . . {Cleaning before device manufacture, i.e. Begin-Of-Line process}

21/02046 {Dry cleaning only ([H01L 21/02085](#) takes precedence)}

21/02049 {with gaseous HF}

21/02052 {Wet cleaning only ([H01L 21/02085](#) takes precedence)}

21/02054 {combining dry and wet cleaning steps ([H01L 21/02085](#) takes precedence)}

21/02057 . . . {Cleaning during device manufacture}

21/0206 {during, before or after processing of insulating layers}

21/02063 {the processing being the formation of vias or contact holes}

21/02065 {the processing being a planarization of insulating layers}

21/02068 {during, before or after processing of conductive layers, e.g. polysilicon or amorphous silicon layers}

21/02071 {the processing being a delineation, e.g. RIE, of conductive layers}

21/02074 {the processing being a planarization of conductive layers}

21/02076 . . . {Cleaning after the substrates have been singulated}

- 21/02079 . . . {Cleaning for reclaiming}
 21/02082 . . . {product to be cleaned}
 21/02085 . . . {Cleaning of diamond}
 21/02087 . . . {Cleaning of wafer edges}
 21/0209 . . . {Cleaning of wafer backside}
 21/02093 . . . {Cleaning of porous materials}
 21/02096 . . . {only mechanical cleaning}
 21/02098 . . . {only involving lasers, e.g. laser ablation}
 21/02101 . . . {only involving supercritical fluids}
 21/02104 . . {Forming layers (deposition in general [C23C](#); crystal growth in general [C30B](#))}

WARNING

Groups [H01L 21/02104](#) – [H01L 21/02694](#) are incomplete pending reclassification of documents from groups [H01L 21/06](#), [H01L 21/16](#), and [H01L 21/20](#).

Groups [H01L 21/02104](#) – [H01L 21/02694](#), [H01L 21/06](#), [H01L 21/20](#), and [H01L 21/16](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

- 21/02107 . . . {Forming insulating materials on a substrate}

WARNING

Groups [H01L 21/02107](#) – [H01L 21/02326](#) are incomplete pending reclassification of documents from groups [H01L 21/312](#), [H01L 21/314](#), [H01L 21/316](#), and [H01L 21/318](#).

Groups [H01L 21/02107](#) – [H01L 21/02326](#), [H01L 21/312](#), [H01L 21/314](#), [H01L 21/316](#), and [H01L 21/318](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

- 21/02109 . . . {characterised by the type of layer, e.g. type of material, porous/non-porous, pre-cursors, mixtures or laminates}
 21/02112 . . . {characterised by the material of the layer}

NOTE

Layers comprising sublayers, i.e. multi-layers, are additionally classified in [H01L 21/022](#); porous layers are additionally classified in [H01L 21/02203](#)

- 21/02115 . . . {the material being carbon, e.g. alpha-C, diamond or hydrogen doped carbon}
 21/02118 . . . {carbon based polymeric organic or inorganic material, e.g. polyimides, poly cyclobutene or PVC (polymers per se [C08G](#), photoresist per se [G03F](#))}
 21/0212 . . . {the material being fluoro carbon compounds, e.g. (CF_x)_n, (CH_xF_y)_n or polytetrafluoroethylene}
 21/02123 . . . {the material containing silicon}
 21/02126 . . . {the material containing Si, O, and at least one of H, N, C, F, or other non-metal elements, e.g. SiOC, SiOC:H or SiONC}

- 21/02129 . . . {the material being boron or phosphorus doped silicon oxides, e.g. BPSG, BSG or PSG}

NOTE

Halogen, e.g. fluorine, containing BPSG, PSG, BSG, and the like, are additionally classified in [H01L 21/02131](#)

- 21/02131 . . . {the material being halogen doped silicon oxides, e.g. FSG}
 21/02134 . . . {the material comprising hydrogen silsesquioxane, e.g. HSQ}
 21/02137 . . . {the material comprising alkyl silsesquioxane, e.g. MSQ}
 21/0214 . . . {the material being a silicon oxynitride, e.g. SiON or SiON:H}
 21/02142 . . . {the material containing silicon and at least one metal element, e.g. metal silicate based insulators or metal silicon oxynitrides}
 21/02145 . . . {the material containing aluminium, e.g. AlSiOx}
 21/02148 . . . {the material containing hafnium, e.g. HfSiOx or HfSiON}
 21/0215 . . . {the material containing tantalum, e.g. TaSiOx}
 21/02153 . . . {the material containing titanium, e.g. TiSiOx}
 21/02156 . . . {the material containing at least one rare earth element, e.g. silicate of lanthanides, scandium or yttrium}
 21/02159 . . . {the material containing zirconium, e.g. ZrSiOx}
 21/02161 . . . {the material containing more than one metal element}
 21/02164 . . . {the material being a silicon oxide, e.g. SiO₂}

NOTE

The formation of silicon oxide layers is classified in this group regardless of the precursor or of the process of formation; in case of explicit statements on doping, on rest-groups, or on material components see [H01L 21/02126](#) and subgroups; deposition of silicon oxide from organic precursors without further statements on film composition is classified here and in [H01L 21/02205](#) and subgroups

- 21/02167 . . . {the material being a silicon carbide not containing oxygen, e.g. SiC, SiC:H or silicon carbonitrides ([H01L 21/02126](#) and [H01L 21/0214](#) take precedence)}
 21/0217 . . . {the material being a silicon nitride not containing oxygen, e.g. Si₃N₄ or Si₃ByN_z ([H01L 21/02126](#) and [H01L 21/0214](#) take precedence)}

- 21/02172 {the material containing at least one metal element, e.g. metal oxides, metal nitrides, metal oxynitrides or metal carbides (materials containing silicon [H01L 21/02123](#); metal silicates [H01L 21/02142](#))}
- 21/02175 {characterised by the metal ([H01L 21/02197](#) takes precedence)}
- 21/02178 {the material containing aluminium, e.g. Al_2O_3 }
- 21/02181 {the material containing hafnium, e.g. HfO_2 }
- 21/02183 {the material containing tantalum, e.g. Ta_2O_5 }
- 21/02186 {the material containing titanium, e.g. TiO_2 }
- 21/02189 {the material containing zirconium, e.g. ZrO_2 }
- 21/02192 {the material containing at least one rare earth metal element, e.g. oxides of lanthanides, scandium or yttrium}
- 21/02194 {the material containing more than one metal element}
- 21/02197 {the material having a perovskite structure, e.g. BaTiO_3 }
- 21/022 {the layer being a laminate, i.e. composed of sublayers, e.g. stacks of alternating high-k metal oxides (adhesion layers or buffer layers [H01L 21/02304](#), [H01L 21/02362](#))}
- 21/02203 {the layer being porous}
- 21/02205 {the layer being characterised by the precursor material for deposition}
- 21/02208 {the precursor containing a compound comprising Si}
- 21/02211 {the compound being a silane, e.g. disilane, methylsilane or chlorosilane}
- 21/02214 {the compound comprising silicon and oxygen}

NOTE

This group does not cover mixtures of a silane and oxygen

- 21/02216 {the compound being a molecule comprising at least one silicon-oxygen bond and the compound having hydrogen or an organic group attached to the silicon or oxygen, e.g. a siloxane}
- 21/02219 {the compound comprising silicon and nitrogen}

NOTE

This group does not cover mixtures of silane and nitrogen

- 21/02222 {the compound being a silazane}
- 21/02225 {characterised by the process for the formation of the insulating layer}

- 21/02227 {formation by a process other than a deposition process}

NOTE

Subject matter classified in the range of [H01L 21/0223](#) - [H01L 21/02249](#) is additionally classified in [H01L 21/02249](#), [H01L 21/02255](#) and [H01L 21/02252](#), depending on the type of reaction

- 21/0223 {formation by oxidation, e.g. oxidation of the substrate}
- 21/02233 {of the semiconductor substrate or a semiconductor layer}
- 21/02236 {group IV semiconductor}
- 21/02238 {silicon in uncombined form, i.e. pure silicon}
- 21/02241 {III-V semiconductor}
- 21/02244 {of a metallic layer}
- 21/02247 {formation by nitridation, e.g. nitridation of the substrate}
- 21/02249 {formation by combined oxidation and nitridation performed simultaneously}
- 21/02252 {formation by plasma treatment, e.g. plasma oxidation of the substrate (after treatment of an insulating film by plasma [H01L 21/3105](#) and subgroups)}
- 21/02255 {formation by thermal treatment ([H01L 21/02252](#) takes precedence; after treatment of an insulating film [H01L 21/3105](#) and subgroups)}
- 21/02258 {formation by anodic treatment, e.g. anodic oxidation}
- 21/0226 {formation by a deposition process ([per se C23C](#))}
- 21/02263 {deposition from the gas or vapour phase}

NOTE

This group and subgroups also cover deposition methods in which the gas or vapour is produced by physical means, e.g. ablation from targets or heating of source material

- 21/02266 {deposition by physical ablation of a target, e.g. sputtering, reactive sputtering, physical vapour deposition or pulsed laser deposition}
- 21/02269 {deposition by thermal evaporation ([H01L 21/02293](#) takes precedence)}

NOTE

Subject matter relating to molecular beam epitaxy is classified in this group

- 21/02271 {deposition by decomposition or reaction of gaseous or vapour phase compounds, i.e. chemical vapour deposition ([H01L 21/02266](#) takes precedence)}
- 21/02274 {in the presence of a plasma [PECVD]}

- 21/02277 {the reactions being activated by other means than plasma or thermal, e.g. photo-CVD}
- 21/0228 {deposition by cyclic CVD, e.g. ALD, ALE, pulsed CVD}

NOTE

Subject matter relating to cyclic plasma CVD is additionally classified in [H01L 21/02274](#)

- 21/02282 {liquid deposition, e.g. spin-coating, sol-gel techniques, spray coating}
- 21/02285 {Langmuir-Blodgett techniques}
- 21/02288 {printing, e.g. ink-jet printing ([per se B41J](#))}
- 21/0229 {liquid atomic layer deposition}
- 21/02293 {formation of epitaxial layers by a deposition process ([epitaxial growth per se C30B](#))}

NOTE

Formation of non-epitaxial layers by MBE, ALE, etc. is not covered by this group; for MBE [see H01L 21/02269](#); for ALE [see H01L 21/0228](#)

- 21/02296 {characterised by the treatment performed before or after the formation of the layer ([H01L 21/02227](#) and subgroups take precedence)}

NOTE

This group and subgroups only cover processes which are directly linked to the layer formation; routine anneals, i.e. thermal treatment without further features like a special atmosphere, presence of a plasma, thermally induced chemical reactions, change of phase (crystal structure) etc. are not classified here; for cleaning [see H01L 21/02041](#) and subgroups; for etching processes [see H01L 21/311](#) and subgroups; for planarization processes [see H01L 21/31051](#) and subgroups; for processes to repair etch damage [see H01L 21/3105](#) and subgroups

- 21/02299 {pre-treatment}

NOTE

This group and subgroups cover treatments to improve adhesion or change the surface termination; for etching [see H01L 21/306](#) and subgroups and [H01L 21/311](#) and subgroups

- 21/02301 {in-situ cleaning}

NOTE

Subject matter relating to the cleaning processes for semiconductor devices in general is covered by [H01L 21/02041](#) and subgroups

- 21/02304 {formation of intermediate layers, e.g. buffer layers, layers to improve adhesion, lattice match or diffusion barriers}
- 21/02307 {treatment by exposure to a liquid}
- 21/0231 {treatment by exposure to electromagnetic radiation, e.g. UV light}
- 21/02312 {treatment by exposure to a gas or vapour}
- 21/02315 {treatment by exposure to a plasma}
- 21/02318 {post-treatment}

NOTE

This group only covers processes that are part of the layer formation; treatments which are performed after completion of the insulating layer are covered by [H01L 21/3105](#) and subgroups

- 21/02321 {introduction of substances into an already existing insulating layer ([H01L 21/02227](#) and subgroups take precedence)}

NOTE

processes like the introduction of phosphorus into silicon oxide by diffusion, or doping of an already existing insulating layer are covered by this group and subgroups; for the method of introduction, [see H01L 21/02337](#), [H01L 21/02343](#), [H01L 21/02345](#) and subgroups

- 21/02323 {introduction of oxygen}
- 21/02326 {into a nitride layer, e.g. changing SiN to SiON}
- 21/02329 {introduction of nitrogen}
- 21/02332 {into an oxide layer, e.g. changing SiO to SiON}
- 21/02334 {in-situ cleaning after layer formation, e.g. removing process residues}

NOTE

Subject matter relating to the cleaning processes for semiconductor devices in general is covered by [H01L 21/02041](#) and subgroups

- 21/02337 {treatment by exposure to a gas or vapour}
- 21/0234 {treatment by exposure to a plasma}
- 21/02343 {treatment by exposure to a liquid}
- 21/02345 {treatment by exposure to radiation, e.g. visible light}
- 21/02348 {treatment by exposure to UV light}
- 21/02351 {treatment by exposure to corpuscular radiation, e.g. exposure to electrons, alpha-particles, protons or ions}
- 21/02354 {using a coherent radiation, e.g. a laser}

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|--|-----------|--|----------|-----------|--|
| 21/02356 | | {treatment to change the morphology of the insulating layer, e.g. transformation of an amorphous layer into a crystalline layer} | 21/02461 | | {Phosphides} |
| 21/02359 | | {treatment to change the surface groups of the insulating layer} | 21/02463 | | {Arsenides} |
| 21/02362 | | {formation of intermediate layers, e.g. capping layers or diffusion barriers} | 21/02466 | | {Antimonides} |
| 21/02365 | . . . | {Forming inorganic semiconducting materials on a substrate (for light-sensitive devices H01L 31/00)} | 21/02469 | | {Group 12/16 materials} |
| WARNING | | | 21/02472 | | {Oxides} |
| Group H01L 21/02365 is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from groups H01L 21/06 , H01L 21/16 , and H01L 21/20 | | | 21/02474 | | {Sulfides} |
| Groups H01L 21/06 , H01L 21/16 , and H01L 21/20 should be considered in order to perform a complete search. | | | 21/02477 | | {Selenides} |
| 21/02367 | | {Substrates} | 21/0248 | | {Tellurides} |
| 21/0237 | | {Materials} | 21/02483 | | {Oxide semiconducting materials not being Group 12/16 materials, e.g. ternary compounds} |
| 21/02373 | | {Group 14 semiconducting materials} | 21/02485 | | {Other chalcogenide semiconducting materials not being oxides, e.g. ternary compounds} |
| 21/02376 | | {Carbon, e.g. diamond-like carbon} | 21/02488 | | {Insulating materials} |
| 21/02378 | | {Silicon carbide} | 21/02491 | | {Conductive materials} |
| 21/02381 | | {Silicon, silicon germanium, germanium} | 21/02494 | | {Structure} |
| 21/02384 | | {including tin} | 21/02496 | | {Layer structure} |
| 21/02387 | | {Group 13/15 materials} | 21/02499 | | {Monolayers} |
| 21/02389 | | {Nitrides} | 21/02502 | | {consisting of two layers} |
| 21/02392 | | {Phosphides} | 21/02505 | | {consisting of more than two layers} |
| 21/02395 | | {Arsenides} | 21/02507 | | {Alternating layers, e.g. superlattice} |
| 21/02398 | | {Antimonides} | 21/0251 | | {Graded layers} |
| 21/024 | | {Group 12/16 materials} | 21/02513 | | {Microstructure} |
| 21/02403 | | {Oxides} | 21/02516 | | {Crystal orientation} |
| 21/02406 | | {Sulfides} | 21/02518 | | {Deposited layers} |
| 21/02409 | | {Selenides} | 21/02521 | | {Materials} |
| 21/02411 | | {Tellurides} | 21/02524 | | {Group 14 semiconducting materials} |
| 21/02414 | | {Oxide semiconducting materials not being Group 12/16 materials, e.g. ternary compounds} | 21/02527 | | {Carbon, e.g. diamond-like carbon} |
| 21/02417 | | {Chalcogenide semiconducting materials not being oxides, e.g. ternary compounds} | 21/02529 | | {Silicon carbide} |
| 21/0242 | | {Crystalline insulating materials} | 21/02532 | | {Silicon, silicon germanium, germanium} |
| 21/02422 | | {Non-crystalline insulating materials, e.g. glass, polymers} | 21/02535 | | {including tin} |
| 21/02425 | | {Conductive materials, e.g. metallic silicides} | 21/02538 | | {Group 13/15 materials} |
| 21/02428 | | {Structure} | 21/0254 | | {Nitrides} |
| 21/0243 | | {Surface structure} | 21/02543 | | {Phosphides} |
| 21/02433 | | {Crystal orientation} | 21/02546 | | {Arsenides} |
| 21/02436 | | {Intermediate layers between substrates and deposited layers} | 21/02549 | | {Antimonides} |
| 21/02439 | | {Materials} | 21/02551 | | {Group 12/16 materials} |
| 21/02441 | | {Group 14 semiconducting materials} | 21/02554 | | {Oxides} |
| 21/02444 | | {Carbon, e.g. diamond-like carbon} | 21/02557 | | {Sulfides} |
| 21/02447 | | {Silicon carbide} | 21/0256 | | {Selenides} |
| 21/0245 | | {Silicon, silicon germanium, germanium} | 21/02562 | | {Tellurides} |
| 21/02452 | | {including tin} | 21/02565 | | {Oxide semiconducting materials not being Group 12/16 materials, e.g. ternary compounds} |
| 21/02455 | | {Group 13/15 materials} | 21/02568 | | {Chalcogenide semiconducting materials not being oxides, e.g. ternary compounds} |
| 21/02458 | | {Nitrides} | 21/0257 | | {Doping during depositing} |
| | | | 21/02573 | | {Conductivity type} |
| | | | 21/02576 | | {N-type} |
| | | | 21/02579 | | {P-type} |
| | | | 21/02581 | | {Transition metal or rare earth elements} |
| | | | 21/02584 | | {Delta-doping} |
| | | | 21/02587 | | {Structure} |
| | | | 21/0259 | | {Microstructure} |
| | | | 21/02592 | | {amorphous} |
| | | | 21/02595 | | {polycrystalline} |
| | | | 21/02598 | | {monocrystalline} |

| | | | |
|----------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| 21/02601 | {Nanoparticles (fullerenes H01L 51/0046)} | 21/0271 | . . . {comprising organic layers} |
| 21/02603 | {Nanowires} | 21/0272 | {for lift-off processes} |
| 21/02606 | {Nanotubes (carbon nanotubes H01L 51/0048)} | 21/0273 | {characterised by the treatment of photoresist layers} |
| 21/02609 | {Crystal orientation} | 21/0274 | {Photolithographic processes} |
| 21/02612 | {Formation types} | 21/0275 | {using lasers} |
| 21/02614 | {Transformation of metal, e.g. oxidation, nitridation} | 21/0276 | {using an anti-reflective coating (anti-reflective coating for lithography in general G03F 7/09)} |
| 21/02617 | {Deposition types} | 21/0277 | {Electrolithographic processes} |
| 21/0262 | {Reduction or decomposition of gaseous compounds, e.g. CVD} | 21/0278 | {Röntgenlithographic or X-ray lithographic processes} |
| 21/02623 | {Liquid deposition} | 21/0279 | {Ionlithographic processes} |
| 21/02625 | {using melted materials} | 21/033 | . . . comprising inorganic layers |
| 21/02628 | {using solutions} | 21/0331 | {for lift-off processes} |
| 21/02631 | {Physical deposition at reduced pressure, e.g. MBE, sputtering, evaporation} | 21/0332 | {characterised by their composition, e.g. multilayer masks, materials} |
| 21/02634 | {Homoepitaxy} | 21/0334 | {characterised by their size, orientation, disposition, behaviour, shape, in horizontal or vertical plane} |
| 21/02636 | {Selective deposition, e.g. simultaneous growth of mono- and non-monocrystalline semiconductor materials} | 21/0335 | {characterised by their behaviour during the process, e.g. soluble masks, redeposited masks} |
| 21/02639 | {Preparation of substrate for selective deposition} | 21/0337 | {characterised by the process involved to create the mask, e.g. lift-off masks, sidewalls, or to modify the mask, e.g. pre-treatment, post-treatment} |
| 21/02642 | {Mask materials other than SiO ₂ or SiN} | 21/0338 | {Process specially adapted to improve the resolution of the mask} |
| 21/02645 | {Seed materials} | 21/04 | . . the devices having at least one potential-jump barrier or surface barrier, e.g. PN junction, depletion layer or carrier concentration layer {(multistep manufacturing processes for semiconductor bodies of said devices H01L 29/02 ; multistep manufacturing processes for electrodes of said devices H01L 29/401 ; multistep manufacturing processes for said devices H01L 29/66007)} |
| 21/02647 | {Lateral overgrowth} | 21/0405 | . . . {the devices having semiconductor bodies comprising semiconducting carbon, e.g. diamond, diamond-like carbon (multistep processes for the manufacture of said devices H01L 29/66015)} |
| 21/0265 | {Pendeoepitaxy} | NOTE | |
| 21/02653 | {Vapour-liquid-solid growth} | This group covers passivation | |
| 21/02656 | {Special treatments} | 21/041 | {Making n- or p-doped regions} |
| 21/02658 | {Pretreatments (cleaning in general H01L 21/02041)} | 21/0415 | {using ion implantation} |
| 21/02661 | {In-situ cleaning} | 21/042 | {Changing their shape, e.g. forming recesses (etching of the semiconductor body H01L 21/302)} |
| 21/02664 | {Aftertreatments (planarisation in general H01L 21/304)} | 21/0425 | {Making electrodes} |
| 21/02667 | {Crystallisation or recrystallisation of non-monocrystalline semiconductor materials, e.g. regrowth} | 21/043 | {Ohmic electrodes} |
| 21/02669 | {using crystallisation inhibiting elements} | 21/0435 | {Schottky electrodes} |
| 21/02672 | {using crystallisation enhancing elements} | 21/044 | {Conductor-insulator-semiconductor electrodes} |
| 21/02675 | {using laser beams} | 21/0445 | . . . {the devices having semiconductor bodies comprising crystalline silicon carbide (multistep processes for the manufacture of said devices H01L 29/66053)} |
| 21/02678 | {Beam shaping, e.g. using a mask} | 21/045 | {passivating silicon carbide surfaces} |
| 21/0268 | {Shape of mask} | 21/0455 | {Making n or p doped regions or layers, e.g. using diffusion} |
| 21/02683 | {Continuous wave laser beam} | | |
| 21/02686 | {Pulsed laser beam} | | |
| 21/02689 | {using particle beams} | | |
| 21/02691 | {Scanning of a beam} | | |
| 21/02694 | {Controlling the interface between substrate and epitaxial layer, e.g. by ion implantation followed by annealing} | | |
| 21/02697 | . . . {Forming conducting materials on a substrate} | | |
| 21/027 | . . Making masks on semiconductor bodies for further photolithographic processing not provided for in group H01L 21/18 or H01L 21/34 {(photographic masks or originals per se G03F 1/00 ; registration or positioning of photographic masks or originals G03F 9/00 ; photographic cameras G03B ; control of position G05D 3/00)} | | |

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|---------|---|---------|--|
| 21/046 | {using ion implantation} | 21/18 | . . . the devices having semiconductor bodies comprising elements of Group IV of the Periodic System or A _{III} B _V compounds with or without impurities, e.g. doping materials { (H01L 21/041 - H01L 21/0425, H01L 21/045 - H01L 21/048 take precedence) } |
| | NOTE | | NOTE |
| | Processes where ion implantation of boron and subsequent annealing does not produce a p-doped region are classified elsewhere, e.g. H01L 21/0445 | | This group covers also processes and apparatus which, by using the appropriate technology, are clearly suitable for manufacture or treatment of devices whose bodies comprise elements of Group IV of the Periodic System or A _{III} B _V compounds, even if the material used is not explicitly specified. |
| 21/0465 | {using masks} | 21/182 | {Intermixing or interdiffusion or disordering of III-V heterostructures, e.g. IILD} |
| 21/047 | {characterised by the angle between the ion beam and the crystal planes or the main crystal surface} | 21/185 | {Joining of semiconductor bodies for junction formation} |
| 21/0475 | {Changing the shape of the semiconductor body, e.g. forming recesses, (etching of the semiconductor body H01L 21/302) } | 21/187 | {by direct bonding} |
| 21/048 | {Making electrodes} | 21/20 | Deposition of semiconductor materials on a substrate, e.g. epitaxial growth {solid phase epitaxy} |
| 21/0485 | {Ohmic electrodes} | | WARNING |
| 21/049 | {Conductor-insulator-semiconductor electrodes, e.g. MIS contacts} | | Group H01L 21/20 is impacted by reclassification into groups H01L 21/02365 – H01L 21/02694 . |
| 21/0495 | {Schottky electrodes} | | Groups H01L 21/20 and H01L 21/02365 – H01L 21/02694 should be considered in order to perform a complete search. |
| 21/06 | . . . the devices having semiconductor bodies comprising selenium or tellurium in uncombined form other than as impurities in semiconductor bodies of other materials | 21/2003 | {Characterised by the substrate (H01L 21/203, H01L 21/205, H01L 21/208 take precedence) } |
| 21/08 | Preparation of the foundation plate | 21/2007 | {Bonding of semiconductor wafers to insulating substrates or to semiconducting substrates using an intermediate insulating layer (H01L 21/2011 takes precedence; bonding of semiconductor wafers to semiconductor wafers for junction formation H01L 21/187) } |
| 21/10 | Preliminary treatment of the selenium or tellurium, its application to the foundation plate, or the subsequent treatment of the combination | 21/2011 | {the substrate being of crystalline insulating material, e.g. sapphire} |
| 21/101 | {Application of the selenium or tellurium to the foundation plate} | 21/2015 | {the substrate being of crystalline semiconductor material, e.g. lattice adaptation, heteroepitaxy} |
| 21/103 | Conversion of the selenium or tellurium to the conductive state | 21/2018 | {Selective epilaxial growth, e.g. simultaneous deposition of mono - and non-mono semiconductor materials} |
| 21/105 | Treatment of the surface of the selenium or tellurium layer after having been made conductive | 21/2022 | {Epitaxial regrowth of non-monocrystalline semiconductor materials, e.g. lateral epitaxy by seeded solidification, solid-state crystallization, solid-state graphoepitaxy, explosive crystallization, grain growth in polycrystalline materials} |
| 21/108 | Provision of discrete insulating layers, i.e. non-genetic barrier layers | 21/2026 | {using a coherent energy beam, e.g. laser or electron beam} |
| 21/12 | Application of an electrode to the exposed surface of the selenium or tellurium after the selenium or tellurium has been applied to the foundation plate | 21/203 | using physical deposition, e.g. vacuum deposition, sputtering |
| 21/14 | Treatment of the complete device, e.g. by electroforming to form a barrier | | |
| 21/145 | Ageing | | |
| 21/16 | . . . the devices having semiconductor bodies comprising cuprous oxide or cuprous iodide | | |
| 21/161 | {Preparation of the foundation plate, preliminary treatment oxidation of the foundation plate, reduction treatment} | | |
| 21/162 | {Preliminary treatment of the foundation plate} | | |
| 21/164 | {Oxidation and subsequent heat treatment of the foundation plate (H01L 21/165 takes precedence) } | | |
| 21/165 | {Reduction of the copper oxide, treatment of the oxide layer} | | |
| 21/167 | {Application of a non-genetic conductive layer} | | |
| 21/168 | {Treatment of the complete device, e.g. electroforming, ageing} | | |

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|---------|-----------|---|------------|-----------|---|
| 21/2033 | | {Epitaxial deposition of elements of Group IV of the Periodic System, e.g. Si, Ge} | 21/2258 | | {Diffusion into or out of $A_{III}B_V$ compounds} |
| 21/2036 | | {Epitaxial deposition of $A_{III}B_V$ compounds} | 21/228 | | using diffusion into or out of a solid from or into a liquid phase, e.g. alloy diffusion processes {(H01L 21/221 - H01L 21/222 take precedence)} |
| 21/205 | | using reduction or decomposition of a gaseous compound yielding a solid condensate, i.e. chemical deposition | 21/24 | | Alloying of impurity materials, e.g. doping materials, electrode materials, with a semiconductor body {(H01L 21/182 takes precedence)} |
| 21/2053 | | {Epitaxial deposition of elements of Group IV of the Periodic System, e.g. Si, Ge} | 21/242 | | {Alloying of doping materials with $A_{III}B_V$ compounds} |
| 21/2056 | | {Epitaxial deposition of $A_{III}B_V$ compounds} | 21/244 | | {Alloying of electrode materials} |
| 21/208 | | using liquid deposition | 21/246 | | {with $A_{III}B_V$ compounds} |
| 21/2085 | | {Epitaxial deposition of $A_{III}B_V$ compounds} | 21/248 | | {Apparatus specially adapted for the alloying} |
| 21/22 | | Diffusion of impurity materials, e.g. doping materials, electrode materials, into or out of a semiconductor body, or between semiconductor regions; {Interactions between two or more impurities; Redistribution of impurities} | 21/26 | | Bombardment with radiation {(H01L 21/3105 takes precedence)} |
| 21/2205 | | {from the substrate during epitaxy, e.g. autodoping; Preventing or using autodoping} | 21/2605 | | {using natural radiation, e.g. alpha, beta or gamma radiation} |
| 21/221 | | {of killers} | 21/261 | | to produce a nuclear reaction transmuting chemical elements |
| 21/2215 | | {in $A_{III}B_V$ compounds} | 21/263 | | with high-energy radiation (H01L 21/261 takes precedence) |
| 21/222 | | {Lithium-drift} | 21/2633 | | {for etching, e.g. sputteretching} |
| 21/2225 | | {Diffusion sources} | 21/2636 | | {for heating, e.g. electron beam heating} |
| 21/223 | | using diffusion into or out of a solid from or into a gaseous phase {(H01L 21/221 - H01L 21/222 take precedence; diffusion through an applied layer H01L 21/225)} | 21/265 | | producing ion implantation |
| 21/2233 | | {Diffusion into or out of $A_{III}B_V$ compounds} | 21/26506 | | {in group IV semiconductors} |
| 21/2236 | | {from or into a plasma phase} | 21/26513 | | {of electrically active species} |
| 21/225 | | using diffusion into or out of a solid from or into a solid phase, e.g. a doped oxide layer {(H01L 21/221 - H01L 21/222 take precedence)} | 21/2652 | | {Through-implantation} |
| 21/2251 | | {Diffusion into or out of group IV semiconductors} | 21/26526 | | {Recoil-implantation} |
| | | NOTE | 21/26533 | | {of electrically inactive species in silicon to make buried insulating layers} |
| | | {In groups | 21/2654 | | {in $A_{III}B_V$ compounds} |
| | | H01L 21/2254 - H01L 21/2257 | 21/26546 | | {of electrically active species} |
| | | one should consider the main compositional parts of the applied layer just before the diffusion step} | 21/26553 | | {Through-implantation} |
| 21/2252 | | {using predeposition of impurities into the semiconductor surface, e.g. from a gaseous phase} | 21/2656 | | {characterised by the implantation of both electrically active and inactive species in the same semiconductor region to be doped} |
| 21/2253 | | {by ion implantation} | 21/26566 | | {of a cluster, e.g. using a gas cluster ion beam} |
| 21/2254 | | {from or through or into an applied layer, e.g. photoresist, nitrides} | 2021/26573 | | {in diamond} |
| 21/2255 | | {the applied layer comprising oxides only, e.g. P_2O_5 , PSG, H_3BO_3 , doped oxides} | 21/2658 | | {of a molecular ion, e.g. decaborane} |
| 21/2256 | | {through the applied layer} | 21/26586 | | {characterised by the angle between the ion beam and the crystal planes or the main crystal surface} |
| 21/2257 | | {the applied layer being silicon or silicide or SIPOS, e.g. polysilicon, porous silicon} | 21/26593 | | {at a temperature lower than room temperature} |
| | | | 21/266 | | using masks {(H01L 21/26586 takes precedence)} |
| | | | 21/268 | | using electromagnetic radiation, e.g. laser radiation |
| | | | 21/2683 | | {using X-ray lasers} |
| | | | 21/2686 | | {using incoherent radiation} |
| | | | 21/28 | | Manufacture of electrodes on semiconductor bodies using processes or apparatus not provided for in groups H01L 21/20 - H01L 21/268 {etching for patterning the electrodes H01L 21/311 , H01L 21/3213 ; multistep manufacturing processes for data storage electrodes H01L 29/4011 } |

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|--|---|--|---|
| 21/28008 | {Making conductor-insulator-semiconductor electrodes} | 21/28088 | {the final conductor layer next to the insulator being a composite, e.g. TiN} |
| 21/28017 | {the insulator being formed after the semiconductor body, the semiconductor being silicon} | 21/28097 | {the final conductor layer next to the insulator being a metallic silicide} |
| NOTE This group covers deposition of the insulators, including epitaxial insulators, and the conductors within the same process or chamber | | 21/28105 | {the final conductor next to the insulator having a lateral composition or doping variation, or being formed laterally by more than one deposition step} |
| 21/28026 | {characterised by the conductor (H01L 21/28176 takes precedence)} | 21/28114 | {characterised by the sectional shape, e.g. T, inverted-T} |
| NOTE When the final conductor comprises a superconductor, subject matter is not classified according to the subgroups H01L 21/28035 - H01L 21/28097 . Instead, it is classified in H01L 21/28026 | | NOTE Documents are also classified in groups H01L 21/28035 - H01L 21/28104 when the composition is also relevant | |
| 21/28035 | {the final conductor layer next to the insulator being silicon, e.g. polysilicon, with or without impurities (H01L 21/28105 takes precedence)} | 21/28123 | {Lithography-related aspects, e.g. sub-lithography lengths; Isolation-related aspects, e.g. to solve problems arising at the crossing with the side of the device isolation; Planarisation aspects} |
| NOTE A very thin, e.g. silicon, adhesion or seed layer is not considered as the one next to the insulator | | 21/28132 | {conducting part of electrode is defined by a sidewall spacer or a similar technique, e.g. oxidation under mask, plating} |
| 21/28044 | {the conductor comprising at least another non-silicon conductive layer} | 21/28141 | {insulating part of the electrode is defined by a sidewall spacer, e.g. dummy spacer, or a similar technique, e.g. oxidation under mask, plating} |
| 21/28052 | {the conductor comprising a silicide layer formed by the silicidation reaction of silicon with a metal layer (formed by metal ion implantation H01L 21/28044)} | 21/2815 | {part or whole of the electrode is a sidewall spacer or made by a similar technique, e.g. transformation under mask, plating} |
| 21/28061 | {the conductor comprising a metal or metallic silicide formed by deposition, e.g. sputter deposition, i.e. without a silicidation reaction (H01L 21/28052 takes precedence)} | 21/28158 | {Making the insulator} |
| NOTE To assess the coverage of groups H01L 21/28052 and H01L 21/28061 , barrier layers, e.g. TaSiN, are not considered | | 21/28167 | {on single crystalline silicon, e.g. using a liquid, i.e. chemical oxidation} |
| 21/2807 | {the final conductor layer next to the insulator being Si or Ge or C and their alloys except Si} | 21/28176 | {with a treatment, e.g. annealing, after the formation of the definitive gate conductor} |
| 21/28079 | {the final conductor layer next to the insulator being a single metal, e.g. Ta, W, Mo, Al} | 21/28185 | {with a treatment, e.g. annealing, after the formation of the gate insulator and before the formation of the definitive gate conductor} |
| | | 21/28194 | {by deposition, e.g. evaporation, ALD, CVD, sputtering, laser deposition (H01L 21/28202 takes precedence)} |
| | | 21/28202 | {in a nitrogen-containing ambient, e.g. nitride deposition, growth, oxynitridation, NH ₃ nitridation, N ₂ O oxidation, thermal nitridation, RTN, plasma nitridation, RPN} |

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|----------|-----------|---|----------|-----------|---|
| 21/28211 | | {in a gaseous ambient using an oxygen or a water vapour, e.g. RTO, possibly through a layer (H01L 21/28194 and H01L 21/28202 take precedence)} | 21/28568 | | {the conductive layers comprising transition metals (H01L 21/28518 takes precedence)} |
| | | NOTE thin oxidation layers used as a barrier layer or as a buffer layer, e.g. before the formation of a high-k insulator, are classified here only if important <u>per se</u> | 21/28575 | | {on semiconductor bodies comprising A _{III} B _V compounds} |
| 21/2822 | | {with substrate doping, e.g. N, Ge, C implantation, before formation of the insulator} | 21/28581 | | {Deposition of Schottky electrodes} |
| 21/28229 | | {by deposition of a layer, e.g. metal, metal compound or polysilicon, followed by transformation thereof into an insulating layer} | 21/28587 | | {characterised by the sectional shape, e.g. T, inverted T} |
| 21/28238 | | {with sacrificial oxide} | 21/28593 | | {asymmetrical sectional shape} |
| 21/28247 | | {passivation or protection of the electrode, e.g. using re-oxidation} | 21/288 | | from a liquid, e.g. electrolytic deposition |
| 21/28255 | | {the insulator being formed after the semiconductor body, the semiconductor belonging to Group IV and not being elemental silicon, e.g. Ge, SiGe, SiGeC} | 21/2885 | | {using an external electrical current, i.e. electro-deposition} |
| 21/28264 | | {the insulator being formed after the semiconductor body, the semiconductor being a III-V compound} | 21/30 | | Treatment of semiconductor bodies using processes or apparatus not provided for in groups H01L 21/20 - H01L 21/26 (manufacture of electrodes thereon H01L 21/28) |
| 21/283 | | Deposition of conductive or insulating materials for electrodes {conducting electric current} | 21/3003 | | {Hydrogenation or deuteration, e.g. using atomic hydrogen from a plasma} |
| 21/285 | | from a gas or vapour, e.g. condensation | 21/3006 | | {of A _{III} B _V compounds} |
| 21/28506 | | {of conductive layers} | 21/302 | | to change their surface-physical characteristics or shape, e.g. etching, polishing, cutting |
| 21/28512 | | {on semiconductor bodies comprising elements of Group IV of the Periodic System} | 21/304 | | Mechanical treatment, e.g. grinding, polishing, cutting {(H01L 21/30625 takes precedence)} |
| 21/28518 | | {the conductive layers comprising silicides (H01L 21/28537 takes precedence)} | 21/3043 | | {Making grooves, e.g. cutting} |
| 21/28525 | | {the conductive layers comprising semiconducting material (H01L 21/28518 , H01L 21/28537 take precedence)} | 21/3046 | | {using blasting, e.g. sand-blasting (H01L 21/2633 takes precedence)} |
| 21/28531 | | {Making of side-wall contacts} | 21/306 | | Chemical or electrical treatment, e.g. electrolytic etching (to form insulating layers H01L 21/31) |
| 21/28537 | | {Deposition of Schottky electrodes} | 21/30604 | | {Chemical etching} |
| 21/2855 | | {by physical means, e.g. sputtering, evaporation (H01L 21/28518 - H01L 21/28537 and H01L 21/28568 take precedence)} | 21/30608 | | {Anisotropic liquid etching (H01L 21/3063 takes precedence)} |
| 21/28556 | | {by chemical means, e.g. CVD, LPCVD, PECVD, laser CVD (H01L 21/28518 - H01L 21/28537 and H01L 21/28568 take precedence)} | 21/30612 | | {Etching of A _{III} B _V compounds} |
| 21/28562 | | {Selective deposition} | 21/30617 | | {Anisotropic liquid etching} |
| | | | 21/30621 | | {Vapour phase etching} |
| | | | 21/30625 | | {With simultaneous mechanical treatment, e.g. mechanico-chemical polishing} |
| | | | 21/3063 | | Electrolytic etching |
| | | | 21/30635 | | {of A _{III} B _V compounds} |
| | | | 21/3065 | | Plasma etching; Reactive-ion etching |
| | | | 21/30655 | | {comprising alternated and repeated etching and passivation steps, e.g. Bosch process} |
| | | | 21/308 | | using masks (H01L 21/3063 , H01L 21/3065 take precedence) |
| | | | 21/3081 | | {characterised by their composition, e.g. multilayer masks, materials} |
| | | | 21/3083 | | {characterised by their size, orientation, disposition, behaviour, shape, in horizontal or vertical plane} |
| | | | 21/3085 | | {characterised by their behaviour during the process, e.g. soluble masks, redeposited masks} |

- 21/3086 {characterised by the process involved to create the mask, e.g. lift-off masks, sidewalls, or to modify the mask, e.g. pre-treatment, post-treatment}
- 21/3088 {Process specially adapted to improve the resolution of the mask}
- 21/31 to form insulating layers thereon, e.g. for masking or by using photolithographic techniques ([encapsulating layers H01L 21/56](#)); After treatment of these layers; Selection of materials for these layers
- 21/3105 After-treatment
- 21/31051 {Planarisation of the insulating layers ([H01L 21/31058 takes precedence](#))}
- 21/31053 {involving a dielectric removal step}
- 21/31055 {the removal being a chemical etching step, e.g. dry etching ([etching per se H01L 21/311](#))}
- 21/31056 {the removal being a selective chemical etching step, e.g. selective dry etching through a mask}
- 21/31058 {of organic layers}
- 21/311 Etching the insulating layers {by chemical or physical means ([H01L 21/31058 takes precedence](#))}
- 21/31105 {Etching inorganic layers}
- 21/31111 {by chemical means}
- 21/31116 {by dry-etching}
- 21/31122 {of layers not containing Si, e.g. PZT, Al₂O₃}
- 21/31127 {Etching organic layers}
- 21/31133 {by chemical means}
- 21/31138 {by dry-etching}
- 21/31144 {using masks}
- 21/3115 Doping the insulating layers
- 21/31155 {by ion implantation}
- 21/312 Organic layers, e.g. photoresist ([H01L 21/3105](#), [H01L 21/32 take precedence](#); [photoresists per se G03C](#))
- (Frozen)

WARNING

Groups [H01L 21/312](#) – [H01L 21/3128](#) are no longer used for the classification of documents as of May 1, 2011. The content of these groups is being reclassified into groups [H01L 21/02107](#) – [H01L 21/02326](#).

Groups [H01L 21/02107](#) – [H01L 21/02326](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

- 21/3121 {Layers comprising organo-silicon compounds} (Frozen)
- 21/3122 {layers comprising polysiloxane compounds} (Frozen)
- 21/3124 {layers comprising hydrogen silsesquioxane} (Frozen)

- 21/3125 {layers comprising silazane compounds} (Frozen)
- 21/3127 {Layers comprising fluoro (hydro)carbon compounds, e.g. polytetrafluoroethylene} (Frozen)
- 21/3128 {by Langmuir-Blodgett techniques} (Frozen)
- 21/314 Inorganic layers ([H01L 21/3105](#), [H01L 21/32 take precedence](#)) (Frozen)

WARNING

Groups [H01L 21/314](#) – [H01L 21/3185](#) are no longer used for the classification of documents as of May 1, 2011. The content of these group is being reclassified into group [H01L 21/02107](#) – [H01L 21/02326](#).

Groups [H01L 21/02107](#) – [H01L 21/02326](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

- 21/3141 {Deposition using atomic layer deposition techniques [ALD]} (Frozen)
- 21/3142 {of nano-laminates, e.g. alternating layers of Al₂O₃-HfO₂} (Frozen)
- 21/3143 {composed of alternated layers or of mixtures of nitrides and oxides or of oxinitrides, e.g. formation of oxinitride by oxidation of nitride layers} (Frozen)
- 21/3144 {on silicon} (Frozen)
- 21/3145 {formed by deposition from a gas or vapour} (Frozen)
- 21/3146 {Carbon layers, e.g. diamond-like layers} (Frozen)
- 21/3147 {Epitaxial deposition of insulating materials} (Frozen)
- 21/3148 {Silicon Carbide layers} (Frozen)
- 2021/3149 {Langmuir-Blodgett techniques} (Frozen)
- 21/316 composed of oxides or glassy oxides or oxide based glass (Frozen)

WARNING

Group [H01L 21/316](#) is no longer used for the classification of documents as of May 1, 2011. The content of this group is being reclassified into groups [H01L 21/02107](#) – [H01L 21/02326](#).

Groups [H01L 21/02107](#) – [H01L 21/02326](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

- 21/31604 {Deposition from a gas or vapour ([H01L 21/31691](#), [H01L 21/31695 take precedence](#))} (Frozen)
- 21/31608 {Deposition of SiO₂ ([H01L 21/31625](#), [H01L 21/31629](#) and [H01L 21/31633 take precedence](#))} (Frozen)

| | | |
|----------|-----------|---|
| 21/31612 | | {on a silicon body} |
| (Frozen) | | |
| 21/31616 | | {Deposition of Al ₂ O ₃ } |
| (Frozen) | | |
| 21/3162 | | {on a silicon body} |
| (Frozen) | | |
| 21/31625 | | {Deposition of boron or phosphorus doped silicon oxide, e.g. BSG, PSG, BPSG} |
| (Frozen) | | |
| 21/31629 | | {Deposition of halogen doped silicon oxide, e.g. fluorine doped silicon oxide} |
| (Frozen) | | |
| 21/31633 | | {Deposition of carbon doped silicon oxide, e.g. SiOC} |
| (Frozen) | | |
| 21/31637 | | {Deposition of Tantalum oxides, e.g. Ta ₂ O ₅ } |
| (Frozen) | | |
| 21/31641 | | {Deposition of Zirconium oxides, e.g. ZrO ₂ } |
| (Frozen) | | |
| 21/31645 | | {Deposition of Hafnium oxides, e.g. HfO ₂ } |
| (Frozen) | | |
| 21/3165 | | {formed by oxidation (H01L 21/31691 , H01L 21/31695 take precedence)} |
| (Frozen) | | |
| 21/31654 | | {of semiconductor materials, e.g. the body itself} |
| (Frozen) | | |
| 21/31658 | | {by thermal oxidation, e.g. of SiGe} |
| (Frozen) | | |
| 21/31662 | | {of silicon in uncombined form} |
| (Frozen) | | |
| 21/31666 | | {of AIII BV compounds} |
| (Frozen) | | |
| 21/3167 | | {of anodic oxidation} |
| (Frozen) | | |
| 21/31675 | | {of silicon} |
| (Frozen) | | |
| 21/31679 | | {of AIII BV compounds} |
| (Frozen) | | |
| 21/31683 | | {of metallic layers, e.g. Al deposited on the body, e.g. formation of multi-layer insulating structures} |
| (Frozen) | | |
| 21/31687 | | {by anodic oxidation} |
| (Frozen) | | |
| 21/31691 | | {with perovskite structure} |
| (Frozen) | | |
| 21/31695 | | {Deposition of porous oxides or porous glassy oxides or oxide based porous glass} |
| (Frozen) | | |
| 21/318 | | composed of nitrides |
| (Frozen) | | |

WARNING

Group [H01L 21/318](#) is no longer used for the classification of documents as of May 1, 2011. The content of this group is being reclassified into groups [H01L 21/02107](#) – [H01L 21/02326](#).

Groups [H01L 21/02107](#) – [H01L 21/02326](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

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|----------|-----------|----------------------|
| 21/3185 | | {of siliconnitrides} |
| (Frozen) | | |
| 21/32 | | using masks |

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|---|-----------|--|
| 21/3205 | | Deposition of non-insulating-, e.g. conductive- or resistive-, layers on insulating layers; After-treatment of these layers (manufacture of electrodes H01L 21/28) |
| 21/32051 | | {Deposition of metallic or metal-silicide layers} |
| 21/32053 | | {of metal-silicide layers} |
| 21/32055 | | {Deposition of semiconductive layers, e.g. poly - or amorphous silicon layers} |
| 21/32056 | | {Deposition of conductive or semi-conductive organic layers (H01L 21/32058 takes precedence)} |
| 21/32058 | | {Deposition of superconductive layers} |
| 21/321 | | After treatment |
| 21/32105 | | {Oxidation of silicon-containing layers} |
| 21/3211 | | {Nitridation of silicon-containing layers} |
| 21/32115 | | {Planarisation} |
| 21/3212 | | {by chemical mechanical polishing [CMP]} |
| 21/32125 | | {by simultaneously passing an electrical current, i.e. electrochemical mechanical polishing, e.g. ECMP} |
| 21/3213 | | Physical or chemical etching of the layers, e.g. to produce a patterned layer from a pre-deposited extensive layer |
| 21/32131 | | {by physical means only} |
| 21/32132 | | {of silicon-containing layers} |
| 21/32133 | | {by chemical means only} |
| 21/32134 | | {by liquid etching only} |
| 21/32135 | | {by vapour etching only} |
| 21/32136 | | {using plasmas} |
| 21/32137 | | {of silicon-containing layers} |
| 21/32138 | | {pre- or post-treatments, e.g. anti-corrosion processes} |
| 21/32139 | | {using masks} |
| 21/3215 | | Doping the layers |
| 21/32155 | | {Doping polycrystalline - or amorphous silicon layers} |
| 21/322 | | to modify their internal properties, e.g. to produce internal imperfections |
| 21/3221 | | {of silicon bodies, e.g. for gettering} |
| 21/3223 | | {using cavities formed by hydrogen or noble gas ion implantation} |
| 21/3225 | | {Thermally inducing defects using oxygen present in the silicon body for intrinsic gettering (H01L 21/3226 takes precedence)} |
| NOTE | | |
| Gettering using both extrinsic and intrinsic gettering techniques is classified in both H01L 21/3221 and H01L 21/3225 | | |
| 21/3226 | | {of silicon on insulator} |
| 21/3228 | | {of AIII BV compounds, e.g. to make them semi-insulating} |

- 21/324 Thermal treatment for modifying the properties of semiconductor bodies, e.g. annealing, sintering ([H01L 21/20](#) - [H01L 21/288](#) and [H01L 21/302](#) - [H01L 21/322](#) take precedence)
- 21/3242 {for the formation of PN junctions without addition of impurities ([H01L 21/22](#) takes precedence)}
- 21/3245 {of $A_{III}B_V$ compounds}
- 21/3247 {for altering the shape, e.g. smoothing the surface}
- WARNING**
- Group [H01L 21/3247](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group [H01L 21/324](#).
- Groups [H01L 21/324](#) and [H01L 21/3247](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.
- 21/326 Application of electric currents or fields, e.g. for electroforming ([H01L 21/20](#) - [H01L 21/288](#) and [H01L 21/302](#) - [H01L 21/324](#) take precedence)
- 21/34 . . . the devices having semiconductor bodies not provided for in groups {[H01L 21/0405](#), [H01L 21/0445](#)}, [H01L 21/06](#), [H01L 21/16](#) and [H01L 21/18](#) with or without impurities, e.g. doping materials
- 21/38 Diffusion of impurity materials, e.g. doping materials, electrode materials, into or out of a semiconductor body, or between semiconductor regions
- 21/383 using diffusion into or out of a solid from or into a gaseous phase
- 21/385 using diffusion into or out of a solid from or into a solid phase, e.g. a doped oxide layer
- 21/388 using diffusion into or out of a solid from or into a liquid phase, e.g. alloy diffusion processes
- 21/40 Alloying of impurity materials, e.g. doping materials, electrode materials, with a semiconductor body
- 21/42 Bombardment with radiation
- 21/423 with high-energy radiation
- 21/425 producing ion implantation
- 21/426 using masks
- 21/428 using electromagnetic radiation, e.g. laser radiation
- 21/44 Manufacture of electrodes on semiconductor bodies using processes or apparatus not provided for in groups [H01L 21/38](#) - [H01L 21/428](#)
- 21/441 Deposition of conductive or insulating materials for electrodes
- 21/443 from a gas or vapour, e.g. condensation
- 21/445 from a liquid, e.g. electrolytic deposition
- 21/447 involving the application of pressure, e.g. thermo-compression bonding
- 21/449 involving the application of mechanical vibrations, e.g. ultrasonic vibrations

- 21/46 Treatment of semiconductor bodies using processes or apparatus not provided for in groups [H01L 21/428](#) (manufacture of electrodes thereon [H01L 21/44](#))
- 21/461 to change their surface-physical characteristics or shape, e.g. etching, polishing, cutting
- 21/463 Mechanical treatment, e.g. grinding, ultrasonic treatment
- 21/465 Chemical or electrical treatment, e.g. electrolytic etching (to form insulating layers [H01L 21/469](#))
- 21/467 using masks
- 21/469 to form insulating layers thereon, e.g. for masking or by using photolithographic techniques (encapsulating layers [H01L 21/56](#)); After-treatment of these layers
- 21/47 Organic layers, e.g. photoresist ([H01L 21/475](#), [H01L 21/4757](#) take precedence)
- 21/471 Inorganic layers ([H01L 21/475](#), [H01L 21/4757](#) take precedence)
- 21/473 composed of oxides or glassy oxides or oxide based glass
- 21/475 using masks
- 21/4757 After-treatment
- 21/47573 {Etching the layer}
- 21/47576 {Doping the layer}
- 21/4763 Deposition of non-insulating, e.g. conductive -, resistive -, layers on insulating layers; After-treatment of these layers (manufacture of electrodes [H01L 21/28](#), {[H01L 21/44](#)})
- 21/47635 {After-treatment of these layers}
- 21/477 Thermal treatment for modifying the properties of semiconductor bodies, e.g. annealing, sintering ([H01L 21/38](#) - [H01L 21/449](#) and [H01L 21/461](#) - [H01L 21/475](#) take precedence)
- 21/479 Application of electric currents or fields, e.g. for electroforming ([H01L 21/38](#) - [H01L 21/449](#) and [H01L 21/461](#) - [H01L 21/475](#) take precedence)
- 21/48 . . . Manufacture or treatment of parts, e.g. containers, prior to assembly of the devices, using processes not provided for in a single one of the subgroups [H01L 21/06](#) - [H01L 21/326](#)
- NOTE**
- In this group, the expression "treatment" covers also the removal of leads from parts
- 21/4803 {Insulating or insulated parts, e.g. mountings, containers, diamond heatsinks ([H01L 21/4846](#) takes precedence; printed circuit boards [H05K 1/00](#))}
- 21/4807 {Ceramic parts}
- 21/481 {Insulating layers on insulating parts, with or without metallisation}
- 21/4814 {Conductive parts}
- 21/4817 {for containers, e.g. caps ([H01L 21/4871](#) takes precedence)}

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|---|-----------|---|------------|-----------|---|
| 21/4821 | | {Flat leads, e.g. lead frames with or without insulating supports} | 21/54 | | Providing fillings in containers, e.g. gas fillings |
| 21/4825 | | {Connection or disconnection of other leads to or from flat leads, e.g. wires, bumps, other flat leads} | 21/56 | | Encapsulations, e.g. encapsulation layers, coatings |
| 21/4828 | | {Etching (etching for cleaning without patterning H01L 21/4835)} | 21/561 | | {Batch processing} |
| 21/4832 | | {Etching a temporary substrate after encapsulation process to form leads} | 21/563 | | {Encapsulation of active face of flip-chip device, e.g. underfilling or underencapsulation of flip-chip, encapsulation preform on chip or mounting substrate} |
| 21/4835 | | {Cleaning, e.g. removing of solder} | 21/565 | | {Moulds} |
| 21/4839 | | {Assembly of a flat lead with an insulating support, e.g. for TAB} | 21/566 | | {Release layers for moulds, e.g. release layers, layers against residue during moulding} |
| 21/4842 | | {Mechanical treatment, e.g. punching, cutting, deforming, cold welding} | 21/568 | | {Temporary substrate used as encapsulation process aid (H01L 21/4832 and H01L 21/566 take precedence)} |
| 21/4846 | | {Leads on or in insulating or insulated substrates, e.g. metallisation (H01L 21/4821 takes precedence; metallisation of ceramics in general C04B 41/51 ; printed circuits H05K 3/00)} | 21/60 | | Attaching {or detaching} leads or other conductive members, to be used for carrying current to or from the device in operation |
| 21/485 | | {Adaptation of interconnections, e.g. engineering charges, repair techniques} | 2021/60007 | | {involving a soldering or an alloying process} |
| 21/4853 | | {Connection or disconnection of other leads to or from a metallisation, e.g. pins, wires, bumps} | 2021/60015 | | {using plate connectors, e.g. layer, film} |
| 21/4857 | | {Multilayer substrates (multilayer metallisation on monolayer substrate H01L 21/4846)} | 2021/60022 | | {using bump connectors, e.g. for flip chip mounting} |
| 21/486 | | {Via connections through the substrate with or without pins} | 2021/6003 | | {Apparatus therefor} |
| 21/4864 | | {Cleaning, e.g. removing of solder} | 2021/60037 | | {Right-up bonding} |
| 21/4867 | | {Applying pastes or inks, e.g. screen printing (H01L 21/486 takes precedence)} | 2021/60045 | | {Pre-treatment step of the bump connectors prior to bonding} |
| 21/4871 | | {Bases, plates or heatsinks} | 2021/60052 | | {Oxide removing step, e.g. flux, rosin} |
| 21/4875 | | {Connection or disconnection of other leads to or from bases or plates} | 2021/6006 | | {with temporary supporting member not part of an apparatus, e.g. removable coating, film or substrate} |
| 21/4878 | | {Mechanical treatment, e.g. deforming} | 2021/60067 | | {Aligning the bump connectors with the mounting substrate} |
| 21/4882 | | {Assembly of heatsink parts} | 2021/60075 | | {involving active alignment, i.e. by apparatus steering, e.g. using alignment marks, sensors} |
| 21/4885 | | {Wire-like parts or pins (wire ball formation B23K 20/00 ; methods related to connecting semiconductor or other solid state bodies H01L 24/00)} | 2021/60082 | | {involving passive alignment, e.g. using surface energy, chemical reactions, thermal equilibrium} |
| 21/4889 | | {Connection or disconnection of other leads to or from wire-like parts, e.g. wires} | 2021/6009 | | {involving guiding structures, e.g. structures that are left at least partly in the bonded product, spacers} |
| 21/4892 | | {Cleaning} | 2021/60097 | | {Applying energy, e.g. for the soldering or alloying process} |
| 21/4896 | | {Mechanical treatment, e.g. cutting, bending} | 2021/60105 | | {using electromagnetic radiation} |
| 21/50 | | Assembly of semiconductor devices using processes or apparatus not provided for in a single one of the subgroups H01L 21/06 - H01L 21/326 , {e.g. sealing of a cap to a base of a container} | 2021/60112 | | {Coherent radiation, i.e. laser beam} |
| NOTE Arrangements for connecting or disconnecting semiconductor or other solid state bodies, or methods related thereto, other than those arrangements or methods covered by the following subgroups, are covered by H01L 24/00 | | | 2021/6012 | | {Incoherent radiation, e.g. polychromatic heating lamp} |
| | | | 2021/60127 | | {Induction heating, i.e. eddy currents} |
| | | | 2021/60135 | | {using convection, e.g. reflow oven} |
| | | | 2021/60142 | | {with a graded temperature profile} |
| | | | 2021/6015 | | {using conduction, e.g. chuck heater, thermocompression} |
| | | | 2021/60157 | | {with a graded temperature profile} |
| | | | 2021/60165 | | {using an electron beam} |
| 21/52 | | Mounting semiconductor bodies in containers | 2021/60172 | | {using static pressure} |

- 2021/6018 {Unidirectional static pressure}
- 2021/60187 {Isostatic pressure, e.g. degassing using vacuum or pressurised liquid}
- 2021/60195 {using dynamic pressure, e.g. ultrasonic or thermosonic bonding}
- 2021/60202 {using a protective atmosphere, e.g. with forming or shielding gas}
- 2021/6021 {using an autocatalytic reaction}
- 2021/60217 {Detaching bump connectors, e.g. after testing}
- 2021/60225 {Arrangement of bump connectors prior to mounting}
- 2021/60232 {wherein the bump connectors are disposed only on the semiconductor chip}
- 2021/6024 {wherein the bump connectors are disposed only on the mounting substrate}
- 2021/60247 {wherein the bump connectors are disposed on both the semiconductor chip and the mounting substrate, e.g. bump to bump}
- 2021/60255 {wherein the bump connectors are provided as prepeg, e.g. are provided in an insulating plate member}
- 2021/60262 {Lateral distribution of bump connectors prior to mounting}
- 2021/6027 {Mounting on semiconductor conductive members}
- 2021/60277 {involving the use of conductive adhesives}
- 2021/60285 {involving the use of mechanical auxiliary parts without the use of an alloying of soldering process, e.g. pressure contacts}
- 2021/60292 {involving the use of an electron or laser beam}
- 21/603 involving the application of pressure, e.g. thermo-compression bonding ([H01L 21/607](#) takes precedence)
- 21/607 involving the application of mechanical vibrations, e.g. ultrasonic vibrations
- 21/62 the devices having no potential-jump barriers or surface barriers
- 21/64 Manufacture or treatment of solid state devices other than semiconductor devices, or of parts thereof, not peculiar to a single device provided for in groups [H01L 31/00](#) - [H01L 51/00](#)
- 21/67 Apparatus specially adapted for handling semiconductor or electric solid state devices during manufacture or treatment thereof; Apparatus specially adapted for handling wafers during manufacture or treatment of semiconductor or electric solid state devices or components {; Apparatus not specifically provided for elsewhere (processes per se [H01L 21/30](#), [H01L 21/46](#), [H01L 23/00](#); simple temporary support means, e.g. using adhesives, electric or magnetic means [H01L 21/68](#), [H01L 21/302](#); apparatus for manufacturing arrangements for connecting or disconnecting semiconductor or solid-state bodies and for methods related thereto [H01L 24/74](#);)}
- NOTE**
- In this subgroup the term substrate designates a semiconductor or electric solid state device or component, or a wafer
- 21/67005 {Apparatus not specifically provided for elsewhere (processes per se [H01L 21/30](#), [H01L 21/46](#), [H01L 23/00](#); simple temporary support means, e.g. using adhesives, electric or magnetic means [H01L 21/68](#), [H01L 21/302](#))}
- 21/67011 {Apparatus for manufacture or treatment (processes [H01L 21/30](#), [H01L 21/46](#); for production or after-treatment of single crystals or homogeneous polycrystalline material [C30B 35/00](#))}
- 21/67017 {Apparatus for fluid treatment ([H01L 21/67126](#), [H01L 21/6715](#) take precedence)}
- 21/67023 {for general liquid treatment, e.g. etching followed by cleaning}
- 21/67028 {for cleaning followed by drying, rinsing, stripping, blasting or the like}
- 21/67034 {for drying}
- 21/6704 {for wet cleaning or washing}
- 21/67046 {using mainly scrubbing means, e.g. brushes}
- 21/67051 {using mainly spraying means, e.g. nozzles}
- 21/67057 {with the semiconductor substrates being dipped in baths or vessels}
- 21/67063 {for etching}
- 21/67069 {for drying etching}
- 21/67075 {for wet etching}
- 21/6708 {using mainly spraying means, e.g. nozzles}
- 21/67086 {with the semiconductor substrates being dipped in baths or vessels}
- 21/67092 {Apparatus for mechanical treatment (or grinding or cutting, see the relevant groups in subclasses [B24B](#) or [B28D](#))}
- 21/67098 {Apparatus for thermal treatment}
- 21/67103 {mainly by conduction}
- 21/67109 {mainly by convection}
- 21/67115 {mainly by radiation}
- 21/67121 {Apparatus for making assemblies not otherwise provided for, e.g. package constructions}
- 21/67126 {Apparatus for sealing, encapsulating, glassing, decapsulating or the like (processes [H01L 23/02](#), [H01L 23/28](#))}

- 21/67132 {Apparatus for placing on an insulating substrate, e.g. tape}
- 21/67138 {Apparatus for wiring semiconductor or solid state device}
- 21/67144 {Apparatus for mounting on conductive members, e.g. leadframes or conductors on insulating substrates}
- 21/6715 {Apparatus for applying a liquid, a resin, an ink or the like ([H01L 21/67126 takes precedence](#))}
- 21/67155 {Apparatus for manufacturing or treating in a plurality of work-stations}
- 21/67161 {characterized by the layout of the process chambers}
- 21/67167 {surrounding a central transfer chamber}
- 21/67173 {in-line arrangement}
- 21/67178 {vertical arrangement}
- 21/67184 {characterized by the presence of more than one transfer chamber}
- 21/6719 {characterized by the construction of the processing chambers, e.g. modular processing chambers}
- 21/67196 {characterized by the construction of the transfer chamber}
- 21/67201 {characterized by the construction of the load-lock chamber}
- 21/67207 {comprising a chamber adapted to a particular process}
- 21/67213 {comprising at least one ion or electron beam chamber ([coating by ion implantation C23C](#); [ion or electron beam tubes H01J 37/00](#))}
- 21/67219 {comprising at least one polishing chamber ([polishing apparatuses B24B](#))}
- 21/67225 {comprising at least one lithography chamber ([lithographic apparatuses G03F 7/00](#))}
- 21/6723 {comprising at least one plating chamber ([electroless plating apparatuses C23C](#), [electroplating apparatuses C25D](#))}
- 21/67236 {the substrates being processed being not semiconductor wafers, e.g. leadframes or chips}
- 21/67242 . . . {Apparatus for monitoring, sorting or marking ([testing or measuring during manufacture H01L 22/00](#), [marks per se H01L 23/544](#); [testing individual semiconductor devices G01R 31/26](#))}
- 21/67248 {Temperature monitoring}
- 21/67253 {Process monitoring, e.g. flow or thickness monitoring}
- 21/67259 {Position monitoring, e.g. misposition detection or presence detection}
- 21/67265 {of substrates stored in a container, a magazine, a carrier, a boat or the like}
- 21/67271 {Sorting devices}
- 21/67276 {Production flow monitoring, e.g. for increasing throughput ([program-control systems per se G05B 19/00](#), [e.g. total factory control G05B 19/418](#))}
- 21/67282 {Marking devices}
- 21/67288 {Monitoring of warpage, curvature, damage, defects or the like}
- 21/67294 {using identification means, e.g. labels on substrates or labels on containers}
- 21/673 . . . using specially adapted carriers {or holders; Fixing the workpieces on such carriers or holders ([holders for supporting a complete device in operation H01L 23/32](#))}
- 21/67303 . . . {Vertical boat type carrier whereby the substrates are horizontally supported, e.g. comprising rod-shaped elements}
- 21/67306 {characterized by a material, a roughness, a coating or the like}
- 21/67309 {characterized by the substrate support}
- 21/67313 . . . {Horizontal boat type carrier whereby the substrates are vertically supported, e.g. comprising rod-shaped elements}
- 21/67316 {characterized by a material, a roughness, a coating or the like}
- 21/6732 . . . {Vertical carrier comprising wall type elements whereby the substrates are horizontally supported, e.g. comprising sidewalls}
- 21/67323 {characterized by a material, a roughness, a coating or the like}
- 21/67326 . . . {Horizontal carrier comprising wall type elements whereby the substrates are vertically supported, e.g. comprising sidewalls}
- 21/6733 {characterized by a material, a roughness, a coating or the like}
- 21/67333 . . . {Trays for chips ([magazine for components H05K 13/0084](#))}
- 21/67336 {characterized by a material, a roughness, a coating or the like}
- 21/6734 . . . {specially adapted for supporting large square shaped substrates ([containers and packaging elements for glass sheets B65D 85/48](#), [transporting of glass products during their manufacture C03B 35/00](#))}
- 21/67343 {characterized by a material, a roughness, a coating or the like}
- 21/67346 . . . {characterized by being specially adapted for supporting a single substrate or by comprising a stack of such individual supports}
- 21/6735 . . . {Closed carriers}
- 21/67353 {specially adapted for a single substrate}
- 21/67356 {specially adapted for containing chips, dies or ICs}
- 21/67359 {specially adapted for containing masks, reticles or pellicles}
- 21/67363 {specially adapted for containing substrates other than wafers ([H01L 21/67356](#), [H01L 21/67359 take precedence](#))}
- 21/67366 {characterised by materials, roughness, coatings or the like ([materials relating to an injection moulding process B29C 45/00](#); [chemical composition of materials C08L 51/00](#))}
- 21/67369 {characterised by shock absorbing elements, e.g. retainers or cushions}
- 21/67373 {characterised by locking systems}
- 21/67376 {characterised by sealing arrangements}
- 21/67379 {characterised by coupling elements, kinematic members, handles or elements to be externally gripped}

- 21/67383 {characterised by substrate supports}
 - 21/67386 {characterised by the construction of the closed carrier}
 - 21/67389 {characterised by atmosphere control}
 - 21/67393 {characterised by the presence of atmosphere modifying elements inside or attached to the closed carrier}
 - 21/67396 {characterised by the presence of antistatic elements}
 - 21/677 . . . for conveying, e.g. between different workstations
 - 21/67703 . . . {between different workstations}
 - 21/67706 {Mechanical details, e.g. roller, belt ([H01L 21/67709 takes precedence](#))}
 - 21/67709 {using magnetic elements}
 - 21/67712 {the substrate being handled substantially vertically}
 - 21/67715 {Changing the direction of the conveying path}
 - 21/67718 {Changing orientation of the substrate, e.g. from a horizontal position to a vertical position}
 - 21/67721 {the substrates to be conveyed not being semiconductor wafers or large planar substrates, e.g. chips, lead frames ([H01L 21/6773 takes precedence](#))}
 - 21/67724 {by means of a cart or a vehicle}
 - 21/67727 {using a general scheme of a conveying path within a factory}
 - 21/6773 {Conveying cassettes, containers or carriers}
 - 21/67733 {Overhead conveying}
 - 21/67736 {Loading to or unloading from a conveyor}
 - 21/67739 . . . {into and out of processing chamber}
 - 21/67742 {Mechanical parts of transfer devices ([robots in general in B25J](#))}
 - 21/67745 {characterized by movements or sequence of movements of transfer devices}
 - 21/67748 {horizontal transfer of a single workpiece}
 - 21/67751 {vertical transfer of a single workpiece}
 - 21/67754 {horizontal transfer of a batch of workpieces}
 - 21/67757 {vertical transfer of a batch of workpieces}
 - 21/6776 {Continuous loading and unloading into and out of a processing chamber, e.g. transporting belts within processing chambers}
 - 21/67763 . . . {the wafers being stored in a carrier, involving loading and unloading ([H01L 21/6779 takes precedence](#))}
 - 21/67766 {Mechanical parts of transfer devices ([robots in general in B25J](#))}
 - 21/67769 {Storage means}
 - 21/67772 {involving removal of lid, door, cover}
 - 21/67775 {Docking arrangements}
 - 21/67778 {involving loading and unloading of wafers}
 - 21/67781 {Batch transfer of wafers}
 - 21/67784 . . . {using air tracks}
 - 21/67787 {with angular orientation of the workpieces}
 - 21/6779 {the workpieces being stored in a carrier, involving loading and unloading}
 - 21/67793 . . . {with orientating and positioning by means of a vibratory bowl or track}
 - 21/67796 {with angular orientation of workpieces ([H01L 21/67787](#) and [H01L 21/67793 take precedence](#))}
 - 21/68 . . . for positioning, orientation or alignment
 - 21/681 . . . {using optical controlling means}
 - 21/682 . . . {Mask-wafer alignment ([in general G03F 7/70, G03F 9/70](#))}
 - 21/683 . . . for supporting or gripping ([for conveying H01L 21/677, for positioning, orientation or alignment H01L 21/68](#))
 - 21/6831 . . . {using electrostatic chucks}
 - 21/6833 {Details of electrostatic chucks}
 - 21/6835 . . . {using temporarily an auxiliary support}
- NOTE**
- [H01L 21/6835](#), details of the apparatus are to be further indexed using the indexing codes chosen from [H01L 2221/68304](#) and subgroups
- 21/6836 {Wafer tapes, e.g. grinding or dicing support tapes ([adhesive tapes in general C09J 7/20](#))}
 - 21/6838 . . . {with gripping and holding devices using a vacuum; Bernoulli devices}
 - 21/687 . . . using mechanical means, e.g. chucks, clamps or pinches ([using electrostatic chucks H01L 21/6831](#))}
 - 21/68707 {the wafers being placed on a robot blade, or gripped by a gripper for conveyance}
 - 21/68714 {the wafers being placed on a susceptor, stage or support}
 - 21/68721 {characterised by edge clamping, e.g. clamping ring}
 - 21/68728 {characterised by a plurality of separate clamping members, e.g. clamping fingers}
 - 21/68735 {characterised by edge profile or support profile}
 - 21/68742 {characterised by a lifting arrangement, e.g. lift pins}
 - 21/6875 {characterised by a plurality of individual support members, e.g. support posts or protrusions}
 - 21/68757 {characterised by a coating or a hardness or a material}
 - 21/68764 {characterised by a movable susceptor, stage or support, others than those only rotating on their own vertical axis, e.g. susceptors on a rotating carousel}
 - 21/68771 {characterised by supporting more than one semiconductor substrate}
 - 21/68778 {characterised by supporting substrates others than wafers, e.g. chips}
 - 21/68785 {characterised by the mechanical construction of the susceptor, stage or support}
 - 21/68792 {characterised by the construction of the shaft}

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| 21/70 | Manufacture or treatment of devices consisting of a plurality of solid state components formed in or on a common substrate or of parts thereof; Manufacture of integrated circuit devices or of parts thereof ({multistep manufacturing processes of assemblies consisting of a plurality of individual semiconductor or other solid state devices H01L 25/00; } manufacture of assemblies consisting of preformed electrical components H05K 3/00 , H05K 13/00) | 21/76218 | {introducing both types of electrical active impurities in the local oxidation region for the sole purpose of creating channel stoppers, e.g. for isolation of complementary doped regions} |
| 21/702 | . . . {of thick-or thin-film circuits or parts thereof} | 21/76221 | {with a plurality of successive local oxidation steps} |
| 21/705 | . . . {of thick-film circuits or parts thereof} | 21/76224 | {using trench refilling with dielectric materials (trench filling with polycrystalline silicon H01L 21/763; together with vertical isolation, e.g. trench refilling in a SOI substrate H01L 21/76264)} |
| 21/707 | . . . {of thin-film circuits or parts thereof} | 21/76227 | {the dielectric materials being obtained by full chemical transformation of non-dielectric materials, such as polycrystalline silicon, metals} |
| 21/71 | . . . Manufacture of specific parts of devices defined in group H01L 21/70 ({H01L 21/0405, H01L 21/0445}), H01L 21/28 , H01L 21/44 , H01L 21/48 take precedence) | 21/76229 | {Concurrent filling of a plurality of trenches having a different trench shape or dimension, e.g. rectangular and V-shaped trenches, wide and narrow trenches, shallow and deep trenches} |
| 21/74 | . . . Making of {localized} buried regions, e.g. buried collector layers, internal connections {substrate contacts} | 21/76232 | {of trenches having a shape other than rectangular or V-shape, e.g. rounded corners, oblique or rounded trench walls (H01L 21/76229 takes precedence)} |
| 21/743 | {Making of internal connections, substrate contacts} | 21/76235 | {trench shape altered by a local oxidation of silicon process step, e.g. trench corner rounding by LOCOS} |
| 21/746 | {for AIII-BV integrated circuits} | 21/76237 | {introducing impurities in trench side or bottom walls, e.g. for forming channel stoppers or alter isolation behavior} |
| 21/76 | . . . Making of isolation regions between components | 21/7624 | {using semiconductor on insulator [SOI] technology (H01L 21/76297 takes precedence; manufacture of integrated circuits on insulating substrates H01L 21/84 ; silicon on sapphire [SOS] technology H01L 21/86)} |
| 21/7602 | {between components manufactured in an active substrate comprising SiC compounds} | 21/76243 | {using silicon implanted buried insulating layers, e.g. oxide layers, i.e. SIMOX techniques} |
| 21/7605 | {between components manufactured in an active substrate comprising AIII BV compounds} | 21/76245 | {using full isolation by porous oxide silicon, i.e. FIPOS techniques} |
| 21/7607 | {between components manufactured in an active substrate comprising A _{II} B _{VI} compounds} | 21/76248 | {using lateral overgrowth techniques, i.e. ELO techniques} |
| 21/761 | PN junctions | 21/76251 | {using bonding techniques} |
| 21/762 | Dielectric regions {, e.g. EPIC dielectric isolation, LOCOS; Trench refilling techniques, SOI technology, use of channel stoppers} | 21/76254 | {with separation/delamination along an ion implanted layer, e.g. Smart-cut, Unibond} |
| 21/76202 | {using a local oxidation of silicon, e.g. LOCOS, SWAMI, SILO (H01L 21/76235 takes precedence; together with vertical isolation, e.g. LOCOS in a SOI substrate, H01L 21/76264)} | 21/76256 | {using silicon etch back techniques, e.g. BESOI, ELTRAN} |
| 21/76205 | {in a region being recessed from the surface, e.g. in a recess, groove, tub or trench region} | 21/76259 | {with separation/delamination along a porous layer} |
| 21/76208 | {using auxiliary pillars in the recessed region, e.g. to form LOCOS over extended areas} | 21/76262 | {using selective deposition of single crystal silicon, i.e. SEG techniques} |
| 21/7621 | {the recessed region having a shape other than rectangular, e.g. rounded or oblique shape (H01L 21/76208 takes precedence)} | 21/76264 | {SOI together with lateral isolation, e.g. using local oxidation of silicon, or dielectric or polycrystalline material refilled trench or air gap isolation regions, e.g. completely isolated semiconductor islands} |
| 21/76213 | {introducing electrical inactive or active impurities in the local oxidation region, e.g. to alter LOCOS oxide growth characteristics or for additional isolation purpose} | | |
| 21/76216 | {introducing electrical active impurities in the local oxidation region for the sole purpose of creating channel stoppers} | | |

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| 21/76267 | { Vertical isolation by silicon implanted buried insulating layers, e.g. oxide layers, i.e. SIMOX techniques } | 21/76814 | { post-treatment or after-treatment, e.g. cleaning or removal of oxides on underlying conductors } |
| 21/7627 | { Vertical isolation by full isolation by porous oxide silicon, i.e. FIPOS techniques } | 21/76816 | { Aspects relating to the layout of the pattern or to the size of vias or trenches (layout of the interconnections per se H01L 23/528 ; CAD of ICs G06F 30/00) } |
| 21/76272 | { Vertical isolation by lateral overgrowth techniques, i.e. ELO techniques } | 21/76817 | { using printing or stamping techniques } |
| 21/76275 | { Vertical isolation by bonding techniques } | 21/76819 | { Smoothing of the dielectric (planarisation of insulating materials per se H01L 21/31051) } |
| 21/76278 | { Vertical isolation by selective deposition of single crystal silicon, i.e. SEG techniques } | 21/7682 | { the dielectric comprising air gaps } |
| 21/76281 | { Lateral isolation by selective oxidation of silicon } | 21/76822 | { Modification of the material of dielectric layers, e.g. grading, after-treatment to improve the stability of the layers, to increase their density etc. } |
| 21/76283 | { Lateral isolation by refilling of trenches with dielectric material } | 21/76823 | { transforming an insulating layer into a conductive layer } |
| 21/76286 | { Lateral isolation by refilling of trenches with polycrystalline material } | 21/76825 | { by exposing the layer to particle radiation, e.g. ion implantation, irradiation with UV light or electrons etc. (plasma treatment H01L 21/76826) } |
| 21/76289 | { Lateral isolation by air gap } | 21/76826 | { by contacting the layer with gases, liquids or plasmas } |
| 21/76291 | { Lateral isolation by field effect } | 21/76828 | { thermal treatment } |
| 21/76294 | { using selective deposition of single crystal silicon, i.e. SEG techniques } | 21/76829 | { characterised by the formation of thin functional dielectric layers, e.g. dielectric etch-stop, barrier, capping or liner layers } |
| 21/76297 | { Dielectric isolation using EPIC techniques, i.e. epitaxial passivated integrated circuit } | 21/76831 | { in via holes or trenches, e.g. non-conductive sidewall liners } |
| 21/763 | Polycrystalline semiconductor regions { (H01L 21/76264 takes precedence) } | 21/76832 | { Multiple layers } |
| 21/764 | Air gaps { (H01L 21/76264 takes precedence) } | 21/76834 | { formation of thin insulating films on the sidewalls or on top of conductors (H01L 21/76831 takes precedence) } |
| 21/765 | by field effect { (H01L 21/76264 takes precedence) } | 21/76835 | { Combinations of two or more different dielectric layers having a low dielectric constant (H01L 21/76832 takes precedence) } |
| 21/768 | Applying interconnections to be used for carrying current between separate components within a device { comprising conductors and dielectrics } | 21/76837 | { Filling up the space between adjacent conductive structures; Gap-filling properties of dielectrics } |
| NOTE | | 21/76838 | { characterised by the formation and the after-treatment of the conductors (etching for patterning the conductors H01L 21/3213) } |
| Groups | | NOTE | |
| H01L 21/768 - H01L 21/76898 cover multi-step processes for manufacturing interconnections. Information peculiar to single-step processes should also be classified in the corresponding group, e.g. | | When the interconnect is also used as the conductor part of a conductor insulator semiconductor electrode (gate level interconnections), documents are classified in the relevant electrode manufacture groups, e.g. H01L 21/28026 | |
| • cleaning H01L 21/02041 | | | |
| • etching H01L 21/311 , H01L 21/3213 | | | |
| • masking H01L 21/027 , H01L 21/033 , H01L 21/31144 , H01L 21/32139 | | | |
| • planarizing H01L 21/3105 , H01L 21/321 | | | |
| 21/76801 | { characterised by the formation and the after-treatment of the dielectrics, e.g. smoothing } | 21/7684 | { Smoothing; Planarisation } |
| 21/76802 | { by forming openings in dielectrics } | 21/76841 | { Barrier, adhesion or liner layers } |
| 21/76804 | { by forming tapered via holes } | 21/76843 | { formed in openings in a dielectric } |
| 21/76805 | { the opening being a via or contact hole penetrating the underlying conductor } | 21/76844 | { Bottomless liners } |
| 21/76807 | { for dual damascene structures } | 21/76846 | { Layer combinations } |
| 21/76808 | { involving intermediate temporary filling with material } | 21/76847 | { the layer being positioned within the main fill metal } |
| 21/7681 | { involving one or more buried masks } | 21/76849 | { the layer being positioned on top of the main fill metal } |
| 21/76811 | { involving multiple stacked pre-patterned masks } | | |
| 21/76813 | { involving a partial via etch } | | |

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| 21/7685 | | {the layer covering a conductive structure (H01L 21/76849 takes precedence)} | 21/76888 | | {By rendering at least a portion of the conductor non conductive, e.g. oxidation} |
| 21/76852 | | {the layer also covering the sidewalls of the conductive structure} | 21/76889 | | {by forming silicides of refractory metals} |
| 21/76853 | | {characterized by particular after-treatment steps} | 21/76891 | | {by using superconducting materials} |
| 21/76855 | | {After-treatment introducing at least one additional element into the layer} | 21/76892 | | {modifying the pattern} |
| 21/76856 | | {by treatment in plasmas or gaseous environments, e.g. nitriding a refractory metal liner} | 21/76894 | | {using a laser, e.g. laser cutting, laser direct writing, laser repair} |
| 21/76858 | | {by diffusing alloying elements} | 21/76895 | | {Local interconnects; Local pads, as exemplified by patent document EP0896365} |
| 21/76859 | | {by ion implantation} | 21/76897 | | {Formation of self-aligned vias or contact plugs, i.e. involving a lithographically uncritical step (self-aligned silicidation on field effect transistors H01L 29/665)} |
| 21/76861 | | {Post-treatment or after-treatment not introducing additional chemical elements into the layer} | 21/76898 | | {formed through a semiconductor substrate} |
| 21/76862 | | {Bombardment with particles, e.g. treatment in noble gas plasmas; UV irradiation} | 21/77 | | Manufacture or treatment of devices consisting of a plurality of solid state components or integrated circuits formed in, or on, a common substrate (electrically programmable read-only memories or multistep manufacturing processes therefor H01L 27/115) |
| 21/76864 | | {Thermal treatment} | NOTE | | |
| 21/76865 | | {Selective removal of parts of the layer (H01L 21/76844 takes precedence)} | Integration processes for the manufacture of devices of the type classified in H01L 27/14 - H01L 27/32 are not classified in this group and its sub-groups. Instead, as they are peculiar to said devices, they are classified together with the devices Multistep processes for manufacturing memory structures in general using field effect technology are covered by H01L 27/1052 ; Multistep processes for manufacturing dynamic random access memory structures are covered by H01L 27/10844 ; Multistep processes for manufacturing static random access memory structures are covered by H01L 27/11 ; Multistep processes for manufacturing read-only memory structures are covered by H01L 27/112 ; Multistep processes for manufacturing electrically programmable read-only memory structures are covered by H01L 27/115 | | |
| 21/76867 | | {characterized by methods of formation other than PVD, CVD or deposition from a liquids (PVD H01L 21/2855 ; CVD H01L 21/28556 ; deposition from liquids H01L 21/288)} | 2021/775 | | {comprising a plurality of TFTs on a non-semiconducting substrate, e.g. driving circuits for AMLCDs} |
| 21/76868 | | {Forming or treating discontinuous thin films, e.g. repair, enhancement or reinforcement of discontinuous thin films} | 21/78 | | with subsequent division of the substrate into plural individual devices (cutting to change the surface-physical characteristics or shape of semiconductor bodies H01L 21/304) |
| 21/7687 | | {Thin films associated with contacts of capacitors} | 21/7806 | | {involving the separation of the active layers from a substrate} |
| 21/76871 | | {Layers specifically deposited to enhance or enable the nucleation of further layers, i.e. seed layers} | 21/7813 | | {leaving a reusable substrate, e.g. epitaxial lift off} |
| 21/76873 | | {for electroplating} | 21/782 | | to produce devices, each consisting of a single circuit element (H01L 21/82 takes precedence) |
| 21/76874 | | {for electroless plating} | 21/784 | | the substrate being a semiconductor body |
| 21/76876 | | {for deposition from the gas phase, e.g. CVD} | 21/786 | | the substrate being other than a semiconductor body, e.g. insulating body |
| 21/76877 | | {Filling of holes, grooves or trenches, e.g. vias, with conductive material} | 21/82 | | to produce devices, e.g. integrated circuits, each consisting of a plurality of components |
| 21/76879 | | {by selective deposition of conductive material in the vias, e.g. selective C.V.D. on semiconductor material, plating (plating on semiconductors in general H01L 21/288)} | | | |
| 21/7688 | | {by deposition over sacrificial masking layer, e.g. lift-off (lift-off per se H01L 21/0272)} | | | |
| 21/76882 | | {Reflowing or applying of pressure to better fill the contact hole} | | | |
| 21/76883 | | {Post-treatment or after-treatment of the conductive material} | | | |
| 21/76885 | | {By forming conductive members before deposition of protective insulating material, e.g. pillars, studs} | | | |
| 21/76886 | | {Modifying permanently or temporarily the pattern or the conductivity of conductive members, e.g. formation of alloys, reduction of contact resistances} | | | |

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| 21/8206 | {the substrate being a semiconductor, using diamond technology (H01L 21/8258 takes precedence)} | 21/823462 | {with a particular manufacturing method of the gate insulating layers, e.g. different gate insulating layer thicknesses, particular gate insulator materials or particular gate insulator implants} |
| 21/8213 | {the substrate being a semiconductor, using SiC technology (H01L 21/8258 takes precedence)} | 21/823468 | {with a particular manufacturing method of the gate sidewall spacers, e.g. double spacers, particular spacer material or shape} |
| 21/822 | the substrate being a semiconductor, using silicon technology (H01L 21/8258 takes precedence) | 21/823475 | {interconnection or wiring or contact manufacturing related aspects} |
| 21/8221 | {Three dimensional integrated circuits stacked in different levels} | 21/823481 | {isolation region manufacturing related aspects, e.g. to avoid interaction of isolation region with adjacent structure} |
| 21/8222 | Bipolar technology | 21/823487 | {with a particular manufacturing method of vertical transistor structures, i.e. with channel vertical to the substrate surface (with a current flow parallel to the substrate surface H01L 21/823431)} |
| 21/8224 | comprising a combination of vertical and lateral transistors | 21/823493 | {with a particular manufacturing method of the wells or tubs, e.g. twin tubs, high energy well implants, buried implanted layers for lateral isolation [BILLI]} |
| 21/8226 | comprising merged transistor logic or integrated injection logic | 21/8236 | Combination of enhancement and depletion transistors |
| 21/8228 | Complementary devices, e.g. complementary transistors | 21/8238 | Complementary field-effect transistors, e.g. CMOS |
| 21/82285 | {Complementary vertical transistors} | 21/823807 | {with a particular manufacturing method of the channel structures, e.g. channel implants, halo or pocket implants, or channel materials} |
| 21/8229 | Memory structures | 21/823814 | {with a particular manufacturing method of the source or drain structures, e.g. specific source or drain implants or silicided source or drain structures or raised source or drain structures} |
| 21/8232 | Field-effect technology | 21/823425 | {manufacturing common source or drain regions between a plurality of conductor-insulator-semiconductor structures} |
| 21/8234 | MIS technology {, i.e. integration processes of field effect transistors of the conductor-insulator-semiconductor type} | 21/823431 | {with a particular manufacturing method of transistors with a horizontal current flow in a vertical sidewall of a semiconductor body, e.g. FinFET, MuGFET} |
| 21/823406 | {Combination of charge coupled devices, i.e. CCD, or BBD} | 21/823437 | {with a particular manufacturing method of the gate conductors, e.g. particular materials, shapes} |
| 21/823412 | {with a particular manufacturing method of the channel structures, e.g. channel implants, halo or pocket implants, or channel materials} | 21/823443 | {silicided or salicided gate conductors} |
| 21/823418 | {with a particular manufacturing method of the source or drain structures, e.g. specific source or drain implants or silicided source or drain structures or raised source or drain structures} | 21/82345 | {gate conductors with different gate conductor materials or different gate conductor implants, e.g. dual gate structures} |
| 21/823425 | {manufacturing common source or drain regions between a plurality of conductor-insulator-semiconductor structures} | 21/823456 | {gate conductors with different shapes, lengths or dimensions} |
| 21/823431 | {with a particular manufacturing method of transistors with a horizontal current flow in a vertical sidewall of a semiconductor body, e.g. FinFET, MuGFET} | | |
| 21/823437 | {with a particular manufacturing method of the gate conductors, e.g. particular materials, shapes} | | |
| 21/823443 | {silicided or salicided gate conductors} | | |
| 21/82345 | {gate conductors with different gate conductor materials or different gate conductor implants, e.g. dual gate structures} | | |
| 21/823456 | {gate conductors with different shapes, lengths or dimensions} | | |
| | | 21/823828 | {with a particular manufacturing method of the gate conductors, e.g. particular materials, shapes} |
| | | 21/823835 | {silicided or salicided gate conductors} |
| | | 21/823842 | {gate conductors with different gate conductor materials or different gate conductor implants, e.g. dual gate structures} |
| | | 21/82385 | {gate conductors with different shapes, lengths or dimensions} |

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| 21/823857 | {with a particular manufacturing method of the gate insulating layers, e.g. different gate insulating layer thicknesses, particular gate insulator materials or particular gate insulator implants} | 22/10 | . {Measuring as part of the manufacturing process (burn-in G01R 31/2855)} |
| 21/823864 | {with a particular manufacturing method of the gate sidewall spacers, e.g. double spacers, particular spacer material or shape} | 22/12 | . . {for structural parameters, e.g. thickness, line width, refractive index, temperature, warp, bond strength, defects, optical inspection, electrical measurement of structural dimensions, metallurgic measurement of diffusions (electrical measurement of diffusions H01L 22/14)} |
| 21/823871 | {interconnection or wiring or contact manufacturing related aspects} | 22/14 | . . {for electrical parameters, e.g. resistance, deep-levels, CV, diffusions by electrical means} |
| 21/823878 | {isolation region manufacturing related aspects, e.g. to avoid interaction of isolation region with adjacent structure} | 22/20 | . {Sequence of activities consisting of a plurality of measurements, corrections, marking or sorting steps} |
| 21/823885 | {with a particular manufacturing method of vertical transistor structures, i.e. with channel vertical to the substrate surface (with a current flow parallel to the substrate surface H01L 21/823821)} | 22/22 | . . {Connection or disconnection of sub-entities or redundant parts of a device in response to a measurement (testing and repair of stores after manufacture including at wafer scale G11C 29/00 ; fuses per se H01L 23/525)} |
| 21/823892 | {with a particular manufacturing method of the wells or tubs, e.g. twin tubs, high energy well implants, buried implanted layers for lateral isolation [BILLI]} | 22/24 | . . {Optical enhancement of defects or not directly visible states, e.g. selective electrolytic deposition, bubbles in liquids, light emission, colour change (voltage contrast G01R 31/311)} |
| 21/8239 | Memory structures | 22/26 | . . {Acting in response to an ongoing measurement without interruption of processing, e.g. endpoint detection, in-situ thickness measurement (endpoint detection arrangements in CMP apparatus B24B 37/013 , in discharge apparatus H01J 37/32)} |
| 21/8248 | Combination of bipolar and field-effect technology | 22/30 | . {Structural arrangements specially adapted for testing or measuring during manufacture or treatment, or specially adapted for reliability measurements} |
| 21/8249 | Bipolar and MOS technology | 22/32 | . . {Additional lead-in metallisation on a device or substrate, e.g. additional pads or pad portions, lines in the scribe line, sacrificed conductors (arrangements for conducting electric current to or from the solid state body in operation H01L 23/48)} |
| 21/8252 | the substrate being a semiconductor, using III-V technology (H01L 21/8258 takes precedence) | 22/34 | . . {Circuits for electrically characterising or monitoring manufacturing processes, e. g. whole test die, wafers filled with test structures, on-board-devices incorporated on each die, process control monitors or pad structures thereof, devices in scribe line (switching, multiplexing, gating devices G01R 19/25 ; process control with lithography, e.g. dose control, G03F 7/20 ; structures for alignment control by optical means G03F 7/0633)} |
| 21/8254 | the substrate being a semiconductor, using II-VI technology (H01L 21/8258 takes precedence) | | |
| 21/8256 | the substrate being a semiconductor, using technologies not covered by one of groups { H01L 21/8206 , H01L 21/8213 }, H01L 21/822 , H01L 21/8252 and H01L 21/8254 (H01L 21/8258 takes precedence) | | |
| 21/8258 | the substrate being a semiconductor, using a combination of technologies covered by { H01L 21/8206 , H01L 21/8213 }, H01L 21/822 , H01L 21/8252 , H01L 21/8254 or H01L 21/8256 | 23/00 | Details of semiconductor or other solid state devices (H01L 25/00 takes precedence ; structural arrangements for testing or measuring during manufacture or treatment, or for reliability measurements H01L 22/00; arrangements for connecting or disconnecting semiconductor or solid-state bodies, or methods related thereto H01L 24/00; finger print sensors G06V 40/12)} |
| 21/84 | the substrate being other than a semiconductor body, e.g. being an insulating body | | |
| 21/845 | {including field-effect transistors with a horizontal current flow in a vertical sidewall of a semiconductor body, e.g. FinFET, MuGFET} | | |
| 21/86 | the insulating body being sapphire, e.g. silicon on sapphire structure, i.e. SOS | | |
| 22/00 | {Testing or measuring during manufacture or treatment; Reliability measurements, i.e. testing of parts without further processing to modify the parts as such; Structural arrangements therefor} | | |
| | | | NOTE |
| | | | This group does not cover : |
| | | | • details of semiconductor bodies or of electrodes of devices provided for in group H01L 29/00 , which details are covered by that group; |
| | | | • details peculiar to devices provided for in a single main group of groups |

H01L

H01L 23/00
(continued)

[H01L 31/00](#) - [H01L 51/00](#), which details are covered by those groups.

- 23/02 . Containers; Seals ([H01L 23/12](#), [H01L 23/34](#), [H01L 23/48](#), [H01L 23/552](#), {[H01L 23/66](#)} take precedence; {for memories [G11C](#)})
- 23/04 . . characterised by the shape {of the container or parts, e.g. caps, walls}
- 23/041 . . . {the container being a hollow construction having no base used as a mounting for the semiconductor body}
- 23/043 . . . the container being a hollow construction and having a conductive base as a mounting as well as a lead for the semiconductor body
- 23/045 the other leads having an insulating passage through the base
- 23/047 the other leads being parallel to the base
- 23/049 the other leads being perpendicular to the base
- 23/051 another lead being formed by a cover plate parallel to the base plate, e.g. sandwich type
- 23/053 . . . the container being a hollow construction and having an insulating {or insulated} base as a mounting for the semiconductor body
- 23/055 the leads having a passage through the base {([H01L 23/057](#) takes precedence)}
- 23/057 the leads being parallel to the base
- 23/06 . . characterised by the material of the container or its electrical properties
- 23/08 . . . the material being an electrical insulator, e.g. glass
- 23/10 . . characterised by the material or arrangement of seals between parts, e.g. between cap and base of the container or between leads and walls of the container
- 23/12 . Mountings, e.g. non-detachable insulating substrates
- 23/13 . . characterised by the shape
- 23/14 . . characterised by the material or its electrical properties {([printed circuit boards H05K 1/00](#))}
- 23/142 . . . {Metallic substrates having insulating layers}
- 23/145 . . . {Organic substrates, e.g. plastic}
- 23/147 . . . {Semiconductor insulating substrates (semiconductor conductive substrates [H01L 23/4926](#))}
- 23/15 . . . Ceramic or glass substrates {([H01L 23/142](#), [H01L 23/145](#), [H01L 23/147](#) take precedence)}
- 23/16 . Fillings or auxiliary members in containers {or encapsulations}, e.g. centering rings ([H01L 23/42](#), [H01L 23/552](#) take precedence)
- 23/18 . . Fillings characterised by the material, its physical or chemical properties, or its arrangement within the complete device

NOTE

Group [H01L 23/26](#) takes precedence over groups [H01L 23/20](#) - [H01L 23/24](#)

- 23/20 . . . gaseous at the normal operating temperature of the device
- 23/22 . . . liquid at the normal operating temperature of the device
- 23/24 . . . solid or gel at the normal operating temperature of the device {([H01L 23/3135](#) takes precedence)}

- 23/26 . . . including materials for absorbing or reacting with moisture or other undesired substances {, e.g. getters}
- 23/28 . Encapsulations, e.g. encapsulating layers, coatings, {e.g. for protection} ([H01L 23/552](#) takes precedence; {insulating layers for contacts or interconnections [H01L 23/5329](#)})
- 23/29 . . characterised by the material {, e.g. carbon (interlayer dielectrics [H01L 23/5329](#))}
- 23/291 . . . {Oxides or nitrides or carbides, e.g. ceramics, glass}
- 23/293 . . . {Organic, e.g. plastic}
- 23/295 {containing a filler ([H01L 23/296](#) takes precedence)}
- 23/296 {Organo-silicon compounds}
- 23/298 . . . {Semiconductor material, e.g. amorphous silicon}
- 23/31 . . characterised by the arrangement {or shape}
- 23/3107 . . . {the device being completely enclosed}
- 23/3114 {the device being a chip scale package, e.g. CSP}
- 23/3121 {a substrate forming part of the encapsulation}
- 23/3128 {the substrate having spherical bumps for external connection}
- 23/3135 {Double encapsulation or coating and encapsulation}
- 23/3142 {Sealing arrangements between parts, e.g. adhesion promoters}
- 23/315 {the encapsulation having a cavity}
- 23/3157 . . . {Partial encapsulation or coating (mask layer used as insulation layer [H01L 21/31](#))}
- 23/3164 {the coating being a foil}
- 23/3171 {the coating being directly applied to the semiconductor body, e.g. passivation layer ([H01L 23/3178](#) takes precedence)}
- 23/3178 {Coating or filling in grooves made in the semiconductor body}
- 23/3185 {the coating covering also the sidewalls of the semiconductor body}
- 23/3192 {Multilayer coating}
- 23/32 . Holders for supporting the complete device in operation, i.e. detachable fixtures ([H01L 23/40](#) takes precedence)
- 23/34 . Arrangements for cooling, heating, ventilating or temperature compensation {; Temperature sensing arrangements (thermal treatment apparatus [H01L 21/00](#))}
- 23/345 . . {Arrangements for heating (thermal treatment apparatus [H01L 21/00](#))}
- 23/36 . . Selection of materials, or shaping, to facilitate cooling or heating, e.g. heatsinks {([H01L 23/28](#), [H01L 23/40](#), [H01L 23/42](#), [H01L 23/44](#), [H01L 23/46](#) take precedence; heating [H01L 23/345](#))}
- 23/367 . . . Cooling facilitated by shape of device {([H01L 23/38](#), [H01L 23/40](#), [H01L 23/42](#), [H01L 23/44](#), [H01L 23/46](#) take precedence)}
- 23/3672 {Foil-like cooling fins or heat sinks (being part of lead-frames [H01L 23/49568](#))}
- 23/3675 {characterised by the shape of the housing}
- 23/3677 {Wire-like or pin-like cooling fins or heat sinks}

- 23/373 . . . Cooling facilitated by selection of materials for the device {or materials for thermal expansion adaptation, e.g. carbon}
 - 23/3731 {Ceramic materials or glass ([H01L 23/3732](#), [H01L 23/3733](#), [H01L 23/3735](#), [H01L 23/3737](#), [H01L 23/3738](#) take precedence)}
 - 23/3732 {Diamonds}
 - 23/3733 {having a heterogeneous or anisotropic structure, e.g. powder or fibres in a matrix, wire mesh, porous structures ([H01L 23/3732](#), [H01L 23/3737](#) take precedence)}
 - 23/3735 {Laminates or multilayers, e.g. direct bond copper ceramic substrates}
 - 23/3736 {Metallic materials ([H01L 23/3732](#), [H01L 23/3733](#), [H01L 23/3735](#), [H01L 23/3737](#), [H01L 23/3738](#) take precedence)}
 - 23/3737 {Organic materials with or without a thermoconductive filler}
 - 23/3738 {Semiconductor materials}
 - 23/38 . . Cooling arrangements using the Peltier effect
 - 23/40 . . Mountings or securing means for detachable cooling or heating arrangements {(heating [H01L 23/345](#)); fixed by friction, plugs or springs}
 - 23/4006 . . . {with bolts or screws}
 - 23/4012 {for stacked arrangements of a plurality of semiconductor devices ([assemblies per se](#) [H01L 25/00](#))}
 - 2023/4018 {characterised by the type of device to be heated or cooled}
 - 2023/4025 {Base discrete devices, e.g. presspack, disc-type transistors}
 - 2023/4031 {Packaged discrete devices, e.g. to-3 housings, diodes}
 - 2023/4037 {characterised by thermal path or place of attachment of heatsink}
 - 2023/4043 {heatsink to have chip}
 - 2023/405 {heatsink to package}
 - 2023/4056 {heatsink to additional heatsink}
 - 2023/4062 {heatsink to or through board or cabinet}
 - 2023/4068 {Heatconductors between device and heatsink, e.g. compliant heat-spreaders, heat-conducting bands}
 - 2023/4075 {Mechanical elements}
 - 2023/4081 {Compliant clamping elements not primarily serving heat-conduction}
 - 2023/4087 {Mounting accessories, interposers, clamping or screwing parts}
 - 23/4093 . . . {Snap-on arrangements, e.g. clips}
 - 23/42 . . Fillings or auxiliary members in containers {or encapsulations} selected or arranged to facilitate heating or cooling
 - 23/427 . . . Cooling by change of state, e.g. use of heat pipes {(by liquefied gas [H01L 23/445](#))}
 - 23/4275 {by melting or evaporation of solids}
 - 23/433 . . . Auxiliary members {in containers} characterised by their shape, e.g. pistons
 - 23/4332 {Bellows}
 - 23/4334 {Auxiliary members in encapsulations ([H01L 23/49568](#) takes precedence)}
 - 23/4336 {in combination with jet impingement}
 - 23/4338 {Pistons, e.g. spring-loaded members}
 - 23/44 . . the complete device being wholly immersed in a fluid other than air {([H01L 23/427](#) takes precedence)}
 - 23/445 . . . {the fluid being a liquefied gas, e.g. in a cryogenic vessel}
 - 23/46 . . involving the transfer of heat by flowing fluids ([H01L 23/42](#), [H01L 23/44](#) take precedence)
 - 23/467 . . . by flowing gases, e.g. air {([H01L 23/473](#) takes precedence)}
 - 23/473 . . . by flowing liquids {([H01L 23/4332](#), [H01L 23/4338](#) take precedence)}
 - 23/4735 {Jet impingement ([H01L 23/4336](#) takes precedence)}
 - 23/48 . Arrangements for conducting electric current to or from the solid state body in operation, e.g. leads, terminal arrangements {; Selection of materials therefor}
- NOTE**
- Arrangements for connecting or disconnecting semiconductor or other solid state bodies, or methods related thereto, other than those arrangements or methods covered by the following subgroups, are covered by [H01L 24/00](#)
- 23/481 . . {Internal lead connections, e.g. via connections, feedthrough structures}
 - 23/482 . . consisting of lead-in layers inseparably applied to the semiconductor body {(electrodes [H01L 29/40](#))}
 - 23/4821 . . . {Bridge structure with air gap}
 - 23/4822 . . . {Beam leads}
 - 23/4824 . . . {Pads with extended contours, e.g. grid structure, branch structure, finger structure}
 - 23/4825 . . . {for devices consisting of semiconductor layers on insulating or semi-insulating substrates, e.g. silicon on sapphire devices, i.e. SOS}
 - 23/4827 . . . {Materials}
 - 23/4828 {Conductive organic material or pastes, e.g. conductive adhesives, inks}
 - 23/485 . . . consisting of layered constructions comprising conductive layers and insulating layers, e.g. planar contacts {([H01L 23/4821](#), [H01L 23/4822](#), [H01L 23/4824](#), [H01L 23/4825](#) take precedence; materials [H01L 23/532](#), bond pads [H01L 24/02](#), bump connectors [H01L 24/10](#))}
 - 23/4855 {Overhang structure}
 - 23/488 . . consisting of soldered {or bonded} constructions {(bump connectors [H01L 24/01](#))}
 - 23/49 . . . wire-like {arrangements or pins or rods (using optical fibres [H01L 23/48](#); pins attached to insulating substrates [H01L 23/49811](#))}
 - 23/492 . . . Bases or plates {or solder therefor}
 - 23/4922 {having a heterogeneous or anisotropic structure}
 - 23/4924 {characterised by the materials}
 - 23/4926 {the materials containing semiconductor material}
 - 23/4928 {the materials containing carbon}
 - 23/495 . . . Lead-frames {or other flat leads ([H01L 23/498](#) takes precedence; lead frame interconnections between components [H01L 23/52](#))}
 - 23/49503 {characterised by the die pad}

- 23/49506 {an insulative substrate being used as a diepad, e.g. ceramic, plastic ([H01L 23/49531](#) takes precedence)}
- 23/4951 {Chip-on-leads or leads-on-chip techniques, i.e. inner lead fingers being used as die pad}
- 23/49513 {having bonding material between chip and die pad}
- 23/49517 {Additional leads}
- 23/4952 {the additional leads being a bump or a wire}
- 23/49524 {the additional leads being a tape carrier or flat leads}
- 23/49527 {the additional leads being a multilayer}
- 23/49531 {the additional leads being a wiring board}
- 23/49534 {Multi-layer}
- 23/49537 {Plurality of lead frames mounted in one device}
- 23/49541 {Geometry of the lead-frame}
- 23/49544 {Deformation absorbing parts in the lead frame plane, e.g. meanderline shape ([H01L 23/49562](#) takes precedence)}
- 23/49548 {Cross section geometry ([H01L 23/49562](#) takes precedence)}
- 23/49551 {characterised by bent parts}
- 23/49555 {the bent parts being the outer leads}
- 23/49558 {Insulating layers on lead frames, e.g. bridging members}
- 23/49562 {for devices being provided for in [H01L 29/00](#)}
- 23/49565 {Side rails of the lead frame, e.g. with perforations, sprocket holes}
- 23/49568 {specifically adapted to facilitate heat dissipation}
- 23/49572 {consisting of thin flexible metallic tape with or without a film carrier ([H01L 23/49503](#) - [H01L 23/49568](#) and [H01L 23/49575](#) - [H01L 23/49579](#) take precedence)}
- 23/49575 {Assemblies of semiconductor devices on lead frames}
- 23/49579 {characterised by the materials of the lead frames or layers thereon}
- 23/49582 {Metallic layers on lead frames}
- 23/49586 {Insulating layers on lead frames}
- 23/49589 {Capacitor integral with or on the leadframe}
- 23/49593 {Battery in combination with a leadframe}
- 23/49596 {Oscillators in combination with lead-frames}
- 23/498 Leads, {i.e. metallisations or lead-frames} on insulating substrates, {e.g. chip carriers (shape of the substrate [H01L 23/13](#))}
- 23/49805 {the leads being also applied on the sidewalls or the bottom of the substrate, e.g. leadless packages for surface mounting}
- 23/49811 {Additional leads joined to the metallisation on the insulating substrate, e.g. pins, bumps, wires, flat leads ([H01L 23/49827](#) takes precedence)}
- 23/49816 {Spherical bumps on the substrate for external connection, e.g. ball grid arrays [BGA]}
- 23/49822 {Multilayer substrates ([multilayer metallisation on monolayer substrate \[H01L 23/498\]\(#\)](#))}
- 23/49827 {Via connections through the substrates, e.g. pins going through the substrate, coaxial cables ([H01L 23/49822](#), [H01L 23/49833](#), [H01L 23/4985](#), [H01L 23/49861](#) take precedence)}
- 23/49833 {the chip support structure consisting of a plurality of insulating substrates}
- 23/49838 {Geometry or layout}
- 23/49844 {for devices being provided for in [H01L 29/00](#)}
- 23/4985 {Flexible insulating substrates ([H01L 23/49572](#) and [H01L 23/49855](#) take precedence)}
- 23/49855 {for flat-cards, e.g. credit cards ([cards per se \[G06K 19/00\]\(#\)](#))}
- 23/49861 {Lead-frames fixed on or encapsulated in insulating substrates ([H01L 23/4985](#), [H01L 23/49805](#) take precedence)}
- 23/49866 {characterised by the materials (materials of the substrates [H01L 23/14](#), of the lead-frames [H01L 23/49579](#))}
- 23/49872 {the conductive materials containing semiconductor material}
- 23/49877 {Carbon, e.g. fullerenes ([superconducting fullerenes \[H01L 39/123\]\(#\)](#))}
- 23/49883 {the conductive materials containing organic materials or pastes, e.g. for thick films ([for printed circuits \[H05K 1/092\]\(#\)](#))}
- 23/49888 {the conductive materials containing superconducting material}
- 23/49894 {Materials of the insulating layers or coatings}
- 23/50 for integrated circuit devices, {e.g. power bus, number of leads} ([H01L 23/482](#) - [H01L 23/498](#) take precedence)
- 23/52 Arrangements for conducting electric current within the device in operation from one component to another {, i.e. interconnections, e.g. wires, lead frames ([optical interconnections \[G02B 6/00\]\(#\)](#))}
- 23/522 including external interconnections consisting of a multilayer structure of conductive and insulating layers inseparably formed on the semiconductor body
- 23/5221 {Crossover interconnections}
- 23/5222 {Capacitive arrangements or effects of, or between wiring layers ([other capacitive arrangements \[H01L 23/642\]\(#\)](#))}
- 23/5223 {Capacitor integral with wiring layers}
- 23/5225 {Shielding layers formed together with wiring layers}
- 23/5226 {Via connections in a multilevel interconnection structure}
- 23/5227 {Inductive arrangements or effects of, or between, wiring layers ([other inductive arrangements \[H01L 23/645\]\(#\)](#))}
- 23/5228 {Resistive arrangements or effects of, or between, wiring layers ([other resistive arrangements \[H01L 23/647\]\(#\)](#))}
- 23/525 with adaptable interconnections
- 23/5252 {comprising anti-fuses, i.e. connections having their state changed from non-conductive to conductive}

- 23/5254 {the change of state resulting from the use of an external beam, e.g. laser beam or ion beam}
- 23/5256 {comprising fuses, i.e. connections having their state changed from conductive to non-conductive}
- 23/5258 {the change of state resulting from the use of an external beam, e.g. laser beam or ion beam}
- 23/528 . . . {Geometry or} layout of the interconnection structure {(H01L 27/0207 takes precedence; algorithms G06F 30/00)}
- 23/5283 {Cross-sectional geometry}
- 23/5286 {Arrangements of power or ground buses}
- 23/532 . . . characterised by the materials
- 23/53204 {Conductive materials}
- 23/53209 {based on metals, e.g. alloys, metal silicides (H01L 23/53285 takes precedence)}
- 23/53214 {the principal metal being aluminium}
- 23/53219 {Aluminium alloys}
- 23/53223 {Additional layers associated with aluminium layers, e.g. adhesion, barrier, cladding layers}
- 23/53228 {the principal metal being copper}
- 23/53233 {Copper alloys}
- 23/53238 {Additional layers associated with copper layers, e.g. adhesion, barrier, cladding layers}
- 23/53242 {the principal metal being a noble metal, e.g. gold}
- 23/53247 {Noble-metal alloys}
- 23/53252 {Additional layers associated with noble-metal layers, e.g. adhesion, barrier, cladding layers}
- 23/53257 {the principal metal being a refractory metal}
- 23/53261 {Refractory-metal alloys}
- 23/53266 {Additional layers associated with refractory-metal layers, e.g. adhesion, barrier, cladding layers}
- 23/53271 {containing semiconductor material, e.g. polysilicon}
- 23/53276 {containing carbon, e.g. fullerenes (superconducting fullerenes H01L 39/123)}
- 23/5328 {containing conductive organic materials or pastes, e.g. conductive adhesives, inks}
- 23/53285 {containing superconducting materials}
- 23/5329 {Insulating materials}
- 23/53295 {Stacked insulating layers}
- 23/535 . . . including internal interconnections, e.g. cross-under constructions {(internal lead connections H01L 23/481)}
- 23/538 . . . the interconnection structure between a plurality of semiconductor chips being formed on, or in, insulating substrates ({H05K takes precedence; manufacture or treatment H01L 21/4846} ; mountings per se H01L 23/12; {materials H01L 23/49866})
- 23/5381 . . . {Crossover interconnections, e.g. bridge stepovers}
- 23/5382 . . . {Adaptable interconnections, e.g. for engineering changes}
- 23/5383 . . . {Multilayer substrates (H01L 23/5385 takes precedence; multilayer metallisation on monolayer substrates H01L 23/538)}
- 23/5384 . . . {Conductive vias through the substrate with or without pins, e.g. buried coaxial conductors (H01L 23/5383, H01L 23/5385 take precedence; pins attached to insulating substrates H01L 23/49811)}
- 23/5385 . . . {Assembly of a plurality of insulating substrates}
- 23/5386 . . . {Geometry or layout of the interconnection structure}
- 23/5387 . . . {Flexible insulating substrates (H01L 23/5388 takes precedence)}
- 23/5388 . . . {for flat cards, e.g. credit cards (cards per se G06K 19/00)}
- 23/5389 . . . {the chips being integrally enclosed by the interconnect and support structures}
- 23/544 . Marks applied to semiconductor devices {or parts}, e.g. registration marks, {alignment structures, wafer maps (test patterns for characterising or monitoring manufacturing processes H01L 22/00)}
- NOTE**
- When classifying in group H01L 23/544, details are to be further indexed by using the indexing codes chosen from H01L 2223/544 and subgroups
- 23/552 . Protection against radiation, e.g. light {or electromagnetic waves}
- 23/556 . . against alpha rays
- 23/562 . {Protection against mechanical damage (H01L 23/02, H01L 23/28 take precedence)}
- 23/564 . {Details not otherwise provided for, e.g. protection against moisture (getters H01L 23/26)}
- 23/57 . {Protection from inspection, reverse engineering or tampering}
- 23/573 . . {using passive means}
- 23/576 . . {using active circuits}
- 23/58 . Structural electrical arrangements for semiconductor devices not otherwise provided for {, e.g. in combination with batteries (H01L 23/49593, H01L 23/49596 take precedence)}
- 23/585 . . {comprising conductive layers or plates or strips or rods or rings (H01L 23/60, H01L 23/62, H01L 23/64, H01L 23/66 take precedence)}
- 23/60 . . Protection against electrostatic charges or discharges, e.g. Faraday shields
- 23/62 . . Protection against overvoltage, e.g. fuses, shunts
- 23/64 . . Impedance arrangements
- 23/642 . . . {Capacitive arrangements (H01L 23/49589, H01L 23/645, H01L 23/647, H01L 23/66 take precedence; capacitive effects between wiring layers on the semiconductor body H01L 23/5222)}
- 23/645 . . . {Inductive arrangements (H01L 23/647, H01L 23/66 take precedence)}
- 23/647 . . . {Resistive arrangements (H01L 23/66, H01L 23/62 take precedence)}
- 23/66 . . . High-frequency adaptations
- NOTE**
- When classifying in group H01L 23/66, details are to be further indexed by using the

H01L

H01L 23/66
(continued)

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| | indexing codes chosen from H01L 2223/66 and subgroups | 24/09 | {of a plurality of bonding areas} |
| | | 24/10 | . . {Bump connectors (bumps on insulating substrates, e.g. chip carriers, H01L 23/49816); Manufacturing methods related thereto} |
| 24/00 | {Arrangements for connecting or disconnecting semiconductor or solid-state bodies; Methods or apparatus related thereto} | 24/11 | . . . {Manufacturing methods (for bumps on insulating substrates H01L 21/4853)} |
| | NOTES | 24/12 | . . . {Structure, shape, material or disposition of the bump connectors prior to the connecting process} |
| | 1. This group <u>does not cover</u> : | 24/13 | {of an individual bump connector} |
| | • details of semiconductor bodies or of electrodes of devices provided for in group H01L 29/00 , which details are covered by that group; | 24/14 | {of a plurality of bump connectors} |
| | • details peculiar to devices provided for in a single main group of groups H01L 31/00 - H01L 51/00 , which details are covered by those groups. | 24/15 | . . . {Structure, shape, material or disposition of the bump connectors after the connecting process} |
| | • printed circuits, which are covered by groups H05K 1/00 - H05K 1/189 ; | 24/16 | {of an individual bump connector} |
| | • apparatus or manufacturing processes for printed circuits, which are covered by groups H05K 3/00 - H05K 3/4685 ; | 24/17 | {of a plurality of bump connectors} |
| | • manufacture or treatment of parts, which are covered by group H01L 21/48 and subgroups except H01L 21/4885 - H01L 21/4896 ; | 24/18 | . . {High density interconnect [HDI] connectors; Manufacturing methods related thereto (interconnection structure between a plurality of semiconductor chips H01L 23/5389)} |
| | • assemblies of semiconductor devices, which are covered by groups H01L 21/50 - H01L 21/568 ; | 24/19 | . . . {Manufacturing methods of high density interconnect preforms} |
| | • applying interconnections to be used for carrying current between separate components within a device, which is covered by group H01L 21/768 and subgroups; | 24/20 | . . . {Structure, shape, material or disposition of high density interconnect preforms} |
| | • containers or seals, which are covered by groups H01L 23/02 - H01L 23/10 ; | 24/23 | . . . {Structure, shape, material or disposition of the high density interconnect connectors after the connecting process} |
| | • mountings, which are covered by groups H01L 23/12 - H01L 23/15 and subgroups; | 24/24 | {of an individual high density interconnect connector} |
| | • arrangements for cooling, heating, ventilating or temperature compensation, which are covered by groups H01L 23/34 - H01L 23/4735 ; | 24/25 | {of a plurality of high density interconnect connectors} |
| | • arrangements for conducting electric current, which are covered by groups H01L 23/48 - H01L 23/50 , and by groups H01L 23/52 - H01L 23/5389 ; | 24/26 | . . {Layer connectors, e.g. plate connectors, solder or adhesive layers; Manufacturing methods related thereto} |
| | • structural electrical arrangements, which are covered by groups H01L 24/80 - H01L 23/66 ; | 24/27 | . . . {Manufacturing methods} |
| | • assemblies of semiconductor or other solid state devices, which are covered by groups H01L 25/00 - H01L 25/18 . | 24/28 | . . . {Structure, shape, material or disposition of the layer connectors prior to the connecting process} |
| | 2. In this group the following indexing codes are used : H01L 24/00 , H01L 2224/00 , H01L 2924/00 , and subgroups thereof | 24/29 | {of an individual layer connector} |
| 24/01 | . {Means for bonding being attached to, or being formed on, the surface to be connected, e.g. chip-to-package, die-attach, "first-level" interconnects; Manufacturing methods related thereto} | 24/30 | {of a plurality of layer connectors} |
| 24/02 | . . {Bonding areas (on insulating substrates, e.g. chip carriers, H01L 23/49816 , H01L 23/49838 , H01L 23/5389); Manufacturing methods related thereto} | 24/31 | . . . {Structure, shape, material or disposition of the layer connectors after the connecting process} |
| 24/03 | . . . {Manufacturing methods} | 24/32 | {of an individual layer connector} |
| 24/04 | . . . {Structure, shape, material or disposition of the bonding areas prior to the connecting process} | 24/33 | {of a plurality of layer connectors} |
| 24/05 | {of an individual bonding area} | 24/34 | . . {Strap connectors, e.g. copper straps for grounding power devices; Manufacturing methods related thereto} |
| 24/06 | {of a plurality of bonding areas} | 24/35 | . . . {Manufacturing methods} |
| 24/07 | . . . {Structure, shape, material or disposition of the bonding areas after the connecting process} | 24/36 | . . . {Structure, shape, material or disposition of the strap connectors prior to the connecting process} |
| 24/08 | {of an individual bonding area} | 24/37 | {of an individual strap connector} |
| | | 24/38 | {of a plurality of strap connectors} |
| | | 24/39 | . . . {Structure, shape, material or disposition of the strap connectors after the connecting process} |
| | | 24/40 | {of an individual strap connector} |
| | | 24/41 | {of a plurality of strap connectors} |
| | | 24/42 | . . {Wire connectors; Manufacturing methods related thereto} |
| | | 24/43 | . . . {Manufacturing methods} |
| | | 24/44 | . . . {Structure, shape, material or disposition of the wire connectors prior to the connecting process} |
| | | 24/45 | {of an individual wire connector} |
| | | 24/46 | {of a plurality of wire connectors} |

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| 24/47 | . . . {Structure, shape, material or disposition of the wire connectors after the connecting process} | 24/85 | . . {using a wire connector (wire bonding in general B23K 20/004)} |
| 24/48 | {of an individual wire connector} | 24/86 | . . {using tape automated bonding [TAB]} |
| 24/49 | {of a plurality of wire connectors} | 24/89 | . . {using at least one connector not provided for in any of the groups H01L 24/81 - H01L 24/86 } |
| 24/50 | . . {Tape automated bonding [TAB] connectors, i.e. film carriers; Manufacturing methods related thereto (thin flexible metallic tape with or without a film carrier H01L 23/49572 , flexible insulating substrates H01L 23/4985 , H01L 23/5387)} | 24/90 | . {Methods for connecting semiconductor or solid state bodies using means for bonding not being attached to, or not being formed on, the body surface to be connected, e.g. pressure contacts using springs or clips} |
| 24/63 | . . {Connectors not provided for in any of the groups H01L 24/10 - H01L 24/50 and subgroups; Manufacturing methods related thereto} | 24/91 | . {Methods for connecting semiconductor or solid state bodies including different methods provided for in two or more of groups H01L 24/80 - H01L 24/90 } |
| 24/64 | . . . {Manufacturing methods} | 24/92 | . . {Specific sequence of method steps} |
| 24/65 | . . . {Structure, shape, material or disposition of the connectors prior to the connecting process} | 24/93 | . {Batch processes} |
| 24/66 | {of an individual connector} | 24/94 | . . {at wafer-level, i.e. with connecting carried out on a wafer comprising a plurality of undiced individual devices} |
| 24/67 | {of a plurality of connectors} | 24/95 | . . {at chip-level, i.e. with connecting carried out on a plurality of singulated devices, i.e. on diced chips} |
| 24/68 | . . . {Structure, shape, material or disposition of the connectors after the connecting process} | 24/96 | . . . {the devices being encapsulated in a common layer, e.g. neo-wafer or pseudo-wafer, said common layer being separable into individual assemblies after connecting} |
| 24/69 | {of an individual connector} | 24/97 | . . . {the devices being connected to a common substrate, e.g. interposer, said common substrate being separable into individual assemblies after connecting} |
| 24/70 | {of a plurality of connectors} | 24/98 | . {Methods for disconnecting semiconductor or solid-state bodies} |
| 24/71 | . {Means for bonding not being attached to, or not being formed on, the surface to be connected (holders for supporting the complete device in operation H01L 23/32)} | 25/00 | Assemblies consisting of a plurality of individual semiconductor or other solid state devices {; Multistep manufacturing processes thereof}(devices consisting of a plurality of solid state components formed in or on a common substrate H01L 27/00; photovoltaic modules or arrays of photovoltaic cells H01L 31/042 {; panels or arrays of photo electrochemical cells H01G 9/2068)} |
| 24/72 | . . {Detachable connecting means consisting of mechanical auxiliary parts connecting the device, e.g. pressure contacts using springs or clips} | 25/03 | . all the devices being of a type provided for in the same subgroup of groups H01L 27/00 - H01L 51/00 , e.g. assemblies of rectifier diodes |
| 24/73 | . {Means for bonding being of different types provided for in two or more of groups H01L 24/10 , H01L 24/18 , H01L 24/26 , H01L 24/34 , H01L 24/42 , H01L 24/50 , H01L 24/63 , H01L 24/71 } | 25/04 | . . the devices not having separate containers |
| 24/74 | . {Apparatus for manufacturing arrangements for connecting or disconnecting semiconductor or solid-state bodies} | 25/041 | . . . {the devices being of a type provided for in group H01L 31/00 } |
| 24/741 | . . {Apparatus for manufacturing means for bonding, e.g. connectors} | 25/042 | {the devices being arranged next to each other (solar cells H01L 31/042)} |
| 24/742 | . . . {Apparatus for manufacturing bump connectors} | 25/043 | {Stacked arrangements of devices} |
| 24/743 | . . . {Apparatus for manufacturing layer connectors} | 25/046 | . . . {the devices being of a type provided for in group H01L 51/00 } |
| 24/744 | . . . {Apparatus for manufacturing strap connectors} | 25/047 | {the devices being of a type provided for in group H01L 51/42 , e.g. photovoltaic modules based on organic solar cells} |
| 24/745 | . . . {Apparatus for manufacturing wire connectors} | 25/048 | {the devices being of a type provided for in group H01L 51/50 , e.g. assembly of organic light emitting devices} |
| 24/75 | . . {Apparatus for connecting with bump connectors or layer connectors} | 25/065 | . . . the devices being of a type provided for in group H01L 27/00 |
| 24/76 | . . {Apparatus for connecting with build-up interconnects} | | NOTE |
| 24/77 | . . {Apparatus for connecting with strap connectors} | | Group H01L 25/0652 takes precedence over groups H01L 25/0655 and H01L 25/0657 |
| 24/78 | . . {Apparatus for connecting with wire connectors} | | |
| 24/79 | . . {Apparatus for Tape Automated Bonding [TAB]} | | |
| 24/799 | . . {Apparatus for disconnecting} | | |
| 24/80 | . {Methods for connecting semiconductor or other solid state bodies using means for bonding being attached to, or being formed on, the surface to be connected} | | |
| 24/81 | . . {using a bump connector} | | |
| 24/82 | . . {by forming build-up interconnects at chip-level, e.g. for high density interconnects [HDI] (interconnection structure between a plurality of semiconductor chips H01L 23/5389)} | | |
| 24/83 | . . {using a layer connector} | | |
| 24/84 | . . {using a strap connector} | | |

- 25/0652 {the devices being arranged next and on each other, i.e. mixed assemblies}
- 25/0655 {the devices being arranged next to each other}
- 25/0657 {Stacked arrangements of devices}
- 25/07 . . . the devices being of a type provided for in group [H01L 29/00](#)

NOTE

Group [H01L 25/071](#) takes precedence over groups [H01L 25/072](#) - [H01L 25/074](#)

- 25/071 {the devices being arranged next and on each other, i.e. mixed assemblies}
- 25/072 {the devices being arranged next to each other}
- 25/073 {Apertured devices mounted on one or more rods passed through the apertures}
- 25/074 {Stacked arrangements of non-apertured devices}
- 25/075 . . . the devices being of a type provided for in group [H01L 33/00](#)
- 25/0753 {the devices being arranged next to each other}
- 25/0756 {Stacked arrangements of devices}
- 25/10 . . the devices having separate containers
- 25/105 . . . {the devices being of a type provided for in group [H01L 27/00](#)}

NOTE

When classifying in group [H01L 25/105](#), details of the assemblies are to be further indexed by using the indexing codes chosen from [H01L 2225/1005](#) and subgroups

- 25/11 . . . the devices being of a type provided for in group [H01L 29/00](#)

NOTE

Group [H01L 25/112](#) takes precedence over groups [H01L 25/115](#) and [H01L 25/117](#)

- 25/112 {Mixed assemblies}
- 25/115 {the devices being arranged next to each other}
- 25/117 {Stacked arrangements of devices}
- 25/13 . . . the devices being of a type provided for in group [H01L 33/00](#)
- 25/16 . . the devices being of types provided for in two or more different main groups of [H01L 27/00](#) - [H01L 49/00](#) {and [H01L 51/00](#)}, e.g. forming hybrid circuits {(interconnections for hybrid circuits [H01L 23/5389](#))}
- 25/162 . . {the devices being mounted on two or more different substrates}
- 25/165 . . {Containers}
- 25/167 . . {comprising optoelectronic devices, e.g. LED, photodiodes}
- 25/18 . . the devices being of types provided for in two or more different subgroups of the same main group of groups [H01L 27/00](#) - [H01L 51/00](#) {(comprising devices provided for in [H01L 27/144](#) and subgroups, see [H01L 27/144](#) and subgroups)}

- 25/50 . . {Multistep manufacturing processes of assemblies consisting of devices, each device being of a type provided for in group [H01L 27/00](#) or [H01L 29/00](#) ([H01L 21/50](#) takes precedence)}

27/00

Devices consisting of a plurality of semiconductor or other solid-state components formed in or on a common substrate (details thereof [H01L 23/00](#), [H01L 29/00](#) - [H01L 51/00](#); assemblies consisting of a plurality of individual solid state devices [H01L 25/00](#))

NOTES

1. In this group, with the exception of groups [H01L 27/115](#) - [H01L 27/11597](#), the last place priority rule is applied, i.e. at each hierarchical level, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, classification is made in the last appropriate place.
2. When classifying in this group, subject matter relating to electrically programmable read-only memories is classified in group [H01L 27/115](#), irrespective of the last place priority rule.

27/01

- . . comprising only passive thin-film or thick-film elements formed on a common insulating substrate {(passive two-terminal components without a potential-jump or surface barrier for integrated circuits, details thereof and multistep manufacturing processes therefor [H01L 28/00](#))}

NOTE

In groups [H01L 27/01](#) - [H01L 27/26](#), in the absence of an indication to the contrary, classification is made in the last appropriate place.

27/013

- . . {Thick-film circuits}

27/016

- . . {Thin-film circuits}

27/02

- . . including semiconductor components specially adapted for rectifying, oscillating, amplifying or switching and having at least one potential-jump barrier or surface barrier; including integrated passive circuit elements with at least one potential-jump barrier or surface barrier

27/0203

- . . {Particular design considerations for integrated circuits}

27/0207

- . . . {Geometrical layout of the components, e.g. computer aided design; custom LSI, semi-custom LSI, standard cell technique}

27/0211

- {adapted for requirements of temperature}

27/0214

- . . . {for internal polarisation, e.g. I2L}

27/0218

- {of field effect structures}

27/0222

- {Charge pumping, substrate bias generation structures}

27/0225

- {Charge injection in static induction transistor logic structures [SITL]}

27/0229

- {of bipolar structures}

27/0233

- {Integrated injection logic structures [I2L]}

27/0237

- {using vertical injector structures}

27/024

- {using field effect injector structures}

27/0244

- {I2L structures integrated in combination with analog structures}

27/0248

- . . . {for electrical or thermal protection, e.g. electrostatic discharge [ESD] protection}

27/0251

- {for MOS devices}

| | | | | | |
|---------|-----------|--|---------|-----------|--|
| 27/0255 | | {using diodes as protective elements} | 27/0658 | | {Vertical bipolar transistor in combination with resistors or capacitors} |
| 27/0259 | | {using bipolar transistors as protective elements} | 27/0664 | | {Vertical bipolar transistor in combination with diodes} |
| 27/0262 | | {including a PNP transistor and a NPN transistor, wherein each of said transistors has its base coupled to the collector of the other transistor, e.g. silicon controlled rectifier [SCR] devices} | 27/067 | | {Lateral bipolar transistor in combination with diodes, or capacitors, or resistors} |
| 27/0266 | | {using field effect transistors as protective elements} | 27/0676 | | {comprising combinations of diodes, or capacitors or resistors} |
| 27/027 | | {specially adapted to provide an electrical current path other than the field effect induced current path} | 27/0682 | | {comprising combinations of capacitors and resistors} |
| 27/0274 | | {involving a parasitic bipolar transistor triggered by the electrical biasing of the gate electrode of the field effect transistor, e.g. gate coupled transistors} | 27/0688 | | {Integrated circuits having a three-dimensional layout} |
| 27/0277 | | {involving a parasitic bipolar transistor triggered by the local electrical biasing of the layer acting as base of said parasitic bipolar transistor} | 27/0694 | | {comprising components formed on opposite sides of a semiconductor substrate} |
| 27/0281 | | {field effect transistors in a "Darlington-like" configuration} | 27/07 | | the components having an active region in common |
| 27/0285 | | {bias arrangements for gate electrode of field effect transistors, e.g. RC networks, voltage partitioning circuits (H01L 27/0281 takes precedence)} | 27/0705 | | {comprising components of the field effect type} |
| 27/0288 | | {using passive elements as protective elements, e.g. resistors, capacitors, inductors, spark-gaps} | 27/0711 | | {in combination with bipolar transistors and diodes, or capacitors, or resistors} |
| 27/0292 | | {using a specific configuration of the conducting means connecting the protective devices, e.g. ESD buses} | 27/0716 | | {in combination with vertical bipolar transistors and diodes, or capacitors, or resistors} |
| 27/0296 | | {involving a specific disposition of the protective devices} | 27/0722 | | {in combination with lateral bipolar transistors and diodes, or capacitors, or resistors} |
| 27/04 | . . | the substrate being a semiconductor body | 27/0727 | | {in combination with diodes, or capacitors or resistors} |
| 27/06 | . . . | including a plurality of individual components in a non-repetitive configuration | 27/0733 | | {in combination with capacitors only} |
| 27/0605 | | {integrated circuits made of compound material, e.g. $A_{III}B_V$ } | 27/0738 | | {in combination with resistors only} |
| 27/0611 | | {integrated circuits having a two-dimensional layout of components without a common active region} | 27/0744 | | {without components of the field effect type} |
| 27/0617 | | {comprising components of the field-effect type (H01L 27/0251 takes precedence)} | 27/075 | | {Bipolar transistors in combination with diodes, or capacitors, or resistors, e.g. lateral bipolar transistor, and vertical bipolar transistor and resistor} |
| 27/0623 | | {in combination with bipolar transistors} | 27/0755 | | {Vertical bipolar transistor in combination with diodes, or capacitors, or resistors} |
| 27/0629 | | {in combination with diodes, or resistors, or capacitors} | 27/0761 | | {Vertical bipolar transistor in combination with diodes only} |
| 27/0635 | | {in combination with bipolar transistors and diodes, or resistors, or capacitors} | 27/0766 | | {with Schottky diodes only} |
| 27/0641 | | {without components of the field effect type} | 27/0772 | | {Vertical bipolar transistor in combination with resistors only} |
| 27/0647 | | {Bipolar transistors in combination with diodes, or capacitors, or resistors, e.g. vertical bipolar transistor and bipolar lateral transistor and resistor} | 27/0777 | | {Vertical bipolar transistor in combination with capacitors only} |
| 27/0652 | | {Vertical bipolar transistor in combination with diodes, or capacitors, or resistors} | 27/0783 | | {Lateral bipolar transistors in combination with diodes, or capacitors, or resistors} |
| | | | 27/0788 | | {comprising combinations of diodes or capacitors or resistors} |
| | | | 27/0794 | | {Combinations of capacitors and resistors} |
| | | | 27/08 | . . . | including only semiconductor components of a single kind |
| | | | 27/0802 | | {Resistors only} |
| | | | 27/0805 | | {Capacitors only} |
| | | | 27/0808 | | {Varactor diodes} |
| | | | 27/0811 | | {MIS diodes} |
| | | | 27/0814 | | {Diodes only} |
| | | | 27/0817 | | {Thyristors only} |

| | | | | | |
|---------|-----------|--|---|-----------|---|
| 27/082 | | including bipolar components only | 27/105 | | including field-effect components |
| 27/0821 | | {Combination of lateral and vertical transistors only} | NOTE | | |
| 27/0823 | | {including vertical bipolar transistors only} | In this group and its subgroups classification is made in any appropriate place | | |
| 27/0825 | | {Combination of vertical direct transistors of the same conductivity type having different characteristics, (e.g. Darlington transistors)} | 27/1052 | | {Memory structures and multistep manufacturing processes therefor not provided for in groups H01L 27/1055 - H01L 27/112 } |
| 27/0826 | | {Combination of vertical complementary transistors} | 27/1055 | | {comprising charge coupled devices of the so-called bucket brigade type} |
| 27/0828 | | {Combination of direct and inverse vertical transistors} | 27/1057 | | {comprising charge coupled devices [CCD] or charge injection devices [CID]} |
| 27/085 | | including field-effect components only | 27/108 | | Dynamic random access memory structures |
| 27/088 | | the components being field-effect transistors with insulated gate | 27/10802 | | {comprising floating-body transistors, e.g. floating-body cells} |
| 27/0883 | | {Combination of depletion and enhancement field effect transistors} | 27/10805 | | {with one-transistor one-capacitor memory cells} |
| 27/0886 | | {including transistors with a horizontal current flow in a vertical sidewall of a semiconductor body, e.g. FinFET, MuGFET} | 27/10808 | | {the storage electrode stacked over transistor} |
| 27/092 | | complementary MIS field-effect transistors | 27/10811 | | {with bit line higher than capacitor} |
| 27/0921 | | {Means for preventing a bipolar, e.g. thyristor, action between the different transistor regions, e.g. Latchup prevention} | 27/10814 | | {with capacitor higher than bit line level} |
| 27/0922 | | {Combination of complementary transistors having a different structure, e.g. stacked CMOS, high-voltage and low-voltage CMOS} | 27/10817 | | {the storage electrode having multiple wings} |
| 27/0924 | | {including transistors with a horizontal current flow in a vertical sidewall of a semiconductor body, e.g. FinFET, MuGFET} | 27/1082 | | {the capacitor extending under transfer transistor area} |
| 27/0925 | | {comprising an N-well only in the substrate} | 27/10823 | | {the transistor having a trench structure in the substrate} |
| 27/0927 | | {comprising a P-well only in the substrate} | 27/10826 | | {the transistor being of the FinFET type} |
| 27/0928 | | {comprising both N- and P- wells in the substrate, e.g. twin-tub} | 27/10829 | | {the capacitor being in a substrate trench} |
| 27/095 | | the components being Schottky barrier gate field-effect transistors | 27/10832 | | {the capacitor extending under or around transfer transistor area} |
| 27/098 | | the components being PN junction gate field-effect transistors | 27/10835 | | {having storage electrode extension stacked over transistor} |
| 27/10 | . . . | including a plurality of individual components in a repetitive configuration | 27/10838 | | {the capacitor and the transistor being in one trench} |
| 27/101 | | {including resistors or capacitors only} | 27/10841 | | {the transistor being vertical} |
| 27/102 | | including bipolar components | 27/10844 | | {Multistep manufacturing methods} |
| 27/1021 | | {including diodes only} | 27/10847 | | {for structures comprising one transistor one-capacitor memory cells} |
| 27/1022 | | {including bipolar transistors} | 27/1085 | | {with at least one step of making the capacitor or connections thereto} |
| 27/1023 | | {Bipolar dynamic random access memory structures} | 27/10852 | | {the capacitor extending over the access transistor} |
| 27/1024 | | {Arrays of single bipolar transistors only, e.g. read only memory structures} | 27/10855 | | {with at least one step of making a connection between transistor and capacitor, e.g. plug} |
| 27/1025 | | {Static bipolar memory cell structures} | 27/10858 | | {the capacitor extending under the access transistor area} |
| 27/1026 | | {Bipolar electrically programmable memory structures (using fuses H01L 23/525) } | 27/10861 | | {the capacitor being in a substrate trench} |
| 27/1027 | | {Thyristors} | 27/10864 | | {in combination with a vertical transistor} |
| 27/1028 | | {Double base diodes} | | | |

| | | | | | |
|----------|-----------|---|----------|-----------|--|
| 27/10867 | | {with at least one step of making a connection between transistor and capacitor, e.g. buried strap} | 27/115 | | Electrically programmable read-only memories; Multistep manufacturing processes therefor |
| 27/1087 | | {with at least one step of making the trench} | 27/11502 | | with ferroelectric memory capacitors |
| 27/10873 | | {with at least one step of making the transistor} | 27/11504 | | characterised by the top-view layout |
| 27/10876 | | {the transistor having a trench structure in the substrate (vertical transistor in combination with a capacitor formed in a substrate trench H01L 27/10864)} | 27/11507 | | characterised by the memory core region |
| 27/10879 | | {the transistor being of the FinFET type} | 27/11509 | | characterised by the peripheral circuit region |
| 27/10882 | | {with at least one step of making a data line} | 27/11512 | | characterised by the boundary region between the core and peripheral circuit regions |
| 27/10885 | | {with at least one step of making a bit line} | 27/11514 | | characterised by the three-dimensional arrangements, e.g. with cells on different height levels |
| 27/10888 | | {with at least one step of making a bit line contact} | 27/11517 | | with floating gate |
| 27/10891 | | {with at least one step of making a word line} | 27/11519 | | characterised by the top-view layout |
| 27/10894 | | {with simultaneous manufacture of periphery and memory cells} | 27/11521 | | characterised by the memory core region (three-dimensional arrangements H01L 27/11551) |
| 27/10897 | | {Peripheral structures} | 27/11524 | | with cell select transistors, e.g. NAND |
| 27/11 | | Static random access memory structures | 27/11526 | | characterised by the peripheral circuit region |
| 27/1104 | | {the load element being a MOSFET transistor} | 27/11529 | | of memory regions comprising cell select transistors, e.g. NAND |
| 27/1108 | | {the load element being a thin film transistor} | 27/11531 | | Simultaneous manufacturing of periphery and memory cells |
| 27/1112 | | {the load element being a resistor (resistors for integrated circuits H01L 28/20 , H01L 29/8605)} | 27/11534 | | including only one type of peripheral transistor |
| 27/1116 | | {Peripheral circuit region} | 27/11536 | | with a control gate layer also being used as part of the peripheral transistor |
| 27/112 | | Read-only memory structures {[ROM] and multistep manufacturing processes therefor} | 27/11539 | | with an inter-gate dielectric layer also being used as part of the peripheral transistor |
| 27/11206 | | {Programmable ROM [PROM], e.g. memory cells comprising a transistor and a fuse or an antifuse} | 27/11541 | | with a floating-gate layer also being used as part of the peripheral transistor |
| 27/11213 | | {ROM only} | 27/11543 | | with a tunnel dielectric layer also being used as part of the peripheral transistor |
| 27/1122 | | {with source and drain on the same level, e.g. lateral transistors} | 27/11546 | | including different types of peripheral transistor |
| 27/11226 | | {Source or drain contact programmed} | 27/11548 | | characterised by the boundary region between the core and peripheral circuit regions |
| 27/11233 | | {Gate programmed, e.g. different gate material or no gate} | 27/11551 | | characterised by three-dimensional arrangements, e.g. with cells on different height levels |
| 27/1124 | | {Gate contact programmed} | 27/11553 | | with source and drain on different levels, e.g. with sloping channels |
| 27/11246 | | {Gate dielectric programmed, e.g. different thickness} | 27/11556 | | the channels comprising vertical portions, e.g. U-shaped channels |
| 27/11253 | | {Doping programmed, e.g. mask ROM} | 27/11558 | | the control gate being a doped region, e.g. single-poly memory cells |
| 27/1126 | | {Entire channel doping programmed} | 27/1156 | | the floating gate being an electrode shared by two or more components |
| 27/11266 | | {Source or drain doping programmed} | | | |
| 27/11273 | | {with source and drain on different levels, e.g. vertical channel} | | | |
| 27/1128 | | {with transistors on different levels, e.g. 3D ROM} | | | |
| 27/11286 | | {Peripheral circuit regions} | | | |
| 27/11293 | | {of memory structures of the ROM-only type} | | | |

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|------------|-----------|--|------------|-----------|---|
| 27/11563 | | with charge-trapping gate insulators, e.g. MNOS or NROM | 2027/11838 | | {Implementation of memory functions} |
| 27/11565 | | characterised by the top-view layout | 2027/1184 | | {Implementation of analog circuits} |
| 27/11568 | | characterised by the memory core region (three-dimensional arrangements H01L 27/11578) | 2027/11842 | | {Resistors and capacitors} |
| 27/1157 | | with cell select transistors, e.g. NAND | 2027/11844 | | {Hybrid analog or digital} |
| 27/11573 | | characterised by the peripheral circuit region | 2027/11846 | | {Embedded IO cells} |
| 27/11575 | | characterised by the boundary region between the core and peripheral circuit regions | 2027/11848 | | {Transmission gate} |
| 27/11578 | | characterised by three-dimensional arrangements, e.g. with cells on different height levels | 2027/1185 | | {Porous cells, i.e. pass-through elements} |
| 27/1158 | | with source and drain on different levels, e.g. with sloping channels | 2027/11851 | | {Technology used, i.e. design rules} |
| 27/11582 | | the channels comprising vertical portions, e.g. U-shaped channels | 2027/11853 | | {Sub-micron technology} |
| 27/11585 | | with the gate electrodes comprising a layer used for its ferroelectric memory properties, e.g. metal-ferroelectric-semiconductor [MFS] or metal-ferroelectric-metal-insulator-semiconductor [MFMS] | 2027/11855 | | {Twin-tub technology} |
| 27/11587 | | characterised by the top-view layout | 2027/11857 | | {SOS, SOI technology} |
| 27/1159 | | characterised by the memory core region | 2027/11859 | | {Connectability characteristics, i.e. diffusion and polysilicon geometries} |
| 27/11592 | | characterised by the peripheral circuit region | 2027/11861 | | {Substrate and well contacts} |
| 27/11595 | | characterised by the boundary region between core and peripheral circuit regions | 2027/11862 | | {Horizontal or vertical grid line density} |
| 27/11597 | | characterised by three-dimensional arrangements, e.g. cells on different height levels | 2027/11864 | | {Yield or reliability} |
| 27/118 | | Masterslice integrated circuits | 2027/11866 | | {Gate electrode terminals or contacts} |
| 27/11801 | | {using bipolar technology} | 2027/11868 | | {Macro-architecture} |
| 27/11803 | | {using field effect technology} | 2027/1187 | | {Number of core or basic cells in the macro (RAM, ROM)} |
| 2027/11805 | | {A3B5 or A3B6 gate arrays} | 2027/11872 | | {Distribution function, e.g. Sea of Gates} |
| 27/11807 | | {CMOS gate arrays} | 2027/11874 | | {Layout specification, i.e. inner core region} |
| 2027/11809 | | {Microarchitecture} | 2027/11875 | | {Wiring region, routing} |
| 2027/11811 | | {Basic cell P to N transistor count} | 2027/11877 | | {Avoiding clock-skew or clock-delay} |
| 2027/11812 | | {4-T CMOS basic cell} | 2027/11879 | | {Data lines (buses)} |
| 2027/11814 | | {5-T CMOS basic cell} | 2027/11881 | | {Power supply lines} |
| 2027/11816 | | {6-T CMOS basic cell} | 2027/11883 | | {Levels of metallisation} |
| 2027/11818 | | {7-T CMOS basic cell} | 2027/11885 | | {Two levels of metal} |
| 2027/1182 | | {8-T CMOS basic cell} | 2027/11887 | | {Three levels of metal} |
| 2027/11822 | | {relative P to N transistor sizes} | 2027/11888 | | {More than 3 levels of metal} |
| 2027/11824 | | {for current drive capability} | 2027/1189 | | {Latch-up prevention} |
| 2027/11825 | | {for delay time adaptation} | 2027/11892 | | {Noise prevention (crosstalk)} |
| 2027/11827 | | {for capacitive loading} | 2027/11894 | | {Radiation hardened circuits} |
| 2027/11829 | | {Isolation techniques} | 27/11896 | | {using combined field effect/bipolar technology} |
| 2027/11831 | | {FET isolation} | 27/11898 | | {Input and output buffer/driver structures} |
| 2027/11833 | | {LOCOS} | 27/12 | | the substrate being other than a semiconductor body, e.g. an insulating body |
| 2027/11835 | | {Degree of specialisation for implementing specific functions} | 27/1203 | | {the substrate comprising an insulating body on a semiconductor body, e.g. SOI (three-dimensional layout H01L 27/0688)} |
| 2027/11837 | | {Implementation of digital circuits} | 27/1207 | | {combined with devices in contact with the semiconductor body, i.e. bulk/SOI hybrid circuits} |
| | | | 27/1211 | | {combined with field-effect transistors with a horizontal current flow in a vertical sidewall of a semiconductor body, e.g. FinFET, MuGFET} |

- 27/1214 . . . {comprising a plurality of TFTs formed on a non-semiconducting substrate, e.g. driving circuits for AMLCDs}
- WARNING**
- Group [H01L 27/1218](#) – [H01L 27/1296](#) are incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group [H01L 27/1214](#).
- Groups [H01L 27/1218](#) – [H01L 27/1296](#) and [H01L 27/1214](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.
- 27/1218 {with a particular composition or structure of the substrate}
- 27/1222 {with a particular composition, shape or crystalline structure of the active layer}
- 27/1225 {with semiconductor materials not belonging to the group IV of the periodic table, e.g. InGaZnO}
- 27/1229 {with different crystal properties within a device or between different devices}
- 27/1233 {with different thicknesses of the active layer in different devices}
- 27/1237 {with a different composition, shape, layout or thickness of the gate insulator in different devices}
- 27/124 {with a particular composition, shape or layout of the wiring layers specially adapted to the circuit arrangement, e.g. scanning lines in LCD pixel circuits ([wiring structures per se H01L 23/52](#))}
- 27/1244 {for preventing breakage, peeling or short circuiting}
- 27/1248 {with a particular composition or shape of the interlayer dielectric specially adapted to the circuit arrangement}
- 27/1251 {comprising TFTs having a different architecture, e.g. top- and bottom gate TFTs}
- 27/1255 {integrated with passive devices, e.g. auxiliary capacitors}
- 27/1259 {Multistep manufacturing methods}
- 27/1262 {with a particular formation, treatment or coating of the substrate}
- 27/1266 {the substrate on which the devices are formed not being the final device substrate, e.g. using a temporary substrate}
- 27/127 {with a particular formation, treatment or patterning of the active layer specially adapted to the circuit arrangement}
- 27/1274 {using crystallisation of amorphous semiconductor or recrystallisation of crystalline semiconductor}
- 27/1277 {using a crystallisation promoting species, e.g. local introduction of Ni catalyst}
- 27/1281 {by using structural features to control crystal growth, e.g. placement of grain filters}
- 27/1285 {using control of the annealing or irradiation parameters, e.g. using different scanning direction or intensity for different transistors}
- 27/1288 {employing particular masking sequences or specially adapted masks, e.g. half-tone mask}
- 27/1292 {using liquid deposition, e.g. printing}
- 27/1296 {adapted to increase the uniformity of device parameters}
- 27/13 . . . combined with thin-film or thick-film passive components
- 27/14 . . including semiconductor components sensitive to infra-red radiation, light, electromagnetic radiation of shorter wavelength or corpuscular radiation and specially adapted either for the conversion of the energy of such radiation into electrical energy or for the control of electrical energy by such radiation ([radiation-sensitive components structurally associated with one or more electric light sources only H01L 31/14](#); [couplings of light guides with optoelectronic elements G02B 6/42](#))
- 27/142 . . Energy conversion devices ([photovoltaic modules or arrays of single photovoltaic cells comprising bypass diodes integrated or directly associated with the devices H01L 31/0443](#); [photovoltaic modules composed of a plurality of thin film solar cells deposited on the same substrate H01L 31/046](#))
- 27/1421 . . . {comprising bypass diodes integrated or directly associated with the device, e.g. bypass diode integrated or formed in or on the same substrate as the solar cell}
- 27/144 . . Devices controlled by radiation
- 27/1443 . . . {with at least one potential jump or surface barrier}
- 27/1446 . . . {in a repetitive configuration}
- 27/146 . . . Imager structures
- 27/14601 {Structural or functional details thereof}
- 27/14603 {Special geometry or disposition of pixel-elements, address-lines or gate-electrodes}
- 27/14605 {Structural or functional details relating to the position of the pixel elements, e.g. smaller pixel elements in the center of the imager compared to pixel elements at the periphery}
- 27/14607 {Geometry of the photosensitive area}
- 27/14609 {Pixel-elements with integrated switching, control, storage or amplification elements ([scanning details of imagers H04N 3/15](#); [circuitry of imagers H04N 5/369](#))}
- 27/1461 {characterised by the photosensitive area}
- 27/14612 {involving a transistor}
- 27/14614 {having a special gate structure}
- 27/14616 {characterised by the channel of the transistor, e.g. channel having a doping gradient}
- 27/14618 {Containers}
- 27/1462 {Coatings}
- 27/14621 {Colour filter arrangements}
- 27/14623 {Optical shielding}
- 27/14625 {Optical elements or arrangements associated with the device}
- 27/14627 {Microlenses}
- 27/14629 {Reflectors}
- 27/1463 {Pixel isolation structures}
- 27/14632 {Wafer-level processed structures}

- 27/14634 {Assemblies, i.e. Hybrid structures}
- 27/14636 {Interconnect structures}
- 27/14638 {Structures specially adapted for transferring the charges across the imager perpendicular to the imaging plane}
- 27/1464 {Back illuminated imager structures}
- 27/14641 {Electronic components shared by two or more pixel-elements, e.g. one amplifier shared by two pixel elements}
- 27/14643 {Photodiode arrays; MOS imagers}
- 27/14645 {Colour imagers}
- 27/14647 {Multicolour imagers having a stacked pixel-element structure, e.g. npn, npnpn or MQW elements}
- 27/14649 {Infra-red imagers}
- 27/1465 {of the hybrid type}
- 27/14652 {Multispectral infra-red imagers, having a stacked pixel-element structure, e.g. npn, npnpn or MQW structures}
- 27/14654 {Blooming suppression}
- 27/14656 {Overflow drain structures}
- 27/14658 {X-ray, gamma-ray or corpuscular radiation imagers (measuring X-, gamma- or corpuscular radiation [G01T 1/00](#))}
- 27/14659 {Direct radiation imagers structures}
- 27/14661 {of the hybrid type}
- 27/14663 {Indirect radiation imagers, e.g. using luminescent members}
- 27/14665 {Imagers using a photoconductor layer}
- 27/14667 {Colour imagers}
- 27/14669 {Infra-red imagers}
- 27/1467 {of the hybrid type}
- 27/14672 {Blooming suppression}
- 27/14674 {Overflow drain structures}
- 27/14676 {X-ray, gamma-ray or corpuscular radiation imagers (measuring X-, gamma- or corpuscular radiation [G01T 1/00](#))}
- 27/14678 {Contact-type imagers}
- 27/14679 {Junction field effect transistor [JFET] imagers; static induction transistor [SIT] imagers}
- 27/14681 {Bipolar transistor imagers}
- 27/14683 {Processes or apparatus peculiar to the manufacture or treatment of these devices or parts thereof (not peculiar thereto [H01L 21/00](#))}
- 27/14685 {Process for coatings or optical elements}
- 27/14687 {Wafer level processing}
- 27/14689 {MOS based technologies}
- 27/1469 {Assemblies, i.e. hybrid integration}
- 27/14692 {Thin film technologies, e.g. amorphous, poly, micro- or nanocrystalline silicon}
- 27/14694 {The active layers comprising only $A_{III}B_V$ compounds, e.g. GaAs, InP}
- 27/14696 {The active layers comprising only $A_{II}B_{VI}$ compounds, e.g. CdS, ZnS, CdTe}
- 27/14698 {Post-treatment for the devices, e.g. annealing, impurity-gettering, shor-circuit elimination, recrystallisation}
- 27/148 Charge coupled imagers {(individual charge coupled devices [H01L 29/765](#))}
- 27/14806 {Structural or functional details thereof}
- 27/14812 {Special geometry or disposition of pixel-elements, address lines or gate-electrodes}
- 27/14818 {Optical shielding}
- 27/14825 {Linear CCD imagers}
- 27/14831 {Area CCD imagers}
- 27/14837 {Frame-interline transfer}
- 27/14843 {Interline transfer}
- 27/1485 {Frame transfer}
- 27/14856 {Time-delay and integration}
- 27/14862 {CID imagers}
- 27/14868 {CCD or CID colour imagers}
- 27/14875 {Infra-red CCD or CID imagers}
- 27/14881 {of the hybrid type}
- 27/14887 {Blooming suppression}
- 27/14893 {comprising a photoconductive layer deposited on the CCD structure}
- 27/15 including semiconductor components with at least one potential-jump barrier or surface barrier specially adapted for light emission {(monolithically integrated components including semiconductor laser components [H01S 5/026](#))}
- 27/153 {in a repetitive configuration, e.g. LED bars}
- 27/156 {two-dimensional arrays}
- 27/16 including thermoelectric components with or without a junction of dissimilar materials; including thermomagnetic components (using the Peltier effect only for cooling of semiconductor or other solid state devices [H01L 23/38](#))
- 27/18 including components exhibiting superconductivity
- 27/20 including piezo-electric components; including electrostrictive components; including magnetostrictive components
- 27/22 including components using galvano-magnetic effects, e.g. Hall effects; using similar magnetic field effects
- 27/222 {Magnetic non-volatile memory structures, e.g. MRAM}
- 27/224 {comprising two-terminal components, e.g. diodes, MIM elements}
- 27/226 {comprising multi-terminal components, e.g. transistors}
- 27/228 {of the field-effect transistor type}
- 27/24 including solid state components for rectifying, amplifying or switching without a potential-jump barrier or surface barrier, {e.g. resistance switching non-volatile memory structures}
- 27/2409 {comprising two-terminal selection components, e.g. diodes}
- 27/2418 {of the metal-insulator-metal type}
- 27/2427 {of the Ovonic threshold switching type}
- 27/2436 {comprising multi-terminal selection components, e.g. transistors}
- 27/2445 {of the bipolar type}
- 27/2454 {of the vertical channel field-effect transistor type}
- 27/2463 {Arrangements comprising multiple bistable or multistable switching components of the same type on a plane parallel to the substrate, e.g. cross-point arrays, details of the horizontal layout}
- 27/2472 {the switching components having a common active material layer}

- 27/2481 . . . {arranged in a direction perpendicular to the substrate, e.g. 3D cell arrays, details of the vertical layout}
- 27/249 . . . {the switching components being connected to a common vertical conductor}
- 27/26 . including bulk negative resistance effect components
- 27/265 . . {Gunn effect devices}
- 27/28 . including components using organic materials as the active part, or using a combination of organic materials with other materials as the active part
- 27/281 . . {Integrated circuits having a three-dimensional layout}
- 27/283 . . {comprising components of the field-effect type}
- 27/285 . . {Integrated circuits with a common active layer, e.g. cross point devices}
- 27/286 . . {with an active region comprising an inorganic semiconductor}
- 27/288 . . {Combination of organic light sensitive components with organic light emitting components, e.g. optocoupler}
- 27/30 . . with components specially adapted for sensing infra-red radiation, light, electromagnetic radiation of shorter wavelength, or corpuscular radiation; with components specially adapted for either the conversion of the energy of such radiation into electrical energy or for the control of electrical energy by such radiation {combination of organic light sensitive components with organic light emitting components, e.g. optocoupler [H01L 27/288](#)}
- 27/301 . . . {Energy conversion devices}
- 27/302 . . . {comprising multiple junctions, e.g. tandem cells}
- 27/304 . . . {in form of a fiber or a tube, e.g. photovoltaic fibers}
- 27/305 . . . {Devices controlled by radiation}
- 27/307 . . . {Imager structures}
- 27/308 . . . {Devices specially adapted for detecting X-ray radiation ([measuring X-radiation G01T 1/00](#))}
- 27/32 . . with components specially adapted for light emission, e.g. flat-panel displays using organic light-emitting diodes [OLED] {combination of organic light sensitive components with organic light emitting components, e.g. optocoupler [H01L 27/288](#)}
- 27/3202 . . . {OLEDs electrically connected in parallel}
- 27/3204 . . . {OLEDs electrically connected in series}
- 27/3206 . . . {Multi-colour light emission}
- 27/3209 . . . {using stacked OLED}
- 27/3211 . . . {using RGB sub-pixels}
- 27/3213 {using more than three sub-pixels, e.g. RGBW}
- 27/3216 {the areas of RGB sub-pixels being different}
- 27/3218 {characterised by the geometrical arrangement of the RGB sub-pixels}
- 27/322 {using colour filters or colour changing media [CCM]}
- 27/3223 . . . {combined with dummy elements, i.e. non-functional features}
- 27/3225 . . . {OLED integrated with another component ([H01L 27/3223 takes precedence](#))}
- 27/3227 {the other component being a light sensitive element, e.g. inorganic solar cell, inorganic photodiode ([H01L 27/288 takes precedence](#))}
- 27/323 {the other component being a touch screen}
- 27/3232 {the other component being a light modulating element, e.g. electrochromic element, photochromic element, liquid crystal element}
- 27/3234 {the other component being an imager structure ([H01L 27/146 takes precedence](#))}
- 27/3237 . . . {Displays not provided for in group [H01L 27/3241](#) and subgroups, e.g. segment-type displays}
- 27/3239 {Light emitting logos}
- 27/3241 . . . {Matrix-type displays}
- 27/3244 {Active matrix displays}
- 27/3246 {Pixel defining structures, e.g. banks}
- 27/3248 {Connection of the pixel electrode to the TFT}
- 27/3251 {Double substrate, i.e. with OLED and TFT on different substrates}
- 27/3253 {Electrical connection of the two substrates}
- 27/3255 {Chiplets}
- 27/3258 {Insulating layers formed between TFT elements and OLED elements}
- 27/326 {special geometry or disposition of pixel-elements}
- 27/3262 {of TFT}
- 27/3265 {of capacitor}
- 27/3267 {Dual display, i.e. having two independent displays}
- 27/3269 {Including photosensors to control luminance}
- 27/3272 {Shielding, e.g. of TFT}
- 27/3274 {including organic thin film transistors [OTFT]}
- 27/3276 {Wiring lines}
- 27/3279 {comprising structures specially adapted for lowering the resistance}
- 27/3281 {Passive matrix displays}
- 27/3283 {including banks or shadow masks}
- 27/3286 {Dual display, i.e. having two independent displays}
- 27/3288 {Wiring lines}
- 27/329 {comprising structures specially adapted for lowering the resistance}
- 27/3293 {Tiled displays}
- 28/00** **{Passive two-terminal components without a potential-jump or surface barrier for integrated circuits; Details thereof; Multistep manufacturing processes therefor (testing or measuring during manufacture [H01L 22/00](#); integration methods [H01L 21/70](#); integrated circuits [H01L 27/00](#); two-terminal components with a potential-jump or surface barrier [H01L 29/00](#); resistors in general [H01C](#); inductors in general [H01F](#); capacitors in general [H01G](#))}**
 - 28/10 . {Inductors}
 - 28/20 . {Resistors}
 - 28/22 . . {with an active material comprising carbon, e.g. diamond or diamond-like carbon [DLC]}

| | | | |
|-------|--|---------|---|
| 28/24 | . . {with an active material comprising a refractory, transition or noble metal, metal compound or metal alloy, e.g. silicides, oxides, nitrides} | 29/02 | . Semiconductor bodies {; Multistep manufacturing processes therefor} |
| 28/26 | . . {with an active material comprising an organic conducting material, e.g. conducting polymers} | 29/04 | . . characterised by their crystalline structure, e.g. polycrystalline, cubic or particular orientation of crystalline planes (characterised by physical imperfections H01L 29/30) |
| 28/40 | . {Capacitors} | 29/045 | . . . {by their particular orientation of crystalline planes} |
| 28/55 | . . {with a dielectric comprising a perovskite structure material} | 29/06 | . . characterised by their shape; characterised by the shapes, relative sizes, or dispositions of the semiconductor regions {; characterised by the concentration or distribution of impurities within semiconductor regions} |
| 28/56 | . . . {the dielectric comprising two or more layers, e.g. comprising buffer layers, seed layers, gradient layers} | 29/0603 | . . . {characterised by particular constructional design considerations, e.g. for preventing surface leakage, for controlling electric field concentration or for internal isolations regions (isolation regions between components H01L 21/76 ; design considerations for integrated circuits H01L 27/00 ; geometrical design considerations for devices H01L 29/0657)} |
| 28/57 | . . . {comprising a barrier layer to prevent diffusion of hydrogen or oxygen} | 29/0607 | {for preventing surface leakage or controlling electric field concentration} |
| 28/60 | . . {Electrodes} | 29/0611 | {for increasing or controlling the breakdown voltage of reverse biased devices (H01L 29/0661 takes precedence)} |
| 28/65 | . . . {comprising a noble metal or a noble metal oxide, e.g. platinum (Pt), ruthenium (Ru), ruthenium dioxide (RuO ₂), iridium (Ir), iridium dioxide (IrO ₂)} | 29/0615 | {by the doping profile or the shape or the arrangement of the PN junction, or with supplementary regions, e.g. junction termination extension [JTE] (LDD or drain offset regions H01L 29/7833)} |
| 28/75 | . . . {comprising two or more layers, e.g. comprising a barrier layer and a metal layer} | 29/0619 | {with a supplementary region doped oppositely to or in rectifying contact with the semiconductor containing or contacting region, e.g. guard rings with PN or Schottky junction} |
| 28/82 | . . . {with an enlarged surface, e.g. formed by texturisation} | 29/0623 | {Buried supplementary region, e.g. buried guard ring (multi-RESURF H01L 29/0634)} |
| 28/84 | {being a rough surface, e.g. using hemispherical grains} | 29/0626 | {with a localised breakdown region, e.g. built-in avalanching region (in self-protected thyristors H01L 29/7424)} |
| 28/86 | {having horizontal extensions} | 29/063 | {Reduced surface field [RESURF] pn-junction structures} |
| 28/87 | {made by depositing layers, e.g. by depositing alternating conductive and insulating layers} | 29/0634 | {Multiple reduced surface field (multi-RESURF) structures, e.g. double RESURF, charge compensation, cool, superjunction (SJ), 3D-RESURF, composite buffer (CB) structures} |
| 28/88 | {made by patterning layers, e.g. by etching conductive layers} | 29/0638 | {for preventing surface leakage due to surface inversion layer, e.g. with channel stopper (channel stoppers in combination with isolation region for integrated circuits H01L 21/762)} |
| 28/90 | {having vertical extensions} | 29/0642 | {Isolation within the component, i.e. internal isolation} |
| 28/91 | {made by depositing layers, e.g. by depositing alternating conductive and insulating layers} | 29/0646 | {PN junctions} |
| 28/92 | {made by patterning layers, e.g. by etching conductive layers} | 29/0649 | {Dielectric regions, e.g. SiO ₂ regions, air gaps} |
| 29/00 | Semiconductor devices adapted for rectifying, amplifying, oscillating or switching, or capacitors or resistors with at least one potential-jump barrier or surface barrier, e.g. PN junction depletion layer or carrier concentration layer; Details of semiconductor bodies or of electrodes thereof; {Multistep manufacturing processes therefor} (H01L 31/00 - H01L 47/00, H01L 51/05 take precedence; processes or apparatus adapted for the manufacture or treatment thereof or of parts thereof H01L 21/00; details other than of semiconductor bodies or of electrodes thereof H01L 23/00; devices consisting of a plurality of solid state components formed in or on a common substrate H01L 27/00; {passive two-terminal components without a potential-jump or surface barrier for integrated circuits, details thereof and multistep manufacturing processes therefor H01L 28/00; } resistors in general H01C; capacitors in general H01G, {e.g. ceramic barrier-layer capacitors H01G 4/1272}) NOTE In this main group, classification is made both in groups H01L 29/02 - H01L 29/51 and in groups H01L 29/66 - H01L 29/94 if both of these sets of groups are relevant. | | |

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|---------|---|--|---|
| 29/0653 | {adjoining the input or output region of a field-effect device, e.g. the source or drain region} | 29/0852 | {of DMOS transistors} |
| 29/0657 | {characterised by the shape of the body} | WARNING | |
| 29/0661 | {specially adapted for altering the breakdown voltage by removing semiconductor material at, or in the neighbourhood of, a reverse biased junction, e.g. by bevelling, moat etching, depletion etching} | Groups H01L 29/0852 – H01L 29/0886 are incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group H01L 29/0847 and H01L 29/7801 . | |
| 29/0665 | {the shape of the body defining a nanostructure (nanotechnology per se B82B)} | Groups H01L 29/0852 – H01L 29/0886 and H01L 29/0847 , H01L 29/7801 should be considered in order to perform a complete search. | |
| 29/0669 | {Nanowires or nanotubes (carbon nanotubes as material of solid-state device active part H01L 51/0048)} | 29/0856 | {Source regions} |
| 29/0673 | {oriented parallel to a substrate} | 29/086 | {Impurity concentration or distribution} |
| 29/0676 | {oriented perpendicular or at an angle to a substrate} | 29/0865 | {Disposition} |
| 29/068 | {comprising a junction} | 29/0869 | {Shape (cell layout H01L 29/0696)} |
| 29/0684 | . . . {characterised by the shape, relative sizes or dispositions of the semiconductor regions or junctions between the regions} | 29/0873 | {Drain regions} |
| 29/0688 | {characterised by the particular shape of a junction between semiconductor regions} | 29/0878 | {Impurity concentration or distribution} |
| 29/0692 | {Surface layout} | 29/0882 | {Disposition} |
| 29/0696 | {of cellular field-effect devices, e.g. multicellular DMOS transistors or IGBTs} | 29/0886 | {Shape} |
| 29/08 | . . . with semiconductor regions connected to an electrode carrying current to be rectified, amplified or switched and such electrode being part of a semiconductor device which comprises three or more electrodes | 29/0891 | {of field-effect transistors with Schottky gate} |
| 29/0804 | {Emitter regions of bipolar transistors} | 29/0895 | {Tunnel injectors} |
| 29/0808 | {of lateral transistors} | 29/10 | . . . with semiconductor regions connected to an electrode not carrying current to be rectified, amplified or switched and such electrode being part of a semiconductor device which comprises three or more electrodes |
| 29/0813 | {Non-interconnected multi-emitter structures} | 29/1004 | {Base region of bipolar transistors} |
| 29/0817 | {of heterojunction bipolar transistors (H01L 29/7375 takes precedence)} | 29/1008 | {of lateral transistors} |
| 29/0821 | {Collector regions of bipolar transistors} | 29/1012 | {Base regions of thyristors (H01L 29/083 takes precedence)} |
| 29/0826 | {Pedestal collectors} | 29/1016 | {Anode base regions of thyristors} |
| 29/083 | {Anode or cathode regions of thyristors or gated bipolar-mode devices} | 29/102 | {Cathode base regions of thyristors} |
| 29/0834 | {Anode regions of thyristors or gated bipolar-mode devices, e.g. supplementary regions surrounding anode regions} | 29/1025 | {Channel region of field-effect devices} |
| 29/0839 | {Cathode regions of thyristors} | 29/1029 | {of field-effect transistors} |
| 29/0843 | {Source or drain regions of field-effect devices} | 29/1033 | {with insulated gate, e.g. characterised by the length, the width, the geometric contour or the doping structure (with channel and gate aligned in the lengthwise direction H01L 29/42376; with buried channel H01L 29/7838)} |
| 29/0847 | {of field-effect transistors with insulated gate (H01L 29/0653 takes precedence ; with a passive supplementary region between source or drain and substrate related to punch-through, capacity or isolation phenomena H01L 29/1079 ; with LDD or DDD structure H01L 29/7833 ; for thin film transistors H01L 29/78618)} | 29/1037 | {and non-planar channel (resulting from the gate electrode disposition, e.g. within a trench, H01L 29/42356)} |
| | | 29/1041 | {with a non-uniform doping structure in the channel region surface} |
| | | 29/1045 | {the doping structure being parallel to the channel length, e.g. DMOS like} |
| | | 29/105 | {with vertical doping variation (H01L 29/7827 takes precedence)} |
| | | 29/1054 | {with a variation of the composition, e.g. channel with strained layer for increasing the mobility} |
| | | 29/1058 | {with PN junction gate} |
| | | 29/1062 | {of charge coupled devices} |
| | | 29/1066 | {Gate region of field-effect devices with PN junction gate} |

- 29/107 {Substrate region of field-effect devices}
- 29/1075 {of field-effect transistors}
- 29/1079 {with insulated gate}
- 29/1083 {with an inactive supplementary region, e.g. for preventing punch-through, improving capacity effect or leakage current}
- 29/1087 {characterised by the contact structure of the substrate region, e.g. for controlling or preventing bipolar effect}
- 29/1091 {of charge coupled devices}
- 29/1095 {Body region, i.e. base region, of DMOS transistors or IGBTs (cell layout [H01L 29/0696](#))}
- 29/12 . . characterised by the materials of which they are formed
- 29/122 . . . {Single quantum well structures (single heterojunctions, couples of materials [H01L 29/165](#), [H01L 29/205](#), [H01L 29/225](#), [H01L 29/267](#))}
- 29/125 {Quantum wire structures}
- 29/127 {Quantum box structures}
- 29/15 . . . Structures with periodic or quasi periodic potential variation, e.g. multiple quantum wells, superlattices (such structures applied for the control of light [G02F 1/017](#), applied in semiconductor lasers [H01S 5/34](#))
- NOTE**
- Group [H01L 29/15](#) takes precedence over groups [H01L 29/16](#) - [H01L 29/26](#).
- 29/151 {Compositional structures ([H01L 29/157](#) and [H01L 29/158](#) take precedence)}
- 29/152 {with quantum effects only in vertical direction, i.e. layered structures with quantum effects solely resulting from vertical potential variation}
- 29/154 {comprising at least one long range structurally disordered material, e.g. one-dimensional vertical amorphous superlattices}
- 29/155 {Comprising only semiconductor materials ([H01L 29/154](#) takes precedence)}
- 29/157 {Doping structures, e.g. doping superlattices, nipi superlattices (delta doping in general [H01L 29/365](#))}
- 29/158 {Structures without potential periodicity in a direction perpendicular to a major surface of the substrate, i.e. vertical direction, e.g. lateral superlattices, lateral surface superlattices [LSS]}
- 29/16 . . . including, apart from doping materials or other impurities, only elements of Group IV of the Periodic System
- 29/1602 {Diamond}
- 29/1604 {Amorphous materials}
- 29/1606 {Graphene}
- 29/1608 {Silicon carbide}
- 29/161 including two or more of the elements provided for in group [H01L 29/16](#) {, e.g. alloys ([H01L 29/1604](#) takes precedence)}
- 29/165 in different semiconductor regions {, e.g. heterojunctions}
- 29/167 further characterised by the doping material ([H01L 29/1604](#) takes precedence)}
- 29/18 . . . Selenium or tellurium only, apart from doping materials or other impurities
- 29/185 {Amorphous materials}
- 29/20 . . . including, apart from doping materials or other impurities, only A_{III}B_V compounds
- 29/2003 {Nitride compounds}
- 29/2006 {Amorphous materials}
- 29/201 including two or more compounds {, e.g. alloys ([H01L 29/2006](#) takes precedence)}
- 29/205 in different semiconductor regions {, e.g. heterojunctions}
- 29/207 further characterised by the doping material ([H01L 29/2006](#) takes precedence)}
- 29/22 . . . including, apart from doping materials or other impurities, only A_{II}B_{VI} compounds
- 29/2203 {Cd X compounds being one element of the 6th group of the Periodic System ([H01L 29/2206](#) takes precedence)}
- 29/2206 {Amorphous materials}
- 29/221 including two or more compounds {, e.g. alloys ([H01L 29/2206](#) takes precedence)}
- 29/225 in different semiconductor regions {, e.g. heterojunctions}
- 29/227 further characterised by the doping material ([H01L 29/2206](#) takes precedence)}
- 29/24 . . . including, apart from doping materials or other impurities, only semiconductor materials not provided for in groups [H01L 29/16](#), [H01L 29/18](#), [H01L 29/20](#), [H01L 29/22](#) (including organic materials [H01L 51/00](#))
- 29/242 {A_IB_{VI} or A_IB_{VII} compounds, e.g. Cu₂O, Cu I ([H01L 29/247](#) takes precedence)}
- 29/245 {Pb compounds, e.g. PbO ([H01L 29/247](#) takes precedence)}
- 29/247 {Amorphous materials}
- 29/26 . . . including, apart from doping materials or other impurities, elements provided for in two or more of the groups [H01L 29/16](#), [H01L 29/18](#), [H01L 29/20](#), [H01L 29/22](#), [H01L 29/24](#) {, e.g. alloys}
- 29/263 {Amorphous materials}
- 29/267 in different semiconductor regions {, e.g. heterojunctions ([H01L 29/263](#) takes precedence)}
- 29/30 . . characterised by physical imperfections; having polished or roughened surface
- 29/32 . . . the imperfections being within the semiconductor body
- 29/34 . . . the imperfections being on the surface
- 29/36 . . characterised by the concentration or distribution of impurities {in the bulk material (within semiconductor regions [H01L 29/06](#))}
- 29/365 . . . {Planar doping, e.g. atomic-plane doping, delta-doping}
- 29/40 . Electrodes {; Multistep manufacturing processes therefor}
- 29/401 . . {Multistep manufacturing processes}
- 29/4011 . . . {for data storage electrodes}
- 29/40111 {the electrodes comprising a layer which is used for its ferroelectric properties}

- 29/40114 {the electrodes comprising a conductor-insulator-conductor-insulator-semiconductor structure}
- 29/40117 {the electrodes comprising a charge-trapping insulator}
- 29/402 . . {Field plates}
- 29/404 . . . {Multiple field plate structures}
- 29/405 . . . {Resistive arrangements, e.g. resistive or semi-insulating field plates}
- 29/407 . . . {Recessed field plates, e.g. trench field plates, buried field plates}
- 29/408 . . {with an insulating layer with a particular dielectric or electrostatic property, e.g. with static charges or for controlling trapped charges or moving ions, or with a plate acting on the insulator potential or the insulator charges, e.g. for controlling charges effect or potential distribution in the insulating layer, or with a semi-insulating layer contacting directly the semiconductor surface}
- 29/41 . . characterised by their shape, relative sizes or dispositions
- 29/413 . . . {Nanosized electrodes, e.g. nanowire electrodes comprising one or a plurality of nanowires (transparent electrodes comprising carbon nano-tubes [H01L 51/444](#), nanotechnology [per se B82B](#); nanosized carbon materials, e.g. carbon nanotubes, [per se C01B 32/15](#))}
- 29/417 . . . carrying the current to be rectified, amplified or switched
- 29/41708 {Emitter or collector electrodes for bipolar transistors}
- 29/41716 {Cathode or anode electrodes for thyristors}
- 29/41725 {Source or drain electrodes for field effect devices (with monocrystalline semiconductor on source/drain region [H01L 29/0843](#))}
- 29/41733 {for thin film transistors with insulated gate}
- 29/41741 {for vertical or pseudo-vertical devices}

NOTE

A pseudo-vertical device is a device with the drain and source electrodes on the same main surface and where the main current is vertical at least in a part of its path

- 29/4175 {for lateral devices where the connection to the source or drain region is done through at least one part of the semiconductor substrate thickness, e.g. with connecting sink or with via-hole}

NOTE

The sink or via-hole leading to the source or drain region is considered to form part of the source or drain electrode

- 29/41758 {for lateral devices with structured layout for source or drain region, i.e. the source or drain region having cellular, interdigitated or ring structure or being curved or angular ([H01L 29/41733](#) - [H01L 29/4175](#) take precedence)}

NOTE

Interdigitated structure means that at least one of the source or drain region has two or more fingers

- 29/41766 {with at least part of the source or drain electrode having contact below the semiconductor surface, e.g. the source or drain electrode formed at least partially in a groove or with inclusions of conductor inside the semiconductor ([H01L 29/41733](#) - [H01L 29/41758](#) take precedence)}
- 29/41775 {characterised by the proximity or the relative position of the source or drain electrode and the gate electrode, e.g. the source or drain electrode separated from the gate electrode by side-walls or spreading around or above the gate electrode}
- 29/41783 {Raised source or drain electrodes self aligned with the gate}
- 29/41791 {for transistors with a horizontal current flow in a vertical sidewall, e.g. FinFET, MuGFET}
- 29/423 . . . not carrying the current to be rectified, amplified or switched
- 29/42304 {Base electrodes for bipolar transistors}
- 29/42308 {Gate electrodes for thyristors}
- 29/42312 {Gate electrodes for field effect devices}
- 29/42316 {for field-effect transistors}
- 29/4232 {with insulated gate}
- 29/42324 {Gate electrodes for transistors with a floating gate}
- 29/42328 {with at least one additional gate other than the floating gate and the control gate, e.g. program gate, erase gate or select gate}
- 29/42332 {with the floating gate formed by two or more non connected parts, e.g. multi-particles flating gate}
- 29/42336 {with one gate at least partly formed in a trench}
- 29/4234 {Gate electrodes for transistors with charge trapping gate insulator}
- 29/42344 {with at least one additional gate, e.g. program gate, erase gate or select gate}
- 29/42348 {with trapping site formed by at least two separated sites, e.g. multi-particles trapping site}
- 29/42352 {with the gate at least partly formed in a trench}
- 29/42356 {Disposition, e.g. buried gate electrode ([H01L 29/42324](#) and [H01L 29/4234](#) take precedence)}

| | | | | | |
|---|-----------|---|--|-----------|--|
| 29/4236 | | {within a trench, e.g. trench gate electrode, groove gate electrode} | 29/4941 | | {with a barrier layer between the silicon and the metal or metal silicide upper layer, e.g. Silicide/TiN/Polysilicon} |
| 29/42364 | | {characterised by the insulating layer, e.g. thickness or uniformity (H01L 29/42324 and H01L 29/4234 take precedence)} | 29/495 | | {the conductor material next to the insulator being a simple metal, e.g. W, Mo (H01L 29/4908 , H01L 29/4983 take precedence)} |
| 29/42368 | | {the thickness being non-uniform} | 29/4958 | | {with a multiple layer structure} |
| 29/42372 | | {characterised by the conducting layer, e.g. the length, the sectional shape or the lay-out (H01L 29/42324 takes precedence)} | 29/4966 | | {the conductor material next to the insulator being a composite material, e.g. organic material, TiN, MoSi ₂ (H01L 29/4908 , H01L 29/4983 take precedence)} |
| 29/42376 | | {characterised by the length or the sectional shape} | 29/4975 | | {being a silicide layer, e.g. TiSi ₂ } |
| 29/4238 | | {characterised by the surface lay-out} | 29/4983 | | {with a lateral structure, e.g. a Polysilicon gate with a lateral doping variation or with a lateral composition variation or characterised by the sidewalls being composed of conductive, resistive or dielectric material} |
| 29/42384 | | {for thin film field effect transistors, e.g. characterised by the thickness or the shape of the insulator or the dimensions, the shape or the lay-out of the conductor} | 29/4991 | | {comprising an air gap} |
| 2029/42388 | | {characterised by the shape of the insulating material} | <u>WARNING</u> | | |
| 29/42392 | | {fully surrounding the channel, e.g. gate-all-around} | Group H01L 29/4991 is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group H01L 29/4983 . | | |
| 29/42396 | | {for charge coupled devices} | Groups H01L 29/4991 and H01L 29/4983 should be considered in order to perform a complete search. | | |
| 29/43 | . . | characterised by the materials of which they are formed | 29/51 | | Insulating materials associated therewith {for MIS structures on thin film semiconductor H01L 29/4908 } |
| 29/432 | . . . | {Heterojunction gate for field effect devices} | 29/511 | | {with a compositional variation, e.g. multilayer structures (H01L 29/516 takes precedence)} |
| 29/435 | . . . | {Resistive materials for field effect devices, e.g. resistive gate for MOSFET or MESFET} | 29/512 | | {the variation being parallel to the channel plane} |
| 29/437 | . . . | {Superconductor materials} | 29/513 | | {the variation being perpendicular to the channel plane} |
| 29/45 | . . . | Ohmic electrodes | 29/515 | | {with cavities, e.g. containing a gas} |
| 29/452 | | {on AIII-BV compounds} | 29/516 | | {with at least one ferroelectric layer} |
| 29/454 | | {on thin film AIII-BV compounds} | 29/517 | | {the insulating material comprising a metallic compound, e.g. metal oxide, metal silicate (H01L 29/518 takes precedence)} |
| 29/456 | | {on silicon} | 29/518 | | {the insulating material containing nitrogen, e.g. nitride, oxynitride, nitrogen-doped material} |
| 29/458 | | {for thin film silicon, e.g. source or drain electrode} | 29/66 | . . | Types of semiconductor device {; Multistep manufacturing processes therefor} |
| 29/47 | . . . | Schottky barrier electrodes {(H01L 29/435 takes precedence)} | 29/66007 | . . | {Multistep manufacturing processes} |
| 29/475 | | {on AIII-BV compounds} | 29/66015 | . . . | {of devices having a semiconductor body comprising semiconducting carbon, e.g. diamond, diamond-like carbon, graphene} |
| 29/49 | . . . | Metal-insulator-semiconductor electrodes, {e.g. gates of MOSFET (H01L 29/435 takes precedence)} | 29/66022 | | {the devices being controllable only by variation of the electric current supplied or the electric potential applied, to one or more of the electrodes carrying the current to be rectified, amplified, oscillated or switched, e.g. two-terminal devices} |
| <u>NOTE</u> | | | 29/6603 | | {Diodes} |
| This group covers also devices using any other conductor material in place of metal | | | 29/66037 | | {the devices being controllable only by the electric current supplied or the electric potential applied, to an electrode which does not carry the current to be rectified, amplified or switched, e.g. three-terminal devices} |
| 29/4908 | | {for thin film semiconductor, e.g. gate of TFT} | | | |
| 29/4916 | | {the conductor material next to the insulator being a silicon layer, e.g. polysilicon doped with boron, phosphorus or nitrogen (H01L 29/4908 , H01L 29/4983 take precedence)} | | | |
| 29/4925 | | {with a multiple layer structure, e.g. several silicon layers with different crystal structure or grain arrangement (with only a vertical doping structure or vertical doping variation H01L 29/4916)} | | | |
| 29/4933 | | {with a silicide layer contacting the silicon layer, e.g. Polycide gate (with a barrier layer between the silicide and silicon layers H01L 29/4941)} | | | |

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| 29/66045 | | {Field-effect transistors} | 29/6625 | | {Lateral transistors (H01L 29/66242 and H01L 29/66265 take precedence)} |
| 29/66053 | . . . | {of devices having a semiconductor body comprising crystalline silicon carbide} | 29/66257 | | {Schottky transistors} |
| 29/6606 | | {the devices being controllable only by variation of the electric current supplied or the electric potential applied, to one or more of the electrodes carrying the current to be rectified, amplified, oscillated or switched, e.g. two-terminal devices} | 29/66265 | | {Thin film bipolar transistors (H01L 29/66242 takes precedence)} |
| 29/66068 | | {the devices being controllable only by the electric current supplied or the electric potential applied, to an electrode which does not carry the current to be rectified, amplified or switched, e.g. three-terminal devices} | 29/66272 | | {Silicon vertical transistors (H01L 29/66242 , H01L 29/66257 and H01L 29/66265 take precedence)} |
| 29/66075 | . . . | {of devices having semiconductor bodies comprising group 14 or group 13/15 materials (comprising semiconducting carbon H01L 29/66015 ; comprising crystalline silicon carbide H01L 29/66053)} | 29/6628 | | {Inverse transistors} |
| 29/66083 | | {the devices being controllable only by variation of the electric current supplied or the electric potential applied, to one or more of the electrodes carrying the current to be rectified, amplified, oscillated or switched, e.g. two-terminal devices} | 29/66287 | | {with a single crystalline emitter, collector or base including extrinsic, link or graft base formed on the silicon substrate, e.g. by epitaxy, recrystallisation, after insulating device isolation (H01L 29/6628 takes precedence)} |
| 29/6609 | | {Diodes} | 29/66295 | | {with main current going through the whole silicon substrate, e.g. power bipolar transistor} |
| 29/66098 | | {Breakdown diodes} | 29/66303 | | {with multi-emitter, e.g. interdigitated, multi-cellular or distributed emitter} |
| 29/66106 | | {Zener diodes} | 29/6631 | | {with an active layer made of a group 13/15 material} |
| 29/66113 | | {Avalanche diodes} | 29/66318 | | {Heterojunction transistors} |
| 29/66121 | | {Multilayer diodes, e.g. PNP diodes} | 29/66325 | | {controlled by field-effect, e.g. insulated gate bipolar transistors [IGBT]} |
| 29/66128 | | {Planar diodes} | 29/66333 | | {Vertical insulated gate bipolar transistors} |
| 29/66136 | | {PN junction diodes} | 29/6634 | | {with a recess formed by etching in the source/emitter contact region (H01L 29/66348 takes precedence; etching of semiconductor bodies H01L 21/302)} |
| 29/66143 | | {Schottky diodes} | 29/66348 | | {with a recessed gate} |
| 29/66151 | | {Tunnel diodes (group 13/15 resonant tunneling diodes H01L 29/66219)} | 29/66356 | | {Gated diodes, e.g. field controlled diodes [FCD], static induction thyristors [SITH], field controlled thyristors [FCTh]} |
| 29/66159 | | {Transit time diodes, e.g. IMPATT, TRAPATT diodes} | 29/66363 | | {Thyristors} |
| 29/66166 | | {Resistors with PN junction} | 29/66371 | | {structurally associated with another device, e.g. built-in diode (making integrated circuits H01L 21/82)} |
| 29/66174 | | {Capacitors with PN or Schottky junction, e.g. varactors (capacitors with PN junction combined with MOS control H01L 29/66189)} | 29/66378 | | {the other device being a controlling field-effect device} |
| 29/66181 | | {Conductor-insulator-semiconductor capacitors, e.g. trench capacitors} | 29/66386 | | {Bidirectional thyristors} |
| 29/66189 | | {with PN junction, e.g. hybrid capacitors} | 29/66393 | | {Lateral or planar thyristors} |
| 29/66196 | | {with an active layer made of a group 13/15 material} | 29/66401 | | {with an active layer made of a group 13/15 material} |
| 29/66204 | | {Diodes} | 29/66409 | | {Unipolar field-effect transistors} |
| 29/66212 | | {Schottky diodes} | 29/66416 | | {Static induction transistors [SIT] (with an active layer made of a group 13/15 material H01L 29/66454)} |
| 29/66219 | | {with a heterojunction, e.g. resonant tunneling diodes [RTD]} | 29/66424 | | {Permeable base transistors [PBT]} |
| 29/66227 | | {the devices being controllable only by the electric current supplied or the electric potential applied, to an electrode which does not carry the current to be rectified, amplified or switched, e.g. three-terminal devices} | 29/66431 | | {with a heterojunction interface channel or gate, e.g. HFET, HIGFET, SISFET, HJFET, HEMT (with an active layer made of a group 13/15 material H01L 29/66462)} |
| 29/66234 | | {Bipolar junction transistors [BJT]} | 29/66439 | | {with a one- or zero-dimensional channel, e.g. quantum wire FET, in-plane gate transistor [IPG], single electron transistor [SET], striped channel transistor, Coulomb blockade transistor (with an active layer made of a group 13/15 material H01L 29/66469)} |
| 29/66242 | | {Heterojunction transistors [HBT] (with an active layer made of a group 13/15 material H01L 29/66318)} | | | |

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| 29/66446 | { with an active layer made of a group 13/15 material, e.g. group 13/15 velocity modulation transistor [VMT], group 13/15 negative resistance FET [NERFET]} | 29/6659 | { with both lightly doped source and drain extensions and source and drain self-aligned to the sides of the gate, e.g. lightly doped drain [LDD] MOSFET, double diffused drain [DDD] MOSFET } |
| 29/66454 | { Static induction transistors [SIT], e.g. permeable base transistors [PBT]} | 29/66598 | { forming drain [D] and lightly doped drain [LDD] simultaneously, e.g. using implantation through the wings a T-shaped layer, or through a specially shaped layer } |
| 29/66462 | { with a heterojunction interface channel or gate, e.g. HFET, HIGFET, SISFET, HJFET, HEMT } | 29/66606 | { with final source and drain contacts formation strictly before final or dummy gate formation, e.g. contact first technology (H01L 29/66621 takes precedence) } |
| 29/66469 | { with one- or zero-dimensional channel, e.g. quantum wire field-effect transistors, in-plane gate transistors [IPG], single electron transistors [SET], Coulomb blockade transistors, striped channel transistors } | 29/66613 | { with a gate recessing step, e.g. using local oxidation (making recessed gate LDMOS transistors H01L 29/66704) } |
| 29/66477 | { with an insulated gate, i.e. MISFET } | 29/66621 | { using etching to form a recess at the gate location (etching of semiconductor bodies H01L 21/302) } |
| 29/66484 | { with multiple gate, at least one gate being an insulated gate (H01L 29/66742 takes precedence) } | 29/66628 | { recessing the gate by forming single crystalline semiconductor material at the source or drain location } |
| 29/66492 | { with a pocket or a lightly doped drain selectively formed at the side of the gate } | 29/66636 | { with source or drain recessed by etching or first recessed by etching and then refilled } |
| 29/665 | { using self aligned silicidation, i.e. salicide (formation of conductive layers comprising silicides H01L 21/28518) } | 29/66643 | { with source or drain regions formed by a Schottky barrier or a conductor-insulator-semiconductor structure } |
| 29/66507 | { providing different silicide thicknesses on the gate and on source or drain } | 29/66651 | { with a single crystalline channel formed on the silicon substrate after insulating device isolation } |
| 29/66515 | { using self aligned selective metal deposition simultaneously on the gate and on source or drain } | 29/66659 | { with asymmetry in the channel direction, e.g. lateral high-voltage MISFETs with drain offset region, extended drain MISFETs } |
| 29/66522 | { with an active layer made of a group 13/15 material (H01L 29/66446 takes precedence) } | 29/66666 | { Vertical transistors (H01L 29/66712, H01L 29/66742 take precedence) } |
| 29/6653 | { using the removal of at least part of spacer, e.g. disposable spacer } | 29/66674 | { DMOS transistors, i.e. MISFETs with a channel accommodating body or base region adjoining a drain drift region (making lateral high-voltage MISFETs with channel well and drain offset region H01L 29/66659) } |
| 29/66537 | { using a self aligned punch through stopper or threshold implant under the gate region (H01L 29/66606 takes precedence) } | 29/66681 | { Lateral DMOS transistors, i.e. LDMOS transistors } |
| 29/66545 | { using a dummy, i.e. replacement gate in a process wherein at least a part of the final gate is self aligned to the dummy gate } | 29/66689 | { with a step of forming an insulating sidewall spacer (forming insulating material on a substrate H01L 21/02107) } |
| 29/66553 | { using inside spacers, permanent or not } | 29/66696 | { with a step of recessing the source electrode } |
| 29/6656 | { using multiple spacer layers, e.g. multiple sidewall spacers } | 29/66704 | { with a step of recessing the gate electrode, e.g. to form a trench gate electrode } |
| 29/66568 | { Lateral single gate silicon transistors } | 29/66712 | { Vertical DMOS transistors, i.e. VDMOS transistors } |
| 29/66575 | { where the source and drain or source and drain extensions are self-aligned to the sides of the gate (H01L 29/66606 takes precedence) } | | |
| 29/66583 | { with initial gate mask or masking layer complementary to the prospective gate location, e.g. with dummy source and drain contacts } | | |

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| 29/66719 | | { With a step of forming an insulating sidewall spacer} | 29/66901 | | { with a PN homojunction gate} |
| 29/66727 | | { with a step of recessing the source electrode} | 29/66909 | | { Vertical transistors, e.g. tecnetrans} |
| 29/66734 | | { with a step of recessing the gate electrode, e.g. to form a trench gate electrode} | 29/66916 | | { with a PN heterojunction gate} |
| 29/66742 | | { Thin film unipolar transistors} | 29/66924 | | { with an active layer made of a group 13/15 material (H01L 29/66446 takes precedence)} |
| 29/6675 | | { Amorphous silicon or polysilicon transistors} | 29/66931 | | { BJT-like unipolar transistors, e.g. hot electron transistors [HET], metal base transistors [MBT], resonant tunneling transistor [RTT], bulk barrier transistor [BBT], planar doped barrier transistor [PDBT], charge injection transistor [CHINT]} |
| 29/66757 | | { Lateral single gate single channel transistors with non-inverted structure, i.e. the channel layer is formed before the gate} | 29/66939 | | { with an active layer made of a group 13/15 material} |
| 29/66765 | | { Lateral single gate single channel transistors with inverted structure, i.e. the channel layer is formed after the gate} | 29/66946 | | { Charge transfer devices} |
| 29/66772 | | { Monocrystalline silicon transistors on insulating substrates, e.g. quartz substrates (H01L 29/66666 takes precedence; thin film FinFETs H01L 29/66795)} | 29/66954 | | { with an insulated gate} |
| 29/6678 | | { on sapphire substrates, e.g. SOS transistors} | 29/66962 | | { with a Schottky gate} |
| 29/66787 | | { with a gate at the side of the channel} | 29/66969 | | { of devices having semiconductor bodies not comprising group 14 or group 13/15 materials (comprising selenium or tellurium in uncombined form other than as impurities in semiconductor bodies of other materials, comprising cuprous oxide or cuprous iodide H01L 21/02365)} |
| 29/66795 | | { with a horizontal current flow in a vertical sidewall of a semiconductor body, e.g. FinFET, MuGFET} | 29/66977 | | { Quantum effect devices, e.g. using quantum reflection, diffraction or interference effects, i.e. Bragg- or Aharonov-Bohm effects} |
| 29/66803 | | { with a step of doping the vertical sidewall, e.g. using tilted or multi-angled implants} | 29/66984 | | { Devices using spin polarized carriers} |
| 29/6681 | | { using dummy structures having essentially the same shape as the semiconductor body, e.g. to provide stability} | 29/66992 | | { controllable only by the variation of applied heat (controllable by IR radiation H01L 31/00 ; measuring quantity of heat G01K 17/00)} |
| 29/66818 | | { the channel being thinned after patterning, e.g. sacrificial oxidation on fin} | 29/68 | | controllable by only the electric current supplied, or only the electric potential applied, to an electrode which does not carry the current to be rectified, amplified or switched |
| 29/66825 | | { with a floating gate (H01L 29/6684 takes precedence)} | 29/685 | | { Hi-Lo semiconductor devices, e.g. memory devices} |
| 29/66833 | | { with a charge trapping gate insulator, e.g. MNOS transistors} | 29/70 | | Bipolar devices |
| 29/6684 | | { with a ferroelectric gate insulator} | 29/705 | | { Double base diodes} |
| 29/66848 | | { with a Schottky gate, i.e. MESFET} | 29/72 | | Transistor-type devices, i.e. able to continuously respond to applied control signals |
| 29/66856 | | { with an active layer made of a group 13/15 material (H01L 29/66446 takes precedence)} | 29/73 | | Bipolar junction transistors |
| 29/66863 | | { Lateral single gate transistors} | 29/7302 | | { structurally associated with other devices (assemblies of devices H01L 25/00 ; integrated circuits H01L 27/00 ; IGBT H01L 29/7393)} |
| 29/66871 | | { Processes wherein the final gate is made after the formation of the source and drain regions in the active layer, e.g. dummy-gate processes} | 29/7304 | | { the device being a resistive element, e.g. ballasting resistor (transistors integrated with resistors H01L 27/075)} |
| 29/66878 | | { Processes wherein the final gate is made before the formation, e.g. activation anneal, of the source and drain regions in the active layer} | 29/7306 | | { Point contact transistors} |
| 29/66886 | | { Lateral transistors with two or more independent gates} | 29/7308 | | { Schottky transistors} |
| 29/66893 | | { with a PN junction gate, i.e. JFET} | 29/7311 | | { Tunnel transistors} |
| | | | 29/7313 | | { Avalanche transistors} |
| | | | 29/7315 | | { Transistors with hook collector} |
| | | | 29/7317 | | { Bipolar thin film transistors} |
| | | | 29/732 | | Vertical transistors |
| | | | 29/7322 | | { having emitter-base and base-collector junctions leaving at the same surface of the body, e.g. planar transistor} |

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| 29/7325 | | {having an emitter-base junction leaving at a main surface and a base-collector junction leaving at a peripheral surface of the body, e.g. mesa planar transistor} | 29/7404 | | {structurally associated with at least one other device (assemblies H01L 25/00 ; integrated circuits H01L 27/00)} |
| 29/7327 | | {Inverse vertical transistors} | 29/7408 | | {the device being a capacitor or a resistor} |
| 29/735 | | Lateral transistors | 29/7412 | | {the device being a diode} |
| 29/737 | | Hetero-junction transistors | 29/7416 | | {the device being an antiparallel diode, e.g. RCT (shorted anode structures enabling reverse conduction H01L 29/0834)} |
| 29/7371 | | {Vertical transistors} | 29/742 | | {the device being a field effect transistor (for turn-on or turn-off by field effect H01L 29/745 , H01L 29/749)} |
| 29/7373 | | {having a two-dimensional base, e.g. modulation-doped base, inversion layer base, delta-doped base} | 29/7424 | | {having a built-in localised breakdown/breakover region, e.g. self-protected against destructive spontaneous, e.g. voltage breakover, firing} |
| 29/7375 | | {having an emitter comprising one or more non-monocrystalline elements of group IV, e.g. amorphous silicon, alloys comprising group IV elements} | 29/7428 | | {having an amplifying gate structure, e.g. cascade (Darlington) configuration} |
| 29/7376 | | {Resonant tunnelling transistors} | 29/7432 | | {Asymmetrical thyristors (with a particular shorted anode structure H01L 29/0834)} |
| 29/7378 | | {comprising lattice mismatched active layers, e.g. SiGe strained layer transistors} | 29/7436 | | {Lateral thyristors} |
| 29/739 | | controlled by field-effect, {e.g. bipolar static induction transistors [BSIT] (unijunction transistors H01L 29/705)} | 29/744 | | Gate-turn-off devices |
| 29/7391 | | {Gated diode structures} | 29/745 | | with turn-off by field effect |
| 29/7392 | | {with PN junction gate, e.g. field controlled thyristors (FCTh), static induction thyristors (SITh)} | 29/7455 | | {produced by an insulated gate structure} |
| 29/7393 | | {Insulated gate bipolar mode transistors, i.e. IGBT; IGT; COMFET} | 29/747 | | Bidirectional devices, e.g. triacs |
| 29/7394 | | {on an insulating layer or substrate, e.g. thin film device or device isolated from the bulk substrate (H01L 29/7398 takes precedence)} | 29/749 | | with turn-on by field effect |
| 29/7395 | | {Vertical transistors, e.g. vertical IGBT} | 29/76 | | Unipolar devices {, e.g. field effect transistors} |
| NOTE | | | 29/7606 | | {Transistor-like structures, e.g. hot electron transistor [HET]; metal base transistor [MBT]} |
| The transistor is called vertical if the emitter and the collector are not on the same main surface or, if they are on the same main surface, at least a part of the main current has a component substantially not parallel to the main surface | | | 29/7613 | | {Single electron transistors; Coulomb blockade devices (H01L 29/7888 takes precedence)} |
| 29/7396 | | {with a non planar surface, e.g. with a non planar gate or with a trench or recess or pillar in the surface of the emitter, base or collector region for improving current density or short circuiting the emitter and base regions (H01L 29/7398 takes precedence)} | 29/762 | | Charge transfer devices |
| 29/7397 | | {and a gate structure lying on a slanted or vertical surface or formed in a groove, e.g. trench gate IGBT} | 29/765 | | Charge-coupled devices {(peripheral circuits for CCD storage devices G11C 19/285)} |
| 29/7398 | | {with both emitter and collector contacts in the same substrate side} | 29/768 | | with field effect produced by an insulated gate |
| 29/74 | | Thyristor-type devices, e.g. having four-zone regenerative action {(two-terminal thyristors H01L 29/87)} | 29/76808 | | {Input structures} |
| | | | 29/76816 | | {Output structures} |
| | | | 29/76825 | | {Structures for regeneration, refreshing, leakage compensation or the like} |
| | | | 29/76833 | | {Buried channel CCD} |
| | | | 29/76841 | | {Two-Phase CCD} |
| | | | 29/7685 | | {Three-Phase CCD} |
| | | | 29/76858 | | {Four-Phase CCD} |
| | | | 29/76866 | | {Surface Channel CCD} |
| | | | 29/76875 | | {Two-Phase CCD} |
| | | | 29/76883 | | {Three-Phase CCD} |
| | | | 29/76891 | | {Four-Phase CCD} |
| | | | 29/772 | | Field effect transistors |
| | | | 29/7722 | | {using static field induced regions, e.g. SIT, PBT} |
| | | | 29/7725 | | {with delta-doped channel (H01L 29/778 takes precedence)} |
| | | | 29/7727 | | {Velocity modulation transistors, i.e. VMT} |
| | | | 29/775 | | with one dimensional charge carrier gas channel, e.g. quantum wire FET |

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| 29/778 | | with two-dimensional charge carrier gas channel, e.g. HEMT {; with two-dimensional charge-carrier layer formed at a heterojunction interface (H01L 29/803 takes precedence)} | 29/7809 | | {having both source and drain contacts on the same surface, i.e. Up-Drain VDMOS transistors} |
| 29/7781 | | {with inverted single heterostructure, i.e. with active layer formed on top of wide bandgap layer, e.g. IHEMT} | 29/781 | | {Inverted VDMOS transistors, i.e. Source-Down VDMOS transistors} |
| 29/7782 | | {with confinement of carriers by at least two heterojunctions, e.g. DHHEMT, quantum well HEMT, DHMODFET} | 29/7811 | | {with an edge termination structure (guard regions per se H01L 29/0619 ; field plates per se H01L 29/402)} |
| 29/7783 | | {using III-V semiconductor material} | WARNING | | |
| 29/7784 | | {with delta or planar doped donor layer (H01L 29/785 takes precedence)} | Group H01L 29/7811 is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group H01L 29/7802 . | | |
| 29/7785 | | {with more than one donor layer} | Groups H01L 29/7811 and H01L 29/7802 should be considered in order to perform a complete search. | | |
| 29/7786 | | {with direct single heterostructure, i.e. with wide bandgap layer formed on top of active layer, e.g. direct single heterostructure MIS-like HEMT} | 29/7812 | | {with a substrate comprising an insulating layer, e.g. SOI-VDMOS transistors} |
| 29/7787 | | {with wide bandgap charge-carrier supplying layer, e.g. direct single heterostructure MODFET} | 29/7813 | | {with trench gate electrode, e.g. UMOS transistors (trench gate electrodes per se H01L 29/4236)} |
| 29/7788 | | {Vertical transistors} | 29/7815 | | {with voltage or current sensing structure, e.g. emulator section, overcurrent sensing cell} |
| 29/7789 | | {the two-dimensional charge carrier gas being at least partially not parallel to a main surface of the semiconductor body} | WARNING | | |
| 29/78 | | with field effect produced by an insulated gate {(H01L 29/7725 , H01L 29/775 , H01L 29/778 take precedence)} | Group H01L 29/7815 is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group H01L 29/7802 . | | |
| 29/7801 | | {DMOS transistors, i.e. MISFETs with a channel accommodating body or base region adjoining a drain drift region (lateral high-voltage MISFETs with channel well and drain offset region H01L 29/7835)} | Groups H01L 29/7815 and H01L 29/7802 should be considered in order to perform a complete search. | | |
| 29/7802 | | {Vertical DMOS transistors, i.e. VDMOS transistors} | 29/7816 | | {Lateral DMOS transistors, i.e. LDMOS transistors} |
| 29/7803 | | {structurally associated with at least one other device (assemblies H01L 25/00 ; integrated circuits H01L 27/00)} | 29/7817 | | {structurally associated with at least one other device (assemblies H01L 25/00 ; integrated circuits H01L 27/00)} |
| | | WARNING | 29/7818 | | {the other device being a pn-junction diode} |
| | | Groups H01L 29/7803 – H01L 29/7808 are incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group H01L 29/7802 . | 29/7819 | | {in antiparallel, e.g. freewheel diode} |
| | | Groups H01L 29/7803 – H01L 29/7808 and H01L 29/7802 should be considered in order to perform a complete search. | 29/782 | | {the other device being a Schottky barrier diode} |
| 29/7804 | | {the other device being a pn-junction diode} | 29/7821 | | {the other device being a breakdown diode, e.g. Zener diode} |
| 29/7805 | | {in antiparallel, e.g. freewheel diode} | 29/7823 | | {with an edge termination structure (guard regions per se H01L 29/0619 ; field plates per se H01L 29/402)} |
| 29/7806 | | {the other device being a Schottky barrier diode} | 29/7824 | | {with a substrate comprising an insulating layer, e.g. SOI-LDMOS transistors} |
| 29/7808 | | {the other device being a breakdown diode, e.g. Zener diode} | 29/7825 | | {with trench gate electrode (trench gate electrodes per se H01L 29/4236)} |

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| 29/7826 | | {with voltage or current sensing structure, e.g. emulator section, overcurrent sensing cell} | 29/7848 | | {the means being located in the source/drain region, e.g. SiGe source and drain} |
| 29/7827 | | {Vertical transistors (H01L 29/7802 , H01L 29/78642 take precedence)} | 29/7849 | | {the means being provided under the channel} |
| 29/7828 | | {without inversion channel, e.g. vertical ACCUFETs, normally-on vertical MISFETs} | 29/785 | | {having a channel with a horizontal current flow in a vertical sidewall of a semiconductor body, e.g. FinFET, MuGFET} |
| 29/783 | | {comprising a gate to body connection, i.e. bulk dynamic threshold voltage MOSFET (for thin film transistors H01L 29/78612 , H01L 29/78696)} | 29/7851 | | {with the body tied to the substrate} |
| 29/7831 | | {with multiple gate structure (FinFETs or MuGFETs H01L 29/7855 , thin film transistors H01L 29/78645)} | 29/7853 | | {the body having a non-rectangular crosssection} |
| 29/7832 | | {the structure comprising a MOS gate and at least one non-MOS gate, e.g. JFET or MESFET gate} | 29/7854 | | {with rounded corners} |
| 29/7833 | | {with lightly doped drain or source extension, e.g. LDD MOSFET's; DDD MOSFET's (for thin film transistors H01L 29/78618)} | 29/7855 | | {with at least two independent gates} |
| 29/7834 | | {with a non-planar structure, e.g. the gate or the source or the drain being non-planar} | 29/7856 | | {with an non-uniform gate, e.g. varying doping structure, shape or composition on different sides of the fin, or different gate insulator thickness or composition on opposing fin sides (H01L 29/7855 takes precedence)} |
| NOTE | | | 2029/7857 | | {of the accumulation type} |
| Field oxide sunken in the substrate and not filling a groove is not an element characterising a non-planar structure | | | 2029/7858 | | {having contacts specially adapted to the FinFET geometry, e.g. wrap-around contacts} |
| 29/7835 | | {with asymmetrical source and drain regions, e.g. lateral high-voltage MISFETs with drain offset region, extended drain MISFETs} | 29/786 | | Thin film transistors, {i.e. transistors with a channel being at least partly a thin film (transistors having only the source or the drain region on an insulator layer H01L 29/0653 ; thin film FinFETs H01L 29/785)} |
| 29/7836 | | {with a significant overlap between the lightly doped extension and the gate electrode (H01L 29/7834 , H01L 29/7835 take precedence)} | NOTE | | |
| 29/7838 | | {without inversion channel, e.g. buried channel lateral MISFETs, normally-on lateral MISFETs, depletion-mode lateral MISFETs} | In groups H01L 29/78651 - H01L 29/78696 , the materials specified for the transistors are the material of the channel region | | |
| 29/7839 | | {with Schottky drain or source contact} | 29/78603 | | {characterised by the insulating substrate or support (H01L 29/78657 takes precedence)} |
| 29/78391 | | {the gate comprising a layer which is used for its ferroelectric properties} | 29/78606 | | {with supplementary region or layer in the thin film or in the insulated bulk substrate supporting it for controlling or increasing the safety of the device (H01L 29/78642 , H01L 29/78645 take precedence)} |
| 29/7841 | | {with floating body, e.g. programmable transistors} | 29/78609 | | {for preventing leakage current (H01L 29/78618 takes precedence)} |
| 29/7842 | | {means for exerting mechanical stress on the crystal lattice of the channel region, e.g. using a flexible substrate (variation of the composition of the channel H01L 29/1054)} | 29/78612 | | {for preventing the kink- or the snapback effect, e.g. discharging the minority carriers of the channel region for preventing bipolar effect} |
| 29/7843 | | {the means being an applied insulating layer} | 29/78615 | | {with a body contact} |
| 29/7845 | | {the means being a conductive material, e.g. silicided S/D or Gate} | 29/78618 | | {characterised by the drain or the source properties, e.g. the doping structure, the composition, the sectional shape or the contact structure (silicide contacts, electrodes in general H01L 29/458)} |
| 29/7846 | | {the means being located in the lateral device isolation region, e.g. STI} | | | |
| 29/7847 | | {using a memorization technique, e.g. re-crystallization under strain, bonding on a substrate having a thermal expansion coefficient different from the one of the region} | | | |

| | | | | | |
|-----------|-----------|--|----------|-----------|--|
| 29/78621 | | {with LDD structure or an extension or an offset region or characterised by the doping profile} | 29/78696 | | {characterised by the structure of the channel, e.g. multichannel, transverse or longitudinal shape, length or width, doping structure, or the overlap or alignment between the channel and the gate, the source or the drain, or the contacting structure of the channel (H01L 29/78612 takes precedence; transistors having a drain offset region or a lightly doped drain [LDD] H01L 29/78621)} |
| 29/78624 | | {the source and the drain regions being asymmetrical} | 29/788 | | with floating gate { (H01L 29/78391 takes precedence)} |
| 29/78627 | | {with a significant overlap between the lightly doped drain and the gate electrode, e.g. GOLDD} | 29/7881 | | {Programmable transistors with only two possible levels of programming (H01L 29/7888 takes precedence)} |
| 2029/7863 | | {with an LDD consisting of more than one lightly doped zone or having a non-homogeneous dopant distribution, e.g. graded LDD} | 29/7882 | | {charging by injection of carriers through a conductive insulator, e.g. Poole-Frankel conduction} |
| 29/78633 | | {with a light shield} | 29/7883 | | {charging by tunnelling of carriers, e.g. Fowler-Nordheim tunnelling} |
| 29/78636 | | {with supplementary region or layer for improving the flatness of the device} | 29/7884 | | {charging by hot carrier injection} |
| 29/78639 | | {with a drain or source connected to a bulk conducting substrate} | 29/7885 | | {Hot carrier injection from the channel} |
| 29/78642 | | {Vertical transistors} | 29/7886 | | {Hot carrier produced by avalanche breakdown of a PN junction, e.g. FAMOS} |
| 29/78645 | | {with multiple gate} | 29/7887 | | {Programmable transistors with more than two possible different levels of programming} |
| 29/78648 | | {arranged on opposing sides of the channel} | 29/7888 | | {Transistors programmable by two single electrons} |
| 29/78651 | | {Silicon transistors (H01L 29/78606 - H01L 29/78645 take precedence)} | 29/7889 | | {Vertical transistors, i.e. transistors having source and drain not in the same horizontal plane} |
| 29/78654 | | {Monocrystalline silicon transistors} | 29/792 | | with charge trapping gate insulator, e.g. MNOS-memory transistors |
| 29/78657 | | {SOS transistors} | 29/7923 | | {Programmable transistors with more than two possible different levels of programming} |
| 29/7866 | | {Non-monocrystalline silicon transistors} | 29/7926 | | {Vertical transistors, i.e. transistors having source and drain not in the same horizontal plane} |
| 29/78663 | | {Amorphous silicon transistors} | 29/80 | | with field effect produced by a PN or other rectifying junction gate {, i.e. potential-jump barrier} |
| 29/78666 | | {with normal-type structure, e.g. with top gate} | 29/802 | | {with heterojunction gate, e.g. transistors with semiconductor layer acting as gate insulating layer, MIS-like transistors (H01L 29/806 takes precedence; with one dimensional electron gas H01L 29/775 ; with dimensional electron gas H01L 29/778)} |
| 29/78669 | | {with inverted-type structure, e.g. with bottom gate} | 29/803 | | {Programmable transistors, e.g. with charge-trapping quantum well} |
| 29/78672 | | {Polycrystalline or microcrystalline silicon transistor} | 29/806 | | {with Schottky drain or source contact} |
| 29/78675 | | {with normal-type structure, e.g. with top gate} | 29/808 | | with a PN junction gate {, e.g. PN homojunction gate (H01L 29/7725 , H01L 29/775 , H01L 29/778 , H01L 29/806 take precedence)} |
| 29/78678 | | {with inverted-type structure, e.g. with bottom gate} | 29/8083 | | {Vertical transistors (SIT H01L 29/7722)} |
| 29/78681 | | {having a semiconductor body comprising $A_{III}B_V$ or $A_{II}B_{VI}$ or $A_{IV}B_{VI}$ semiconductor materials, or Se or Te} | 29/8086 | | {Thin film JFET's} |
| 29/78684 | | {having a semiconductor body comprising semiconductor materials of Group IV not being silicon, or alloys including an element of the group IV, e.g. Ge, SiN alloys, SiC alloys (H01L 29/7869 takes precedence)} | | | |
| 29/78687 | | {with a multilayer structure or superlattice structure} | | | |
| 29/7869 | | {having a semiconductor body comprising an oxide semiconductor material, e.g. zinc oxide, copper aluminium oxide, cadmium stannate} | | | |
| 29/78693 | | {the semiconducting oxide being amorphous} | | | |

- 29/812 with a Schottky gate ([H01L 29/7725](#), [H01L 29/775](#), [H01L 29/778](#), [H01L 29/806](#) take precedence; with Schottky contact on top of heterojunction gate [H01L 29/802](#))
- 29/8122 {Vertical transistors (SIT, PBT [H01L 29/7722](#))}
- 29/8124 {with multiple gate}
- 29/8126 {Thin film MESFET's}
- 29/8128 {with recessed gate}
- 29/82 controllable by variation of the magnetic field applied to the device
- 29/84 controllable by variation of applied mechanical force, e.g. of pressure
- 29/86 controllable only by variation of the electric current supplied, or only the electric potential applied, to one or more of the electrodes carrying the current to be rectified, amplified, oscillated or switched
- 29/8605 Resistors with PN junctions
- 29/861 Diodes
- 29/8611 {Planar PN junction diodes}
- 29/8613 {Mesa PN junction diodes}
- 29/8615 {Hi-lo semiconductor devices, e.g. memory devices}
- 29/8616 {Charge trapping diodes}
- 29/8618 {Diodes with bulk potential barrier, e.g. Camel diodes, Planar Doped Barrier diodes, Graded bandgap diodes}
- 29/862 Point contact diodes
- 29/864 Transit-time diodes, e.g. IMPATT, TRAPATT diodes
- 29/866 Zener diodes
- 29/868 PIN diodes
- 29/87 Thyristor diodes, e.g. Shockley diodes, break-over diodes
- 29/872 Schottky diodes
- 29/8725 {of the trench MOS barrier type [TMBS]}
- 29/88 Tunnel-effect diodes
- 29/882 {Resonant tunneling diodes, i.e. RTD, RTBD}
- 29/885 Esaki diodes
- 29/92 Capacitors with potential-jump barrier or surface barrier
- 29/93 Variable capacitance diodes, e.g. varactors
- 29/94 Metal-insulator-semiconductors, e.g. MOS
- 29/945 {Trench capacitors}
- 31/00** **Semiconductor devices sensitive to infra-red radiation, light, electromagnetic radiation of shorter wavelength or corpuscular radiation and specially adapted either for the conversion of the energy of such radiation into electrical energy or for the control of electrical energy by such radiation; Processes or apparatus specially adapted for the manufacture or treatment thereof or of parts thereof; Details thereof ([H01L 51/42](#) takes precedence; devices consisting of a plurality of solid state components formed in, or on, a common substrate, other than combinations of radiation-sensitive components with one or more electric light sources, [H01L 27/00](#))**
- 31/02 Details
- 31/02002 . . . {Arrangements for conducting electric current to or from the device in operations}
- 31/02005 . . . {for device characterised by at least one potential jump barrier or surface barrier}
- 31/02008 {for solar cells or solar cell modules}
- 31/0201 {comprising specially adapted module bus-bar structures}
- 31/02013 {comprising output lead wires elements}
- 31/02016 . . . {Circuit arrangements of general character for the devices}
- 31/02019 . . . {for devices characterised by at least one potential jump barrier or surface barrier}
- 31/02021 {for solar cells ([electrical connection means](#), e.g. junction boxes, specially adapted for structural association with photovoltaic modules [H02S 40/34](#))}
- 31/02024 {Position sensitive and lateral effect photodetectors; Quadrant photodiodes}
- 31/02027 {for devices working in avalanche mode}
- 31/0203 . . . Containers; Encapsulations {, e.g. encapsulation of photodiodes} (for photovoltaic devices [H01L 31/048](#); for organic photosensitive devices [H01L 51/44](#))
- 31/0216 . . . Coatings ([H01L 31/041](#) takes precedence)
- 31/02161 . . . {for devices characterised by at least one potential jump barrier or surface barrier}
- 31/02162 {for filtering or shielding light, e.g. multicolour filters for photodetectors}
- 31/02164 {for shielding light, e.g. light blocking layers, cold shields for infra-red detectors}
- 31/02165 {using interference filters, e.g. multilayer dielectric filters ([interference filters G02B 5/28](#))}
- 31/02167 {for solar cells}
- 31/02168 {the coatings being antireflective or having enhancing optical properties for the solar cells}
- 31/0224 . . . Electrodes
- 31/022408 . . . {for devices characterised by at least one potential jump barrier or surface barrier}
- 31/022416 {comprising ring electrodes}
- 31/022425 {for solar cells}
- 31/022433 {Particular geometry of the grid contacts}
- 31/022441 {Electrode arrangements specially adapted for back-contact solar cells}
- 31/02245 {for metallisation wrap-through [MWT] type solar cells}
- 31/022458 {for emitter wrap-through [EWT] type solar cells, e.g. interdigitated emitter-base back-contacts}
- 31/022466 . . . {made of transparent conductive layers, e.g. TCO, ITO layers}
- 31/022475 {composed of indium tin oxide [ITO]}
- 31/022483 {composed of zinc oxide [ZnO]}
- 31/022491 {composed of a thin transparent metal layer, e.g. gold}
- 31/0232 . . . Optical elements or arrangements associated with the device ([H01L 31/0236](#) takes precedence; for photovoltaic cells [H01L 31/054](#); for photovoltaic modules [H02S 40/20](#))
- 31/02322 . . . {comprising luminescent members, e.g. fluorescent sheets upon the device}
- 31/02325 . . . {the optical elements not being integrated nor being directly associated with the device}

- 31/02327 . . . {the optical elements being integrated or being directly associated to the device, e.g. back reflectors ([optical coatings H01L 31/0216](#))}
- 31/0236 . . Special surface textures
- 31/02363 . . . {of the semiconductor body itself, e.g. textured active layers}
- 31/02366 . . . {of the substrate or of a layer on the substrate, e.g. textured ITO/glass substrate or superstrate, textured polymer layer on glass substrate}
- 31/024 . . Arrangements for cooling, heating, ventilating or temperature compensation ([for photovoltaic devices H01L 31/052](#))
- 31/0248 . characterised by their semiconductor bodies
- 31/0256 . . characterised by the material
- 31/0264 . . . Inorganic materials
- 31/0272 Selenium or tellurium
- 31/02725 {characterised by the doping material}
- 31/028 including, apart from doping material or other impurities, only elements of Group IV of the Periodic System
- 31/0284 {comprising porous silicon as part of the active layer(s) ([porous silicon as antireflective layer for photodiodes H01L 31/0216](#); [for solar cells H01L 31/02168](#))}
- 31/0288 characterised by the doping material
- 31/0296 including, apart from doping material or other impurities, only $A_{II}B_{VI}$ compounds, e.g. CdS, ZnS, HgCdTe
- 31/02963 {characterised by the doping material}
- 31/02966 {including ternary compounds, e.g. HgCdTe}
- 31/0304 including, apart from doping materials or other impurities, only $A_{III}B_V$ compounds
- 31/03042 {characterised by the doping material}
- 31/03044 {comprising a nitride compounds, e.g. GaN}
- 31/03046 {including ternary or quaternary compounds, e.g. GaAlAs, InGaAs, InGaAsP}
- 31/03048 {comprising a nitride compounds, e.g. InGaN}
- 31/0312 including, apart from doping materials or other impurities, only $A_{IV}B_{IV}$ compounds, e.g. SiC
- 31/03125 {characterised by the doping material}
- 31/032 including, apart from doping materials or other impurities, only compounds not provided for in groups [H01L 31/0272](#) - [H01L 31/0312](#)
- 31/0321 {characterised by the doping material ([H01L 31/0323](#), [H01L 31/0325 take precedence](#))}
- 31/0322 {comprising only $A_{IBIII}C_{VI}$ chalcopyrite compounds, e.g. Cu In Se₂, Cu Ga Se₂, Cu In Ga Se₂}
- 31/0323 {characterised by the doping material}
- 31/0324 {comprising only $A_{IV}B_{VI}$ or $A_{II}B_{IV}C_{VI}$ chalcogenide compounds, e.g. Pb Sn Te}
- 31/0325 {characterised by the doping material}
- 31/0326 {comprising $A_{IBII}C_{IV}D_{VI}$ kesterite compounds, e.g. Cu₂ZnSnSe₄, Cu₂ZnSnS₄}
- 31/0327 {characterised by the doping material}
- 31/0328 including, apart from doping materials or other impurities, semiconductor materials provided for in two or more of groups [H01L 31/0272](#) - [H01L 31/032](#)
- 31/0336 in different semiconductor regions, e.g. Cu₂X/CdX hetero-junctions, X being an element of Group VI of the Periodic System
- 31/03365 {comprising only Cu₂X / CdX heterojunctions, X being an element of Group VI of the Periodic System}
- 2031/0344 . . . {Organic materials}
- 31/0352 . . characterised by their shape or by the shapes, relative sizes or disposition of the semiconductor regions
- 31/035209 . . . {comprising a quantum structures}
- 31/035218 {the quantum structure being quantum dots}
- 31/035227 {the quantum structure being quantum wires, or nanorods ([carbon nanotubes H01L 51/0048](#))}
- 31/035236 . . . {Superlattices; Multiple quantum well structures}
- 31/035245 {characterised by amorphous semiconductor layers}
- 31/035254 {including, apart from doping materials or other impurities, only elements of Group IV of the Periodic System, e.g. Si-SiGe superlattices}
- 31/035263 {Doping superlattices, e.g. nipi superlattices}
- 31/035272 . . . {characterised by at least one potential jump barrier or surface barrier}
- 31/035281 {Shape of the body}
- 31/03529 {Shape of the potential jump barrier or surface barrier}
- 31/036 . . characterised by their crystalline structure or particular orientation of the crystalline planes
- 31/0368 . . . including polycrystalline semiconductors ([H01L 31/0392 takes precedence](#))
- 31/03682 {including only elements of Group IV of the Periodic System}
- 31/03685 {including microcrystalline silicon, uc-Si}
- 31/03687 {including microcrystalline $A_{IV}B_{IV}$ alloys, e.g. uc-SiGe, uc-SiC}
- 31/0376 . . . including amorphous semiconductors ([H01L 31/0392 takes precedence](#))
- 31/03762 {including only elements of Group IV of the Periodic System}
- 31/03765 {including $A_{IV}B_{IV}$ compounds or alloys, e.g. SiGe, SiC}
- 31/03767 {presenting light-induced characteristic variations, e.g. Staebler-Wronski effect}
- 31/0384 . . . including other non-monocrystalline materials, e.g. semiconductor particles embedded in an insulating material ([H01L 31/0392 takes precedence](#))
- 31/03845 {comprising semiconductor nanoparticles embedded in a semiconductor matrix ([in insulating matrix H01L 31/0384](#))}
- 31/0392 . . . including thin films deposited on metallic or insulating substrates {; characterised by specific substrate materials or substrate features or by the presence of intermediate layers, e.g. barrier layers, on the substrate ([textured substrates H01L 31/02366](#))}

- 31/03921 {including only elements of Group IV of the Periodic System}
- 31/03923 {including $A_{II}B_{III}C_{VI}$ compound materials, e.g. CIS, CIGS}
- 31/03925 {including $A_{II}B_{VI}$ compound materials, e.g. CdTe, CdS}
- 31/03926 {comprising a flexible substrate}
- 31/03928 {including $A_{II}B_{III}C_{VI}$ compound, e.g. CIS, CIGS deposited on metal or polymer foils}
- 31/04 adapted as photovoltaic [PV] conversion devices (testing thereof during manufacture [{H01L 22/00}](#); testing thereof after manufacture [H02S 50/10](#))
- 31/041 Provisions for preventing damage caused by corpuscular radiation, e.g. for space applications
- 31/042 PV modules or arrays of single PV cells (supporting structures for PV modules [H02S 20/00](#))
- 31/043 Mechanically stacked PV cells
- 31/044 including bypass diodes (bypass diodes in the junction box [H02S 40/34](#))
- 31/0443 comprising bypass diodes integrated or directly associated with the devices, e.g. bypass diodes integrated or formed in or on the same substrate as the photovoltaic cells
- 31/0445 including thin film solar cells, e.g. single thin film a-Si, CIS or CdTe solar cells
- 31/046 PV modules composed of a plurality of thin film solar cells deposited on the same substrate
- 31/0463 characterised by special patterning methods to connect the PV cells in a module, e.g. laser cutting of the conductive or active layers
- 31/0465 comprising particular structures for the electrical interconnection of adjacent PV cells in the module ([H01L 31/0463](#) takes precedence)
- 31/0468 comprising specific means for obtaining partial light transmission through the module, e.g. partially transparent thin film solar modules for windows
- 31/047 PV cell arrays including PV cells having multiple vertical junctions or multiple V-groove junctions formed in a semiconductor substrate
- 31/0475 PV cell arrays made by cells in a planar, e.g. repetitive, configuration on a single semiconductor substrate; PV cell microarrays (PV modules composed of a plurality of thin film solar cells deposited on the same substrate [H01L 31/046](#))
- 31/048 Encapsulation of modules
- 31/0481 {characterised by the composition of the encapsulation material}
- 31/0488 {Double glass encapsulation, e.g. photovoltaic cells arranged between front and rear glass sheets}
- 31/049 Protective back sheets
- 31/05 Electrical interconnection means between PV cells inside the PV module, e.g. series connection of PV cells (electrodes [H01L 31/0224](#); electrical interconnection of thin film solar cells formed on a common substrate [H01L 31/046](#); particular structures for electrical interconnecting of adjacent thin film solar cells in the module [H01L 31/0465](#); electrical interconnection means specially adapted for electrically connecting two or more PV modules [H02S 40/36](#))
- 31/0504 {specially adapted for series or parallel connection of solar cells in a module}
- 31/0508 {the interconnection means having a particular shape}
- 31/0512 {made of a particular material or composition of materials}
- 31/0516 {specially adapted for interconnection of back-contact solar cells}
- 31/052 Cooling means directly associated or integrated with the PV cell, e.g. integrated Peltier elements for active cooling or heat sinks directly associated with the PV cells (cooling means in combination with the PV module [H02S 40/42](#))
- 31/0521 {using a gaseous or a liquid coolant, e.g. air flow ventilation, water circulation}
- 31/0525 including means to utilise heat energy directly associated with the PV cell, e.g. integrated Seebeck elements
- 31/053 Energy storage means directly associated or integrated with the PV cell, e.g. a capacitor integrated with a PV cell (energy storage means associated with the PV module [H02S 40/38](#))
- 31/054 Optical elements directly associated or integrated with the PV cell, e.g. light-reflecting means or light-concentrating means
- 31/0543 {comprising light concentrating means of the refractive type, e.g. lenses}
- 31/0547 {comprising light concentrating means of the reflecting type, e.g. parabolic mirrors, concentrators using total internal reflection}
- 31/0549 {comprising spectrum splitting means, e.g. dichroic mirrors}
- 31/055 where light is absorbed and re-emitted at a different wavelength by the optical element directly associated or integrated with the PV cell, e.g. by using luminescent material, fluorescent concentrators or up-conversion arrangements
- 31/056 the light-reflecting means being of the back surface reflector [BSR] type
- 31/06 characterised by at least one potential-jump barrier or surface barrier
- 31/061 the potential barriers being of the point-contact type ([H01L 31/07](#) takes precedence)
- 31/062 the potential barriers being only of the metal-insulator-semiconductor type
- 31/065 the potential barriers being only of the graded gap type
- 31/068 the potential barriers being only of the PN homojunction type, e.g. bulk silicon PN homojunction solar cells or thin film polycrystalline silicon PN homojunction solar cells

- 31/0682 {back-junction, i.e. rearside emitter, solar cells, e.g. interdigitated base-emitter regions back-junction cells}
- 31/0684 {double emitter cells, e.g. bifacial solar cells}
- 31/0687 Multiple junction or tandem solar cells
- 31/06875 {inverted grown metamorphic [IMM] multiple junction solar cells, e.g. III-V compounds inverted metamorphic multi-junction cells}
- 31/0693 the devices including, apart from doping material or other impurities, only $A_{III}B_V$ compounds, e.g. GaAs or InP solar cells
- 31/07 . . . the potential barriers being only of the Schottky type
- 31/072 . . . the potential barriers being only of the PN heterojunction type
- 31/0725 Multiple junction or tandem solar cells
- 31/073 comprising only $A_{II}B_{VI}$ compound semiconductors, e.g. CdS/CdTe solar cells
- 31/0735 comprising only $A_{III}B_V$ compound semiconductors, e.g. GaAs/AlGaAs or InP/GaInAs solar cells
- 31/074 comprising a heterojunction with an element of Group IV of the Periodic System, e.g. ITO/Si, GaAs/Si or CdTe/Si solar cells
- 31/0745 comprising a $A_{IV}B_{IV}$ heterojunction, e.g. Si/Ge, SiGe/Si or Si/SiC solar cells
- 31/0747 comprising a heterojunction of crystalline and amorphous materials, e.g. heterojunction with intrinsic thin layer or HIT® solar cells; solar cells
- 31/0749 including a $A_{IB_{III}C_{VI}}$ compound, e.g. CdS/CuInSe₂ [CIS] heterojunction solar cells
- 31/075 . . . the potential barriers being only of the PIN type
- 31/076 Multiple junction or tandem solar cells
- 31/077 . . . the devices comprising monocrystalline or polycrystalline materials
- 31/078 . . . including different types of potential barriers provided for in two or more of groups [H01L 31/062](#) - [H01L 31/075](#)
- 31/08 . . in which radiation controls flow of current through the device, e.g. photoresistors
- 31/085 . . {the device being sensitive to very short wavelength, e.g. X-ray, Gamma-rays}
- 31/09 . . Devices sensitive to infra-red, visible or ultraviolet radiation ([H01L 31/101](#) takes precedence)
- 31/095 . . . {comprising amorphous semiconductors}
- 31/10 . . characterised by at least one potential-jump barrier or surface barrier, e.g. phototransistors
- 31/101 . . . Devices sensitive to infra-red, visible or ultraviolet radiation
- 31/1013 {devices sensitive to two or more wavelengths, e.g. multi-spectrum radiation detection devices}
- 31/1016 {comprising transparent or semitransparent devices}
- 31/102 characterised by only one potential barrier or surface barrier
- 31/1025 {the potential barrier being of the point contact type}
- 31/103 the potential barrier being of the PN homojunction type
- 31/1032 {the devices comprising active layers formed only by $A_{II}B_{VI}$ compounds, e.g. HgCdTe IR photodiodes}
- 31/1035 {the devices comprising active layers formed only by $A_{III}B_V$ compounds}
- 31/1037 {the devices comprising active layers formed only by $A_{IV}B_{VI}$ compounds}
- 31/105 the potential barrier being of the PIN type
- 31/1055 {the devices comprising amorphous materials of Group IV of the Periodic System}
- 31/107 the potential barrier working in avalanche mode, e.g. avalanche photodiode
- 31/1075 {in which the active layers, e.g. absorption or multiplication layers, form an heterostructure, e.g. SAM structure}
- 31/108 the potential barrier being of the Schottky type
- 31/1085 {the devices being of the Metal-Semiconductor-Metal [MSM] Schottky barrier type}
- 31/109 the potential barrier being of the PN heterojunction type
- 31/11 characterised by two potential barriers or surface barriers, e.g. bipolar phototransistor
- 31/1105 {the device being a bipolar phototransistor}
- 31/111 characterised by at least three potential barriers, e.g. photothyristor
- 31/1113 {the device being a photothyristor}
- 31/1116 {of the static induction type}
- 31/112 characterised by field-effect operation, e.g. junction field-effect phototransistor
- 31/1121 {Devices with Schottky gate}
- 31/1122 {the device being a CCD device}
- 31/1123 {the device being a photo MESFET}
- 31/1124 {Devices with PN homojunction gate}
- 31/1125 {the device being a CCD device}
- 31/1126 {the device being a field-effect phototransistor}
- 31/1127 {Devices with PN heterojunction gate}
- 31/1128 {the device being a CCD device}
- 31/1129 {the device being a field-effect phototransistor}
- 31/113 being of the conductor-insulator-semiconductor type, e.g. metal-insulator-semiconductor field-effect transistor
- 31/1133 {the device being a conductor-insulator-semiconductor diode or a CCD device}
- 31/1136 {the device being a metal-insulator-semiconductor field-effect transistor}
- 31/115 Devices sensitive to very short wavelength, e.g. X-rays, gamma-rays or corpuscular radiation
- 31/117 of the bulk effect radiation detector type, e.g. Ge-Li compensated PIN gamma-ray detectors
- 31/1175 {Li compensated PIN gamma-ray detectors}
- 31/118 of the surface barrier or shallow PN junction detector type, e.g. surface barrier alpha-particle detectors
- 31/1185 {of the shallow PN junction detector type}
- 31/119 characterised by field-effect operation, e.g. MIS type detectors

- 31/12 . . . structurally associated with, e.g. formed in or on a common substrate with, one or more electric light sources, e.g. electroluminescent light sources, and electrically or optically coupled thereto ([semiconductor devices with at least one potential barrier or surface barrier adapted for light emission H01L 33/00](#); amplifiers using electroluminescent element and photocell [H03F 17/00](#); electroluminescent light sources [per se H05B 33/00](#))
- 31/125 . . . {Composite devices with photosensitive elements and electroluminescent elements within one single body}
- 31/14 . . . the light source or sources being controlled by the semiconductor device sensitive to radiation, e.g. image converters, image amplifiers or image storage devices
- 31/141 . . . {the semiconductor device sensitive to radiation being without a potential-jump barrier or surface barrier}
- 31/143 {the light source being a semiconductor device with at least one potential-jump barrier or surface barrier, e.g. light emitting diode}
- 31/145 . . . {the semiconductor device sensitive to radiation being characterised by at least one potential-jump barrier or surface barrier}
- 31/147 . . . the light sources and the devices sensitive to radiation all being semiconductor devices characterised by at least one potential or surface barrier
- 31/153 formed in, or on, a common substrate
- 31/16 . . . the semiconductor device sensitive to radiation being controlled by the light source or sources
- 31/161 . . . {Semiconductor device sensitive to radiation without a potential-jump or surface barrier, e.g. photoresistors}
- 31/162 {the light source being a semiconductor device with at least one potential-jump barrier or surface barrier, e.g. a light emitting diode}
- 31/164 {Optical potentiometers}
- 31/165 . . . {the semiconductor sensitive to radiation being characterised by at least one potential-jump or surface barrier}
- 31/167 . . . the light sources and the devices sensitive to radiation all being semiconductor devices characterised by at least one potential or surface barrier
- 31/173 formed in, or on, a common substrate
- 31/18 . . . Processes or apparatus specially adapted for the manufacture or treatment of these devices or of parts thereof
- 31/1804 . . . {comprising only elements of Group IV of the Periodic System}
- 31/1808 . . . {including only Ge}
- 31/1812 . . . {including only $A_{IV}B_{IV}$ alloys, e.g. SiGe}
- 31/1816 {Special manufacturing methods for microcrystalline layers, e.g. uc-SiGe, uc-SiC}
- 31/182 . . . {Special manufacturing methods for polycrystalline Si, e.g. Si ribbon, poly Si ingots, thin films of polycrystalline Si}
- 31/1824 {Special manufacturing methods for microcrystalline Si, uc-Si}
- 31/1828 . . . {the active layers comprising only $A_{II}B_{VI}$ compounds, e.g. CdS, ZnS, CdTe}
- 31/1832 . . . {comprising ternary compounds, e.g. Hg Cd Te}
- 31/1836 . . . {comprising a growth substrate not being an $A_{II}B_{VI}$ compound}
- 31/184 . . . {the active layers comprising only $A_{III}B_V$ compounds, e.g. GaAs, InP}
- 31/1844 . . . {comprising ternary or quaternary compounds, e.g. Ga Al As, In Ga As P}
- 31/1848 {comprising nitride compounds, e.g. InGaN, InGaAlN}
- 31/1852 . . . {comprising a growth substrate not being an $A_{III}B_V$ compound}
- 31/1856 . . . {comprising nitride compounds, e.g. GaN}
- 31/186 . . . {Particular post-treatment for the devices, e.g. annealing, impurity gettering, short-circuit elimination, recrystallisation}
- 31/1864 . . . {Annealing}
- 31/1868 . . . {Passivation}
- 31/1872 . . . {Recrystallisation}
- 31/1876 . . . {Particular processes or apparatus for batch treatment of the devices}
- 31/188 . . . {Apparatus specially adapted for automatic interconnection of solar cells in a module}
- 31/1884 . . . {Manufacture of transparent electrodes, e.g. TCO, ITO}
- 31/1888 . . . {methods for etching transparent electrodes}
- 31/1892 . . . {methods involving the use of temporary, removable substrates}
- 31/1896 . . . {for thin-film semiconductors}
- 31/20 . . . such devices or parts thereof comprising amorphous semiconductor materials
- 31/202 . . . {including only elements of Group IV of the Periodic System}
- 31/204 {including $A_{IV}B_{IV}$ alloys, e.g. SiGe, SiC}
- 31/206 . . . {Particular processes or apparatus for continuous treatment of the devices, e.g. roll-to roll processes, multi-chamber deposition}
- 31/208 . . . {Particular post-treatment of the devices, e.g. annealing, short-circuit elimination}
- 33/00 Semiconductor devices with at least one potential-jump barrier or surface barrier specially adapted for light emission; Processes or apparatus specially adapted for the manufacture or treatment thereof or of parts thereof; Details thereof ([H01L 51/50](#) takes precedence; devices consisting of a plurality of semiconductor components formed in or on a common substrate and including semiconductor components with at least one potential-jump barrier or surface barrier, specially adapted for light emission [H01L 27/15](#); semiconductor lasers [H01S 5/00](#))**
- NOTE**
- This group covers light emitting diodes [LEDs] or superluminescent diodes [SLDs], including LEDs or SLDs emitting infra-red [IR] light or ultra-violet [UV] light.
- 33/0004 . . . {Devices characterised by their operation}
- 33/0008 . . . {having p-n or hi-lo junctions}
- 33/0012 . . . {p-i-n devices}
- 33/0016 . . . {having at least two p-n junctions}
- 33/002 . . . {having heterojunctions or graded gap}

| | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| 33/0025 | . . . {comprising only $A_{III}B_V$ compounds} | 33/285 | {characterised by the doping materials} |
| 33/0029 | . . . {comprising only $A_{II}B_{VI}$ compounds} | 33/30 | . . . containing only elements of group III and group V of the periodic system |
| 33/0033 | . . {having Schottky barriers} | 33/305 | {characterised by the doping materials} |
| 33/0037 | . . {having a MIS barrier layer} | 33/32 | containing nitrogen |
| 33/0041 | . . {characterised by field-effect operation} | 33/325 | {characterised by the doping materials} |
| 33/0045 | . . {the devices being superluminescent diodes} | 33/34 | . . . containing only elements of group IV of the periodic system |
| 33/005 | . {Processes} | 33/343 | {characterised by the doping materials} |
| 33/0054 | . . {for devices with an active region comprising only group IV elements} | 33/346 | {containing porous silicon} |
| 33/0058 | . . . {comprising amorphous semiconductors} | 33/36 | . characterised by the electrodes |
| 33/0062 | . . {for devices with an active region comprising only III-V compounds} | 33/38 | . . with a particular shape |
| 33/0066 | . . . {with a substrate not being a III-V compound} | 33/382 | . . . {the electrode extending partially in or entirely through the semiconductor body} |
| 33/007 | {comprising nitride compounds} | 33/385 | . . . {the electrode extending at least partially onto a side surface of the semiconductor body} |
| 33/0075 | . . . {comprising nitride compounds} | 33/387 | . . . {with a plurality of electrode regions in direct contact with the semiconductor body and being electrically interconnected by another electrode layer} |
| 33/0083 | . . {for devices with an active region comprising only II-VI compounds} | 33/40 | . . Materials therefor |
| 33/0087 | . . . {with a substrate not being a II-VI compound} | 33/405 | . . . {Reflective materials} |
| 33/0091 | . . {for devices with an active region comprising only IV-VI compounds} | 33/42 | . . . Transparent materials |
| 33/0093 | . . {Wafer bonding; Removal of the growth substrate} | 33/44 | . characterised by the coatings, e.g. passivation layer or anti-reflective coating |
| 33/0095 | . . {Post-treatment of devices, e.g. annealing, recrystallisation or short-circuit elimination} | 33/46 | . . Reflective coating, e.g. dielectric Bragg reflector |
| 33/02 | . characterised by the semiconductor bodies | 33/465 | . . . {with a resonant cavity structure} |
| 33/025 | . . {Physical imperfections, e.g. particular concentration or distribution of impurities} | 33/48 | . characterised by the semiconductor body packages |
| 33/04 | . . with a quantum effect structure or superlattice, e.g. tunnel junction | NOTE | |
| 33/06 | . . . within the light emitting region, e.g. quantum confinement structure or tunnel barrier | This group <u>covers</u> elements in intimate contact with the semiconductor body or integrated with the package | |
| 33/08 | . . with a plurality of light emitting regions, e.g. laterally discontinuous light emitting layer or photoluminescent region integrated within the semiconductor body (H01L 27/15 takes precedence) | 33/483 | . . {Containers} |
| 33/10 | . . with a light reflecting structure, e.g. semiconductor Bragg reflector | 33/486 | . . . {adapted for surface mounting} |
| 33/105 | . . . {with a resonant cavity structure} | 33/50 | . . Wavelength conversion elements |
| 33/12 | . . with a stress relaxation structure, e.g. buffer layer | 33/501 | . . . {characterised by the materials, e.g. binder} |
| 33/14 | . . with a carrier transport control structure, e.g. highly-doped semiconductor layer or current-blocking structure | 33/502 | {Wavelength conversion materials} |
| 33/145 | . . . {with a current-blocking structure} | 33/504 | {Elements with two or more wavelength conversion materials} |
| 33/16 | . . with a particular crystal structure or orientation, e.g. polycrystalline, amorphous or porous | 33/505 | . . . {characterised by the shape, e.g. plate or foil} |
| 33/18 | . . . within the light emitting region | 33/507 | . . . {the elements being in intimate contact with parts other than the semiconductor body or integrated with parts other than the semiconductor body} |
| NOTE | | 33/508 | . . . {having a non-uniform spatial arrangement or non-uniform concentration, e.g. patterned wavelength conversion layer, wavelength conversion layer with a concentration gradient of the wavelength conversion material} |
| When classifying in this group, classification is also made in group H01L 33/26 or one of its subgroups in order to identify the chemical composition of the light emitting region | | 33/52 | . . Encapsulations |
| 33/20 | . . with a particular shape, e.g. curved or truncated substrate | 33/54 | . . . having a particular shape |
| 33/22 | . . . Roughened surfaces, e.g. at the interface between epitaxial layers | 33/56 | . . . Materials, e.g. epoxy or silicone resin |
| 33/24 | . . . of the light emitting region, e.g. non-planar junction | 33/58 | . . Optical field-shaping elements |
| 33/26 | . . Materials of the light emitting region | 33/60 | . . . Reflective elements |
| 33/28 | . . . containing only elements of group II and group VI of the periodic system | 33/62 | . . Arrangements for conducting electric current to or from the semiconductor body, e.g. lead-frames, wire-bonds or solder balls |
| | | 33/64 | . . Heat extraction or cooling elements |
| | | 33/641 | . . . {characterized by the materials} |
| | | 33/642 | . . . {characterized by the shape} |
| | | 33/644 | . . . {in intimate contact or integrated with parts of the device other than the semiconductor body} |

- 33/645 . . . {the elements being electrically controlled, e.g. Peltier elements}
- 33/647 . . . {the elements conducting electric current to or from the semiconductor body}
- 33/648 . . . {the elements comprising fluids, e.g. heat-pipes}
- 35/00** **Thermoelectric devices comprising a junction of dissimilar materials, i.e. exhibiting Seebeck or Peltier effect with or without other thermoelectric effects or thermomagnetic effects; Processes or apparatus peculiar to the manufacture or treatment thereof or of parts thereof; Details thereof** (devices consisting of a plurality of solid state components formed in or on a common substrate [H01L 27/00](#))
 - 35/02 . Details
 - 35/04 . . Structural details of the junction; Connections of leads
 - 35/06 . . . detachable, e.g. using a spring
 - 35/08 . . . non-detachable, e.g. cemented, sintered, soldered {, e.g. thin films}
 - 35/10 . . . Connections of leads
 - 35/12 . Selection of the material for the legs of the junction
 - 35/14 . . using inorganic compositions
 - 35/16 . . . comprising tellurium or selenium or sulfur
 - 35/18 . . . comprising arsenic or antimony or bismuth ([H01L 35/16](#) takes precedence), {e.g. $A_{III}B_V$ compounds}
 - 35/20 . . . comprising metals only ([H01L 35/16](#), [H01L 35/18](#) take precedence)
 - 35/22 . . . comprising compounds containing boron, carbon, oxygen or nitrogen {or germanium or silicon, e.g. superconductors}
 - 35/225 {Superconducting materials}
 - 35/24 . . using organic compositions
 - 35/26 . . using compositions changing continuously or discontinuously inside the material
 - 35/28 . operating with Peltier or Seebeck effect only
 - 35/30 . . characterised by the heat-exchanging means at the junction
 - 35/32 . . characterised by the structure or configuration of the cell or thermocouple forming the device {including details about housing, insulation, geometry or module}
 - 35/325 . . . {Cascades of thermocouples}
 - 35/34 . Processes or apparatus specially adapted for peculiar to the manufacture or treatment of these devices or of parts thereof
- 37/00** **Thermoelectric devices without a junction of dissimilar materials; Thermomagnetic devices, e.g. using Nernst-Ettinghausen effect; Processes or apparatus peculiar to the manufacture or treatment thereof or of parts thereof** (devices consisting of a plurality of solid state components formed in or on a common substrate [H01L 27/00](#))
 - 37/02 . using thermal change of dielectric constant, e.g. working above and below Curie point {, e.g. pyroelectric devices}
 - 37/025 . . {Selection of materials}
 - 37/04 . using thermal change of magnetic permeability, e.g. working above and below the Curie point {, e.g. pyromagnetic devices}

39/00

Devices using superconductivity; Processes or apparatus peculiar to the manufacture or treatment thereof or of parts thereof (devices consisting of a plurality of solid state components formed in or on a common substrate [H01L 27/00](#); {light detection [G01J](#), [G02F 2/00](#); application to memories [G11C 11/44](#), [G11C 15/00](#), [G11C 19/32](#)}; superconducting conductors cables or transmission lines [H01B 12/00](#); {microwaves [H01P 7/00](#), [H01P 11/00](#)}; superconductive coils or windings [H01F](#); amplifiers using superconductivity [H03F 19/00](#); {impulse generators and logic circuits [H03K 3/38](#), [H03K 17/92](#), [H03K 19/195](#); lasers [H01S 3/00](#), [H01S 5/00](#)})

NOTE

In this group, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, an invention is classified in the last appropriate place

- 39/005 . {Alleged superconductivity}
- 39/02 . Details
- 39/025 . . {for Josephson devices}
- 39/04 . . Containers; Mountings
- 39/045 . . . {for Josephson devices}
- 39/06 . . characterised by the current path
- 39/08 . . characterised by the shape of the element
- 39/10 . . characterised by the means for switching {between superconductive and normal states}
- 39/12 . . characterised by the material
- 39/121 . . . {Organic materials}
- 39/123 {Fullerene superconductors, e.g. soccerball-shaped allotrope of carbon, e.g. C_{60} , C_{94} (fullerenes in general [C07C 13/00](#))}
- 39/125 {Ceramic materials}
- 39/126 {comprising copper oxide}
- 39/128 {Multi-layered structures, e.g. super lattices}
- 39/14 . Permanent superconductor devices
- 39/141 . . {comprising metal borides, e.g. MgB_2 }
- 39/143 . . {comprising high T_c ceramic materials}
- 39/145 . . {Three or more electrode devices ([H01L 39/228](#) takes precedence)}
- 39/146 . . . {Field effect devices}
- 39/148 . . {Abrikosov vortex devices}
- 39/16 . Devices switchable between superconductive and normal states {, e.g. switches, current limiters (circuits for current limitation using superconductor elements [H02H 9/023](#))}
- 39/18 . . Cryotrons
- 39/20 . . . Power cryotrons
- 39/22 . Devices comprising a junction of dissimilar materials, e.g. Josephson-effect devices
- 39/221 . . {Single electron tunnelling devices}
- 39/223 . . {Josephson-effect devices}
- 39/225 . . . {comprising high T_c ceramic materials}
- 39/226 . . . {comprising metal borides, e.g. MgB_2 }
- 39/228 . . {three or more electrode devices, e.g. transistor-like structures}
- 39/24 . Processes or apparatus peculiar to the manufacture or treatment of devices provided for in [H01L 39/00](#) or of parts thereof

- 39/2403 . . {Processes peculiar to the manufacture or treatment of composite superconductor filaments (comprising copper oxide [H01L 39/2419](#))}
- 39/2406 . . {of devices comprising Nb or an alloy of Nb with one or more of the elements of group 4, e.g. Ti, Zr, Hf}
- 39/2409 . . {of devices comprising an intermetallic compound of type A-15, e.g. Nb₃Sn}
- 39/2412 . . {of devices comprising molybdenum chalcogenides}
- 39/2416 . . {of devices comprising nitrides or carbonitrides}
- 39/2419 . . {the superconducting material comprising copper oxide}
- 39/2422 . . . {Processes for depositing or forming superconductor layers}
- 39/2425 {from a solution}
- 39/2429 {from a suspension or slurry, e.g. screen printing; doctor blade casting}
- 39/2432 {by evaporation independent of heat source, e.g. MBE}
- 39/2435 {by sputtering}
- 39/2438 {by chemical vapour deposition [CVD]}
- 39/2441 {by metalloorganic chemical vapour deposition [MOCVD]}
- 39/2445 {by thermal spraying, e.g. plasma deposition}
- 39/2448 {Pulsed laser deposition, e.g. laser sputtering; laser ablation}
- 39/2451 {Precursor deposition followed by after-treatment, e.g. oxidation}
- 39/2454 {characterised by the substrate}
- 39/2458 {Monocrystalline substrates, e.g. epitaxial growth}
- 39/2461 {Intermediate layers, e.g. for growth control}
- 39/2464 . . . {After-treatment, e.g. patterning}
- 39/2467 {Etching}
- 39/247 {Passivation}
- 39/2474 . . . {Manufacture or deposition of contacts or electrodes}
- 39/2477 . . . {Processes including the use of precursors}
- 39/248 . . . {Processes peculiar to the manufacture or treatment of filaments or composite wires}
- 39/2483 . . . {Introducing flux pinning centres}
- 39/2487 . . {of devices comprising metal borides, e.g. MgB₂}
- 39/249 . . {Treatment of superconductive layers by irradiation, e.g. ion-beam, electron-beam, laser beam, X-rays (irradiation devices [G21K](#), [H01J](#))}
- 39/2493 . . {for Josephson devices}
- 39/2496 . . . {comprising high T_c ceramic materials}

41/00

Piezo-electric devices in general; Electrostrictive devices in general; Magnetostrictive devices in general; Processes or apparatus specially adapted for the manufacture or treatment thereof or of parts thereof; Details thereof (devices consisting of a plurality of solid-state components formed in or on a common substrate [H01L 27/00](#))

WARNING

Groups [H01L 41/23-H01L 41/47](#) are incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group [H01L 41/22](#).

Groups [H01L 41/23-H01L 41/47](#) and [H01L 41/22](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

- 41/02 . Details
- 41/04 . . of piezo-electric or electrostrictive devices
- 41/042 . . . {Drive or control circuitry or methods for piezo-electric or electrostrictive devices not otherwise provided for}
- 41/044 {for piezoelectric transformers (conversion of DC or AC power [H02M](#); for operating discharge lamps [H05B 41/282](#))}
- 41/047 . . . Electrodes {or electrical connection arrangements}
- 41/0471 {Individual layer electrodes of multilayer piezo-electric or electrostrictive devices, e.g. internal electrodes}
- 41/0472 {Connection electrodes of multilayer piezo-electric or electrostrictive devices, e.g. external electrodes}
- 41/0474 {embedded within piezo-electric or electrostrictive material, e.g. via connections}
- 41/0475 {Further connection or lead arrangements, e.g. flexible wiring boards, terminal pins}
- 41/0477 {Conductive materials (in general [H01B 1/00](#))}
- 41/0478 {the principal material being non-metallic, e.g. oxide or carbon based}
- 41/053 . . . Mounts, supports, enclosures or casings
- 41/0533 {Further insulation means against electrical, physical or chemical damage, e.g. protective coatings}
- 41/0536 {Mechanical prestressing means, e.g. springs (in general [F16F 1/00](#))}
- 41/06 . . of magnetostrictive devices
- 41/08 . Piezo-electric or electrostrictive devices
- 41/0805 . . {based on piezo-electric or electrostrictive films or coatings}
- 41/081 . . . {characterised by the underlying base, e.g. substrates}
- 41/0815 {Intermediate layers, e.g. barrier, adhesion or growth control buffer layers}
- 41/082 . . {based on piezo-electric or electrostrictive fibres}
- 41/0825 . . {with electrical and mechanical input and output, e.g. having combined actuator and sensor parts}
- 41/083 . . having a stacked or multilayer structure
- 41/0831 . . . {with non-rectangular cross-section in stacking direction, e.g. polygonal, trapezoidal}
- 41/0833 . . . {with non-rectangular cross-section orthogonal to the stacking direction, e.g. polygonal, circular}
- 41/0835 {Annular cross-section}

- 41/0836 . . . {of cylindrical shape with stacking in radial direction, e.g. coaxial or spiral type rolls}
 - 41/0838 . . . {adapted for alleviating internal stress, e.g. cracking control layers ("Sollbruchstellen")}
 - 41/087 . . formed as coaxial cables
 - 41/09 . . with electrical input and mechanical output {, e.g. actuators, vibrators (in frequency selective networks [H03H 9/00](#))}
 - 41/0906 . . . {using longitudinal or thickness displacement combined with bending, shear or torsion displacement}
 - 41/0913 {with polygonal or rectangular shape}
 - 41/092 {with cylindrical or annular shape}
 - 41/0926 . . . {using bending displacement, e.g. unimorph, bimorph or multimorph cantilever or membrane benders}
 - 41/0933 {Beam type}
 - 41/094 {Cantilevers, i.e. having one fixed end}
 - 41/0946 {connected at their free ends, e.g. parallelogram type}
 - 41/0953 {with multiple segments mechanically connected in series, e.g. zig-zag type}
 - 41/096 {adapted for in-plane bending displacement}
 - 41/0966 {adapted for multi-directional bending displacement}
 - 41/0973 {Membrane type}
 - 41/098 {with non-planar shape}
 - 41/0986 . . . {using longitudinal or thickness displacement only, e.g. d33 or d31 type devices}
 - 41/0993 . . . {using shear or torsion displacement, e.g. d15 type devices}
 - 41/107 . . with electrical input and electrical output {, e.g. transformers}
 - 41/113 . . with mechanical input and electrical output {, e.g. generators, sensors}
 - 41/1132 . . . {Sensors}
 - 41/1134 . . . {Beam type}
 - 41/1136 {Cantilevers}
 - 41/1138 {Membrane type}
 - 41/12 . . Magnetostrictive devices
 - 41/125 . . {with mechanical input and electrical output, e.g. generators, sensors}
 - 41/16 . . Selection of materials
 - 41/18 . . for piezo-electric or electrostrictive devices {, e.g. bulk piezo-electric crystals}
 - 41/183 . . . {Composite materials, e.g. having 1-3 or 2-2 type connectivity}
 - 41/187 . . . Ceramic compositions {, i.e. synthetic inorganic polycrystalline compounds incl. epitaxial, quasi-crystalline materials}
 - 41/1871 {Alkaline earth metal based oxides, e.g. barium titanates}
 - 41/1873 {Alkali metal based oxides, e.g. lithium, sodium or potassium niobates}
 - 41/1875 {Lead based oxides}
 - 41/1876 {Lead zirconate titanate based}
 - 41/1878 {Bismuth based oxides}
 - 41/193 . . . Macromolecular compositions {, e.g. piezo-electric polymers}
 - 41/20 . . for magnetostrictive devices
 - 41/22 . . Processes or apparatus specially adapted for the assembly, manufacture or treatment of piezo-electric or electrostrictive devices or of parts thereof
 - 41/23 . . Forming enclosures or casings
 - 41/25 . . Assembling devices that include piezo-electric or electrostrictive parts
 - 41/253 . . Treating devices or parts thereof to modify a piezo-electric or electrostrictive property, e.g. polarisation characteristics, vibration characteristics or mode tuning
 - 41/257 . . . by polarising
 - 41/27 . . Manufacturing multilayered piezo-electric or electrostrictive devices or parts thereof, e.g. by stacking piezo-electric bodies and electrodes
 - 41/273 . . . by integrally sintering piezo-electric or electrostrictive bodies and electrodes
 - 41/277 . . . by stacking bulk piezo-electric or electrostrictive bodies and electrodes
 - 41/29 . . Forming electrodes, leads or terminal arrangements
 - 41/293 . . . Connection electrodes of multilayered piezo-electric or electrostrictive parts
- NOTE**
- Integral individual layer electrode and connection electrode are classified in both [H01L 41/293](#) and [H01L 41/297](#)
- 41/297 . . . Individual layer electrodes of multilayered piezo-electric or electrostrictive parts
- NOTE**
- Integral individual layer electrode and connection electrode are classified in both [H01L 41/293](#) and [H01L 41/297](#)
- 41/31 . . Applying piezo-electric or electrostrictive parts or bodies onto an electrical element or another base
 - 41/311 . . . Mounting of piezo-electric or electrostrictive parts together with semiconductor elements, or other circuit elements, on a common substrate
 - 41/312 . . . by laminating or bonding of piezo-electric or electrostrictive bodies
 - 41/313 by metal fusing or with adhesives
 - 41/314 . . . by depositing piezo-electric or electrostrictive layers, e.g. aerosol or screen printing
 - 41/316 by vapour phase deposition
 - 41/317 by liquid phase deposition
 - 41/318 by sol-gel deposition
 - 41/319 using intermediate layers, e.g. for growth control
 - 41/33 . . Shaping or machining of piezo-electric or electrostrictive bodies
 - 41/331 . . . by coating or depositing using masks, e.g. lift-off
 - 41/332 . . . by etching, e.g. lithography
 - 41/333 . . . by moulding or extrusion
 - 41/335 . . . by machining
 - 41/337 by polishing or grinding
 - 41/338 by cutting or dicing
 - 41/339 by punching
 - 41/35 . . Forming piezo-electric or electrostrictive materials
 - 41/37 . . . Composite materials
 - 41/39 . . . Inorganic materials

- 41/41 by melting
- 41/43 by sintering
- 41/45 . . . Organic materials
- 41/47 . Processes or apparatus specially adapted for the assembly, manufacture or treatment of magnetostrictive devices or of parts thereof
- 43/00 Devices using galvano-magnetic or similar magnetic effects; Processes or apparatus specially adapted for the manufacture or treatment thereof or of parts thereof (devices consisting of a plurality of solid state components formed in or on a common substrate [H01L 27/00](#))**
 - 43/02 . Details
 - 43/04 . . of Hall-effect devices
 - 43/06 . Hall-effect devices
 - 43/065 . . {Semiconductor Hall-effect devices}
 - 43/08 . Magnetic-field-controlled resistors
 - 43/10 . Selection of materials
 - 43/12 . Processes or apparatus specially adapted for the manufacture or treatment of these devices or of parts thereof
 - 43/14 . . for Hall-effect devices
- 45/00 Solid state devices adapted for rectifying, amplifying, oscillating or switching without a potential-jump barrier or surface barrier, e.g. dielectric triodes; Ovshinsky-effect devices; Processes or apparatus peculiar to the manufacture or treatment thereof or of parts thereof (devices consisting of a plurality of solid state components formed in or on a common substrate [H01L 27/00](#); devices using superconductivity [H01L 39/00](#); piezo-electric devices [H01L 41/00](#); bulk negative resistance effect devices [H01L 47/00](#); {memories [G11C 11/34](#); [G11C 13/0002](#); amplifying circuits [H03F 11/00](#); pulse generation [H03K 3/02](#); electronic switching circuits [H03K 17/00](#); logic circuits [H03K 19/00](#)})**
 - 45/005 . {Charge density wave transport devices}
 - 45/02 . Solid state travelling-wave devices
 - 45/04 . {Bistable or multistable switching devices, e.g. for resistance switching non-volatile memory}
 - 45/06 . . {based on solid-state phase change, e.g. between amorphous and crystalline phases, Ovshinsky effect}
 - 45/065 . . . {between different crystalline phases, e.g. cubic and hexagonal}
 - 45/08 . . {based on migration or redistribution of ionic species, e.g. anions, vacancies}
 - 45/085 . . . {the species being metal cations, e.g. programmable metallization cells}
 - 45/10 . . {based on bulk electronic defects, e.g. trapping of electrons}
 - 45/12 . . {Details}
 - 45/1206 . . . {Three or more terminal devices, e.g. transistor like devices}
 - 45/1213 . . . {Radiation or particle beam assisted switching devices, e.g. optically controlled devices}
 - 45/122 . . . {Device geometry}
 - 45/1226 {adapted for essentially horizontal current flow, e.g. bridge type devices}
 - 45/1233 {adapted for essentially vertical current flow, e.g. sandwich or pillar type devices}
 - 45/124 {on sidewalls of dielectric structures, e.g. mesa or cup type devices}
 - 45/1246 {Further means within the switching material region to limit current flow, e.g. constrictions}
 - 45/1253 . . . {Electrodes}
 - 45/126 {adapted for resistive heating}
 - 45/1266 {adapted for supplying ionic species}
 - 45/1273 {adapted for electric field or current focusing, e.g. tip shaped}
 - 45/128 . . . {Thermal details}
 - 45/1286 {Heating or cooling means other than resistive heating electrodes, e.g. heater in parallel}
 - 45/1293 {Thermal insulation means}
 - 45/14 . . {Selection of switching materials}
 - 45/141 . . . {Compounds of sulfur, selenium or tellurium, e.g. chalcogenides}
 - 45/142 {Sulfides, e.g. CuS}
 - 45/143 {Selenides, e.g. GeSe}
 - 45/144 {Tellurides, e.g. GeSbTe}
 - 45/145 . . . {Oxides or nitrides}
 - 45/146 {Binary metal oxides, e.g. TaOx}
 - 45/147 {Complex metal oxides, e.g. perovskites, spinels}
 - 45/148 . . . {Other compounds of groups 13-15, e.g. elemental or compound semiconductors}
 - 45/149 {Carbon or carbides}
 - 45/16 . . {Manufacturing}
 - 45/1608 . . . {Formation of the switching material, e.g. layer deposition}
 - 45/1616 {by chemical vapor deposition, e.g. MOCVD, ALD}
 - 45/1625 {by physical vapor deposition, e.g. sputtering}
 - 45/1633 {by conversion of electrode material, e.g. oxidation}
 - 45/1641 . . . {Modification of the switching material, e.g. post-treatment, doping}
 - 45/165 {by implantation}
 - 45/1658 {by diffusion, e.g. photo-dissolution}
 - 45/1666 . . . {Patterning of the switching material}
 - 45/1675 {by etching of pre-deposited switching material layers, e.g. lithography}
 - 45/1683 {by filling of openings, e.g. damascene method}
 - 45/1691 {Patterning process specially adapted for achieving sub-lithographic dimensions, e.g. using spacers}
- 47/00 Bulk negative resistance effect devices, e.g. Gunn-effect devices; Processes or apparatus peculiar to the manufacture or treatment thereof or of parts thereof (devices consisting of a plurality of solid state components formed in or on a common substrate [H01L 27/00](#))**
 - 47/005 . {Processes or apparatus peculiar to the manufacture or treatment of these devices or of parts thereof (not peculiar thereto [H01L 21/00](#))}
 - 47/02 . Gunn-effect devices {or transferred electron devices}
 - 47/023 . . {controlled by electromagnetic radiation}
 - 47/026 . . {Gunn diodes ([H01L 47/02](#) takes precedence)}

- 49/00** Solid state devices not provided for in groups [H01L 27/00](#) - [H01L 47/00](#) and [H01L 51/00](#) and not provided for in any other subclass; Processes or apparatus peculiar to the manufacture or treatment thereof or of parts thereof
- 49/003 . {Devices using Mott metal-insulator transition, e.g. field effect transistors}
- 49/006 . {Quantum devices, e.g. Quantum Interference Devices, Metal Single Electron Transistor (using semiconductors in the active part [H01L 29/00](#))}
- 49/02 . Thin-film or thick-film devices
- 51/00** Solid state devices using organic materials as the active part, or using a combination of organic materials with other materials as the active part; Processes or apparatus specially adapted for the manufacture or treatment of such devices, or of parts thereof (devices consisting of a plurality of components formed in or on a common substrate [H01L 27/28](#); thermoelectric devices using organic material [H01L 35/00](#), [H01L 37/00](#); piezoelectric, electrostrictive or magnetostrictive elements using organic material [H01L 41/00](#))
- 51/0001 . {Processes specially adapted for the manufacture or treatment of devices or of parts thereof (multistep processes [H01L 51/0098](#), [H01L 51/05](#), [H01L 51/42](#), [H01L 51/50](#))}
- 51/0002 . . {Deposition of organic semiconductor materials on a substrate}
- 51/0003 . . . {using liquid deposition, e.g. spin coating}
- 51/0004 {using printing techniques, e.g. ink-jet printing, screen printing}
- 51/0005 {ink-jet printing}
- 51/0006 {Electrolytic deposition using an external electrical current, e.g. in-situ electropolymerisation}
- 51/0007 {characterised by the solvent}
- 51/0008 . . . {using physical deposition, e.g. sublimation, sputtering}
- 51/0009 {using laser ablation}
- 51/001 {Vacuum deposition}
- 51/0011 {selective deposition, e.g. using a mask}
- 51/0012 . . . {special provisions for the orientation or alignment of the layer to be deposited}
- 51/0013 . . . {using non liquid printing techniques, e.g. thermal transfer printing from a donor sheet}
- 51/0014 . . {for changing the shape of the device layer, e.g. patterning}
- 51/0015 . . . {by selective transformation of an existing layer}
- 51/0016 . . . {lift off techniques}
- 51/0017 . . . {etching of an existing layer}
- 51/0018 {using photolithographic techniques}
- 51/0019 {using printing techniques, e.g. applying the etch liquid using an ink jet printer}
- 51/002 . . {Making n- or p-doped regions}
- 51/0021 . . {Formation of conductors}
- 51/0022 . . . {using printing techniques, e.g. ink jet printing}
- 51/0023 . . . {Patterning of conductive layers}
- 51/0024 . . {for forming devices by joining two substrates together, e.g. lamination technique}
- 51/0025 . . {Purification process of the organic semiconductor material}
- 51/0026 . . {Thermal treatment of the active layer, e.g. annealing}
- 51/0027 . . . {using coherent electromagnetic radiation, e.g. laser annealing}
- 51/0028 . . . {Thermal treatment in the presence of solvent vapors, e.g. solvent annealing}
- 51/0029 . . {Special provisions for controlling the atmosphere during processing ([H01L 51/0026](#) takes precedence)}
- 51/003 . . {using a temporary substrate}
- 51/0031 . . {Testing, e.g. accelerated lifetime tests of photoelectric devices}
- 51/0032 . {Selection of organic semiconducting materials, e.g. organic light sensitive or organic light emitting materials}
- NOTE**
- This group only covers the selection of organic materials for their electrical or other properties insofar as they are specific for their use in devices covered by the group [H01L 51/00](#).
- For the materials *per se*, see the relevant subclasses.
- Attention is drawn to the following places:
- organic materials in general [C07C](#), [C07D](#), [C07F](#), [C08L](#);
 - organic materials as electrical conductors [H01B 1/12](#);
 - organic materials as electrical insulators [H01B 3/18](#)
- 51/0034 . . {Organic polymers or oligomers (organic macromolecular compounds or compositions *per se* [C08](#))}
- 51/0035 . . . {comprising aromatic, heteroaromatic, or aryl chains, e.g. polyaniline (*per se* [C08G 73/026](#)), polyphenylene (*per se* [C08G 61/10](#)), polyphenylene vinylene (*per se* [C08G 61/02](#))}
- 51/0036 {Heteroaromatic compounds comprising sulfur or selen, e.g. polythiophene (*per se* [C08G 61/126](#))}
- 51/0037 {Polyethylene dioxythiophene [PEDOT] and derivatives}
- 51/0038 {Poly-phenylenevinylene and derivatives (*per se* [C08G 61/10](#))}
- 51/0039 {Polyfluorene and derivatives}
- 51/004 . . . {comprising aliphatic or olefinic chains, e.g. poly N-vinylcarbazol, PVC, PTFE}
- 51/0041 {Poly acetylene (*per se* [C08G 61/04](#), [C08F 38/02](#), [C08F 138/02](#), [C08F 238/02](#)) or derivatives}
- 51/0042 {poly N-vinylcarbazol and derivatives}
- 51/0043 . . . {Copolymers}
- 51/0044 . . . {Ladder-type polymers}
- 51/0045 . . {Carbon containing materials, e.g. carbon nanotubes, fullerenes (*per se* [C01B 32/15](#))}
- 51/0046 . . . {Fullerenes, e.g. C₆₀, C₇₀}
- 51/0047 {comprising substituents, e.g. PCBM}
- 51/0048 {Carbon nanotubes}
- 51/0049 {comprising substituents}
- 51/005 . . {Macromolecular systems with low molecular weight, e.g. cyanine dyes, coumarine dyes, tetrathiafulvalene ([H01L 51/0045](#), [H01L 51/0077](#), [H01L 51/0093](#), [H01L 51/0094](#) take precedence)}

- 51/0051 . . . {Charge transfer complexes}
- 51/0052 . . . {Polycyclic condensed aromatic hydrocarbons, e.g. anthracene}
- 51/0053 {Aromatic anhydride or imide compounds, e.g. perylene tetra-carboxylic dianhydride, perylene tetracarboxylic diimide}
- 51/0054 {containing four rings, e.g. pyrene}
- 51/0055 {containing five rings, e.g. pentacene}
- 51/0056 {containing six or more rings}
- 51/0057 {containing at least one aromatic ring having 7 or more carbon atoms, e.g. azulene}
- 51/0058 {containing more than one polycyclic condensed aromatic rings, e.g. bis-anthracene}
- 51/0059 . . . {Amine compounds having at least two aryl rest on at least one amine-nitrogen atom, e.g. triphenylamine ([per se C07C 211/00](#))}
- 51/006 {comprising polycyclic condensed aromatic hydrocarbons as substituents on the nitrogen atom}
- 51/0061 {comprising heteroaromatic hydrocarbons as substituents on the nitrogen atom}
- 51/0062 . . . {aromatic compounds comprising a hetero atom, e.g.: N,P,S}
- 51/0064 {Cyanine Dyes}
- 51/0065 {comprising only oxygen as heteroatom}
- 51/0067 {comprising only nitrogen as heteroatom ([H01L 51/0064 takes precedence](#))}
- 51/0068 {comprising only sulfur as heteroatom}
- 51/0069 {comprising two or more different heteroatoms per ring, e.g. S and N ([H01L 51/0064 takes precedence](#))}
- 51/007 {Oxadiazole compounds}
- 51/0071 {Polycyclic condensed heteroaromatic hydrocarbons}
- 51/0072 {comprising only nitrogen in the heteroaromatic polycondensed ringsystem, e.g. phenanthroline, carbazole}
- 51/0073 {comprising only oxygen in the heteroaromatic polycondensed ringsystem, e.g. cumarine dyes}
- 51/0074 {comprising only sulfur in the heteroaromatic polycondensed ringsystem, e.g. benzothiophene}
- 51/0075 . . {Langmuir Blodgett films ([per se B05D 1/202](#))}
- 51/0076 . . {Liquid crystalline materials ([per se C09K 19/00](#))}
- 51/0077 . . {Coordination compounds, e.g. porphyrin}
- 51/0078 . . . {Phthalocyanine ([per se C09B 47/04](#))}
- 51/0079 . . . {Metal complexes comprising a IIIB-metal (B, Al, Ga, In or Tl), e.g. Tris (8-hydroxyquinoline) gallium (Gaq3)}
- 51/008 {comprising boron}
- 51/0081 {comprising aluminium, e.g. Alq3}
- 51/0082 {comprising gallium}
- 51/0083 . . . {Metal complexes comprising an iron-series metal, e.g. Fe, Co, Ni}
- 51/0084 . . . {Transition metal complexes, e.g. Ru(II)polypyridine complexes}
- 51/0085 {comprising Iridium}
- 51/0086 {comprising Ruthenium}
- 51/0087 {comprising platinum}
- 51/0088 {comprising osmium}
- 51/0089 . . . {Metal complexes comprising Lanthanides or Actinides, e.g. Eu}
- 51/009 . . . {Polynuclear complexes, i.e. complexes having two or more metal centers}
- 51/0091 . . . {Metal complexes comprising a IB-metal (Cu, Ag, Au)}
- 51/0092 . . . {Metal complexes comprising a IIB-metal (Zn, Cd, Hg)}
- 51/0093 . . {Biomolecules or bio-macromolecules, e.g. proteins, ATP, chlorophyll, beta-carotene, lipids, enzymes}
- 51/0094 . . {Silicon-containing organic semiconductors}
- 51/0095 . . {Starburst compounds}
- 51/0096 . {Substrates}
- 51/0097 . . {flexible substrates}
- 51/0098 . {Molecular electronic devices ([molecular computers G06F 15/80; molecular memories G11C 11/00, G11C 13/02](#))}
- 51/05 . specially adapted for rectifying, amplifying, oscillating or switching, or capacitors or resistors with at least one potential- jump barrier or surface barrier {multistep processes for their manufacture}
- 51/0504 . . {the devices being controllable only by the electric current supplied or the electric potential applied, to an electrode which does not carry the current to be rectified, amplified or switched, e.g. three-terminal devices}
- 51/0508 . . . {Field-effect devices, e.g. TFTs}
- 51/0512 {insulated gate field effect transistors}
- 51/0516 {characterised by the gate dielectric}
- 51/052 {the gate dielectric comprising only organic materials}
- 51/0525 {the gate dielectric comprising only inorganic materials}
- 51/0529 {the gate dielectric having a multilayered structure}
- 51/0533 {Combinations of organic and inorganic layers}
- 51/0537 {the gate dielectric comprising composite materials, e.g. TiO₂ particles in a polymer matrix}
- 51/0541 {Lateral single gate single channel transistors with non inverted structure, i.e. the organic semiconductor layer is formed before the gate electrode}
- 51/0545 {Lateral single gate single channel transistors with inverted structure, i.e. the organic semiconductor layer is formed after the gate electrode}
- 51/055 {characterised by the gate conductor}
- 51/0554 {the transistor having two or more gate electrodes}
- 51/0558 {characterised by the channel of the transistor}
- 51/0562 {the channel comprising two or more active layers, e.g. forming pn - hetero junction}
- 51/0566 {the channel comprising a composite layer, e.g. a mixture of donor and acceptor moieties, forming pn - bulk hetero junction}
- 51/057 {having a vertical structure, e.g. vertical carbon nanotube field effect transistors [CNT-FETs]}

- 51/0575 . . {the devices being controllable only by variation of the electric current supplied or the electric potential applied, to one or more of the electrodes carrying the current to be rectified, amplified, oscillated or switched, e.g. two-terminal devices}
- 51/0579 . . . {Schottky diodes}
- 51/0583 . . . {comprising an organic/organic junction, e.g. hetero-junction}
- 51/0587 . . . {comprising an organic/inorganic hetero-junction, e.g. hetero-junction}
- 51/0591 . . . {Bi-stable switching devices}
- 51/0595 . . . {molecular electronic devices ([molecular computers G06F 15/80](#); [molecular memories G11C 11/00, G11C 13/02](#))}
- 51/10 . . Details of devices
- 51/102 . . . {Electrodes}
- 51/105 {Ohmic contacts, e.g. source and drain electrodes}
- 51/107 . . . {Passivation, containers, encapsulations}
- 51/42 . . specially adapted for sensing infra-red radiation, light, electro-magnetic radiation of shorter wavelength or corpuscular radiation and adapted for the conversion of the energy of such radiation into electrical energy or for the control of electrical energy by such radiation {using organic materials as the active part, or using a combination of organic materials with other material as the active part; Multistep processes for their manufacture}
- 51/4206 . . {Metal-organic semiconductor-metal devices}
- 51/4213 . . {Comprising organic semiconductor-inorganic semiconductor hetero-junctions ([H01L 51/4253 takes precedence](#))}
- 51/422 . . . {Majority carrier devices using sensitisation of widebandgap semiconductors, e.g. TiO₂ ([photoelectrochemical devices with a liquid or solid electrolyte H01G 9/20](#))}
- 51/4226 {the wideband gap semiconductor comprising titanium oxide, e.g. TiO₂}
- 51/4233 {the wideband gap semiconductor comprising zinc oxide, e.g. ZnO}
- 51/424 . . {comprising organic semiconductor-organic semiconductor hetero-junctions ([H01L 51/4253 takes precedence](#))}
- 51/4246 . . . {comprising multi-junctions, e.g. double hetero-junctions}
- 51/4253 . . {comprising bulk hetero-junctions, e.g. interpenetrating networks}
- 51/426 . . . {comprising inorganic nanostructures, e.g. CdSe nanoparticles}
- 51/4266 {the inorganic nanostructures being nanotubes or nanowires, e.g. CdTe nanotubes in P3HT}
- 51/4273 . . . {comprising blocking layers, e.g. exciton blocking layers}
- 51/428 . . {light sensitive field effect devices}
- 51/4286 . . {Devices having a m-i-s structure}
- 51/4293 . . {Devices having a p-i-n structure}
- 51/44 . . Details of devices
- 51/441 . . . {Electrodes}
- 51/442 {transparent electrodes, e.g. ITO, TCO}
- 51/444 {comprising carbon nanotubes}
- 51/445 {comprising arrangements for extracting the current from the cell, e.g. metal finger grid systems to reduce the serial resistance of transparent electrodes}
- 51/447 . . . {Light trapping means}
- 51/448 . . . {Passivation, containers, encapsulations}
- 51/50 . . specially adapted for light emission, e.g. organic light emitting diodes [OLED] or polymer light emitting devices [PLED] ([organic semiconductor lasers H01S 5/36](#) ; [circuit arrangements for OLED or PLED H05B 45/60](#); [control arrangements for organic electroluminescent displays G09G 3/3208](#))
- 51/5004 . . {characterised by the interrelation between parameters of constituting active layers, e.g. HOMO-LUMO relation}
- 51/5008 . . {Intermediate layers comprising a mixture of materials of the adjoining active layers}
- 51/5012 . . {Electroluminescent [EL] layer}
- 51/5016 . . . {Triplet emission}
- 51/502 . . . {comprising active inorganic nanostructures, e.g. luminescent quantum dots}
- 51/5024 . . . {having a host comprising an emissive dopant and further additive materials, e.g. for improving the dispersability, for improving the stabilisation, for assisting energy transfer}
- 51/5028 {for assisting energy transfer, e.g. sensitization}
- 51/5032 . . . {Light emitting electrochemical cells [LEC], i.e. with mobile ions in the active layer}
- 51/5036 . . . {Multi-colour light emission, e.g. colour tuning, polymer blend, stack of electroluminescent layers}
- 51/504 {Stack of electroluminescent layers}
- 51/5044 {with spacer layers between the emissive layers}
- 51/5048 . . {Carrier transporting layer}
- 51/5056 . . . {Hole transporting layer}
- 51/506 {comprising a dopant}
- 51/5064 {having a multilayered structure}
- 51/5068 {arranged between the light emitting layer and the cathode}
- 51/5072 . . . {Electron transporting layer}
- 51/5076 {comprising a dopant}
- 51/508 {having a multilayered structure}
- 51/5084 {arranged between the light emitting layer and the anode}
- 51/5088 . . {Carrier injection layer}
- 51/5092 . . . {Electron injection layer}
- 51/5096 . . {Carrier blocking layer}
- 51/52 . . Details of devices
- 51/5203 . . . {Electrodes}
- 51/5206 {Anodes, i.e. with high work-function material}
- 51/5209 {characterised by the shape}
- 51/5212 {combined with auxiliary electrode, e.g. ITO layer combined with metal lines}
- 51/5215 {composed of transparent multilayers}
- 51/5218 {Reflective anodes, e.g. ITO combined with thick metallic layer}
- 51/5221 {Cathodes, i.e. with low work-function material}
- 51/5225 {characterised by the shape}
- 51/5228 {combined with auxiliary electrodes}

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| 51/5231 | {composed of opaque multilayers} | 2221/1063 | Sacrificial or temporary thin dielectric films in openings in a dielectric |
| 51/5234 | {Transparent, e.g. including thin metal film} | 2221/1068 | . . . Formation and after-treatment of conductors |
| 51/5237 | . . . {Passivation; Containers; Encapsulation, e.g. against humidity} | 2221/1073 | . . . Barrier, adhesion or liner layers |
| 51/524 | {Sealing arrangements having a self-supporting structure, e.g. containers} | 2221/1078 | Multiple stacked thin films not being formed in openings in dielectrics |
| 51/5243 | {the sealing arrangements being made of metallic material} | 2221/1084 | Layers specifically deposited to enhance or enable the nucleation of further layers, i.e. seed layers |
| 51/5246 | {characterised by the peripheral sealing arrangements, e.g. adhesives, sealants} | 2221/1089 | Stacks of seed layers |
| 51/525 | {Vertical spacers, e.g. arranged between the sealing arrangement and the OLED} | 2221/1094 | . . . Conducting structures comprising nanotubes or nanowires |
| 51/5253 | {Protective coatings} | 2221/67 | . Apparatus for handling semiconductor or electric solid state devices during manufacture or treatment thereof; Apparatus for handling wafers during manufacture or treatment of semiconductor or electric solid state devices or components; Apparatus not specifically provided for elsewhere |
| 51/5256 | {having repetitive multilayer structures} | 2221/683 | . . . for supporting or gripping |
| 51/5259 | {including getter material or desiccant} | 2221/68304 | . . . using temporarily an auxiliary support |
| 51/5262 | . . . {Arrangements for extracting light from the device} | 2221/68309 | Auxiliary support including alignment aids |
| 51/5265 | {comprising a resonant cavity structure, e.g. Bragg reflector pair} | 2221/68313 | Auxiliary support including a cavity for storing a finished device, e.g. IC package, or a partly finished device, e.g. die, during manufacturing or mounting |
| 51/5268 | {Scattering means} | 2221/68318 | Auxiliary support including means facilitating the separation of a device or wafer from the auxiliary support |
| 51/5271 | {Reflective means} | 2221/68322 | Auxiliary support including means facilitating the selective separation of some of a plurality of devices from the auxiliary support |
| 51/5275 | {Refractive means, e.g. lens} | 2221/68327 | used during dicing or grinding |
| 51/5278 | {comprising a repetitive electroluminescent unit between one set of electrodes} | 2221/68331 | of passive members, e.g. die mounting substrate |
| 51/5281 | . . . {Arrangements for contrast improvement, e.g. preventing reflection of ambient light} | 2221/68336 | involving stretching of the auxiliary support post dicing |
| 51/5284 | {comprising a light absorbing layer, e.g. black layer} | 2221/6834 | used to protect an active side of a device or wafer |
| 51/5287 | . . . {OLED having a fiber structure} | 2221/68345 | used as a support during the manufacture of self supporting substrates |
| 51/529 | . . . {Arrangements for heating or cooling} | 2221/6835 | used as a support during build up manufacturing of active devices |
| 51/5293 | . . . {Arrangements for polarized light emission (H01L 51/5281 takes precedence)} | 2221/68354 | used to support diced chips prior to mounting |
| 51/5296 | . . . {Light emitting organic transistors} | 2221/68359 | used as a support during manufacture of interconnect decals or build up layers |
| 51/56 | . . Processes or apparatus specially adapted for the manufacture or treatment of such devices or of parts thereof | 2221/68363 | used in a transfer process involving transfer directly from an origin substrate to a target substrate without use of an intermediate handle substrate |
| 2221/00 | Processes or apparatus adapted for the manufacture or treatment of semiconductor or solid state devices or of parts thereof covered by H01L 21/00 | 2221/68368 | used in a transfer process involving at least two transfer steps, i.e. including an intermediate handle substrate |
| 2221/10 | . Applying interconnections to be used for carrying current between separate components within a device | 2221/68372 | used to support a device or wafer when forming electrical connections thereto (when forming bonding pads H01L 24/03; when forming bump connectors H01L 24/11; when forming layer connectors H01L 24/27) |
| 2221/1005 | . . Formation and after-treatment of dielectrics | 2221/68377 | with parts of the auxiliary support remaining in the finished device |
| 2221/101 | . . . Forming openings in dielectrics | 2221/68381 | Details of chemical or physical process used for separating the auxiliary support from a device or wafer |
| 2221/1015 | for dual damascene structures | 2221/68386 | Separation by peeling |
| 2221/1021 | Pre-forming the dual damascene structure in a resist layer | | |
| 2221/1026 | the via being formed by burying a sacrificial pillar in the dielectric and removing the pillar | | |
| 2221/1031 | Dual damascene by forming vias in the via-level dielectric prior to deposition of the trench-level dielectric | | |
| 2221/1036 | Dual damascene with different via-level and trench-level dielectrics | | |
| 2221/1042 | . . . the dielectric comprising air gaps | | |
| 2221/1047 | . . . the air gaps being formed by pores in the dielectric | | |
| 2221/1052 | . . . Formation of thin functional dielectric layers | | |
| 2221/1057 | in via holes or trenches | | |

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| 2221/6839 | using peeling wedge or knife or bar | 2224/00 | Indexing scheme for arrangements for connecting or disconnecting semiconductor or solid-state bodies and methods related thereto as covered by H01L 24/00 |
| 2221/68395 | using peeling wheel | 2224/01 | . Means for bonding being attached to, or being formed on, the surface to be connected, e.g. chip-to-package, die-attach, "first-level" interconnects; Manufacturing methods related thereto |
| 2223/00 | Details relating to semiconductor or other solid state devices covered by the group H01L 23/00 | 2224/02 | . . Bonding areas; Manufacturing methods related thereto |
| 2223/544 | . Marks applied to semiconductor devices or parts | 2224/0212 | . . . Auxiliary members for bonding areas, e.g. spacers |
| 2223/54406 | . . comprising alphanumeric information | 2224/02122 | being formed on the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2223/54413 | . . comprising digital information, e.g. bar codes, data matrix | 2224/02123 | inside the bonding area |
| 2223/5442 | . . comprising non digital, non alphanumeric information, e.g. symbols | 2224/02125 | Reinforcing structures |
| 2223/54426 | . . for alignment | 2224/02126 | Collar structures |
| 2223/54433 | . . containing identification or tracking information | 2224/0213 | Alignment aids |
| 2223/5444 | . . . for electrical read out | 2224/02135 | Flow barrier |
| 2223/54446 | Wireless electrical read out | 2224/0214 | Structure of the auxiliary member |
| 2223/54453 | . . for use prior to dicing | 2224/02141 | Multilayer auxiliary member |
| 2223/5446 | . . . Located in scribe lines | 2224/02145 | Shape of the auxiliary member |
| 2223/54466 | . . . Located in a dummy or reference die | 2224/0215 | Material of the auxiliary member |
| 2223/54473 | . . for use after dicing | 2224/02163 | on the bonding area |
| 2223/5448 | . . . Located on chip prior to dicing and remaining on chip after dicing | 2224/02165 | Reinforcing structures |
| 2223/54486 | . . . Located on package parts, e.g. encapsulation, leads, package substrate | 2224/02166 | Collar structures |
| 2223/54493 | . . Peripheral marks on wafers, e.g. orientation flats, notches, lot number | 2224/0217 | Alignment aids |
| 2223/58 | . Structural electrical arrangements for semiconductor devices not otherwise provided for | 2224/02175 | Flow barrier |
| 2223/64 | . . Impedance arrangements | 2224/0218 | Structure of the auxiliary member |
| 2223/66 | . . . High-frequency adaptations | 2224/02181 | Multilayer auxiliary member |
| 2223/6605 | High-frequency electrical connections | 2224/02185 | Shape of the auxiliary member |
| 2223/6611 | Wire connections | 2224/0219 | Material of the auxiliary member |
| 2223/6616 | Vertical connections, e.g. vias | 2224/022 | Protective coating, i.e. protective bond-through coating |
| 2223/6622 | Coaxial feed-throughs in active or passive substrates | 2224/02205 | Structure of the protective coating |
| 2223/6627 | Waveguides, e.g. microstrip line, strip line, coplanar line | 2224/02206 | Multilayer protective coating |
| 2223/6633 | Transition between different waveguide types | 2224/0221 | Shape of the protective coating |
| 2223/6638 | Differential pair signal lines | 2224/02215 | Material of the protective coating |
| 2223/6644 | Packaging aspects of high-frequency amplifiers (amplifiers per se H03F) | 2224/02233 | not in direct contact with the bonding area |
| 2223/665 | Bias feed arrangements | 2224/02235 | Reinforcing structures |
| 2223/6655 | Matching arrangements, e.g. arrangement of inductive and capacitive components | 2224/0224 | Alignment aids |
| 2223/6661 | for passive devices (passive components per se H01L 28/00) | 2224/02245 | Flow barrier |
| 2223/6666 | for decoupling, e.g. bypass capacitors | 2224/0225 | Structure of the auxiliary member |
| 2223/6672 | for integrated passive components, e.g. semiconductor device with passive components only (integrated circuits with passive components only per se H01L 27/01) | 2224/02251 | Multilayer auxiliary member |
| 2223/6677 | for antenna, e.g. antenna included within housing of semiconductor device (antennas per se H01Q) | 2224/02255 | Shape of the auxiliary member |
| 2223/6683 | for monolithic microwave integrated circuit [MMIC] | 2224/0226 | Material of the auxiliary member |
| 2223/6688 | Mixed frequency adaptations, i.e. for operation at different frequencies | 2224/023 | . . . Redistribution layers [RDL] for bonding areas |
| 2223/6694 | Optical signal interface included within high-frequency semiconductor device housing | 2224/0231 | Manufacturing methods of the redistribution layers |
| | | 2224/02311 | Additive methods |
| | | 2224/02313 | Subtractive methods |
| | | 2224/02315 | Self-assembly processes |
| | | 2224/02317 | by local deposition |
| | | 2224/02319 | by using a preform |
| | | 2224/02321 | Reworking |
| | | 2224/0233 | Structure of the redistribution layers |
| | | 2224/02331 | Multilayer structure |
| | | 2224/02333 | being a bump |
| | | 2224/02335 | Free-standing redistribution layers |
| | | 2224/0235 | Shape of the redistribution layers |
| | | 2224/02351 | comprising interlocking features |
| | | 2224/0236 | Shape of the insulating layers therebetween |

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| 2224/0237 | | Disposition of the redistribution layers | 2224/03436 | | Lamination of a preform, e.g. foil, sheet or layer |
| 2224/02371 | | connecting the bonding area on a surface of the semiconductor or solid-state body with another surface of the semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/03438 | | the preform being at least partly pre-patterned |
| 2224/02372 | | connecting to a via connection in the semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/0344 | | by transfer printing |
| 2224/02373 | | Layout of the redistribution layers | 2224/03442 | | using a powder |
| 2224/02375 | | Top view | 2224/03444 | | in gaseous form |
| 2224/02377 | | Fan-in arrangement | 2224/0345 | | Physical vapour deposition [PVD], e.g. evaporation, or sputtering |
| 2224/02379 | | Fan-out arrangement | 2224/03452 | | Chemical vapour deposition [CVD], e.g. laser CVD |
| 2224/02381 | | Side view | 2224/0346 | | Plating |
| 2224/0239 | | Material of the redistribution layers | 2224/03462 | | Electroplating |
| 2224/024 | | Material of the insulating layers therebetween | 2224/03464 | | Electroless plating |
| 2224/03 | | Manufacturing methods | 2224/03466 | | Conformal deposition, i.e. blanket deposition of a conformal layer on a patterned surface |
| 2224/03001 | | Involving a temporary auxiliary member not forming part of the manufacturing apparatus, e.g. removable or sacrificial coating, film or substrate | 2224/0347 | | using a lift-off mask |
| 2224/03002 | | for supporting the semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/03472 | | Profile of the lift-off mask |
| 2224/03003 | | for holding or transferring a preform | 2224/03474 | | Multilayer masks |
| 2224/03005 | | for aligning the bonding area, e.g. marks, spacers | 2224/0348 | | Permanent masks, i.e. masks left in the finished device, e.g. passivation layers |
| 2224/03009 | | for protecting parts during manufacture | 2224/035 | | by chemical or physical modification of a pre-existing or pre-deposited material |
| 2224/03011 | | Involving a permanent auxiliary member, i.e. a member which is left at least partly in the finished device, e.g. coating, dummy feature | 2224/03502 | | Pre-existing or pre-deposited material |
| 2224/03013 | | for holding or confining the bonding area, e.g. solder flow barrier | 2224/03505 | | Sintering |
| 2224/03015 | | for aligning the bonding area, e.g. marks, spacers | 2224/0351 | | Anodisation |
| 2224/03019 | | for protecting parts during the process | 2224/03515 | | Curing and solidification, e.g. of a photosensitive material |
| 2224/031 | | Manufacture and pre-treatment of the bonding area preform | 2224/0352 | | Self-assembly, e.g. self-agglomeration of the material in a fluid |
| 2224/0311 | | Shaping | 2224/03522 | | Auxiliary means therefor, e.g. for self-assembly activation |
| 2224/0312 | | Applying permanent coating | 2224/03524 | | with special adaptation of the surface of the body to be connected or of an auxiliary substrate, e.g. surface shape specially adapted for the self-assembly process |
| 2224/033 | | by local deposition of the material of the bonding area | 2224/0355 | | Selective modification |
| 2224/0331 | | in liquid form | 2224/03552 | | using a laser or a focussed ion beam [FIB] |
| 2224/03312 | | Continuous flow, e.g. using a microsyringe, a pump, a nozzle or extrusion | 2224/03554 | | Stereolithography, i.e. solidification of a pattern defined by a laser trace in a photosensitive resin |
| 2224/03318 | | by dispensing droplets | 2224/036 | | by patterning a pre-deposited material (treatment of parts prior to assembly of the devices H01L 21/48) |
| 2224/0332 | | Screen printing, i.e. using a stencil | 2224/03602 | | Mechanical treatment, e.g. polishing, grinding |
| 2224/0333 | | in solid form | 2224/0361 | | Physical or chemical etching |
| 2224/03332 | | using a powder | 2224/03612 | | by physical means only |
| 2224/03334 | | using a preform | 2224/03614 | | by chemical means only |
| 2224/034 | | by blanket deposition of the material of the bonding area | 2224/03616 | | Chemical mechanical polishing [CMP] |
| 2224/0341 | | in liquid form | 2224/03618 | | with selective exposure, development and removal of a photosensitive material, e.g. of a photosensitive conductive resin |
| 2224/03416 | | Spin coating | 2224/0362 | | Photolithography |
| 2224/03418 | | Spray coating | 2224/03622 | | using masks |
| 2224/0342 | | Curtain coating | 2224/0363 | | using a laser or a focused ion beam [FIB] |
| 2224/03422 | | by dipping, e.g. in a solder bath (hot-dipping C23C 2/00) | 2224/03632 | | Ablation by means of a laser or focused ion beam [FIB] |
| 2224/03424 | | Immersion coating, e.g. in a solder bath (immersion processes C23C 2/00) | 2224/037 | | involving monitoring, e.g. feedback loop |
| 2224/03426 | | Chemical solution deposition [CSD], i.e. using a liquid precursor | 2224/038 | | Post-treatment of the bonding area |
| 2224/03428 | | Wave coating | | | |
| 2224/0343 | | in solid form | | | |

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| 2224/0381 | | Cleaning, e.g. oxide removal step, desmearing | 2224/04105 | | Bonding areas formed on an encapsulation of the semiconductor or solid-state body, e.g. bonding areas on chip-scale packages |
| 2224/0382 | | Applying permanent coating, e.g. in-situ coating | 2224/05 | | of an individual bonding area |
| 2224/03821 | | Spray coating | 2224/05001 | | Internal layers |
| 2224/03822 | | by dipping, e.g. in a solder bath | 2224/05005 | | Structure |
| 2224/03823 | | Immersion coating, e.g. in a solder bath | 2224/05006 | | Dual damascene structure |
| 2224/03824 | | Chemical solution deposition [CSD], i.e. using a liquid precursor | 2224/05007 | | comprising a core and a coating |
| 2224/03825 | | Plating, e.g. electroplating, electroless plating | 2224/05008 | | Bonding area integrally formed with a redistribution layer on the semiconductor or solid-state body, e.g. |
| 2224/03826 | | Physical vapour deposition [PVD], e.g. evaporation, or sputtering | 2224/05009 | | Bonding area integrally formed with a via connection of the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/03827 | | Chemical vapour deposition [CVD], e.g. laser CVD | 2224/0501 | | Shape |
| 2224/03828 | | Applying flux | 2224/05011 | | comprising apertures or cavities |
| 2224/03829 | | Applying a precursor material | 2224/05012 | | in top view |
| 2224/0383 | | Reworking, e.g. shaping (reflowing H01L 2224/03849) | 2224/05013 | | being rectangular |
| 2224/03831 | | involving a chemical process, e.g. etching the bonding area | 2224/05014 | | being square |
| 2224/0384 | | involving a mechanical process, e.g. planarising the bonding area | 2224/05015 | | being circular or elliptic |
| 2224/03845 | | Chemical mechanical polishing [CMP] | 2224/05016 | | in side view |
| 2224/03848 | | Thermal treatments, e.g. annealing, controlled cooling | 2224/05017 | | comprising protrusions or indentations |
| 2224/03849 | | Reflowing | 2224/05018 | | being a conformal layer on a patterned surface |
| 2224/039 | | Methods of manufacturing bonding areas involving a specific sequence of method steps | 2224/05019 | | being a non conformal layer on a patterned surface |
| 2224/03901 | | with repetition of the same manufacturing step | 2224/0502 | | Disposition |
| 2224/03902 | | Multiple masking steps | 2224/05022 | | the internal layer being at least partially embedded in the surface |
| 2224/03903 | | using different masks | 2224/05023 | | the whole internal layer protruding from the surface |
| 2224/03906 | | with modification of the same mask | 2224/05024 | | the internal layer being disposed on a redistribution layer on the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/0391 | | Forming a passivation layer after forming the bonding area | 2224/05025 | | the internal layer being disposed on a via connection of the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/03912 | | the bump being used as a mask for patterning the bonding area | 2224/05026 | | the internal layer being disposed in a recess of the surface |
| 2224/03914 | | the bonding area, e.g. under bump metallisation [UBM], being used as a mask for patterning other parts | 2224/05027 | | the internal layer extending out of an opening |
| 2224/03916 | | a passivation layer being used as a mask for patterning the bonding area | 2224/05073 | | Single internal layer |
| 2224/0392 | | specifically adapted to include a probing step | 2224/05075 | | Plural internal layers |
| 2224/03921 | | by repairing the bonding area damaged by the probing step | 2224/05076 | | being mutually engaged together, e.g. through inserts |
| 2224/04 | | Structure, shape, material or disposition of the bonding areas prior to the connecting process | 2224/05078 | | being disposed next to each other, e.g. side-to-side arrangements |
| 2224/0401 | | Bonding areas specifically adapted for bump connectors, e.g. under bump metallisation [UBM] | 2224/0508 | | being stacked |
| 2224/04026 | | Bonding areas specifically adapted for layer connectors | 2224/05082 | | Two-layer arrangements |
| 2224/04034 | | Bonding areas specifically adapted for strap connectors | 2224/05083 | | Three-layer arrangements |
| 2224/04042 | | Bonding areas specifically adapted for wire connectors, e.g. wirebond pads | 2224/05084 | | Four-layer arrangements |
| 2224/0405 | | Bonding areas specifically adapted for tape automated bonding [TAB] connectors | 2224/05085 | | with additional elements, e.g. vias arrays, interposed between the stacked layers |
| 2224/04073 | | Bonding areas specifically adapted for connectors of different types | 2224/05086 | | Structure of the additional element |
| | | | 2224/05087 | | being a via with at least a lining layer |
| | | | 2224/05088 | | Shape of the additional element |
| | | | 2224/05089 | | Disposition of the additional element |

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| 2224/0509 | of a single via | 2224/05164 | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05091 | at the center of the internal layers | 2224/05166 | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05092 | at the periphery of the internal layers | 2224/05169 | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05093 | of a plurality of vias | 2224/0517 | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05094 | at the center of the internal layers | 2224/05171 | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05095 | at the periphery of the internal layers | 2224/05172 | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05096 | Uniform arrangement, i.e. array | 2224/05173 | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05097 | Random arrangement | 2224/05176 | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05098 | Material of the additional element | 2224/05178 | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05099 | Material | 2224/05179 | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/051 | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof | 2224/0518 | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05101 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C | 2224/05181 | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05105 | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent | 2224/05183 | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05109 | Indium [In] as principal constituent | 2224/05184 | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05111 | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent | 2224/05186 | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material |
| 2224/05113 | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent | 2224/05187 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/05188) |
| 2224/05114 | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent | 2224/05188 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides |
| 2224/05116 | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent | 2224/0519 | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy |
| 2224/05117 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C | 2224/05191 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene |
| 2224/05118 | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent | 2224/05193 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/051 - H01L 2224/05191 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond |
| 2224/0512 | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent | 2224/05194 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/051 - H01L 2224/05191 |
| 2224/05123 | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent | 2224/05195 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/051 - H01L 2224/05191 |
| 2224/05124 | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent | 2224/05198 | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams |
| 2224/05138 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C | 2224/05199 | Material of the matrix |
| 2224/05139 | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/05144 | Gold [Au] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/05147 | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/05149 | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/05155 | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/05157 | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/0516 | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/05163 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C | | |

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| 2224/052 | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof | 2224/05271 | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05201 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C | 2224/05272 | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05205 | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent | 2224/05273 | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05209 | Indium [In] as principal constituent | 2224/05276 | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05211 | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent | 2224/05278 | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05213 | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent | 2224/05279 | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05214 | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent | 2224/0528 | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05216 | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent | 2224/05281 | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05217 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C | 2224/05283 | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05218 | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent | 2224/05284 | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent |
| 2224/0522 | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent | 2224/05286 | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material |
| 2224/05223 | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent | 2224/05287 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/05288) |
| 2224/05224 | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent | 2224/05288 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides |
| 2224/05238 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C | 2224/0529 | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy |
| 2224/05239 | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent | 2224/05291 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene |
| 2224/05244 | Gold [Au] as principal constituent | 2224/05293 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/052 - H01L 2224/05291 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond |
| 2224/05247 | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent | 2224/05294 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/052 - H01L 2224/05291 |
| 2224/05249 | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent | 2224/05295 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/052 - H01L 2224/05291 |
| 2224/05255 | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent | 2224/05298 | Fillers |
| 2224/05257 | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent | 2224/05299 | Base material |
| 2224/0526 | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent | 2224/053 | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof |
| 2224/05263 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C | 2224/05301 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C |
| 2224/05264 | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent | 2224/05305 | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05266 | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/05269 | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/0527 | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent | | |

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| 2224/05309 | Indium [In] as principal constituent | 2224/0538 | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05311 | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent | 2224/05381 | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05313 | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent | 2224/05383 | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05314 | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent | 2224/05384 | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05316 | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent | 2224/05386 | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material |
| 2224/05317 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C | 2224/05387 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/05388) |
| 2224/05318 | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent | 2224/05388 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides |
| 2224/0532 | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent | 2224/0539 | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy |
| 2224/05323 | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent | 2224/05391 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene |
| 2224/05324 | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent | 2224/05393 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/053 - H01L 2224/05391 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond |
| 2224/05338 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C | 2224/05394 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/053 - H01L 2224/05391 |
| 2224/05339 | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent | 2224/05395 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/053 - H01L 2224/05391 |
| 2224/05344 | Gold [Au] as principal constituent | 2224/05398 | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams |
| 2224/05347 | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent | 2224/05399 | Coating material |
| 2224/05349 | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent | 2224/054 | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof |
| 2224/05355 | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent | 2224/05401 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C |
| 2224/05357 | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent | 2224/05405 | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent |
| 2224/0536 | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent | 2224/05409 | Indium [In] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05363 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C | 2224/05411 | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05364 | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/05366 | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/05369 | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/0537 | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/05371 | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/05372 | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/05373 | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/05376 | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/05378 | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/05379 | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent | | |

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| 2224/05413 | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent | 2224/05483 | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05414 | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent | 2224/05484 | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05416 | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent | 2224/05486 | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material |
| 2224/05417 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C | 2224/05487 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/05488) |
| 2224/05418 | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent | 2224/05488 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides |
| 2224/0542 | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent | 2224/0549 | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy |
| 2224/05423 | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent | 2224/05491 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene |
| 2224/05424 | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent | 2224/05493 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/054 - H01L 2224/05491 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond |
| 2224/05438 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C | 2224/05494 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/054 - H01L 2224/05491 |
| 2224/05439 | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent | 2224/05495 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/054 - H01L 2224/05491 |
| 2224/05444 | Gold [Au] as principal constituent | 2224/05498 | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams |
| 2224/05447 | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent | 2224/05499 | Shape or distribution of the fillers |
| 2224/05449 | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent | 2224/0554 | External layer |
| 2224/05455 | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent | 2224/05541 | Structure |
| 2224/05457 | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent | 2224/05546 | Dual damascene structure |
| 2224/0546 | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent | 2224/05547 | comprising a core and a coating |
| 2224/05463 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C | 2224/05548 | Bonding area integrally formed with a redistribution layer on the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/05464 | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent | 2224/0555 | Shape |
| 2224/05466 | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent | 2224/05551 | comprising apertures or cavities |
| 2224/05469 | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent | 2224/05552 | in top view |
| 2224/0547 | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent | 2224/05553 | being rectangular |
| 2224/05471 | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent | 2224/05554 | being square |
| 2224/05472 | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent | 2224/05555 | being circular or elliptic |
| 2224/05473 | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent | 2224/05556 | in side view |
| 2224/05476 | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent | 2224/05557 | comprising protrusions or indentations |
| 2224/05478 | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent | 2224/05558 | conformal layer on a patterned surface |
| 2224/05479 | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent | 2224/05559 | non conformal layer on a patterned surface |
| 2224/0548 | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/05481 | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent | | |

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| 2224/0556 | | Disposition | 2224/05624 | | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05561 | | On the entire surface of the internal layer | 2224/05638 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C |
| 2224/05562 | | On the entire exposed surface of the internal layer | 2224/05639 | | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05563 | | Only on parts of the surface of the internal layer | 2224/05644 | | Gold [Au] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05564 | | Only on the bonding interface of the bonding area | 2224/05647 | | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05565 | | Only outside the bonding interface of the bonding area | 2224/05649 | | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05566 | | Both on and outside the bonding interface of the bonding area | 2224/05655 | | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05567 | | the external layer being at least partially embedded in the surface | 2224/05657 | | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05568 | | the whole external layer protruding from the surface | 2224/0566 | | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05569 | | the external layer being disposed on a redistribution layer on the semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/05663 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C |
| 2224/0557 | | the external layer being disposed on a via connection of the semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/05664 | | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05571 | | the external layer being disposed in a recess of the surface | 2224/05666 | | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05572 | | the external layer extending out of an opening | 2224/05669 | | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05573 | | Single external layer | 2224/0567 | | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05575 | | Plural external layers | 2224/05671 | | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05576 | | being mutually engaged together, e.g. through inserts | 2224/05672 | | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05578 | | being disposed next to each other, e.g. side-to-side arrangements | 2224/05673 | | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent |
| 2224/0558 | | being stacked | 2224/05676 | | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05582 | | Two-layer coating | 2224/05678 | | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05583 | | Three-layer coating | 2224/05679 | | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05584 | | Four-layer coating | 2224/0568 | | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05599 | | Material | 2224/05681 | | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent |
| 2224/056 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof | 2224/05683 | | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05601 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C | 2224/05684 | | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05605 | | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent | 2224/05686 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material |
| 2224/05609 | | Indium [In] as principal constituent | 2224/05687 | | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/05688) |
| 2224/05611 | | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent | 2224/05688 | | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides |
| 2224/05613 | | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent | 2224/0569 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy |
| 2224/05614 | | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent | | | |
| 2224/05616 | | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent | | | |
| 2224/05617 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C | | | |
| 2224/05618 | | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent | | | |
| 2224/0562 | | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent | | | |
| 2224/05623 | | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent | | | |

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| 2224/05691 | | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene | 2224/05744 | | Gold [Au] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05693 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/056 - H01L 2224/05691 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond | 2224/05747 | | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05694 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/056 - H01L 2224/05691 | 2224/05749 | | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05695 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/056 - H01L 2224/05691 | 2224/05755 | | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05698 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams | 2224/05757 | | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05699 | | Material of the matrix | 2224/0576 | | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent |
| 2224/057 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof | 2224/05763 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C |
| 2224/05701 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C | 2224/05764 | | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05705 | | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent | 2224/05766 | | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05709 | | Indium [In] as principal constituent | 2224/05769 | | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05711 | | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent | 2224/0577 | | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05713 | | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent | 2224/05771 | | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05714 | | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent | 2224/05772 | | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05716 | | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent | 2224/05773 | | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05717 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C | 2224/05776 | | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05718 | | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent | 2224/05778 | | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent |
| 2224/0572 | | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent | 2224/05779 | | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05723 | | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent | 2224/0578 | | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05724 | | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent | 2224/05781 | | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05738 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C | 2224/05783 | | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05739 | | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent | 2224/05784 | | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent |
| | | | 2224/05786 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material |
| | | | 2224/05787 | | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/05788) |
| | | | 2224/05788 | | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides |
| | | | 2224/0579 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy |
| | | | 2224/05791 | | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene |

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| 2224/05793 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/057 - H01L 2224/05791 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond | 2224/05857 | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05794 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/057 - H01L 2224/05791 | 2224/0586 | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05795 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/057 - H01L 2224/05791 | 2224/05863 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C |
| 2224/05798 | Fillers | 2224/05864 | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05799 | Base material | 2224/05866 | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent |
| 2224/058 | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof | 2224/05869 | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05801 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C | 2224/0587 | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05805 | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent | 2224/05871 | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05809 | Indium [In] as principal constituent | 2224/05872 | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05811 | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent | 2224/05873 | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05813 | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent | 2224/05876 | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05814 | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent | 2224/05878 | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05816 | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent | 2224/05879 | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05817 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C | 2224/0588 | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05818 | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent | 2224/05881 | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent |
| 2224/0582 | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent | 2224/05883 | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05823 | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent | 2224/05884 | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05824 | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent | 2224/05886 | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material |
| 2224/05838 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C | 2224/05887 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/05888) |
| 2224/05839 | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent | 2224/05888 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides |
| 2224/05844 | Gold [Au] as principal constituent | 2224/0589 | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy |
| 2224/05847 | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent | 2224/05891 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene |
| 2224/05849 | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent | 2224/05893 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/058 - H01L 2224/05891 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond |
| 2224/05855 | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent | 2224/05894 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/058 - H01L 2224/05891 |

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| 2224/05895 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/058 - H01L 2224/05891 | 2224/05963 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C |
| 2224/05898 | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams | 2224/05964 | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05899 | Coating material | 2224/05966 | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent |
| 2224/059 | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof | 2224/05969 | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05901 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C | 2224/0597 | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05905 | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent | 2224/05971 | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05909 | Indium [In] as principal constituent | 2224/05972 | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05911 | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent | 2224/05973 | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05913 | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent | 2224/05976 | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05914 | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent | 2224/05978 | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05916 | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent | 2224/05979 | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05917 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C | 2224/0598 | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05918 | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent | 2224/05981 | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent |
| 2224/0592 | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent | 2224/05983 | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05923 | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent | 2224/05984 | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent |
| 2224/05924 | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent | 2224/05986 | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material |
| 2224/05938 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C | 2224/05987 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/05988) |
| 2224/05939 | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent | 2224/05988 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides |
| 2224/05944 | Gold [Au] as principal constituent | 2224/0599 | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy |
| 2224/05947 | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent | 2224/05991 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene |
| 2224/05949 | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent | 2224/05993 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/059 - H01L 2224/05991 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond |
| 2224/05955 | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent | 2224/05994 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/059 - H01L 2224/05991 |
| 2224/05957 | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent | 2224/05995 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/059 - H01L 2224/05991 |
| 2224/0596 | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent | | |

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| 2224/05998 | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams | 2224/06151 | being uniform, i.e. having a uniform pitch across the array |
| 2224/05999 | Shape or distribution of the fillers | 2224/06152 | being non uniform, i.e. having a non uniform pitch across the array |
| 2224/06 | of a plurality of bonding areas | 2224/06153 | with a staggered arrangement, e.g. depopulated array |
| 2224/0601 | Structure | 2224/06154 | covering only portions of the surface to be connected |
| 2224/0603 | Bonding areas having different sizes, e.g. different heights or widths | 2224/06155 | Covering only the peripheral area of the surface to be connected, i.e. peripheral arrangements |
| 2224/0605 | Shape | 2224/06156 | Covering only the central area of the surface to be connected, i.e. central arrangements |
| 2224/06051 | Bonding areas having different shapes | 2224/06157 | with specially adapted redistribution layers [RDL] |
| 2224/061 | Disposition | 2224/06158 | being disposed in a single wiring level, i.e. planar layout |
| 2224/06102 | the bonding areas being at different heights | 2224/06159 | being disposed in different wiring levels, i.e. resurf layout |
| 2224/0612 | Layout | 2224/0616 | Random array, i.e. array with no symmetry |
| 2224/0613 | Square or rectangular array | 2224/06163 | with a staggered arrangement |
| 2224/06131 | being uniform, i.e. having a uniform pitch across the array | 2224/06164 | covering only portions of the surface to be connected |
| 2224/06132 | being non uniform, i.e. having a non uniform pitch across the array | 2224/06165 | Covering only the peripheral area of the surface to be connected, i.e. peripheral arrangements |
| 2224/06133 | with a staggered arrangement, e.g. depopulated array | 2224/06166 | Covering only the central area of the surface to be connected, i.e. central arrangements |
| 2224/06134 | covering only portions of the surface to be connected | 2224/06167 | with specially adapted redistribution layers [RDL] |
| 2224/06135 | Covering only the peripheral area of the surface to be connected, i.e. peripheral arrangements | 2224/06168 | being disposed in a single wiring level, i.e. planar layout |
| 2224/06136 | Covering only the central area of the surface to be connected, i.e. central arrangements | 2224/06169 | being disposed in different wiring levels, i.e. resurf layout |
| 2224/06137 | with specially adapted redistribution layers [RDL] | 2224/06177 | Combinations of arrays with different layouts |
| 2224/06138 | being disposed in a single wiring level, i.e. planar layout | 2224/06179 | Corner adaptations, i.e. disposition of the bonding areas at the corners of the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/06139 | being disposed in different wiring levels, i.e. resurf layout | 2224/0618 | being disposed on at least two different sides of the body, e.g. dual array |
| 2224/0614 | Circular array, i.e. array with radial symmetry | 2224/06181 | On opposite sides of the body |
| 2224/06141 | being uniform, i.e. having a uniform pitch across the array | 2224/06182 | with specially adapted redistribution layers [RDL] |
| 2224/06142 | being non uniform, i.e. having a non uniform pitch across the array | 2224/06183 | On contiguous sides of the body |
| 2224/06143 | with a staggered arrangement, e.g. depopulated array | 2224/06187 | with specially adapted redistribution layers [RDL] |
| 2224/06144 | covering only portions of the surface to be connected | 2224/06188 | being disposed in a single wiring level, i.e. planar layout |
| 2224/06145 | Covering only the peripheral area of the surface to be connected, i.e. peripheral arrangements | 2224/06189 | being disposed in different wiring levels, i.e. resurf layout |
| 2224/06146 | Covering only the central area of the surface to be connected, i.e. central arrangements | 2224/065 | Material |
| 2224/06147 | with specially adapted redistribution layers [RDL] | 2224/06505 | Bonding areas having different materials |
| 2224/06148 | being disposed in a single wiring level, i.e. planar layout | 2224/0651 | Function |
| 2224/06149 | being disposed in different wiring levels, i.e. resurf layout | 2224/06515 | Bonding areas having different functions |
| 2224/0615 | Mirror array, i.e. array having only a reflection symmetry, i.e. bilateral symmetry | 2224/06517 | including bonding areas providing primarily mechanical bonding |
| | | 2224/06519 | including bonding areas providing primarily thermal dissipation |

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| 2224/07 | . . . | Structure, shape, material or disposition of the bonding areas after the connecting process | 2224/08167 | | the bonding area connecting to a bonding area disposed in a recess of the surface of the item |
| 2224/08 | | of an individual bonding area | 2224/08168 | | the bonding area connecting to a bonding area protruding from the surface of the item |
| 2224/0801 | | Structure | 2224/08175 | | the item being metallic |
| 2224/0805 | | Shape | 2224/08183 | | the bonding area connecting to a potential ring of the item |
| 2224/08052 | | in top view | 2224/08187 | | the bonding area connecting to a bonding area disposed in a recess of the surface of the item |
| 2224/08053 | | being non uniform along the bonding area | 2224/08188 | | the bonding area connecting to a bonding area protruding from the surface of the item |
| 2224/08054 | | being rectangular | 2224/08195 | | the item being a discrete passive component |
| 2224/08055 | | being square | 2224/08197 | | the bonding area connecting to a bonding area disposed in a recess of the surface of the item |
| 2224/08056 | | being circular or elliptic | 2224/08198 | | the bonding area connecting to a bonding area protruding from the surface of the item |
| 2224/08057 | | in side view | 2224/08221 | | the body and the item being stacked |
| 2224/08058 | | being non uniform along the bonding area | 2224/08225 | | the item being non-metallic, e.g. insulating substrate with or without metallisation |
| 2224/08059 | | comprising protrusions or indentations | 2224/0823 | | the bonding area connecting to a pin of the item |
| 2224/0807 | | of bonding interfaces, e.g. interlocking features | 2224/08233 | | the bonding area connecting to a potential ring of the item |
| 2224/081 | | Disposition | 2224/08235 | | the bonding area connecting to a via metallisation of the item |
| 2224/08111 | | the bonding area being disposed in a recess of the surface of the body | 2224/08237 | | the bonding area connecting to a bonding area disposed in a recess of the surface of the item |
| 2224/08112 | | the bonding area being at least partially embedded in the surface of the body | 2224/08238 | | the bonding area connecting to a bonding area protruding from the surface of the item |
| 2224/08113 | | the whole bonding area protruding from the surface of the body | 2224/08245 | | the item being metallic |
| 2224/0812 | | the bonding area connecting directly to another bonding area, i.e. connectorless bonding, e.g. bumpless bonding | 2224/08253 | | the bonding area connecting to a potential ring of the item |
| 2224/08121 | | the connected bonding areas being not aligned with respect to each other | 2224/08257 | | the bonding area connecting to a bonding area disposed in a recess of the surface of the item |
| 2224/08123 | | the bonding area connecting directly to at least two bonding areas | 2224/08258 | | the bonding area connecting to a bonding area protruding from the surface of the item |
| 2224/08135 | | the bonding area connecting between different semiconductor or solid-state bodies, i.e. chip-to-chip | 2224/08265 | | the item being a discrete passive component |
| 2224/08137 | | the bodies being arranged next to each other, e.g. on a common substrate | 2224/08267 | | the bonding area connecting to a bonding area disposed in a recess of the surface of the item |
| 2224/08145 | | the bodies being stacked | 2224/08268 | | the bonding area connecting to a bonding area protruding from the surface of the item |
| 2224/08146 | | the bonding area connecting to a via connection in the body | 2224/085 | | Material |
| 2224/08147 | | the bonding area connecting to a bonding area disposed in a recess of the surface of the body | 2224/08501 | | at the bonding interface |
| 2224/08148 | | the bonding area connecting to a bonding area protruding from the surface of the body | 2224/08502 | | comprising an eutectic alloy |
| 2224/08151 | | the bonding area connecting between a semiconductor or solid-state body and an item not being a semiconductor or solid-state body, e.g. chip-to-substrate, chip-to-passive | | | |
| 2224/08153 | | the body and the item being arranged next to each other, e.g. on a common substrate | | | |
| 2224/08155 | | the item being non-metallic, e.g. being an insulating substrate with or without metallisation | | | |
| 2224/0816 | | the bonding area connecting to a pin of the item | | | |
| 2224/08163 | | the bonding area connecting to a potential ring of the item | | | |
| 2224/08165 | | the bonding area connecting to a via metallisation of the item | | | |

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| 2224/08503 | | comprising an intermetallic compound | 2224/09165 | | Covering only the peripheral area of the surface to be connected, i.e. peripheral arrangements |
| 2224/08505 | | outside the bonding interface | 2224/09177 | | Combinations of arrays with different layouts |
| 2224/08506 | | comprising an eutectic alloy | 2224/09179 | | Corner adaptations, i.e. disposition of the bonding areas at the corners of the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/09 | | of a plurality of bonding areas | 2224/0918 | | being disposed on at least two different sides of the body, e.g. dual array |
| 2224/0901 | | Structure | 2224/09181 | | On opposite sides of the body |
| 2224/0903 | | Bonding areas having different sizes, e.g. different diameters, heights or widths | 2224/09183 | | On contiguous sides of the body |
| 2224/0905 | | Shape | 2224/095 | | Material |
| 2224/09051 | | Bonding areas having different shapes | 2224/09505 | | Bonding areas having different materials |
| 2224/09055 | | of their bonding interfaces | 2224/0951 | | Function |
| 2224/091 | | Disposition | 2224/09515 | | Bonding areas having different functions |
| 2224/09102 | | the bonding areas being at different heights | 2224/09517 | | including bonding areas providing primarily mechanical support |
| 2224/09103 | | on the semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/09519 | | including bonding areas providing primarily thermal dissipation |
| 2224/09104 | | outside the semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/10 | | Bump connectors; Manufacturing methods related thereto |
| 2224/0912 | | Layout (layout of bonding areas prior to the connecting process H01L 2224/0612) | 2224/1012 | | Auxiliary members for bump connectors, e.g. spacers |
| 2224/0913 | | Square or rectangular array | 2224/10122 | | being formed on the semiconductor or solid-state body to be connected |
| 2224/09132 | | being non uniform, i.e. having a non uniform pitch across the array | 2224/10125 | | Reinforcing structures |
| 2224/09133 | | with a staggered arrangement, e.g. depopulated array | 2224/10126 | | Bump collar |
| 2224/09134 | | covering only portions of the surface to be connected | 2224/10135 | | Alignment aids |
| 2224/09135 | | Covering only the peripheral area of the surface to be connected, i.e. peripheral arrangements | 2224/10145 | | Flow barriers |
| 2224/0914 | | Circular array, i.e. array with radial symmetry | 2224/10152 | | being formed on an item to be connected not being a semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/09142 | | being non uniform, i.e. having a non uniform pitch across the array | 2224/10155 | | Reinforcing structures |
| 2224/09143 | | with a staggered arrangement | 2224/10156 | | Bump collar |
| 2224/09144 | | covering only portions of the surface to be connected | 2224/10165 | | Alignment aids |
| 2224/09145 | | Covering only the peripheral area of the surface to be connected, i.e. peripheral arrangements | 2224/10175 | | Flow barriers |
| 2224/0915 | | Mirror array, i.e. array having only a reflection symmetry, i.e. bilateral symmetry | 2224/11 | | Manufacturing methods |
| 2224/09151 | | being uniform, i.e. having a uniform pitch across the array | 2224/11001 | | Involving a temporary auxiliary member not forming part of the manufacturing apparatus, e.g. removable or sacrificial coating, film or substrate |
| 2224/09152 | | being non uniform, i.e. having a non uniform pitch across the array | 2224/11002 | | for supporting the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/09153 | | with a staggered arrangement, e.g. depopulated array | 2224/11003 | | for holding or transferring the bump preform |
| 2224/09154 | | covering only portions of the surface to be connected | 2224/11005 | | for aligning the bump connector, e.g. marks, spacers |
| 2224/09155 | | Covering only the peripheral area of the surface to be connected, i.e. peripheral arrangements | 2224/11009 | | for protecting parts during manufacture |
| 2224/09156 | | Covering only the central area of the surface to be connected, i.e. central arrangements | 2224/11011 | | Involving a permanent auxiliary member, i.e. a member which is left at least partly in the finished device, e.g. coating, dummy feature |
| 2224/0916 | | Random array, i.e. array with no symmetry | 2224/11013 | | for holding or confining the bump connector, e.g. solder flow barrier |
| 2224/09163 | | with a staggered arrangement | 2224/11015 | | for aligning the bump connector, e.g. marks, spacers |
| 2224/09164 | | covering only portions of the surface to be connected | 2224/11019 | | for protecting parts during the process |
| | | | 2224/111 | | Manufacture and pre-treatment of the bump connector preform |
| | | | 2224/1111 | | Shaping |
| | | | 2224/1112 | | Applying permanent coating |
| | | | 2224/113 | | by local deposition of the material of the bump connector |

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| 2224/1131 | | in liquid form | 2224/11526 | | involving the material of the bonding area, e.g. bonding pad or under bump metallisation [UBM] |
| 2224/11312 | | Continuous flow, e.g. using a microsyringe, a pump, a nozzle or extrusion | 2224/1155 | | Selective modification |
| 2224/11318 | | by dispensing droplets | 2224/11552 | | using a laser or a focussed ion beam [FIB] |
| 2224/1132 | | Screen printing, i.e. using a stencil | 2224/11554 | | Stereolithography, i.e. solidification of a pattern defined by a laser trace in a photosensitive resin |
| 2224/1133 | | in solid form | 2224/116 | | by patterning a pre-deposited material (treatment of parts prior to assembly of the devices H01L 21/48) |
| 2224/11332 | | using a powder | 2224/11602 | | Mechanical treatment, e.g. polishing, grinding |
| 2224/11334 | | using preformed bumps | 2224/1161 | | Physical or chemical etching |
| 2224/1134 | | Stud bumping, i.e. using a wire-bonding apparatus | 2224/11612 | | by physical means only |
| 2224/114 | | by blanket deposition of the material of the bump connector | 2224/11614 | | by chemical means only |
| 2224/1141 | | in liquid form | 2224/11616 | | Chemical mechanical polishing [CMP] |
| 2224/11416 | | Spin coating | 2224/11618 | | with selective exposure, development and removal of a photosensitive bump material, e.g. of a photosensitive conductive resin |
| 2224/11418 | | Spray coating | 2224/1162 | | using masks |
| 2224/1142 | | Curtain coating | 2224/11622 | | Photolithography |
| 2224/11422 | | by dipping, e.g. in a solder bath (hot-dipping C23C 2/00) | 2224/1163 | | using a laser or a focused ion beam [FIB] |
| 2224/11424 | | Immersion coating, e.g. in a solder bath (immersion processes C23C 2/00) | 2224/11632 | | Ablation by means of a laser or focused ion beam [FIB] |
| 2224/11426 | | Chemical solution deposition [CSD], i.e. using a liquid precursor | 2224/117 | | involving monitoring, e.g. feedback loop |
| 2224/11428 | | Wave coating | 2224/118 | | Post-treatment of the bump connector |
| 2224/1143 | | in solid form | 2224/1181 | | Cleaning, e.g. oxide removal step, desmearing |
| 2224/11436 | | Lamination of a preform, e.g. foil, sheet or layer | 2224/1182 | | Applying permanent coating, e.g. in-situ coating |
| 2224/11438 | | the preform being at least partly pre-patterned | 2224/11821 | | Spray coating |
| 2224/1144 | | by transfer printing | 2224/11822 | | by dipping, e.g. in a solder bath |
| 2224/11442 | | using a powder | 2224/11823 | | Immersion coating, e.g. in a solder bath |
| 2224/11444 | | in gaseous form | 2224/11824 | | Chemical solution deposition [CSD], i.e. using a liquid precursor |
| 2224/1145 | | Physical vapour deposition [PVD], e.g. evaporation, or sputtering | 2224/11825 | | Plating, e.g. electroplating, electroless plating |
| 2224/11452 | | Chemical vapour deposition [CVD], e.g. laser CVD | 2224/11826 | | Physical vapour deposition [PVD], e.g. evaporation, or sputtering |
| 2224/1146 | | Plating | 2224/11827 | | Chemical vapour deposition [CVD], e.g. laser CVD |
| 2224/11462 | | Electroplating | 2224/1183 | | Reworking, e.g. shaping (reflowing H01L 2224/11849) |
| 2224/11464 | | Electroless plating | 2224/11831 | | involving a chemical process, e.g. etching the bump connector |
| 2224/11466 | | Conformal deposition, i.e. blanket deposition of a conformal layer on a patterned surface | 2224/1184 | | involving a mechanical process, e.g. planarising the bump connector |
| 2224/1147 | | using a lift-off mask | 2224/11845 | | Chemical mechanical polishing [CMP] |
| 2224/11472 | | Profile of the lift-off mask | 2224/11848 | | Thermal treatments, e.g. annealing, controlled cooling |
| 2224/11474 | | Multilayer masks | 2224/11849 | | Reflowing |
| 2224/1148 | | Permanent masks, i.e. masks left in the finished device, e.g. passivation layers | 2224/119 | | Methods of manufacturing bump connectors involving a specific sequence of method steps |
| 2224/115 | | by chemical or physical modification of a pre-existing or pre-deposited material | 2224/11901 | | with repetition of the same manufacturing step |
| 2224/11502 | | Pre-existing or pre-deposited material | 2224/11902 | | Multiple masking steps |
| 2224/11505 | | Sintering | 2224/11903 | | using different masks |
| 2224/1151 | | Anodisation | 2224/11906 | | with modification of the same mask |
| 2224/11515 | | Curing and solidification, e.g. of a photosensitive bump material | | | |
| 2224/1152 | | Self-assembly, e.g. self-agglomeration of the bump material in a fluid | | | |
| 2224/11522 | | Auxiliary means therefor, e.g. for self-assembly activation | | | |
| 2224/11524 | | with special adaptation of the surface or of an auxiliary substrate, e.g. surface shape specially adapted for the self-assembly process | | | |

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| 2224/1191 | | Forming a passivation layer after forming the bump connector | 2224/13027 | | the bump connector being offset with respect to the bonding area, e.g. bond pad |
| 2224/11912 | | the bump being used as a mask for patterning other parts | 2224/13028 | | the bump connector being disposed on at least two separate bonding areas, e.g. bond pads |
| 2224/11914 | | the under bump metallisation [UBM] being used as a mask for patterning other parts | 2224/13075 | | Plural core members |
| 2224/11916 | | a passivation layer being used as a mask for patterning other parts | 2224/13076 | | being mutually engaged together, e.g. through inserts |
| 2224/12 | | Structure, shape, material or disposition of the bump connectors prior to the connecting process | 2224/13078 | | being disposed next to each other, e.g. side-to-side arrangements |
| 2224/12105 | | Bump connectors formed on an encapsulation of the semiconductor or solid-state body, e.g. bumps on chip-scale packages | 2224/1308 | | being stacked |
| 2224/13 | | of an individual bump connector | 2224/13082 | | Two-layer arrangements |
| 2224/13001 | | Core members of the bump connector | 2224/13083 | | Three-layer arrangements |
| 2224/13005 | | Structure | 2224/13084 | | Four-layer arrangements |
| 2224/13006 | | Bump connector larger than the underlying bonding area, e.g. than the under bump metallisation [UBM] | 2224/13099 | | Material |
| 2224/13007 | | Bump connector smaller than the underlying bonding area, e.g. than the under bump metallisation [UBM] | 2224/131 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof |
| 2224/13008 | | Bump connector integrally formed with a redistribution layer on the semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/13101 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C |
| 2224/13009 | | Bump connector integrally formed with a via connection of the semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/13105 | | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent |
| 2224/1301 | | Shape | 2224/13109 | | Indium [In] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13011 | | comprising apertures or cavities, e.g. hollow bump | 2224/13111 | | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13012 | | in top view | 2224/13113 | | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13013 | | being rectangular or square | 2224/13114 | | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13014 | | being circular or elliptic | 2224/13116 | | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13015 | | comprising protrusions or indentations | 2224/13117 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C |
| 2224/13016 | | in side view | 2224/13118 | | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13017 | | being non uniform along the bump connector | 2224/1312 | | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13018 | | comprising protrusions or indentations | 2224/13123 | | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13019 | | at the bonding interface of the bump connector, i.e. on the surface of the bump connector | 2224/13124 | | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent |
| 2224/1302 | | Disposition | 2224/13138 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C |
| 2224/13021 | | the bump connector being disposed in a recess of the surface | 2224/13139 | | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13022 | | the bump connector being at least partially embedded in the surface | 2224/13144 | | Gold [Au] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13023 | | the whole bump connector protruding from the surface | 2224/13147 | | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13024 | | the bump connector being disposed on a redistribution layer on the semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/13149 | | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13025 | | the bump connector being disposed on a via connection of the semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/13155 | | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13026 | | relative to the bonding area, e.g. bond pad, of the semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/13157 | | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent |
| | | | 2224/1316 | | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent |
| | | | 2224/13163 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C |

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| 2224/13164 | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent | 2224/132 | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof |
| 2224/13166 | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent | 2224/13201 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C |
| 2224/13169 | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent | 2224/13205 | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent |
| 2224/1317 | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent | 2224/13209 | Indium [In] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13171 | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent | 2224/13211 | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13172 | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent | 2224/13213 | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13173 | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent | 2224/13214 | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13176 | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent | 2224/13216 | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13178 | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent | 2224/13217 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C |
| 2224/13179 | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent | 2224/13218 | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/1318 | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent | 2224/1322 | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13181 | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent | 2224/13223 | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13183 | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent | 2224/13224 | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13184 | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent | 2224/13238 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C |
| 2224/13186 | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material | 2224/13239 | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13187 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/13188) | 2224/13244 | Gold [Au] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13188 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides | 2224/13247 | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent |
| 2224/1319 | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy | 2224/13249 | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13191 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene | 2224/13255 | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13193 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/131 - H01L 2224/13191 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond | 2224/13257 | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13194 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/131 - H01L 2224/13191 | 2224/1326 | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13195 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/131 - H01L 2224/13191 | 2224/13263 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C |
| 2224/13198 | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams | 2224/13264 | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13199 | Material of the matrix | 2224/13266 | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/13269 | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/1327 | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent |

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| 2224/13271 | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent | 2224/13309 | Indium [In] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13272 | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent | 2224/13311 | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13273 | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent | 2224/13313 | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13276 | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent | 2224/13314 | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13278 | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent | 2224/13316 | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13279 | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent | 2224/13317 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C |
| 2224/1328 | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent | 2224/13318 | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13281 | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent | 2224/1332 | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13283 | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent | 2224/13323 | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13284 | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent | 2224/13324 | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13286 | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material | 2224/13338 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C |
| 2224/13287 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/13288) | 2224/13339 | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13288 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides | 2224/13344 | Gold [Au] as principal constituent |
| 2224/1329 | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy | 2224/13347 | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13291 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene | 2224/13349 | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13293 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/132 - H01L 2224/13291 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond | 2224/13355 | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13294 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/132 - H01L 2224/13291 | 2224/13357 | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13295 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/132 - H01L 2224/13291 | 2224/1336 | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13298 | Fillers | 2224/13363 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C |
| 2224/13299 | Base material | 2224/13364 | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent |
| 2224/133 | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof | 2224/13366 | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13301 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C | 2224/13369 | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13305 | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent | 2224/1337 | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/13371 | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/13372 | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/13373 | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/13376 | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/13378 | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/13379 | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent |

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| 2224/1338 | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent | 2224/13413 | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13381 | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent | 2224/13414 | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13383 | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent | 2224/13416 | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13384 | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent | 2224/13417 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C |
| 2224/13386 | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material | 2224/13418 | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13387 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/13388) | 2224/1342 | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13388 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides | 2224/13423 | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent |
| 2224/1339 | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy | 2224/13424 | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13391 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene | 2224/13438 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C |
| 2224/13393 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/133 - H01L 2224/13391 e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond | 2224/13439 | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13394 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/133 - H01L 2224/13391 | 2224/13444 | Gold [Au] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13395 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/133 - H01L 2224/13391 | 2224/13447 | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13398 | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams | 2224/13449 | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13399 | Coating material | 2224/13455 | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent |
| 2224/134 | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof | 2224/13457 | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13401 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C | 2224/1346 | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13405 | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent | 2224/13463 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C |
| 2224/13409 | Indium [In] as principal constituent | 2224/13464 | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13411 | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent | 2224/13466 | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/13469 | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/1347 | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/13471 | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/13472 | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/13473 | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/13476 | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/13478 | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/13479 | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/1348 | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/13481 | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent |

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| 2224/13483 | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent | 2224/13566 | Both on and outside the bonding interface of the bump connector |
| 2224/13484 | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent | 2224/1357 | Single coating layer |
| 2224/13486 | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material | 2224/13575 | Plural coating layers |
| 2224/13487 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/13488) | 2224/13576 | being mutually engaged together, e.g. through inserts |
| 2224/13488 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides | 2224/13578 | being disposed next to each other, e.g. side-to-side arrangements |
| 2224/1349 | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy | 2224/1358 | being stacked |
| 2224/13491 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene | 2224/13582 | Two-layer coating |
| 2224/13493 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/134 - H01L 2224/13491 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond | 2224/13583 | Three-layer coating |
| 2224/13494 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/134 - H01L 2224/13491 | 2224/13584 | Four-layer coating |
| 2224/13495 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/134 - H01L 2224/13491 | 2224/13599 | Material |
| 2224/13498 | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams | 2224/136 | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof |
| 2224/13499 | Shape or distribution of the fillers | 2224/13601 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C |
| 2224/1354 | Coating | 2224/13605 | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13541 | Structure | 2224/13609 | Indium [In] as principal constituent |
| 2224/1355 | Shape | 2224/13611 | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13551 | being non uniform | 2224/13613 | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13552 | comprising protrusions or indentations | 2224/13614 | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13553 | at the bonding interface of the bump connector, i.e. on the surface of the bump connector | 2224/13616 | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/1356 | Disposition | 2224/13617 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C |
| 2224/13561 | On the entire surface of the core, i.e. integral coating | 2224/13618 | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13562 | On the entire exposed surface of the core | 2224/1362 | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13563 | Only on parts of the surface of the core, i.e. partial coating | 2224/13623 | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13564 | Only on the bonding interface of the bump connector | 2224/13624 | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13565 | Only outside the bonding interface of the bump connector | 2224/13638 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C |
| | | 2224/13639 | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/13644 | Gold [Au] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/13647 | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/13649 | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/13655 | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/13657 | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/1366 | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/13663 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C |
| | | 2224/13664 | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent |

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| 2224/13666 | | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent | 2224/137 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof |
| 2224/13669 | .. . . . . | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent | 2224/13701 | .. . . . . | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C |
| 2224/1367 | .. . . . . | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent | 2224/13705 | .. . . . . | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13671 | .. . . . . | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent | 2224/13709 | .. . . . . | Indium [In] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13672 | .. . . . . | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent | 2224/13711 | .. . . . . | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13673 | .. . . . . | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent | 2224/13713 | .. . . . . | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13676 | .. . . . . | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent | 2224/13714 | .. . . . . | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13678 | .. . . . . | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent | 2224/13716 | .. . . . . | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13679 | .. . . . . | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent | 2224/13717 | .. . . . . | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C |
| 2224/1368 | .. . . . . | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent | 2224/13718 | .. . . . . | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13681 | .. . . . . | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent | 2224/1372 | .. . . . . | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13683 | .. . . . . | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent | 2224/13723 | .. . . . . | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13684 | .. . . . . | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent | 2224/13724 | .. . . . . | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13686 | .. . . . . | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material | 2224/13738 | .. . . . . | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C |
| 2224/13687 | .. . . . . | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/13688) | 2224/13739 | .. . . . . | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13688 | .. . . . . | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides | 2224/13744 | .. . . . . | Gold [Au] as principal constituent |
| 2224/1369 | .. . . . . | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy | 2224/13747 | .. . . . . | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13691 | .. . . . . | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene | 2224/13749 | .. . . . . | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13693 | .. . . . . | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/136 - H01L 2224/13691 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond | 2224/13755 | .. . . . . | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13694 | .. . . . . | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/136 - H01L 2224/13691 | 2224/13757 | .. . . . . | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13695 | .. . . . . | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/136 - H01L 2224/13691 | 2224/1376 | .. . . . . | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13698 | .. . . . . | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams | 2224/13763 | .. . . . . | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C |
| 2224/13699 | .. . . . . | Material of the matrix | 2224/13764 | .. . . . . | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent |
| | | | 2224/13766 | .. . . . . | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent |
| | | | 2224/13769 | | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent |
| | | | 2224/1377 | | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent |

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| 2224/13771 | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent | 2224/13809 | Indium [In] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13772 | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent | 2224/13811 | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13773 | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent | 2224/13813 | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13776 | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent | 2224/13814 | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13778 | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent | 2224/13816 | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13779 | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent | 2224/13817 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C |
| 2224/1378 | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent | 2224/13818 | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13781 | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent | 2224/1382 | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13783 | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent | 2224/13823 | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13784 | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent | 2224/13824 | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13786 | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material | 2224/13838 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C |
| 2224/13787 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/13788) | 2224/13839 | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13788 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides | 2224/13844 | Gold [Au] as principal constituent |
| 2224/1379 | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy | 2224/13847 | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13791 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene | 2224/13849 | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13793 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/137 - H01L 2224/13791 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond | 2224/13855 | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13794 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/137 - H01L 2224/13791 | 2224/13857 | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13795 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/137 - H01L 2224/13791 | 2224/1386 | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13798 | Fillers | 2224/13863 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C |
| 2224/13799 | Base material | 2224/13864 | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent |
| 2224/138 | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof | 2224/13866 | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13801 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C | 2224/13869 | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13805 | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent | 2224/1387 | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/13871 | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/13872 | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/13873 | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/13876 | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/13878 | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/13879 | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent |

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| 2224/1388 | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent | 2224/13913 | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13881 | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent | 2224/13914 | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13883 | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent | 2224/13916 | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13884 | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent | 2224/13917 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C |
| 2224/13886 | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material | 2224/13918 | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13887 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/13888) | 2224/1392 | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13888 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides | 2224/13923 | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent |
| 2224/1389 | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy | 2224/13924 | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13891 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene | 2224/13938 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C |
| 2224/13893 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/138 - H01L 2224/13891 e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond | 2224/13939 | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13894 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/138 - H01L 2224/13891 | 2224/13944 | Gold [Au] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13895 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/138 - H01L 2224/13891 | 2224/13947 | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13898 | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams | 2224/13949 | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13899 | Coating material | 2224/13955 | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent |
| 2224/139 | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof | 2224/13957 | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13901 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C | 2224/1396 | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13905 | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent | 2224/13963 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C |
| 2224/13909 | Indium [In] as principal constituent | 2224/13964 | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent |
| 2224/13911 | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent | 2224/13966 | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/13969 | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/1397 | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/13971 | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/13972 | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/13973 | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/13976 | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/13978 | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/13979 | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/1398 | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/13981 | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent |

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| 2224/13983 | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent | 2224/14133 | with a staggered arrangement, e.g. depopulated array |
| 2224/13984 | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent | 2224/14134 | covering only portions of the surface to be connected |
| 2224/13986 | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material | 2224/14135 | Covering only the peripheral area of the surface to be connected, i.e. peripheral arrangements |
| 2224/13987 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/13988) | 2224/14136 | Covering only the central area of the surface to be connected, i.e. central arrangements |
| 2224/13988 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides | 2224/1414 | Circular array, i.e. array with radial symmetry |
| 2224/1399 | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy | 2224/14141 | being uniform, i.e. having a uniform pitch across the array |
| 2224/13991 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene | 2224/14142 | being non uniform, i.e. having a non uniform pitch across the array |
| 2224/13993 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/139 - H01L 2224/13991 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond | 2224/14143 | with a staggered arrangement, e.g. depopulated array |
| 2224/13994 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/139 - H01L 2224/13991 | 2224/14144 | covering only portions of the surface to be connected |
| 2224/13995 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/139 - H01L 2224/13991 | 2224/14145 | Covering only the peripheral area of the surface to be connected, i.e. peripheral arrangements |
| 2224/13998 | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams | 2224/14146 | Covering only the central area of the surface to be connected, i.e. central arrangements |
| 2224/13999 | Shape or distribution of the fillers | 2224/1415 | Mirror array, i.e. array having only a reflection symmetry, i.e. bilateral symmetry |
| 2224/14 | of a plurality of bump connectors | 2224/14151 | being uniform, i.e. having a uniform pitch across the array |
| 2224/1401 | Structure | 2224/14152 | being non uniform, i.e. having a non uniform pitch across the array |
| 2224/1403 | Bump connectors having different sizes, e.g. different diameters, heights or widths | 2224/14153 | with a staggered arrangement, e.g. depopulated array |
| 2224/1405 | Shape | 2224/14154 | covering only portions of the surface to be connected |
| 2224/14051 | Bump connectors having different shapes | 2224/14155 | Covering only the peripheral area of the surface to be connected, i.e. peripheral arrangements |
| 2224/141 | Disposition | 2224/14156 | Covering only the central area of the surface to be connected, i.e. central arrangements |
| 2224/14104 | relative to the bonding areas, e.g. bond pads, of the semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/1416 | Random layout, i.e. layout with no symmetry |
| 2224/1411 | the bump connectors being bonded to at least one common bonding area | 2224/14163 | with a staggered arrangement |
| 2224/1412 | Layout | 2224/14164 | covering only portions of the surface to be connected |
| 2224/1413 | Square or rectangular array | 2224/14165 | Covering only the peripheral area of the surface to be connected, i.e. peripheral arrangements |
| 2224/14131 | being uniform, i.e. having a uniform pitch across the array | 2224/14166 | Covering only the central area of the surface to be connected, i.e. central arrangements |
| 2224/14132 | being non uniform, i.e. having a non uniform pitch across the array | 2224/14177 | Combinations of arrays with different layouts |
| | | 2224/14179 | Corner adaptations, i.e. disposition of the bump connectors at the corners of the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| | | 2224/1418 | being disposed on at least two different sides of the body, e.g. dual array |
| | | 2224/14181 | On opposite sides of the body |
| | | 2224/14183 | On contiguous sides of the body |
| | | 2224/145 | Material |

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| 2224/14505 | | Bump connectors having different materials | 2224/16146 | | the bump connector connecting to a via connection in the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/1451 | | Function | 2224/16147 | | the bump connector connecting to a bonding area disposed in a recess of the surface |
| 2224/14515 | | Bump connectors having different functions | 2224/16148 | | the bump connector connecting to a bonding area protruding from the surface |
| 2224/14517 | | including bump connectors providing primarily mechanical bonding | 2224/16151 | | the bump connector connecting between a semiconductor or solid-state body and an item not being a semiconductor or solid-state body, e.g. chip-to-substrate, chip-to-passive |
| 2224/14519 | | including bump connectors providing primarily thermal dissipation | 2224/16153 | | the body and the item being arranged next to each other, e.g. on a common substrate |
| 2224/15 | . . . | Structure, shape, material or disposition of the bump connectors after the connecting process | 2224/16155 | | the item being non-metallic, e.g. being an insulating substrate with or without metallisation |
| 2224/16 | | of an individual bump connector | 2224/16157 | | the bump connector connecting to a bond pad of the item |
| 2224/1601 | | Structure | 2224/1616 | | the bump connector connecting to a pin of the item |
| 2224/16012 | | relative to the bonding area, e.g. bond pad | 2224/16163 | | the bump connector connecting to a potential ring of the item |
| 2224/16013 | | the bump connector being larger than the bonding area, e.g. bond pad | 2224/16165 | | the bump connector connecting to a via metallisation of the item |
| 2224/16014 | | the bump connector being smaller than the bonding area, e.g. bond pad | 2224/16167 | | the bump connector connecting to a bonding area disposed in a recess of the surface of the item |
| 2224/1605 | | Shape | 2224/16168 | | the bump connector connecting to a bonding area protruding from the surface of the item |
| 2224/16052 | | in top view | 2224/16175 | | the item being metallic |
| 2224/16054 | | being rectangular or square | 2224/16183 | | the bump connector connecting to a potential ring of the item |
| 2224/16055 | | being circular or elliptic | 2224/16187 | | the bump connector connecting to a bonding area disposed in a recess of the surface of the item |
| 2224/16056 | | comprising protrusions or indentations | 2224/16188 | | the bump connector connecting to a bonding area protruding from the surface of the item |
| 2224/16057 | | in side view | 2224/16195 | | the item being a discrete passive component |
| 2224/16058 | | being non uniform along the bump connector | 2224/16197 | | the bump connector connecting to a bonding area disposed in a recess of the surface of the item |
| 2224/16059 | | comprising protrusions or indentations | 2224/16198 | | the bump connector connecting to a bonding area protruding from the surface of the item |
| 2224/1607 | | of bonding interfaces, e.g. interlocking features | 2224/16221 | | the body and the item being stacked |
| 2224/161 | | Disposition | 2224/16225 | | the item being non-metallic, e.g. insulating substrate with or without metallisation |
| 2224/16104 | | relative to the bonding area, e.g. bond pad | 2224/16227 | | the bump connector connecting to a bond pad of the item |
| 2224/16105 | | the bump connector connecting bonding areas being not aligned with respect to each other | 2224/1623 | | the bump connector connecting to a pin of the item |
| 2224/16106 | | the bump connector connecting one bonding area to at least two respective bonding areas | 2224/16233 | | the bump connector connecting to a potential ring of the item |
| 2224/16108 | | the bump connector not being orthogonal to the surface | 2224/16235 | | the bump connector connecting to a via metallisation of the item |
| 2224/16111 | | the bump connector being disposed in a recess of the surface | | | |
| 2224/16112 | | the bump connector being at least partially embedded in the surface | | | |
| 2224/16113 | | the whole bump connector protruding from the surface | | | |
| 2224/1613 | | the bump connector connecting within a semiconductor or solid-state body, i.e. connecting two bonding areas on the same semiconductor or solid-state body | | | |
| 2224/16135 | | the bump connector connecting between different semiconductor or solid-state bodies, i.e. chip-to-chip | | | |
| 2224/16137 | | the bodies being arranged next to each other, e.g. on a common substrate | | | |
| 2224/16141 | | the bodies being arranged on opposite sides of a substrate, e.g. mirror arrangements | | | |
| 2224/16145 | | the bodies being stacked | | | |

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| 2224/16237 | | the bump connector connecting to a bonding area disposed in a recess of the surface of the item | 2224/17133 | | with a staggered arrangement, e.g. depopulated array |
| 2224/16238 | | the bump connector connecting to a bonding area protruding from the surface of the item | 2224/17134 | | covering only portions of the surface to be connected |
| 2224/1624 | | the bump connector connecting between the body and an opposite side of the item with respect to the body | 2224/17135 | | Covering only the peripheral area of the surface to be connected, i.e. peripheral arrangements |
| 2224/16245 | | the item being metallic | 2224/17136 | | Covering only the central area of the surface to be connected, i.e. central arrangements |
| 2224/16253 | | the bump connector connecting to a potential ring of the item | 2224/1714 | | Circular array, i.e. array with radial symmetry |
| 2224/16257 | | the bump connector connecting to a bonding area disposed in a recess of the surface of the item | 2224/17142 | | being non uniform, i.e. having a non uniform pitch across the array |
| 2224/16258 | | the bump connector connecting to a bonding area protruding from the surface of the item | 2224/17143 | | with a staggered arrangement |
| 2224/1626 | | the bump connector connecting between the body and an opposite side of the item with respect to the body | 2224/17144 | | covering only portions of the surface to be connected |
| 2224/16265 | | the item being a discrete passive component | 2224/17145 | | Covering only the peripheral area of the surface to be connected, i.e. peripheral arrangements |
| 2224/16267 | | the bump connector connecting to a bonding area disposed in a recess of the surface of the item | 2224/17146 | | Covering only the central area of the surface to be connected, i.e. central arrangements |
| 2224/16268 | | the bump connector connecting to a bonding area protruding from the surface of the item | 2224/1715 | | Mirror array, i.e. array having only a reflection symmetry, i.e. bilateral symmetry |
| 2224/165 | | Material | 2224/17151 | | being uniform, i.e. having a uniform pitch across the array |
| 2224/16501 | | at the bonding interface | 2224/17152 | | being non uniform, i.e. having a non uniform pitch across the array |
| 2224/16502 | | comprising an eutectic alloy | 2224/17153 | | with a staggered arrangement, e.g. depopulated array |
| 2224/16503 | | comprising an intermetallic compound | 2224/17154 | | covering only portions of the surface to be connected |
| 2224/16505 | | outside the bonding interface, e.g. in the bulk of the bump connector | 2224/17155 | | Covering only the peripheral area of the surface to be connected, i.e. peripheral arrangements |
| 2224/16506 | | comprising an eutectic alloy | 2224/17156 | | Covering only the central area of the surface to be connected, i.e. central arrangements |
| 2224/16507 | | comprising an intermetallic compound | 2224/1716 | | Random layout, i.e. layout with no symmetry |
| 2224/17 | | of a plurality of bump connectors | 2224/17163 | | with a staggered arrangement |
| 2224/1701 | | Structure | 2224/17164 | | covering only portions of the surface to be connected |
| 2224/1703 | | Bump connectors having different sizes, e.g. different diameters, heights or widths | 2224/17165 | | Covering only the peripheral area of the surface to be connected, i.e. peripheral arrangements |
| 2224/1705 | | Shape | 2224/17166 | | Covering only the central area of the surface to be connected, i.e. central arrangements |
| 2224/17051 | | Bump connectors having different shapes | 2224/17177 | | Combinations of arrays with different layouts |
| 2224/17055 | | of their bonding interfaces | 2224/17179 | | Corner adaptations, i.e. disposition of the bump connectors at the corners of the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/171 | | Disposition | 2224/1718 | | being disposed on at least two different sides of the body, e.g. dual array |
| 2224/17104 | | relative to the bonding areas, e.g. bond pads | 2224/17181 | | On opposite sides of the body |
| 2224/17106 | | the bump connectors being bonded to at least one common bonding area | 2224/17183 | | On contiguous sides of the body |
| 2224/17107 | | the bump connectors connecting two common bonding areas | 2224/175 | | Material |
| 2224/1712 | | Layout (layout of bump connectors prior to the connecting process H01L 2224/1412) | 2224/17505 | | Bump connectors having different materials |
| 2224/1713 | | Square or rectangular array | 2224/1751 | | Function |
| 2224/17132 | | being non uniform, i.e. having a non uniform pitch across the array | | | |

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| 2224/17515 | | Bump connectors having different functions | 2224/24147 | | the HDI interconnect not connecting to the same level of the lower semiconductor or solid-state body at which the upper semiconductor or solid-state body is mounted, e.g. the upper semiconductor or solid-state body being mounted in a cavity or on a protrusion of the lower semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/17517 | | including bump connectors providing primarily mechanical support | 2224/24151 | | Connecting between a semiconductor or solid-state body and an item not being a semiconductor or solid-state body, e.g. chip-to-substrate, chip-to-passive |
| 2224/17519 | | including bump connectors providing primarily thermal dissipation | 2224/24153 | | the body and the item being arranged next to each other, e.g. on a common substrate |
| 2224/18 | . . | High density interconnect [HDI] connectors; Manufacturing methods related thereto | 2224/24155 | | the item being non-metallic, e.g. insulating substrate with or without metallisation |
| 2224/19 | . . . | Manufacturing methods of high density interconnect preforms | 2224/24175 | | the item being metallic |
| 2224/20 | . . . | Structure, shape, material or disposition of high density interconnect preforms | 2224/24195 | | the item being a discrete passive component |
| 2224/21 | | of an individual HDI interconnect | 2224/24221 | | the body and the item being stacked |
| 2224/2101 | | Structure | 2224/24225 | | the item being non-metallic, e.g. insulating substrate with or without metallisation |
| 2224/2105 | | Shape | 2224/24226 | | the HDI interconnect connecting to the same level of the item at which the semiconductor or solid-state body is mounted, e.g. the item being planar |
| 2224/211 | | Disposition | 2224/24227 | | the HDI interconnect not connecting to the same level of the item at which the semiconductor or solid-state body is mounted, e.g. the semiconductor or solid-state body being mounted in a cavity or on a protrusion of the item |
| 2224/214 | | Connecting portions | 2224/24245 | | the item being metallic |
| 2224/215 | | Material | 2224/24246 | | the HDI interconnect connecting to the same level of the item at which the semiconductor or solid-state body is mounted, e.g. the item being planar |
| 2224/22 | | of a plurality of HDI interconnects | 2224/24247 | | the HDI interconnect not connecting to the same level of the item at which the semiconductor or solid-state body is mounted, e.g. the semiconductor or solid-state body being mounted in a cavity or on a protrusion of the item |
| 2224/2201 | | Structure | 2224/24265 | | the item being a discrete passive component |
| 2224/2205 | | Shape | 2224/244 | | Connecting portions |
| 2224/221 | | Disposition | 2224/245 | | Material |
| 2224/224 | | Connecting portions | 2224/2499 | | Auxiliary members for HDI interconnects, e.g. spacers, alignment aids |
| 2224/225 | | Material | 2224/24991 | | being formed on the semiconductor or solid-state body to be connected |
| 2224/22505 | | HDI interconnects having different materials | 2224/24992 | | Flow barrier |
| 2224/23 | . . . | Structure, shape, material or disposition of the high density interconnect connectors after the connecting process | | | |
| 2224/24 | | of an individual high density interconnect connector | | | |
| 2224/2401 | | Structure | | | |
| 2224/24011 | | Deposited, e.g. MCM-D type | | | |
| 2224/2402 | | Laminated, e.g. MCM-L type | | | |
| 2224/2405 | | Shape | | | |
| 2224/24051 | | Conformal with the semiconductor or solid-state device | | | |
| 2224/241 | | Disposition | | | |
| 2224/24101 | | Connecting bonding areas at the same height | | | |
| 2224/24105 | | Connecting bonding areas at different heights | | | |
| 2224/2413 | | Connecting within a semiconductor or solid-state body | | | |
| 2224/24135 | | Connecting between different semiconductor or solid-state bodies, i.e. chip-to-chip | | | |
| 2224/24137 | | the bodies being arranged next to each other, e.g. on a common substrate | | | |
| 2224/24141 | | the bodies being arranged on opposite sides of a substrate, e.g. mirror arrangements | | | |
| 2224/24145 | | the bodies being stacked | | | |
| 2224/24146 | | the HDI interconnect connecting to the same level of the lower semiconductor or solid-state body at which the upper semiconductor or solid-state body is mounted | | | |

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| 2224/24996 | | being formed on an item to be connected not being a semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/27011 | | Involving a permanent auxiliary member, i.e. a member which is left at least partly in the finished device, e.g. coating, dummy feature |
| 2224/24997 | | Flow barrier | 2224/27013 | | for holding or confining the layer connector, e.g. solder flow barrier |
| 2224/24998 | | Reinforcing structures, e.g. ramp-like support | 2224/27015 | | for aligning the layer connector, e.g. marks, spacers |
| 2224/25 | | of a plurality of high density interconnect connectors | 2224/27019 | | for protecting parts during the process |
| 2224/2501 | | Structure | 2224/271 | | Manufacture and pre-treatment of the layer connector preform |
| 2224/2505 | | Shape | 2224/2711 | | Shaping |
| 2224/251 | | Disposition | 2224/2712 | | Applying permanent coating |
| 2224/25105 | | Connecting at different heights | 2224/273 | | by local deposition of the material of the layer connector |
| 2224/2511 | | the connectors being bonded to at least one common bonding area | 2224/2731 | | in liquid form |
| 2224/25111 | | the connectors connecting two common bonding areas | 2224/27312 | | Continuous flow, e.g. using a microsyringe, a pump, a nozzle or extrusion |
| 2224/25112 | | the connectors connecting a common bonding area on the semiconductor or solid-state body to different bonding areas outside the body | 2224/27318 | | by dispensing droplets |
| 2224/25113 | | the connectors connecting different bonding areas on the semiconductor or solid-state body to a common bonding area outside the body | 2224/2732 | | Screen printing, i.e. using a stencil |
| 2224/2512 | | Layout | 2224/2733 | | in solid form |
| 2224/25171 | | Fan-out arrangements | 2224/27332 | | using a powder |
| 2224/25174 | | Stacked arrangements | 2224/27334 | | using preformed layer |
| 2224/25175 | | Parallel arrangements | 2224/274 | | by blanket deposition of the material of the layer connector |
| 2224/25177 | | Combinations of a plurality of arrangements | 2224/2741 | | in liquid form |
| 2224/2518 | | being disposed on at least two different sides of the body, e.g. dual array | 2224/27416 | | Spin coating |
| 2224/254 | | Connecting portions | 2224/27418 | | Spray coating |
| 2224/2541 | | the connecting portions being stacked | 2224/2742 | | Curtain coating |
| 2224/2543 | | the connecting portions being staggered | 2224/27422 | | by dipping, e.g. in a solder bath (hot-dipping C23C 2/00) |
| 2224/255 | | Material | 2224/27424 | | Immersion coating, e.g. in a solder bath (immersion processes C23C 2/00) |
| 2224/26 | . . | Layer connectors, e.g. plate connectors, solder or adhesive layers; Manufacturing methods related thereto | 2224/27426 | | Chemical solution deposition [CSD], i.e. using a liquid precursor |
| 2224/2612 | . . . | Auxiliary members for layer connectors, e.g. spacers | 2224/27428 | | Wave coating |
| 2224/26122 | | being formed on the semiconductor or solid-state body to be connected | 2224/2743 | | in solid form |
| 2224/26125 | | Reinforcing structures | 2224/27436 | | Lamination of a preform, e.g. foil, sheet or layer |
| 2224/26135 | | Alignment aids | 2224/27438 | | the preform being at least partly pre-patterned |
| 2224/26145 | | Flow barriers | 2224/2744 | | by transfer printing |
| 2224/26152 | | being formed on an item to be connected not being a semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/27442 | | using a powder |
| 2224/26155 | | Reinforcing structures | 2224/27444 | | in gaseous form |
| 2224/26165 | | Alignment aids | 2224/2745 | | Physical vapour deposition [PVD], e.g. evaporation, or sputtering |
| 2224/26175 | | Flow barriers | 2224/27452 | | Chemical vapour deposition [CVD], e.g. laser CVD |
| 2224/27 | . . . | Manufacturing methods | 2224/2746 | | Plating |
| 2224/27001 | | Involving a temporary auxiliary member not forming part of the manufacturing apparatus, e.g. removable or sacrificial coating, film or substrate | 2224/27462 | | Electroplating |
| 2224/27002 | | for supporting the semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/27464 | | Electroless plating |
| 2224/27003 | | for holding or transferring the layer preform | 2224/27466 | | Conformal deposition, i.e. blanket deposition of a conformal layer on a patterned surface |
| 2224/27005 | | for aligning the layer connector, e.g. marks, spacers | 2224/2747 | | using a lift-off mask |
| 2224/27009 | | for protecting parts during manufacture | 2224/27472 | | Profile of the lift-off mask |
| | | | 2224/27474 | | Multilayer masks |
| | | | 2224/2748 | | Permanent masks, i.e. masks left in the finished device, e.g. passivation layers |
| | | | 2224/275 | | by chemical or physical modification of a pre-existing or pre-deposited material |
| | | | 2224/27502 | | Pre-existing or pre-deposited material |
| | | | 2224/27505 | | Sintering |

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| 2224/2751 | | Anodisation | 2224/279 | | Methods of manufacturing layer connectors involving a specific sequence of method steps |
| 2224/27515 | | Curing and solidification, e.g. of a photosensitive layer material | 2224/27901 | | with repetition of the same manufacturing step |
| 2224/2752 | | Self-assembly, e.g. self-agglomeration of the layer material in a fluid | 2224/27902 | | Multiple masking steps |
| 2224/27522 | | Auxiliary means therefor, e.g. for self-assembly activation | 2224/27903 | | using different masks |
| 2224/27524 | | with special adaptation of the surface or of an auxiliary substrate, e.g. surface shape specially adapted for the self-assembly process | 2224/27906 | | with modification of the same mask |
| 2224/27526 | | involving the material of the bonding area, e.g. bonding pad | 2224/2791 | | Forming a passivation layer after forming the layer connector |
| 2224/2755 | | Selective modification | 2224/27912 | | the layer being used as a mask for patterning other parts |
| 2224/27552 | | using a laser or a focussed ion beam [FIB] | 2224/27916 | | a passivation layer being used as a mask for patterning other parts |
| 2224/27554 | | Stereolithography, i.e. solidification of a pattern defined by a laser trace in a photosensitive resin | 2224/28 | | Structure, shape, material or disposition of the layer connectors prior to the connecting process |
| 2224/276 | | by patterning a pre-deposited material (treatment of parts prior to assembly of the devices H01L 21/48) | 2224/28105 | | Layer connectors formed on an encapsulation of the semiconductor or solid-state body, e.g. layer connectors on chip-scale packages |
| 2224/27602 | | Mechanical treatment, e.g. polishing, grinding | 2224/29 | | of an individual layer connector |
| 2224/2761 | | Physical or chemical etching | 2224/29001 | | Core members of the layer connector |
| 2224/27612 | | by physical means only | 2224/29005 | | Structure |
| 2224/27614 | | by chemical means only | 2224/29006 | | Layer connector larger than the underlying bonding area |
| 2224/27616 | | Chemical mechanical polishing [CMP] | 2224/29007 | | Layer connector smaller than the underlying bonding area |
| 2224/27618 | | with selective exposure, development and removal of a photosensitive layer material, e.g. of a photosensitive conductive resin | 2224/29008 | | Layer connector integrally formed with a redistribution layer on the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/2762 | | using masks | 2224/29009 | | Layer connector integrally formed with a via connection of the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/27622 | | Photolithography | 2224/2901 | | Shape |
| 2224/2763 | | using a laser or a focused ion beam [FIB] | 2224/29011 | | comprising apertures or cavities |
| 2224/27632 | | Ablation by means of a laser or focused ion beam [FIB] | 2224/29012 | | in top view |
| 2224/277 | | involving monitoring, e.g. feedback loop | 2224/29013 | | being rectangular or square |
| 2224/278 | | Post-treatment of the layer connector | 2224/29014 | | being circular or elliptic |
| 2224/2781 | | Cleaning, e.g. oxide removal step, desmearing | 2224/29015 | | comprising protrusions or indentations |
| 2224/2782 | | Applying permanent coating, e.g. in-situ coating | 2224/29016 | | in side view |
| 2224/27821 | | Spray coating | 2224/29017 | | being non uniform along the layer connector |
| 2224/27822 | | by dipping, e.g. in a solder bath | 2224/29018 | | comprising protrusions or indentations |
| 2224/27823 | | Immersion coating, e.g. in a solder bath | 2224/29019 | | at the bonding interface of the layer connector, i.e. on the surface of the layer connector |
| 2224/27824 | | Chemical solution deposition [CSD], i.e. using a liquid precursor | 2224/2902 | | Disposition |
| 2224/27825 | | Plating, e.g. electroplating, electroless plating | 2224/29021 | | the layer connector being disposed in a recess of the surface (embedded layer connector H01L 2224/29022) |
| 2224/27826 | | Physical vapour deposition [PVD], e.g. evaporation, or sputtering | 2224/29022 | | the layer connector being at least partially embedded in the surface |
| 2224/27827 | | Chemical vapour deposition [CVD], e.g. laser CVD | 2224/29023 | | the whole layer connector protruding from the surface |
| 2224/2783 | | Reworking, e.g. shaping (reflowing H01L 2224/27849) | 2224/29024 | | the layer connector being disposed on a redistribution layer on the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/27831 | | involving a chemical process, e.g. etching the layer connector | 2224/29025 | | the layer connector being disposed on a via connection of the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/2784 | | involving a mechanical process, e.g. planarising the layer connector | 2224/29026 | | relative to the bonding area, e.g. bond pad, of the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/27845 | | Chemical mechanical polishing [CMP] | | | |
| 2224/27848 | | Thermal treatments, e.g. annealing, controlled cooling | | | |
| 2224/27849 | | Reflowing | | | |

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| 2224/29027 | | the layer connector being offset with respect to the bonding area, e.g. bond pad | 2224/29155 | | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29028 | | the layer connector being disposed on at least two separate bonding areas, e.g. bond pads | 2224/29157 | | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29034 | | the layer connector covering only portions of the surface to be connected | 2224/2916 | | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29035 | | covering only the peripheral area of the surface to be connected | 2224/29163 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C |
| 2224/29036 | | covering only the central area of the surface to be connected | 2224/29164 | | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29075 | | Plural core members | 2224/29166 | | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29076 | | being mutually engaged together, e.g. through inserts | 2224/29169 | | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29078 | | being disposed next to each other, e.g. side-to-side arrangements | 2224/2917 | | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/2908 | | being stacked | 2224/29171 | | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29082 | | Two-layer arrangements | 2224/29172 | | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29083 | | Three-layer arrangements | 2224/29173 | | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29084 | | Four-layer arrangements | 2224/29176 | | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29099 | | Material | 2224/29178 | | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent |
| 2224/291 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof | 2224/29179 | | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29101 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C | 2224/2918 | | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29105 | | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent | 2224/29181 | | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29109 | | Indium [In] as principal constituent | 2224/29183 | | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29111 | | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent | 2224/29184 | | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29113 | | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent | 2224/29186 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material |
| 2224/29114 | | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent | 2224/29187 | | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/29188) |
| 2224/29116 | | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent | 2224/29188 | | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides |
| 2224/29117 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C | 2224/2919 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy |
| 2224/29118 | | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent | 2224/29191 | | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene |
| 2224/2912 | | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent | 2224/29193 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/291 - H01L 2224/29191 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond |
| 2224/29123 | | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent | 2224/29194 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/291 - H01L 2224/29191 |
| 2224/29124 | | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent | 2224/29195 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/291 - H01L 2224/29191 |
| 2224/29138 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C | | | |
| 2224/29139 | | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent | | | |
| 2224/29144 | | Gold [Au] as principal constituent | | | |
| 2224/29147 | | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent | | | |
| 2224/29149 | | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent | | | |

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| 2224/29198 | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams | 2224/29266 | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29199 | Material of the matrix | 2224/29269 | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent |
| 2224/292 | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof | 2224/2927 | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29201 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C | 2224/29271 | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29205 | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent | 2224/29272 | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29209 | Indium [In] as principal constituent | 2224/29273 | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29211 | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent | 2224/29276 | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29213 | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent | 2224/29278 | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29214 | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent | 2224/29279 | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29216 | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent | 2224/2928 | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29217 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C | 2224/29281 | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29218 | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent | 2224/29283 | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent |
| 2224/2922 | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent | 2224/29284 | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29223 | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent | 2224/29286 | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material |
| 2224/29224 | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent | 2224/29287 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/29288) |
| 2224/29238 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C | 2224/29288 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides |
| 2224/29239 | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent | 2224/2929 | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy |
| 2224/29244 | Gold [Au] as principal constituent | 2224/29291 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene |
| 2224/29247 | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent | 2224/29293 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/292 - H01L 2224/29291 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond |
| 2224/29249 | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent | 2224/29294 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/292 - H01L 2224/29291 |
| 2224/29255 | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent | 2224/29295 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/292 - H01L 2224/29291 |
| 2224/29257 | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent | 2224/29298 | Fillers |
| 2224/2926 | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent | 2224/29299 | Base material |
| 2224/29263 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C | | |
| 2224/29264 | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent | | |

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| 2224/293 | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof | 2224/29371 | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29301 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C | 2224/29372 | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29305 | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent | 2224/29373 | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29309 | Indium [In] as principal constituent | 2224/29376 | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29311 | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent | 2224/29378 | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29313 | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent | 2224/29379 | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29314 | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent | 2224/2938 | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29316 | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent | 2224/29381 | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29317 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C | 2224/29383 | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29318 | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent | 2224/29384 | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent |
| 2224/2932 | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent | 2224/29386 | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material |
| 2224/29323 | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent | 2224/29387 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/29388) |
| 2224/29324 | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent | 2224/29388 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides |
| 2224/29338 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C | 2224/2939 | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy |
| 2224/29339 | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent | 2224/29391 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene |
| 2224/29344 | Gold [Au] as principal constituent | 2224/29393 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/293 - H01L 2224/29391 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond |
| 2224/29347 | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent | 2224/29394 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/293 - H01L 2224/29391 |
| 2224/29349 | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent | 2224/29395 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/293 - H01L 2224/29391 |
| 2224/29355 | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent | 2224/29398 | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams |
| 2224/29357 | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent | 2224/29399 | Coating material |
| 2224/2936 | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/29363 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C | | |
| 2224/29364 | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/29366 | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/29369 | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/2937 | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent | | |

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| 2224/294 | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof | 2224/29471 | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29401 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C | 2224/29472 | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29405 | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent | 2224/29473 | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29409 | Indium [In] as principal constituent | 2224/29476 | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29411 | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent | 2224/29478 | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29413 | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent | 2224/29479 | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29414 | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent | 2224/2948 | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29416 | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent | 2224/29481 | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29417 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C | 2224/29483 | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29418 | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent | 2224/29484 | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent |
| 2224/2942 | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent | 2224/29486 | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material |
| 2224/29423 | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent | 2224/29487 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/29488) |
| 2224/29424 | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent | 2224/29488 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides |
| 2224/29438 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C | 2224/2949 | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy |
| 2224/29439 | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent | 2224/29491 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene |
| 2224/29444 | Gold [Au] as principal constituent | 2224/29493 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/294 - H01L 2224/29491 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond |
| 2224/29447 | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent | 2224/29494 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/294 - H01L 2224/29491 |
| 2224/29449 | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent | 2224/29495 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/294 - H01L 2224/29491 |
| 2224/29455 | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent | 2224/29498 | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams |
| 2224/29457 | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent | 2224/29499 | Shape or distribution of the fillers |
| 2224/2946 | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent | 2224/2954 | Coating |
| 2224/29463 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C | 2224/29541 | Structure |
| 2224/29464 | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent | 2224/2955 | Shape |
| 2224/29466 | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent | 2224/29551 | being non uniform |
| 2224/29469 | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/2947 | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent | | |

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| 2224/29552 | comprising protrusions or indentations | 2224/29644 | Gold [Au] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29553 | at the bonding interface of the layer connector, i.e. on the surface of the layer connector | 2224/29647 | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29556 | Disposition | 2224/29649 | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29561 | On the entire surface of the core, i.e. integral coating | 2224/29655 | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29562 | On the entire exposed surface of the core | 2224/29657 | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29563 | Only on parts of the surface of the core, i.e. partial coating | 2224/2966 | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29564 | Only on the bonding interface of the layer connector | 2224/29663 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C |
| 2224/29565 | Only outside the bonding interface of the layer connector | 2224/29664 | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29566 | Both on and outside the bonding interface of the layer connector | 2224/29666 | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent |
| 2224/2957 | Single coating layer | 2224/29669 | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29575 | Plural coating layers | 2224/2967 | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29576 | being mutually engaged together, e.g. through inserts | 2224/29671 | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29578 | being disposed next to each other, e.g. side-to-side arrangements | 2224/29672 | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent |
| 2224/2958 | being stacked | 2224/29673 | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29582 | Two-layer coating | 2224/29676 | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29583 | Three-layer coating | 2224/29678 | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29584 | Four-layer coating | 2224/29679 | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29599 | Material | 2224/2968 | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent |
| 2224/296 | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof | 2224/29681 | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29601 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C | 2224/29683 | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29605 | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent | 2224/29684 | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29609 | Indium [In] as principal constituent | 2224/29686 | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material |
| 2224/29611 | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent | 2224/29687 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/29688) |
| 2224/29613 | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent | 2224/29688 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides |
| 2224/29614 | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent | 2224/2969 | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy |
| 2224/29616 | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent | 2224/29691 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene |
| 2224/29617 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C | 2224/29693 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/296 - H01L 2224/29691 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond |
| 2224/29618 | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/2962 | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/29623 | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/29624 | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/29638 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C | | |
| 2224/29639 | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent | | |

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| 2224/29694 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/296 - H01L 2224/29691 | 2224/2976 | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29695 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/296 - H01L 2224/29691 | 2224/29763 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C |
| 2224/29698 | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams | 2224/29764 | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29699 | Material of the matrix | 2224/29766 | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent |
| 2224/297 | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof | 2224/29769 | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29701 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C | 2224/2977 | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29705 | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent | 2224/29771 | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29709 | Indium [In] as principal constituent | 2224/29772 | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29711 | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent | 2224/29773 | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29713 | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent | 2224/29776 | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29714 | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent | 2224/29778 | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29716 | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent | 2224/29779 | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29717 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C | 2224/2978 | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29718 | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent | 2224/29781 | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent |
| 2224/2972 | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent | 2224/29783 | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29723 | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent | 2224/29784 | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29724 | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent | 2224/29786 | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material |
| 2224/29738 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C | 2224/29787 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/29788) |
| 2224/29739 | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent | 2224/29788 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides |
| 2224/29744 | Gold [Au] as principal constituent | 2224/2979 | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy |
| 2224/29747 | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent | 2224/29791 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene |
| 2224/29749 | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent | 2224/29793 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/297 - H01L 2224/29791 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond |
| 2224/29755 | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent | 2224/29794 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/297 - H01L 2224/29791 |
| 2224/29757 | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent | 2224/29795 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/297 - H01L 2224/29791 |
| | | 2224/29798 | Fillers |

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| 2224/29799 | Base material | 2224/29871 | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/298 | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof | 2224/29872 | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29801 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C | 2224/29873 | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29805 | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent | 2224/29876 | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29809 | Indium [In] as principal constituent | 2224/29878 | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29811 | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent | 2224/29879 | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29813 | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent | 2224/2988 | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29814 | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent | 2224/29881 | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29816 | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent | 2224/29883 | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29817 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C | 2224/29884 | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29818 | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent | 2224/29886 | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material |
| 2224/2982 | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent | 2224/29887 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/29888) |
| 2224/29823 | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent | 2224/29888 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides |
| 2224/29824 | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent | 2224/2989 | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy |
| 2224/29838 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C | 2224/29891 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene |
| 2224/29839 | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent | 2224/29893 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/298 - H01L 2224/29891 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond |
| 2224/29844 | Gold [Au] as principal constituent | 2224/29894 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/298 - H01L 2224/29891 |
| 2224/29847 | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent | 2224/29895 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/298 - H01L 2224/29891 |
| 2224/29849 | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent | 2224/29898 | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams |
| 2224/29855 | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent | 2224/29899 | Coating material |
| 2224/29857 | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/2986 | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/29863 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C | | |
| 2224/29864 | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/29866 | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/29869 | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/2987 | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent | | |

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| 2224/299 | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof | 2224/29971 | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29901 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C | 2224/29972 | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29905 | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent | 2224/29973 | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29909 | Indium [In] as principal constituent | 2224/29976 | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29911 | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent | 2224/29978 | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29913 | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent | 2224/29979 | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29914 | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent | 2224/2998 | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29916 | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent | 2224/29981 | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29917 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C | 2224/29983 | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent |
| 2224/29918 | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent | 2224/29984 | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent |
| 2224/2992 | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent | 2224/29986 | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material |
| 2224/29923 | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent | 2224/29987 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/29988) |
| 2224/29924 | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent | 2224/29988 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides |
| 2224/29938 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C | 2224/2999 | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy |
| 2224/29939 | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent | 2224/29991 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene |
| 2224/29944 | Gold [Au] as principal constituent | 2224/29993 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/299 - H01L 2224/29991 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond |
| 2224/29947 | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent | 2224/29994 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/299 - H01L 2224/29991 |
| 2224/29949 | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent | 2224/29995 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/299 - H01L 2224/29991 |
| 2224/29955 | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent | 2224/29998 | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams |
| 2224/29957 | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent | 2224/29999 | Shape or distribution of the fillers |
| 2224/2996 | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent | 2224/30 | of a plurality of layer connectors |
| 2224/29963 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C | 2224/3001 | Structure |
| 2224/29964 | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent | 2224/3003 | Layer connectors having different sizes, e.g. different heights or widths |
| 2224/29966 | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent | 2224/3005 | Shape |
| 2224/29969 | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/2997 | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent | | |

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| 2224/30051 | Layer connectors having different shapes | 2224/30166 | Covering only the central area of the surface to be connected, i.e. central arrangements |
| 2224/301 | Disposition | 2224/30177 | Combinations of arrays with different layouts |
| 2224/30104 | relative to the bonding areas, e.g. bond pads, of the semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/30179 | Corner adaptations, i.e. disposition of the layer connectors at the corners of the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/3011 | the layer connectors being bonded to at least one common bonding area | 2224/3018 | being disposed on at least two different sides of the body, e.g. dual array |
| 2224/3012 | Layout | 2224/30181 | On opposite sides of the body |
| 2224/3013 | Square or rectangular array | 2224/30183 | On contiguous sides of the body |
| 2224/30131 | being uniform, i.e. having a uniform pitch across the array | 2224/305 | Material |
| 2224/30132 | being non uniform, i.e. having a non uniform pitch across the array | 2224/30505 | Layer connectors having different materials |
| 2224/30133 | with a staggered arrangement, e.g. depopulated array | 2224/3051 | Function |
| 2224/30134 | covering only portions of the surface to be connected | 2224/30515 | Layer connectors having different functions |
| 2224/30135 | Covering only the peripheral area of the surface to be connected, i.e. peripheral arrangements | 2224/30517 | including layer connectors providing primarily mechanical bonding |
| 2224/30136 | Covering only the central area of the surface to be connected, i.e. central arrangements | 2224/30519 | including layer connectors providing primarily thermal dissipation |
| 2224/3014 | Circular array, i.e. array with radial symmetry | 2224/31 | Structure, shape, material or disposition of the layer connectors after the connecting process |
| 2224/30141 | being uniform, i.e. having a uniform pitch across the array | 2224/32 | of an individual layer connector |
| 2224/30142 | being non uniform, i.e. having a non uniform pitch across the array | 2224/3201 | Structure |
| 2224/30143 | covering only portions of the surface to be connected | 2224/32012 | relative to the bonding area, e.g. bond pad |
| 2224/30145 | Covering only the peripheral area of the surface to be connected, i.e. peripheral arrangements | 2224/32013 | the layer connector being larger than the bonding area, e.g. bond pad |
| 2224/30146 | Covering only the central area of the surface to be connected, i.e. central arrangements | 2224/32014 | the layer connector being smaller than the bonding area, e.g. bond pad |
| 2224/3015 | Mirror array, i.e. array having only a reflection symmetry, i.e. bilateral symmetry | 2224/3205 | Shape |
| 2224/30151 | being uniform, i.e. having a uniform pitch across the array | 2224/32052 | in top view |
| 2224/30152 | being non uniform, i.e. having a non uniform pitch across the array | 2224/32053 | being non uniform along the layer connector |
| 2224/30153 | with a staggered arrangement, e.g. depopulated array | 2224/32054 | being rectangular or square |
| 2224/30154 | covering only portions of the surface to be connected | 2224/32055 | being circular or elliptic |
| 2224/30155 | Covering only the peripheral area of the surface to be connected, i.e. peripheral arrangements | 2224/32056 | comprising protrusions or indentations |
| 2224/30156 | Covering only the central area of the surface to be connected, i.e. central arrangements | 2224/32057 | in side view |
| 2224/3016 | Random layout, i.e. layout with no symmetry | 2224/32058 | being non uniform along the layer connector |
| 2224/30163 | with a staggered arrangement | 2224/32059 | comprising protrusions or indentations |
| 2224/30164 | covering only portions of the surface to be connected | 2224/3207 | of bonding interfaces, e.g. interlocking features |
| 2224/30165 | Covering only the peripheral area of the surface to be connected, i.e. peripheral arrangements | 2224/321 | Disposition |
| | | 2224/32104 | relative to the bonding area, e.g. bond pad |
| | | 2224/32105 | the layer connector connecting bonding areas being not aligned with respect to each other |
| | | 2224/32106 | the layer connector connecting one bonding area to at least two respective bonding areas |
| | | 2224/32111 | the layer connector being disposed in a recess of the surface |
| | | 2224/32112 | the layer connector being at least partially embedded in the surface |
| | | 2224/32113 | the whole layer connector protruding from the surface |

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| 2224/3213 | | the layer connector connecting within a semiconductor or solid-state body, i.e. connecting two bonding areas on the same semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/32225 | | the item being non-metallic, e.g. insulating substrate with or without metallisation |
| 2224/32135 | | the layer connector connecting between different semiconductor or solid-state bodies, i.e. chip-to-chip | 2224/32227 | | the layer connector connecting to a bond pad of the item |
| 2224/32137 | | the bodies being arranged next to each other, e.g. on a common substrate | 2224/3223 | | the layer connector connecting to a pin of the item |
| 2224/32141 | | the bodies being arranged on opposite sides of a substrate, e.g. mirror arrangements | 2224/32233 | | the layer connector connecting to a potential ring of the item |
| 2224/32145 | | the bodies being stacked | 2224/32235 | | the layer connector connecting to a via metallisation of the item |
| 2224/32146 | | the layer connector connecting to a via connection in the semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/32237 | | the layer connector connecting to a bonding area disposed in a recess of the surface of the item |
| 2224/32147 | | the layer connector connecting to a bonding area disposed in a recess of the surface | 2224/32238 | | the layer connector connecting to a bonding area protruding from the surface of the item |
| 2224/32148 | | the layer connector connecting to a bonding area protruding from the surface | 2224/3224 | | the layer connector connecting between the body and an opposite side of the item with respect to the body |
| 2224/32151 | | the layer connector connecting between a semiconductor or solid-state body and an item not being a semiconductor or solid-state body, e.g. chip-to-substrate, chip-to-passive | 2224/32245 | | the item being metallic |
| 2224/32153 | | the body and the item being arranged next to each other, e.g. on a common substrate | 2224/32253 | | the layer connector connecting to a potential ring of the item |
| 2224/32155 | | the item being non-metallic, e.g. being an insulating substrate with or without metallisation | 2224/32257 | | the layer connector connecting to a bonding area disposed in a recess of the surface of the item |
| 2224/32157 | | the layer connector connecting to a bond pad of the item | 2224/32258 | | the layer connector connecting to a bonding area protruding from the surface of the item |
| 2224/3216 | | the layer connector connecting to a pin of the item | 2224/3226 | | the layer connector connecting between the body and an opposite side of the item with respect to the body |
| 2224/32163 | | the layer connector connecting to a potential ring of the item | 2224/32265 | | the item being a discrete passive component |
| 2224/32165 | | the layer connector connecting to a via metallisation of the item | 2224/32267 | | the layer connector connecting to a bonding area disposed in a recess of the surface of the item |
| 2224/32167 | | the layer connector connecting to a bonding area disposed in a recess of the surface of the item | 2224/32268 | | the layer connector connecting to a bonding area protruding from the surface of the item |
| 2224/32168 | | the layer connector connecting to a bonding area protruding from the surface of the item | 2224/325 | | Material |
| 2224/32175 | | the item being metallic | 2224/32501 | | at the bonding interface |
| 2224/32183 | | the layer connector connecting to a potential ring of the item | 2224/32502 | | comprising an eutectic alloy |
| 2224/32187 | | the layer connector connecting to a bonding area disposed in a recess of the surface of the item | 2224/32503 | | comprising an intermetallic compound |
| 2224/32188 | | the layer connector connecting to a bonding area protruding from the surface of the item | 2224/32505 | | outside the bonding interface, e.g. in the bulk of the layer connector |
| 2224/32195 | | the item being a discrete passive component | 2224/32506 | | comprising an eutectic alloy |
| 2224/32197 | | the layer connector connecting to a bonding area disposed in a recess of the surface of the item | 2224/32507 | | comprising an intermetallic compound |
| 2224/32198 | | the layer connector connecting to a bonding area protruding from the surface of the item | 2224/33 | | of a plurality of layer connectors |
| 2224/32221 | | the body and the item being stacked | 2224/3301 | | Structure |
| | | | 2224/3303 | | Layer connectors having different sizes, e.g. different heights or widths |
| | | | 2224/3305 | | Shape |
| | | | 2224/33051 | | Layer connectors having different shapes |
| | | | 2224/33055 | | of their bonding interfaces |
| | | | 2224/331 | | Disposition |
| | | | 2224/33104 | | relative to the bonding areas, e.g. bond pads |

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| 2224/33106 | | the layer connectors being bonded to at least one common bonding area | 2224/3351 | | Function |
| 2224/33107 | | the layer connectors connecting two common bonding areas | 2224/33515 | | Layer connectors having different functions |
| 2224/3312 | | Layout (layout of layer connectors prior to the connecting process H01L 2224/3012) | 2224/33517 | | including layer connectors providing primarily mechanical support |
| 2224/3313 | | Square or rectangular array | 2224/33519 | | including layer connectors providing primarily thermal dissipation |
| 2224/33132 | | being non uniform, i.e. having a non uniform pitch across the array | 2224/34 | . . | Strap connectors, e.g. copper straps for grounding power devices; Manufacturing methods related thereto |
| 2224/33133 | | with a staggered arrangement, e.g. depopulated array | 2224/35 | . . . | Manufacturing methods |
| 2224/33134 | | covering only portions of the surface to be connected | 2224/35001 | | Involving a temporary auxiliary member not forming part of the manufacturing apparatus, e.g. removable or sacrificial coating, film or substrate |
| 2224/33135 | | Covering only the peripheral area of the surface to be connected, i.e. peripheral arrangements | 2224/351 | | Pre-treatment of the preform connector |
| 2224/3314 | | Circular array, i.e. array with radial symmetry | 2224/3512 | | Applying permanent coating, e.g. in-situ coating |
| 2224/33142 | | being non uniform, i.e. having a non uniform pitch across the array | 2224/35125 | | Plating, e.g. electroplating, electroless plating |
| 2224/33143 | | with a staggered arrangement | 2224/352 | | Mechanical processes |
| 2224/33144 | | covering only portions of the surface to be connected | 2224/3521 | | Pulling |
| 2224/33145 | | Covering only the peripheral area of the surface to be connected, i.e. peripheral arrangements | 2224/355 | | Modification of a pre-existing material |
| 2224/3315 | | Mirror array, i.e. array having only a reflection symmetry, i.e. bilateral symmetry | 2224/3551 | | Sintering |
| 2224/33151 | | being uniform, i.e. having a uniform pitch across the array | 2224/3552 | | Anodisation |
| 2224/33152 | | being non uniform, i.e. having a non uniform pitch across the array | 2224/357 | | Involving monitoring, e.g. feedback loop |
| 2224/33153 | | with a staggered arrangement, e.g. depopulated array | 2224/358 | | Post-treatment of the connector |
| 2224/33154 | | covering only portions of the surface to be connected | 2224/3581 | | Cleaning, e.g. oxide removal step, desmearing |
| 2224/33155 | | Covering only the peripheral area of the surface to be connected, i.e. peripheral arrangements | 2224/3582 | | Applying permanent coating, e.g. in-situ coating |
| 2224/33156 | | Covering only the central area of the surface to be connected, i.e. central arrangements | 2224/35821 | | Spray coating |
| 2224/3316 | | Random layout, i.e. layout with no symmetry | 2224/35822 | | Dip coating |
| 2224/33163 | | with a staggered arrangement | 2224/35823 | | Immersion coating, e.g. solder bath |
| 2224/33164 | | covering only portions of the surface to be connected | 2224/35824 | | Chemical solution deposition [CSD], i.e. using a liquid precursor |
| 2224/33165 | | Covering only the peripheral area of the surface to be connected, i.e. peripheral arrangements | 2224/35825 | | Plating, e.g. electroplating, electroless plating |
| 2224/33177 | | Combinations of arrays with different layouts | 2224/35826 | | Physical vapour deposition [PVD], e.g. evaporation, sputtering |
| 2224/33179 | | Corner adaptations, i.e. disposition of the layer connectors at the corners of the semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/35827 | | Chemical vapour deposition [CVD], e.g. laser CVD |
| 2224/3318 | | being disposed on at least two different sides of the body, e.g. dual array | 2224/3583 | | Reworking |
| 2224/33181 | | On opposite sides of the body | 2224/35831 | | with a chemical process, e.g. with etching of the connector |
| 2224/33183 | | On contiguous sides of the body | 2224/35847 | | with a mechanical process, e.g. with flattening of the connector |
| 2224/335 | | Material | 2224/35848 | | Thermal treatments, e.g. annealing, controlled cooling |
| 2224/33505 | | Layer connectors having different materials | 2224/35985 | | Methods of manufacturing strap connectors involving a specific sequence of method steps |
| | | | 2224/35986 | | with repetition of the same manufacturing step |
| | | | 2224/36 | . . . | Structure, shape, material or disposition of the strap connectors prior to the connecting process |
| | | | 2224/37 | | of an individual strap connector |
| | | | 2224/37001 | | Core members of the connector |
| | | | 2224/37005 | | Structure |
| | | | 2224/3701 | | Shape |
| | | | 2224/37011 | | comprising apertures or cavities |
| | | | 2224/37012 | | Cross-sectional shape |

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| 2224/37013 | being non uniform along the connector | 2224/37169 | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent |
| 2224/3702 | Disposition | 2224/3717 | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37025 | Plural core members | 2224/37171 | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37026 | being mutually engaged together, e.g. through inserts | 2224/37172 | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37028 | Side-to-side arrangements | 2224/37173 | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent |
| 2224/3703 | Stacked arrangements | 2224/37176 | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37032 | Two-layer arrangements | 2224/37178 | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37033 | Three-layer arrangements | 2224/37179 | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37034 | Four-layer arrangements | 2224/3718 | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37099 | Material | 2224/37181 | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent |
| 2224/371 | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof | 2224/37183 | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37101 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C | 2224/37184 | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37105 | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent | 2224/37186 | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material |
| 2224/37109 | Indium [In] as principal constituent | 2224/37187 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/37188) |
| 2224/37111 | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent | 2224/37188 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides |
| 2224/37113 | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent | 2224/3719 | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy |
| 2224/37114 | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent | 2224/37191 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene |
| 2224/37116 | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent | 2224/37193 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/371 - H01L 2224/37191 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond |
| 2224/37117 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C | 2224/37194 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/371 - H01L 2224/37191 |
| 2224/37118 | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent | 2224/37195 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/371 - H01L 2224/37191 |
| 2224/3712 | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent | 2224/37198 | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams |
| 2224/37123 | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent | 2224/37199 | Material of the matrix |
| 2224/37124 | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/37138 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C | | |
| 2224/37139 | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/37144 | Gold [Au] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/37147 | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/37149 | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/37155 | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/37157 | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/3716 | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/37163 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C | | |
| 2224/37164 | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/37166 | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent | | |

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| 2224/372 | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof | 2224/37271 | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37201 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C | 2224/37272 | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37205 | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent | 2224/37273 | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37209 | Indium [In] as principal constituent | 2224/37276 | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37211 | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent | 2224/37278 | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37213 | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent | 2224/37279 | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37214 | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent | 2224/3728 | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37216 | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent | 2224/37281 | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37217 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C | 2224/37283 | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37218 | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent | 2224/37284 | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent |
| 2224/3722 | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent | 2224/37286 | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material |
| 2224/37223 | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent | 2224/37287 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/37288) |
| 2224/37224 | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent | 2224/37288 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides |
| 2224/37238 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C | 2224/3729 | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy |
| 2224/37239 | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent | 2224/37291 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene |
| 2224/37244 | Gold [Au] as principal constituent | 2224/37293 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/372 - H01L 2224/37291 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond |
| 2224/37247 | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent | 2224/37294 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/372 - H01L 2224/37291 |
| 2224/37249 | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent | 2224/37295 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/372 - H01L 2224/37291 |
| 2224/37255 | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent | 2224/37298 | Fillers |
| 2224/37257 | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent | 2224/37299 | Base material |
| 2224/3726 | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent | 2224/373 | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof |
| 2224/37263 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C | 2224/37301 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C |
| 2224/37264 | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent | 2224/37305 | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37266 | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/37269 | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/3727 | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent | | |

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| 2224/37309 | Indium [In] as principal constituent | 2224/3738 | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37311 | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent | 2224/37381 | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37313 | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent | 2224/37383 | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37314 | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent | 2224/37384 | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37316 | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent | 2224/37386 | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material |
| 2224/37317 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C | 2224/37387 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/37388) |
| 2224/37318 | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent | 2224/37388 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides |
| 2224/3732 | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent | 2224/3739 | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy |
| 2224/37323 | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent | 2224/37391 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene |
| 2224/37324 | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent | 2224/37393 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/373 - H01L 2224/37391 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond |
| 2224/37338 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C | 2224/37394 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/373 - H01L 2224/37391 |
| 2224/37339 | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent | 2224/37395 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/373 - H01L 2224/37391 |
| 2224/37344 | Gold [Au] as principal constituent | 2224/37398 | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams |
| 2224/37347 | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent | 2224/37399 | Coating material |
| 2224/37349 | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent | 2224/374 | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof |
| 2224/37355 | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent | 2224/37401 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C |
| 2224/37357 | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent | 2224/37405 | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent |
| 2224/3736 | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent | 2224/37409 | Indium [In] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37363 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C | 2224/37411 | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37364 | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/37366 | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/37369 | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/3737 | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/37371 | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/37372 | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/37373 | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/37376 | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/37378 | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/37379 | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent | | |

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| 2224/37413 | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent | 2224/37483 | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37414 | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent | 2224/37484 | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37416 | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent | 2224/37486 | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material |
| 2224/37417 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C | 2224/37487 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/37488) |
| 2224/37418 | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent | 2224/37488 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides |
| 2224/3742 | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent | 2224/3749 | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy |
| 2224/37423 | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent | 2224/37491 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene |
| 2224/37424 | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent | 2224/37493 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/374 - H01L 2224/37491 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond |
| 2224/37438 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C | 2224/37494 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/374 - H01L 2224/37491 |
| 2224/37439 | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent | 2224/37495 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/374 - H01L 2224/37491 |
| 2224/37444 | Gold [Au] as principal constituent | 2224/37498 | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams |
| 2224/37447 | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent | 2224/37499 | Shape or distribution of the fillers |
| 2224/37449 | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent | 2224/3754 | Coating |
| 2224/37455 | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent | 2224/37541 | Structure |
| 2224/37457 | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent | 2224/3755 | Shape |
| 2224/3746 | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent | 2224/3756 | Disposition, e.g. coating on a part of the core |
| 2224/37463 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C | 2224/37565 | Single coating layer |
| 2224/37464 | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent | 2224/3757 | Plural coating layers |
| 2224/37466 | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent | 2224/37572 | Two-layer stack coating |
| 2224/37469 | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent | 2224/37573 | Three-layer stack coating |
| 2224/3747 | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent | 2224/37574 | Four-layer stack coating |
| 2224/37471 | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent | 2224/37576 | being mutually engaged together, e.g. through inserts |
| 2224/37472 | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent | 2224/37578 | being disposed next to each other, e.g. side-to-side arrangements |
| 2224/37473 | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent | 2224/37599 | Material |
| 2224/37476 | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent | 2224/376 | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof |
| 2224/37478 | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/37479 | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/3748 | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/37481 | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent | | |

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| 2224/37601 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C | 2224/37681 | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37605 | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent | 2224/37683 | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37609 | Indium [In] as principal constituent | 2224/37684 | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37611 | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent | 2224/37686 | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material |
| 2224/37613 | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent | 2224/37687 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/37688) |
| 2224/37614 | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent | 2224/37688 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides |
| 2224/37616 | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent | 2224/3769 | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy |
| 2224/37617 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C | 2224/37691 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene |
| 2224/37618 | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent | 2224/37693 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/376 - H01L 2224/37691 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond |
| 2224/3762 | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent | 2224/37694 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/376 - H01L 2224/37691 |
| 2224/37623 | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent | 2224/37695 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/376 - H01L 2224/37691 |
| 2224/37624 | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent | 2224/37698 | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams |
| 2224/37638 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C | 2224/37699 | Material of the matrix |
| 2224/37639 | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent | 2224/377 | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof |
| 2224/37644 | Gold [Au] as principal constituent | 2224/37701 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C |
| 2224/37647 | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent | 2224/37705 | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37649 | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent | 2224/37709 | Indium [In] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37655 | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent | 2224/37711 | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37657 | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent | 2224/37713 | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent |
| 2224/3766 | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent | 2224/37714 | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37663 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C | 2224/37716 | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37664 | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/37666 | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/37669 | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/3767 | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/37671 | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/37672 | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/37673 | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/37676 | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/37678 | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/37679 | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/3768 | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent | | |

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| 2224/37717 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C | 2224/37787 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/37788) |
| 2224/37718 | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent | 2224/37788 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides |
| 2224/3772 | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent | 2224/3779 | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy |
| 2224/37723 | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent | 2224/37791 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene |
| 2224/37724 | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent | 2224/37793 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/377 - H01L 2224/37791 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond |
| 2224/37738 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C | 2224/37794 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/377 - H01L 2224/37791 |
| 2224/37739 | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent | 2224/37795 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/377 - H01L 2224/37791 |
| 2224/37744 | Gold [Au] as principal constituent | 2224/37798 | Fillers |
| 2224/37747 | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent | 2224/37799 | Base material |
| 2224/37749 | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent | 2224/378 | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof |
| 2224/37755 | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent | 2224/37801 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C |
| 2224/37757 | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent | 2224/37805 | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent |
| 2224/3776 | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent | 2224/37809 | Indium [In] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37763 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C | 2224/37811 | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37764 | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent | 2224/37813 | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37766 | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent | 2224/37814 | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37769 | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent | 2224/37816 | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/3777 | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent | 2224/37817 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C |
| 2224/37771 | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent | 2224/37818 | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37772 | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent | 2224/3782 | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37773 | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent | 2224/37823 | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37776 | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent | 2224/37824 | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37778 | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/37779 | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/3778 | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/37781 | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/37783 | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/37784 | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/37786 | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material | | |

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| 2224/37838 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C | 2224/37891 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene |
| 2224/37839 | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent | 2224/37893 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/378 - H01L 2224/37891 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond |
| 2224/37844 | Gold [Au] as principal constituent | 2224/37894 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/378 - H01L 2224/37891 |
| 2224/37847 | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent | 2224/37895 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/378 - H01L 2224/37891 |
| 2224/37849 | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent | 2224/37898 | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams |
| 2224/37855 | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent | 2224/37899 | Coating material |
| 2224/37857 | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent | 2224/379 | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof |
| 2224/3786 | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent | 2224/37901 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C |
| 2224/37863 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C | 2224/37905 | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37864 | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent | 2224/37909 | Indium [In] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37866 | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent | 2224/37911 | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37869 | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent | 2224/37913 | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent |
| 2224/3787 | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent | 2224/37914 | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37871 | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent | 2224/37916 | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37872 | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent | 2224/37917 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C |
| 2224/37873 | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent | 2224/37918 | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37876 | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent | 2224/3792 | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37878 | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent | 2224/37923 | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent |
| 2224/37879 | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent | 2224/37924 | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent |
| 2224/3788 | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent | 2224/37938 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C |
| 2224/37881 | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/37883 | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/37884 | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/37886 | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material | | |
| 2224/37887 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/37888) | | |
| 2224/37888 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides | | |
| 2224/3789 | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy | | |

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| 2224/37939 | ... | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent | 2224/37993 | ... | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/379 - H01L 2224/37991 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond |
| 2224/37944 | ... | Gold [Au] as principal constituent | 2224/37994 | ... | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/379 - H01L 2224/37991 |
| 2224/37947 | ... | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent | 2224/37995 | ... | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/379 - H01L 2224/37991 |
| 2224/37949 | ... | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent | 2224/37998 | ... | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams |
| 2224/37955 | ... | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent | 2224/37999 | ... | Shape or distribution of the fillers |
| 2224/37957 | ... | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent | 2224/38 | ... | of a plurality of strap connectors |
| 2224/3796 | ... | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent | 2224/39 | ... | Structure, shape, material or disposition of the strap connectors after the connecting process |
| 2224/37963 | ... | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C | 2224/40 | ... | of an individual strap connector |
| 2224/37964 | ... | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent | 2224/4001 | ... | Structure |
| 2224/37966 | ... | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent | 2224/4005 | ... | Shape |
| 2224/37969 | ... | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent | 2224/4007 | ... | of bonding interfaces, e.g. interlocking features |
| 2224/3797 | ... | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent | 2224/4009 | ... | Loop shape |
| 2224/37971 | ... | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent | 2224/40091 | ... | Arched |
| 2224/37972 | ... | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent | 2224/40095 | ... | Kinked |
| 2224/37973 | ... | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent | 2224/401 | ... | Disposition |
| 2224/37976 | ... | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent | 2224/40101 | ... | Connecting bonding areas at the same height, e.g. horizontal bond |
| 2224/37978 | ... | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent | 2224/40105 | ... | Connecting bonding areas at different heights |
| 2224/37979 | ... | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent | 2224/40106 | ... | the connector being orthogonal to a side surface of the semiconductor or solid-state body, e.g. parallel layout |
| 2224/3798 | ... | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent | 2224/40108 | ... | the connector not being orthogonal to a side surface of the semiconductor or solid-state body, e.g. fanned-out connectors, radial layout |
| 2224/37981 | ... | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent | 2224/40111 | ... | the strap connector extending above another semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/37983 | ... | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent | 2224/4013 | ... | Connecting within a semiconductor or solid-state body, i.e. fly strap, bridge strap |
| 2224/37984 | ... | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent | 2224/40132 | ... | with an intermediate bond, e.g. continuous strap daisy chain |
| 2224/37986 | ... | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material | 2224/40135 | ... | Connecting between different semiconductor or solid-state bodies, i.e. chip-to-chip |
| 2224/37987 | ... | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/37988) | 2224/40137 | ... | the bodies being arranged next to each other, e.g. on a common substrate |
| 2224/37988 | ... | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides | 2224/40139 | ... | with an intermediate bond, e.g. continuous strap daisy chain |
| 2224/3799 | ... | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy | 2224/40141 | ... | the bodies being arranged on opposite sides of a substrate, e.g. mirror arrangements |
| 2224/37991 | ... | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene | | | |

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| 2224/40145 | | the bodies being stacked | 2224/40248 | | the bond pad being disposed in a recess of the surface of the item |
| 2224/40147 | | with an intermediate bond, e.g. continuous strap daisy chain | 2224/40249 | | the bond pad protruding from the surface of the item |
| 2224/40151 | | Connecting between a semiconductor or solid-state body and an item not being a semiconductor or solid-state body, e.g. chip-to-substrate, chip-to-passive | 2224/40253 | | Connecting the strap to a potential ring of the item |
| 2224/40153 | | the body and the item being arranged next to each other, e.g. on a common substrate | 2224/40257 | | Connecting the strap to a die pad of the item |
| 2224/40155 | | the item being non-metallic, e.g. insulating substrate with or without metallisation | 2224/4026 | | Connecting between the body and an opposite side of the item with respect to the body |
| 2224/40157 | | Connecting the strap to a bond pad of the item | 2224/40265 | | the item being a discrete passive component |
| 2224/40158 | | the bond pad being disposed in a recess of the surface of the item | 2224/404 | | Connecting portions |
| 2224/40159 | | the bond pad protruding from the surface of the item | 2224/4046 | | with multiple bonds on the same bonding area |
| 2224/4016 | | Connecting the strap to a pin of the item | 2224/40475 | | connected to auxiliary connecting means on the bonding areas |
| 2224/40163 | | Connecting the strap to a potential ring of the item | 2224/40477 | | being a pre-ball (i.e. a ball formed by capillary bonding) |
| 2224/40165 | | Connecting the strap to a via metallisation of the item | 2224/40479 | | on the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/40175 | | the item being metallic | 2224/4048 | | outside the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/40177 | | Connecting the strap to a bond pad of the item | 2224/40484 | | being a plurality of pre-balls disposed side-to-side |
| 2224/40178 | | the bond pad being disposed in a recess of the surface of the item | 2224/40486 | | on the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/40179 | | the bond pad protruding from the surface of the item | 2224/40487 | | outside the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/40183 | | Connecting the strap to a potential ring of the item | 2224/40491 | | being an additional member attached to the bonding area through an adhesive or solder, e.g. buffer pad |
| 2224/40195 | | the item being a discrete passive component | 2224/40496 | | not being interposed between the connector and the bonding area |
| 2224/40221 | | the body and the item being stacked | 2224/40499 | | Material of the auxiliary connecting means |
| 2224/40225 | | the item being non-metallic, e.g. insulating substrate with or without metallisation | 2224/405 | | Material |
| 2224/40227 | | Connecting the strap to a bond pad of the item | 2224/40505 | | at the bonding interface |
| 2224/40228 | | the bond pad being disposed in a recess of the surface of the item | 2224/40506 | | comprising an eutectic alloy |
| 2224/40229 | | the bond pad protruding from the surface of the item | 2224/40507 | | comprising an intermetallic compound |
| 2224/4023 | | Connecting the strap to a pin of the item | 2224/4051 | | Morphology of the connecting portion, e.g. grain size distribution |
| 2224/40233 | | Connecting the strap to a potential ring of the item | 2224/4052 | | Bonding interface between the connecting portion and the bonding area |
| 2224/40235 | | Connecting the strap to a via metallisation of the item | 2224/4099 | | Auxiliary members for strap connectors, e.g. flow-barriers, spacers |
| 2224/40237 | | Connecting the strap to a die pad of the item | 2224/40991 | | being formed on the semiconductor or solid-state body to be connected |
| 2224/4024 | | Connecting between the body and an opposite side of the item with respect to the body | 2224/40992 | | Reinforcing structures |
| 2224/40245 | | the item being metallic | 2224/40993 | | Alignment aids |
| 2224/40247 | | Connecting the strap to a bond pad of the item | 2224/40996 | | being formed on an item to be connected not being a semiconductor or solid-state body |
| | | | 2224/40997 | | Reinforcing structures |
| | | | 2224/40998 | | Alignment aids |
| | | | 2224/41 | | of a plurality of strap connectors |
| | | | 2224/4101 | | Structure |
| | | | 2224/4103 | | Connectors having different sizes |
| | | | 2224/4105 | | Shape |
| | | | 2224/41051 | | Connectors having different shapes |

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| 2224/41052 | | Different loop heights | 2224/437 | | Involving monitoring, e.g. feedback loop |
| 2224/411 | | Disposition | 2224/438 | | Post-treatment of the connector |
| 2224/41105 | | Connecting at different heights | 2224/4381 | | Cleaning, e.g. oxide removal step, desmearing |
| 2224/41107 | | on the semiconductor or solid-state body being | 2224/4382 | | Applying permanent coating, e.g. in-situ coating |
| 2224/41109 | | outside the semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/43821 | | Spray coating |
| 2224/4111 | | the connectors being bonded to at least one common bonding area, e.g. daisy chain | 2224/43822 | | Dip coating |
| 2224/41111 | | the connectors connecting two common bonding areas | 2224/43823 | | Immersion coating, e.g. solder bath |
| 2224/41112 | | the connectors connecting a common bonding area on the semiconductor or solid-state body to different bonding areas outside the body, e.g. diverging straps | 2224/43824 | | Chemical solution deposition [CSD], i.e. using a liquid precursor |
| 2224/41113 | | the connectors connecting different bonding areas on the semiconductor or solid-state body to a common bonding area outside the body, e.g. converging straps | 2224/43825 | | Plating, e.g. electroplating, electroless plating |
| 2224/4112 | | Layout | 2224/43826 | | Physical vapour deposition [PVD], e.g. evaporation, sputtering |
| 2224/4117 | | Crossed straps | 2224/43827 | | Chemical vapour deposition [CVD], e.g. laser CVD |
| 2224/41171 | | Fan-out arrangements | 2224/4383 | | Reworking |
| 2224/41173 | | Radial fan-out arrangements | 2224/43831 | | with a chemical process, e.g. with etching of the connector |
| 2224/41174 | | Stacked arrangements | 2224/43847 | | with a mechanical process, e.g. with flattening of the connector |
| 2224/41175 | | Parallel arrangements | 2224/43848 | | Thermal treatments, e.g. annealing, controlled cooling |
| 2224/41176 | | Strap connectors having the same loop shape and height | 2224/43985 | | Methods of manufacturing wire connectors involving a specific sequence of method steps |
| 2224/41177 | | Combinations of different arrangements | 2224/43986 | | with repetition of the same manufacturing step |
| 2224/41179 | | Corner adaptations, i.e. disposition of the strap connectors at the corners of the semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/44 | . . . | Structure, shape, material or disposition of the wire connectors prior to the connecting process |
| 2224/4118 | | being disposed on at least two different sides of the body, e.g. dual array | 2224/45 | | of an individual wire connector |
| 2224/414 | | Connecting portions | 2224/45001 | | Core members of the connector |
| 2224/4141 | | the connecting portions being stacked | 2224/45005 | | Structure |
| 2224/41421 | | on the semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/4501 | | Shape |
| 2224/41422 | | outside the semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/45012 | | Cross-sectional shape |
| 2224/4143 | | the connecting portions being staggered | 2224/45013 | | being non uniform along the connector |
| 2224/415 | | Material | 2224/45014 | | Ribbon connectors, e.g. rectangular cross-section |
| 2224/41505 | | Connectors having different materials | 2224/45015 | | being circular |
| 2224/42 | . . | Wire connectors; Manufacturing methods related thereto | 2224/45016 | | being elliptic |
| 2224/43 | . . . | Manufacturing methods | 2224/4502 | | Disposition |
| 2224/43001 | | Involving a temporary auxiliary member not forming part of the manufacturing apparatus, e.g. removable or sacrificial coating, film or substrate | 2224/45025 | | Plural core members |
| 2224/431 | | Pre-treatment of the preform connector | 2224/45026 | | being mutually engaged together, e.g. through inserts |
| 2224/4312 | | Applying permanent coating, e.g. in-situ coating | 2224/45028 | | Side-to-side arrangements |
| 2224/43125 | | Plating, e.g. electroplating, electroless plating | 2224/4503 | | Stacked arrangements |
| 2224/432 | | Mechanical processes | 2224/45032 | | Two-layer arrangements |
| 2224/4321 | | Pulling | 2224/45033 | | Three-layer arrangements |
| 2224/435 | | Modification of a pre-existing material | 2224/45034 | | Four-layer arrangements |
| 2224/4351 | | Sintering | 2224/45099 | | Material |
| 2224/4352 | | Anodisation | 2224/451 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron (B), silicon (Si), germanium (Ge), arsenic (As), antimony (Sb), tellurium (Te) and polonium (Po), and alloys thereof |
| | | | 2224/45101 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C |
| | | | 2224/45105 | | Gallium (Ga) as principal constituent |

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| 2224/45109 | Indium (In) as principal constituent | 2224/45184 | Tungsten (W) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45111 | Tin (Sn) as principal constituent | 2224/45186 | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material |
| 2224/45113 | Bismuth (Bi) as principal constituent | 2224/45187 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/45188) |
| 2224/45114 | Thallium (Tl) as principal constituent | 2224/45188 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides |
| 2224/45116 | Lead (Pb) as principal constituent | 2224/4519 | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy |
| 2224/45117 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C | 2224/45191 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene |
| 2224/45118 | Zinc (Zn) as principal constituent | 2224/45193 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/451 - H01L 2224/45191 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond |
| 2224/4512 | Antimony (Sb) as principal constituent | 2224/45194 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/451 - H01L 2224/45191 |
| 2224/45123 | Magnesium (Mg) as principal constituent | 2224/45195 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/451 - H01L 2224/45191 |
| 2224/45124 | Aluminium (Al) as principal constituent | 2224/45198 | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams |
| 2224/45138 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C | 2224/45199 | Material of the matrix |
| 2224/45139 | Silver (Ag) as principal constituent | 2224/452 | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron (B), silicon (Si), germanium (Ge), arsenic (As), antimony (Sb), tellurium (Te) and polonium (Po), and alloys thereof |
| 2224/45144 | Gold (Au) as principal constituent | 2224/45201 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C |
| 2224/45147 | Copper (Cu) as principal constituent | 2224/45205 | Gallium (Ga) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45149 | Manganese (Mn) as principal constituent | 2224/45209 | Indium (In) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45155 | Nickel (Ni) as principal constituent | 2224/45211 | Tin (Sn) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45157 | Cobalt (Co) as principal constituent | 2224/45213 | Bismuth (Bi) as principal constituent |
| 2224/4516 | Iron (Fe) as principal constituent | 2224/45214 | Thallium (Tl) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45163 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C | 2224/45216 | Lead (Pb) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45164 | Palladium (Pd) as principal constituent | 2224/45217 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C |
| 2224/45166 | Titanium (Ti) as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/45169 | Platinum (Pt) as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/4517 | Zirconium (Zr) as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/45171 | Chromium (Cr) as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/45172 | Vanadium (V) as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/45173 | Rhodium (Rh) as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/45176 | Ruthenium (Ru) as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/45178 | Iridium (Ir) as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/45179 | Niobium (Nb) as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/4518 | Molybdenum (Mo) as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/45181 | Tantalum (Ta) as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/45183 | Rhenium (Re) as principal constituent | | |

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| 2224/45218 | | Zinc (Zn) as principal constituent | 2224/45288 | | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides |
| 2224/4522 | | Antimony (Sb) as principal constituent | 2224/4529 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy |
| 2224/45223 | | Magnesium (Mg) as principal constituent | 2224/45291 | | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene |
| 2224/45224 | | Aluminium (Al) as principal constituent | 2224/45293 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/452 - H01L 2224/45291 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond |
| 2224/45238 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C | 2224/45294 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/452 - H01L 2224/45291 |
| 2224/45239 | | Silver (Ag) as principal constituent | 2224/45295 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/452 - H01L 2224/45291 |
| 2224/45244 | | Gold (Au) as principal constituent | 2224/45298 | | Fillers |
| 2224/45247 | | Copper (Cu) as principal constituent | 2224/45299 | | Base material |
| 2224/45249 | | Manganese (Mn) as principal constituent | 2224/453 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron (B), silicon (Si), germanium (Ge), arsenic (As), antimony (Sb), tellurium (Te) and polonium (Po), and alloys thereof |
| 2224/45255 | | Nickel (Ni) as principal constituent | 2224/45301 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C |
| 2224/45257 | | Cobalt (Co) as principal constituent | 2224/45305 | | Gallium (Ga) as principal constituent |
| 2224/4526 | | Iron (Fe) as principal constituent | 2224/45309 | | Indium (In) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45263 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C | 2224/45311 | | Tin (Sn) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45264 | | Palladium (Pd) as principal constituent | 2224/45313 | | Bismuth (Bi) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45266 | | Titanium (Ti) as principal constituent | 2224/45314 | | Thallium (Tl) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45269 | | Platinum (Pt) as principal constituent | 2224/45316 | | Lead (Pb) as principal constituent |
| 2224/4527 | | Zirconium (Zr) as principal constituent | 2224/45317 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C |
| 2224/45271 | | Chromium (Cr) as principal constituent | 2224/45318 | | Zinc (Zn) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45272 | | Vanadium (V) as principal constituent | 2224/4532 | | Antimony (Sb) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45273 | | Rhodium (Rh) as principal constituent | 2224/45323 | | Magnesium (Mg) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45276 | | Ruthenium (Ru) as principal constituent | 2224/45324 | | Aluminium (Al) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45278 | | Iridium (Ir) as principal constituent | 2224/45338 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C |
| 2224/45279 | | Niobium (Nb) as principal constituent | | | |
| 2224/4528 | | Molybdenum (Mo) as principal constituent | | | |
| 2224/45281 | | Tantalum (Ta) as principal constituent | | | |
| 2224/45283 | | Rhenium (Re) as principal constituent | | | |
| 2224/45284 | | Tungsten (W) as principal constituent | | | |
| 2224/45286 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material | | | |
| 2224/45287 | | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/45288) | | | |

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| 2224/45339 | Silver (Ag) as principal constituent | 2224/45393 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/453 - H01L 2224/45391 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond |
| 2224/45344 | Gold (Au) as principal constituent | 2224/45394 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/453 - H01L 2224/45391 |
| 2224/45347 | Copper (Cu) as principal constituent | 2224/45395 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/453 - H01L 2224/45391 |
| 2224/45349 | Manganese (Mn) as principal constituent | 2224/45398 | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams |
| 2224/45355 | Nickel (Ni) as principal constituent | 2224/45399 | Coating material |
| 2224/45357 | Cobalt (Co) as principal constituent | 2224/454 | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron (B), silicon (Si), germanium (Ge), arsenic (As), antimony (Sb), tellurium (Te) and polonium (Po), and alloys thereof |
| 2224/4536 | Iron (Fe) as principal constituent | 2224/45401 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C |
| 2224/45363 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C | 2224/45405 | Gallium (Ga) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45364 | Palladium (Pd) as principal constituent | 2224/45409 | Indium (In) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45366 | Titanium (Ti) as principal constituent | 2224/45411 | Tin (Sn) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45369 | Platinum (Pt) as principal constituent | 2224/45413 | Bismuth (Bi) as principal constituent |
| 2224/4537 | Zirconium (Zr) as principal constituent | 2224/45414 | Thallium (Tl) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45371 | Chromium (Cr) as principal constituent | 2224/45416 | Lead (Pb) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45372 | Vanadium (V) as principal constituent | 2224/45417 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C |
| 2224/45373 | Rhodium (Rh) as principal constituent | 2224/45418 | Zinc (Zn) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45376 | Ruthenium (Ru) as principal constituent | 2224/4542 | Antimony (Sb) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45378 | Iridium (Ir) as principal constituent | 2224/45423 | Magnesium (Mg) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45379 | Niobium (Nb) as principal constituent | 2224/45424 | Aluminium (Al) as principal constituent |
| 2224/4538 | Molybdenum (Mo) as principal constituent | 2224/45438 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C |
| 2224/45381 | Tantalum (Ta) as principal constituent | 2224/45439 | Silver (Ag) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45383 | Rhenium (Re) as principal constituent | 2224/45444 | Gold (Au) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45384 | Tungsten (W) as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/45386 | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material | | |
| 2224/45387 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/45388) | | |
| 2224/45388 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides | | |
| 2224/4539 | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy | | |
| 2224/45391 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene | | |

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| 2224/45447 | Copper (Cu) as principal constituent | 2224/45494 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/454 - H01L 2224/45491 |
| 2224/45449 | Manganese (Mn) as principal constituent | 2224/45495 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/454 - H01L 2224/45491 |
| 2224/45455 | Nickel (Ni) as principal constituent | 2224/45498 | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams |
| 2224/45457 | Cobalt (Co) as principal constituent | 2224/45499 | Shape or distribution of the fillers |
| 2224/4546 | Iron (Fe) as principal constituent | 2224/4554 | Coating |
| 2224/45463 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C | 2224/45541 | Structure |
| 2224/45464 | Palladium (Pd) as principal constituent | 2224/4555 | Shape |
| 2224/45466 | Titanium (Ti) as principal constituent | 2224/4556 | Disposition, e.g. coating on a part of the core |
| 2224/45469 | Platinum (Pt) as principal constituent | 2224/45565 | Single coating layer |
| 2224/4547 | Zirconium (Zr) as principal constituent | 2224/4557 | Plural coating layers |
| 2224/45471 | Chromium (Cr) as principal constituent | 2224/45572 | Two-layer stack coating |
| 2224/45472 | Vanadium (V) as principal constituent | 2224/45573 | Three-layer stack coating |
| 2224/45473 | Rhodium (Rh) as principal constituent | 2224/45574 | Four-layer stack coating |
| 2224/45476 | Ruthenium (Ru) as principal constituent | 2224/45576 | being mutually engaged together, e.g. through inserts |
| 2224/45478 | Iridium (Ir) as principal constituent | 2224/45578 | being disposed next to each other, e.g. side-to-side arrangements |
| 2224/45479 | Niobium (Nb) as principal constituent | 2224/45599 | Material |
| 2224/4548 | Molybdenum (Mo) as principal constituent | 2224/456 | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron (B), silicon (Si), germanium (Ge), arsenic (As), antimony (Sb), tellurium (Te) and polonium (Po), and alloys thereof |
| 2224/45481 | Tantalum (Ta) as principal constituent | 2224/45601 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C |
| 2224/45483 | Rhenium (Re) as principal constituent | 2224/45605 | Gallium (Ga) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45484 | Tungsten (W) as principal constituent | 2224/45609 | Indium (In) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45486 | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material | 2224/45611 | Tin (Sn) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45487 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/45488) | 2224/45613 | Bismuth (Bi) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45488 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides | 2224/45614 | Thallium (Tl) as principal constituent |
| 2224/4549 | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy | 2224/45616 | Lead (Pb) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45491 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene | 2224/45617 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C |
| 2224/45493 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/454 - H01L 2224/45491 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond | 2224/45618 | Zinc (Zn) as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/4562 | Antimony (Sb) as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/45623 | Magnesium (Mg) as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/45624 | Aluminium (Al) as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/45638 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C |

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| 2224/45639 | ... | Silver (Ag) as principal constituent | 2224/45693 | ... | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/456 - H01L 2224/45691 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond |
| 2224/45644 | ... | Gold (Au) as principal constituent | 2224/45694 | ... | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/456 - H01L 2224/45691 |
| 2224/45647 | ... | Copper (Cu) as principal constituent | 2224/45695 | ... | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/456 - H01L 2224/45691 |
| 2224/45649 | ... | Manganese (Mn) as principal constituent | 2224/45698 | ... | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams |
| 2224/45655 | ... | Nickel (Ni) as principal constituent | 2224/45699 | ... | Material of the matrix |
| 2224/45657 | ... | Cobalt (Co) as principal constituent | 2224/457 | ... | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron (B), silicon (Si), germanium (Ge), arsenic (As), antimony (Sb), tellurium (Te) and polonium (Po), and alloys thereof |
| 2224/4566 | ... | Iron (Fe) as principal constituent | 2224/45701 | ... | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C |
| 2224/45663 | ... | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C | 2224/45705 | ... | Gallium (Ga) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45664 | ... | Palladium (Pd) as principal constituent | 2224/45709 | ... | Indium (In) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45666 | ... | Titanium (Ti) as principal constituent | 2224/45711 | ... | Tin (Sn) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45669 | ... | Platinum (Pt) as principal constituent | 2224/45713 | ... | Bismuth (Bi) as principal constituent |
| 2224/4567 | ... | Zirconium (Zr) as principal constituent | 2224/45714 | ... | Thallium (Tl) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45671 | ... | Chromium (Cr) as principal constituent | 2224/45716 | ... | Lead (Pb) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45672 | ... | Vanadium (V) as principal constituent | 2224/45717 | ... | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C |
| 2224/45673 | ... | Rhodium (Rh) as principal constituent | 2224/45718 | ... | Zinc (Zn) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45676 | ... | Ruthenium (Ru) as principal constituent | 2224/4572 | ... | Antimony (Sb) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45678 | ... | Iridium (Ir) as principal constituent | 2224/45723 | ... | Magnesium (Mg) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45679 | ... | Niobium (Nb) as principal constituent | 2224/45724 | ... | Aluminium (Al) as principal constituent |
| 2224/4568 | ... | Molybdenum (Mo) as principal constituent | 2224/45738 | ... | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C |
| 2224/45681 | ... | Tantalum (Ta) as principal constituent | 2224/45739 | ... | Silver (Ag) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45683 | ... | Rhenium (Re) as principal constituent | 2224/45744 | ... | Gold (Au) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45684 | ... | Tungsten (W) as principal constituent | 2224/45747 | ... | Copper (Cu) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45686 | ... | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material | | | |
| 2224/45687 | ... | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/45688) | | | |
| 2224/45688 | ... | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides | | | |
| 2224/4569 | ... | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy | | | |
| 2224/45691 | ... | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene | | | |

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| 2224/45749 | Manganese (Mn) as principal constituent | 2224/45794 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/457 - H01L 2224/45791 |
| 2224/45755 | Nickel (Ni) as principal constituent | 2224/45795 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/457 - H01L 2224/45791 |
| 2224/45757 | Cobalt (Co) as principal constituent | 2224/45798 | Fillers |
| 2224/4576 | Iron (Fe) as principal constituent | 2224/45799 | Base material |
| 2224/45763 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C | 2224/458 | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron (B), silicon (Si), germanium (Ge), arsenic (As), antimony (Sb), tellurium (Te) and polonium (Po), and alloys thereof |
| 2224/45764 | Palladium (Pd) as principal constituent | 2224/45801 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C |
| 2224/45766 | Titanium (Ti) as principal constituent | 2224/45805 | Gallium (Ga) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45769 | Platinum (Pt) as principal constituent | 2224/45809 | Indium (In) as principal constituent |
| 2224/4577 | Zirconium (Zr) as principal constituent | 2224/45811 | Tin (Sn) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45771 | Chromium (Cr) as principal constituent | 2224/45813 | Bismuth (Bi) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45772 | Vanadium (V) as principal constituent | 2224/45814 | Thallium (Tl) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45773 | Rhodium (Rh) as principal constituent | 2224/45816 | Lead (Pb) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45776 | Ruthenium (Ru) as principal constituent | 2224/45817 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C |
| 2224/45778 | Iridium (Ir) as principal constituent | 2224/45818 | Zinc (Zn) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45779 | Niobium (Nb) as principal constituent | 2224/4582 | Antimony (Sb) as principal constituent |
| 2224/4578 | Molybdenum (Mo) as principal constituent | 2224/45823 | Magnesium (Mg) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45781 | Tantalum (Ta) as principal constituent | 2224/45824 | Aluminium (Al) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45783 | Rhenium (Re) as principal constituent | 2224/45838 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C |
| 2224/45784 | Tungsten (W) as principal constituent | 2224/45839 | Silver (Ag) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45786 | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material | 2224/45844 | Gold (Au) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45787 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/45788) | 2224/45847 | Copper (Cu) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45788 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides | 2224/45849 | Manganese (Mn) as principal constituent |
| 2224/4579 | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy | 2224/45855 | Nickel (Ni) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45791 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene | 2224/45857 | Cobalt (Co) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45793 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/457 - H01L 2224/45791 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond | 2224/4586 | Iron (Fe) as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/45863 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C |

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| 2224/45864 | Palladium (Pd) as principal constituent | 2224/45898 | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams |
| 2224/45866 | Titanium (Ti) as principal constituent | 2224/45899 | Coating material |
| 2224/45869 | Platinum (Pt) as principal constituent | 2224/459 | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron (B), silicon (Si), germanium (Ge), arsenic (As), antimony (Sb), tellurium (Te) and polonium (Po), and alloys thereof |
| 2224/4587 | Zirconium (Zr) as principal constituent | 2224/45901 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C |
| 2224/45871 | Chromium (Cr) as principal constituent | 2224/45905 | Gallium (Ga) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45872 | Vanadium (V) as principal constituent | 2224/45909 | Indium (In) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45873 | Rhodium (Rh) as principal constituent | 2224/45911 | Tin (Sn) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45876 | Ruthenium (Ru) as principal constituent | 2224/45913 | Bismuth (Bi) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45878 | Iridium (Ir) as principal constituent | 2224/45914 | Thallium (Tl) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45879 | Niobium (Nb) as principal constituent | 2224/45916 | Lead (Pb) as principal constituent |
| 2224/4588 | Molybdenum (Mo) as principal constituent | 2224/45917 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C |
| 2224/45881 | Tantalum (Ta) as principal constituent | 2224/45918 | Zinc (Zn) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45883 | Rhenium (Re) as principal constituent | 2224/4592 | Antimony (Sb) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45884 | Tungsten (W) as principal constituent | 2224/45923 | Magnesium (Mg) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45886 | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material | 2224/45924 | Aluminium (Al) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45887 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/45888) | 2224/45938 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C |
| 2224/45888 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides | 2224/45939 | Silver (Ag) as principal constituent |
| 2224/4589 | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy | 2224/45944 | Gold (Au) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45891 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene | 2224/45947 | Copper (Cu) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45893 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/458 - H01L 2224/45891 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond | 2224/45949 | Manganese (Mn) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45894 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/458 - H01L 2224/45891 | 2224/45955 | Nickel (Ni) as principal constituent |
| 2224/45895 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/458 - H01L 2224/45891 | 2224/45957 | Cobalt (Co) as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/4596 | Iron (Fe) as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/45963 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C |
| | | 2224/45964 | Palladium (Pd) as principal constituent |

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| 2224/45966 | ... | Titanium (Ti) as principal constituent | 2224/45999 | ... | Shape or distribution of the fillers |
| 2224/45969 | ... | Platinum (Pt) as principal constituent | 2224/46 | ... | of a plurality of wire connectors |
| 2224/4597 | ... | Zirconium (Zr) as principal constituent | 2224/47 | ... | Structure, shape, material or disposition of the wire connectors after the connecting process |
| 2224/45971 | ... | Chromium (Cr) as principal constituent | 2224/48 | ... | of an individual wire connector |
| 2224/45972 | ... | Vanadium (V) as principal constituent | 2224/4801 | ... | Structure |
| 2224/45973 | ... | Rhodium (Rh) as principal constituent | 2224/48011 | ... | Length |
| 2224/45976 | ... | Ruthenium (Ru) as principal constituent | 2224/4805 | ... | Shape |
| 2224/45978 | ... | Iridium (Ir) as principal constituent | 2224/4807 | ... | of bonding interfaces, e.g. interlocking features |
| 2224/45979 | ... | Niobium (Nb) as principal constituent | 2224/4809 | ... | Loop shape |
| 2224/4598 | ... | Molybdenum (Mo) as principal constituent | 2224/48091 | ... | Arched |
| 2224/45981 | ... | Tantalum (Ta) as principal constituent | 2224/48092 | ... | Helix |
| 2224/45983 | ... | Rhenium (Re) as principal constituent | 2224/48095 | ... | Kinked |
| 2224/45984 | ... | Tungsten (W) as principal constituent | 2224/48096 | ... | the kinked part being in proximity to the bonding area on the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/45986 | ... | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material | 2224/48097 | ... | the kinked part being in proximity to the bonding area outside the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/45987 | ... | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/45988) | 2224/481 | ... | Disposition |
| 2224/45988 | ... | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides | 2224/48101 | ... | Connecting bonding areas at the same height, e.g. horizontal bond |
| 2224/4599 | ... | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy | 2224/48105 | ... | Connecting bonding areas at different heights |
| 2224/45991 | ... | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene | 2224/48106 | ... | the connector being orthogonal to a side surface of the semiconductor or solid-state body, e.g. parallel layout |
| 2224/45993 | ... | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/459 - H01L 2224/45991 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond | 2224/48108 | ... | the connector not being orthogonal to a side surface of the semiconductor or solid-state body, e.g. fanned-out connectors, radial layout |
| 2224/45994 | ... | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/459 - H01L 2224/45991 | 2224/4811 | ... | Connecting to a bonding area of the semiconductor or solid-state body located at the far end of the body with respect to the bonding area outside the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/45995 | ... | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/459 - H01L 2224/45991 | 2224/48111 | ... | the wire connector extending above another semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/45998 | ... | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams | 2224/4813 | ... | Connecting within a semiconductor or solid-state body, i.e. fly wire, bridge wire |
| | | | 2224/48132 | ... | with an intermediate bond, e.g. continuous wire daisy chain |
| | | | 2224/48135 | ... | Connecting between different semiconductor or solid-state bodies, i.e. chip-to-chip |
| | | | 2224/48137 | ... | the bodies being arranged next to each other, e.g. on a common substrate |
| | | | 2224/48138 | ... | the wire connector connecting to a bonding area disposed in a recess of the surface |
| | | | 2224/48139 | ... | with an intermediate bond, e.g. continuous wire daisy chain |
| | | | 2224/4814 | ... | the wire connector connecting to a bonding area protruding from the surface |
| | | | 2224/48141 | ... | the bodies being arranged on opposite sides of a substrate, e.g. mirror arrangements |
| | | | 2224/48145 | ... | the bodies being stacked |
| | | | 2224/48147 | ... | with an intermediate bond, e.g. continuous wire daisy chain |

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| 2224/48148 | the wire connector connecting to a bonding area disposed in a recess of the surface | 2224/48247 | connecting the wire to a bond pad of the item |
| 2224/48149 | the wire connector connecting to a bonding area protruding from the surface | 2224/48248 | the bond pad being disposed in a recess of the surface of the item |
| 2224/48151 | Connecting between a semiconductor or solid-state body and an item not being a semiconductor or solid-state body, e.g. chip-to-substrate, chip-to-passive | 2224/48249 | the bond pad protruding from the surface of the item |
| 2224/48153 | the body and the item being arranged next to each other, e.g. on a common substrate | 2224/48253 | connecting the wire to a potential ring of the item |
| 2224/48155 | the item being non-metallic, e.g. insulating substrate with or without metallisation | 2224/48257 | connecting the wire to a die pad of the item |
| 2224/48157 | connecting the wire to a bond pad of the item | 2224/4826 | Connecting between the body and an opposite side of the item with respect to the body |
| 2224/48158 | the bond pad being disposed in a recess of the surface of the item | 2224/48265 | the item being a discrete passive component |
| 2224/48159 | the bond pad protruding from the surface of the item | 2224/484 | Connecting portions |
| 2224/4816 | connecting the wire to a pin of the item | 2224/4845 | Details of ball bonds |
| 2224/48163 | connecting the wire to a potential ring of the item | 2224/48451 | Shape |
| 2224/48165 | connecting the wire to a via metallisation of the item | 2224/48453 | of the interface with the bonding area |
| 2224/48175 | the item being metallic | 2224/48455 | Details of wedge bonds |
| 2224/48177 | connecting the wire to a bond pad of the item | 2224/48456 | Shape |
| 2224/48178 | the bond pad being disposed in a recess of the surface of the item | 2224/48458 | of the interface with the bonding area |
| 2224/48179 | the bond pad protruding from the surface of the item | 2224/4846 | with multiple bonds on the same bonding area |
| 2224/48183 | connecting the wire to a potential ring of the item | 2224/48463 | the connecting portion on the bonding area of the semiconductor or solid-state body being a ball bond |
| 2224/48195 | the item being a discrete passive component | 2224/48464 | the other connecting portion not on the bonding area also being a ball bond, i.e. ball-to-ball |
| 2224/48221 | the body and the item being stacked | 2224/48465 | the other connecting portion not on the bonding area being a wedge bond, i.e. ball-to-wedge, regular stitch |
| 2224/48225 | the item being non-metallic, e.g. insulating substrate with or without metallisation | 2224/4847 | the connecting portion on the bonding area of the semiconductor or solid-state body being a wedge bond |
| 2224/48227 | connecting the wire to a bond pad of the item | 2224/48471 | the other connecting portion not on the bonding area being a ball bond, i.e. wedge-to-ball, reverse stitch |
| 2224/48228 | the bond pad being disposed in a recess of the surface of the item | 2224/48472 | the other connecting portion not on the bonding area also being a wedge bond, i.e. wedge-to-wedge |
| 2224/48229 | the bond pad protruding from the surface of the item | 2224/48475 | connected to auxiliary connecting means on the bonding areas, e.g. pre-ball, wedge-on-ball, ball-on-ball |
| 2224/4823 | connecting the wire to a pin of the item | 2224/48476 | between the wire connector and the bonding area |
| 2224/48233 | connecting the wire to a potential ring of the item | 2224/48477 | being a pre-ball (i.e. a ball formed by capillary bonding) |
| 2224/48235 | connecting the wire to a via metallisation of the item | 2224/48478 | the connecting portion being a wedge bond, i.e. wedge on pre-ball |
| 2224/48237 | connecting the wire to a die pad of the item | 2224/48479 | on the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/4824 | Connecting between the body and an opposite side of the item with respect to the body | 2224/4848 | outside the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/48245 | the item being metallic | 2224/48481 | the connecting portion being a ball bond, i.e. ball on pre-ball |
| | | 2224/48482 | on the semiconductor or solid-state body |

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| 2224/48483 | outside the semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/48618 | Zinc (Zn) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48484 | being a plurality of pre-balls disposed side-to-side | 2224/4862 | Antimony (Sb) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48485 | the connecting portion being a wedge bond, i.e. wedge on pre-ball | 2224/48623 | Magnesium (Mg) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48486 | on the semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/48624 | Aluminium (Al) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48487 | outside the semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/48638 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C |
| 2224/48488 | the connecting portion being a ball bond, i.e. ball on pre-ball | 2224/48639 | Silver (Ag) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48489 | on the semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/48644 | Gold (Au) as principal constituent |
| 2224/4849 | outside the semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/48647 | Copper (Cu) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48491 | being an additional member attached to the bonding area through an adhesive or solder, e.g. buffer pad | 2224/48649 | Manganese (Mn) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48496 | not being interposed between the wire connector and the bonding area | 2224/48655 | Nickel (Ni) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48499 | Material of the auxiliary connecting means | 2224/48657 | Cobalt (Co) as principal constituent |
| 2224/485 | Material | 2224/4866 | Iron (Fe) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48505 | at the bonding interface | 2224/48663 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C |
| 2224/48506 | comprising an eutectic alloy | 2224/48664 | Palladium (Pd) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48507 | comprising an intermetallic compound | 2224/48666 | Titanium (Ti) as principal constituent |
| 2224/4851 | Morphology of the connecting portion, e.g. grain size distribution | 2224/48669 | Platinum (Pt) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48511 | Heat affected zone [HAZ] | 2224/4867 | Zirconium (Zr) as principal constituent |
| 2224/4852 | Bonding interface between the connecting portion and the bonding area | 2224/48671 | Chromium (Cr) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48599 | Principal constituent of the connecting portion of the wire connector being Gold (Au) | 2224/48672 | Vanadium (V) as principal constituent |
| 2224/486 | with a principal constituent of the bonding area being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron (B), silicon (Si), germanium (Ge), arsenic (As), antimony (Sb), tellurium (Te) and polonium (Po), and alloys thereof | 2224/48673 | Rhodium (Rh) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48601 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C | 2224/48678 | Iridium (Ir) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48605 | Gallium (Ga) as principal constituent | 2224/48679 | Niobium (Nb) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48609 | Indium (In) as principal constituent | 2224/4868 | Molybdenum (Mo) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48611 | Tin (Sn) as principal constituent | 2224/48681 | Tantalum (Ta) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48613 | Bismuth (Bi) as principal constituent | 2224/48683 | Rhenium (Re) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48614 | Thallium (Tl) as principal constituent | 2224/48684 | Tungsten (W) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48616 | Lead (Pb) as principal constituent | 2224/48686 | with a principal constituent of the bonding area being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material |
| 2224/48617 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950 °C | 2224/48687 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/48688) |
| | | 2224/48688 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides |

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| 2224/4869 | | with a principal constituent of the bonding area being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy | 2224/48739 | | Silver (Ag) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48691 | | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene | 2224/48744 | | Gold (Au) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48693 | | with a principal constituent of the bonding area being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/486 - H01L 2224/4869 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond | 2224/48747 | | Copper (Cu) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48694 | | with a principal constituent of the bonding area being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/486 - H01L 2224/4869 | 2224/48749 | | Manganese (Mn) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48698 | | with a principal constituent of the bonding area being a combination of two or more material regions, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, island patterns | 2224/48755 | | Nickel (Ni) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48699 | | Principal constituent of the connecting portion of the wire connector being Aluminium (Al) | 2224/48757 | | Cobalt (Co) as principal constituent |
| 2224/487 | | with a principal constituent of the bonding area being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron (B), silicon (Si), germanium (Ge), arsenic (As), antimony (Sb), tellurium (Te) and polonium (Po), and alloys thereof | 2224/4876 | | Iron (Fe) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48701 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C | 2224/48763 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C |
| 2224/48705 | | Gallium (Ga) as principal constituent | 2224/48764 | | Palladium (Pd) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48709 | | Indium (In) as principal constituent | 2224/48766 | | Titanium (Ti) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48711 | | Tin (Sn) as principal constituent | 2224/48769 | | Platinum (Pt) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48713 | | Bismuth (Bi) as principal constituent | 2224/4877 | | Zirconium (Zr) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48714 | | Thallium (Tl) as principal constituent | 2224/48771 | | Chromium (Cr) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48716 | | Lead (Pb) as principal constituent | 2224/48772 | | Vanadium (V) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48717 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950 °C | 2224/48773 | | Rhodium (Rh) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48718 | | Zinc (Zn) as principal constituent | 2224/48778 | | Iridium (Ir) as principal constituent |
| 2224/4872 | | Antimony (Sb) as principal constituent | 2224/48779 | | Niobium (Nb) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48723 | | Magnesium (Mg) as principal constituent | 2224/4878 | | Molybdenum (Mo) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48724 | | Aluminium (Al) as principal constituent | 2224/48781 | | Tantalum (Ta) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48738 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C | 2224/48783 | | Rhenium (Re) as principal constituent |
| | | | 2224/48784 | | Tungsten (W) as principal constituent |
| | | | 2224/48786 | | with a principal constituent of the bonding area being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material |
| | | | 2224/48787 | | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/48788) |
| | | | 2224/48788 | | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides |
| | | | 2224/4879 | | with a principal constituent of the bonding area being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy |
| | | | 2224/48791 | | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene |

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| 2224/48793 | with a principal constituent of the bonding area being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/487 - H01L 2224/4879 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond | 2224/48855 | Nickel (Ni) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48794 | with a principal constituent of the bonding area being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/487 - H01L 2224/4879 | 2224/48857 | Cobalt (Co) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48798 | with a principal constituent of the bonding area being a combination of two or more material regions, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, island patterns | 2224/4886 | Iron (Fe) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48799 | Principal constituent of the connecting portion of the wire connector being Copper (Cu) | 2224/48863 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C |
| 2224/488 | with a principal constituent of the bonding area being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron (B), silicon (Si), germanium (Ge), arsenic (As), antimony (Sb), tellurium (Te) and polonium (Po), and alloys thereof | 2224/48864 | Palladium (Pd) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48801 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C | 2224/48866 | Titanium (Ti) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48805 | Gallium (Ga) as principal constituent | 2224/48869 | Platinum (Pt) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48809 | Indium (In) as principal constituent | 2224/4887 | Zirconium (Zr) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48811 | Tin (Sn) as principal constituent | 2224/48871 | Chromium (Cr) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48813 | Bismuth (Bi) as principal constituent | 2224/48872 | Vanadium (V) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48814 | Thallium (Tl) as principal constituent | 2224/48873 | Rhodium (Rh) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48816 | Lead (Pb) as principal constituent | 2224/48878 | Iridium (Ir) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48817 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950 °C | 2224/48879 | Niobium (Nb) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48818 | Zinc (Zn) as principal constituent | 2224/4888 | Molybdenum (Mo) as principal constituent |
| 2224/4882 | Antimony (Sb) as principal constituent | 2224/48881 | Tantalum (Ta) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48823 | Magnesium (Mg) as principal constituent | 2224/48883 | Rhenium (Re) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48824 | Aluminium (Al) as principal constituent | 2224/48884 | Tungsten (W) as principal constituent |
| 2224/48838 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C | 2224/48886 | with a principal constituent of the bonding area being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material |
| 2224/48839 | Silver (Ag) as principal constituent | 2224/48887 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/48888) |
| 2224/48844 | Gold (Au) as principal constituent | 2224/48888 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides |
| 2224/48847 | Copper (Cu) as principal constituent | 2224/4889 | with a principal constituent of the bonding area being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy |
| 2224/48849 | Manganese (Mn) as principal constituent | 2224/48891 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene |
| | | 2224/48893 | with a principal constituent of the bonding area being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/488 - H01L 2224/4889 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond |
| | | 2224/48894 | with a principal constituent of the bonding area being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/488 - H01L 2224/4889 |

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| 2224/48898 | | with a principal constituent of the bonding area being a combination of two or more material regions, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, island patterns | 2224/49179 | | Corner adaptations, i.e. disposition of the wire connectors at the corners of the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/4899 | | Auxiliary members for wire connectors, e.g. flow-barriers, reinforcing structures, spacers, alignment aids | 2224/4918 | | being disposed on at least two different sides of the body, e.g. dual array |
| 2224/48991 | | being formed on the semiconductor or solid-state body to be connected | 2224/494 | | Connecting portions |
| 2224/48992 | | Reinforcing structures | 2224/4941 | | the connecting portions being stacked |
| 2224/48993 | | Alignment aids | 2224/4942 | | Ball bonds |
| 2224/48996 | | being formed on an item to be connected not being a semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/49421 | | on the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/48997 | | Reinforcing structures | 2224/49422 | | outside the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/48998 | | Alignment aids | 2224/49425 | | Wedge bonds |
| 2224/49 | | of a plurality of wire connectors | 2224/49426 | | on the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/4901 | | Structure | 2224/49427 | | outside the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/4903 | | Connectors having different sizes, e.g. different diameters | 2224/49429 | | Wedge and ball bonds |
| 2224/4905 | | Shape | 2224/4943 | | the connecting portions being staggered |
| 2224/49051 | | Connectors having different shapes | 2224/49431 | | on the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/49052 | | Different loop heights | 2224/49433 | | outside the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/4909 | | Loop shape arrangement | 2224/4945 | | Wire connectors having connecting portions of different types on the semiconductor or solid-state body, e.g. regular and reverse stitches |
| 2224/49095 | | parallel in plane | 2224/495 | | Material |
| 2224/49096 | | horizontal | 2224/49505 | | Connectors having different materials |
| 2224/49097 | | vertical | 2224/50 | | Tape automated bonding [TAB] connectors, i.e. film carriers; Manufacturing methods related thereto |
| 2224/491 | | Disposition | 2224/63 | | Connectors not provided for in any of the groups H01L 2224/10 - H01L 2224/50 and subgroups; Manufacturing methods related thereto |
| 2224/49105 | | Connecting at different heights | 2224/64 | | Manufacturing methods |
| 2224/49107 | | on the semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/65 | | Structure, shape, material or disposition of the connectors prior to the connecting process |
| 2224/49109 | | outside the semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/66 | | of an individual connector |
| 2224/4911 | | the connectors being bonded to at least one common bonding area, e.g. daisy chain | 2224/67 | | of a plurality of connectors |
| 2224/49111 | | the connectors connecting two common bonding areas, e.g. Litz or braid wires | 2224/68 | | Structure, shape, material or disposition of the connectors after the connecting process |
| 2224/49112 | | the connectors connecting a common bonding area on the semiconductor or solid-state body to different bonding areas outside the body, e.g. diverging wires | 2224/69 | | of an individual connector |
| 2224/49113 | | the connectors connecting different bonding areas on the semiconductor or solid-state body to a common bonding area outside the body, e.g. converging wires | 2224/70 | | of a plurality of connectors |
| 2224/4912 | | Layout | 2224/71 | | Means for bonding not being attached to, or not being formed on, the surface to be connected |
| 2224/4917 | | Crossed wires | 2224/72 | | Detachable connecting means consisting of mechanical auxiliary parts connecting the device, e.g. pressure contacts using springs or clips |
| 2224/49171 | | Fan-out arrangements | 2224/73 | | Means for bonding being of different types provided for in two or more of groups H01L 2224/10 , H01L 2224/18 , H01L 2224/26 , H01L 2224/34 , H01L 2224/42 , H01L 2224/50 , H01L 2224/63 , H01L 2224/71 |
| 2224/49173 | | Radial fan-out arrangements | 2224/731 | | Location prior to the connecting process |
| 2224/49174 | | Stacked arrangements | 2224/73101 | | on the same surface |
| 2224/49175 | | Parallel arrangements | 2224/73103 | | Bump and layer connectors |
| 2224/49176 | | Wire connectors having the same loop shape and height | 2224/73104 | | the bump connector being embedded into the layer connector |
| 2224/49177 | | Combinations of different arrangements | 2224/73151 | | on different surfaces |
| | | | 2224/73153 | | Bump and layer connectors |
| | | | 2224/732 | | Location after the connecting process |
| | | | 2224/73201 | | on the same surface |

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| 2224/73203 | | Bump and layer connectors | 2224/75161 | | Means for screen printing, e.g. roller, squeegee, screen stencil |
| 2224/73204 | | the bump connector being embedded into the layer connector | 2224/7517 | | Means for applying a preform, e.g. laminator |
| 2224/73205 | | Bump and strap connectors | 2224/75171 | | including a vacuum-bag |
| 2224/73207 | | Bump and wire connectors | 2224/7518 | | Means for blanket deposition |
| 2224/73209 | | Bump and HDI connectors | 2224/75181 | | for spin coating, i.e. spin coater |
| 2224/73211 | | Bump and TAB connectors | 2224/75182 | | for curtain coating |
| 2224/73213 | | Layer and strap connectors | 2224/75183 | | for immersion coating, i.e. bath |
| 2224/73215 | | Layer and wire connectors | 2224/75184 | | for spray coating, i.e. nozzle |
| 2224/73217 | | Layer and HDI connectors | 2224/75185 | | Means for physical vapour deposition [PVD], e.g. evaporation, sputtering |
| 2224/73219 | | Layer and TAB connectors | 2224/75186 | | Means for sputtering, e.g. target |
| 2224/73221 | | Strap and wire connectors | 2224/75187 | | Means for evaporation |
| 2224/73223 | | Strap and HDI connectors | 2224/75188 | | Means for chemical vapour deposition [CVD], e.g. for laser CVD |
| 2224/73225 | | Strap and TAB connectors | 2224/75189 | | Means for plating, e.g. for electroplating, electroless plating |
| 2224/73227 | | Wire and HDI connectors | 2224/752 | . . . | Protection means against electrical discharge |
| 2224/73229 | | Wire and TAB connectors | 2224/7525 | . . . | Means for applying energy, e.g. heating means |
| 2224/73231 | | HDI and TAB connectors | 2224/75251 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck |
| 2224/73251 | . . . | on different surfaces | 2224/75252 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the bonding head |
| 2224/73253 | | Bump and layer connectors | 2224/75253 | | adapted for localised heating |
| 2224/73255 | | Bump and strap connectors | 2224/7526 | | Polychromatic heating lamp |
| 2224/73257 | | Bump and wire connectors | 2224/75261 | | Laser |
| 2224/73259 | | Bump and HDI connectors | 2224/75262 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck |
| 2224/73261 | | Bump and TAB connectors | 2224/75263 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the bonding head |
| 2224/73263 | | Layer and strap connectors | 2224/75264 | | by induction heating, i.e. coils |
| 2224/73265 | | Layer and wire connectors | 2224/75265 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck |
| 2224/73267 | | Layer and HDI connectors | 2224/75266 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the bonding head |
| 2224/73269 | | Layer and TAB connectors | 2224/75267 | | Flame torch, e.g. hydrogen torch |
| 2224/73271 | | Strap and wire connectors | 2224/75268 | | Discharge electrode |
| 2224/73273 | | Strap and HDI connectors | 2224/75269 | | Shape of the discharge electrode |
| 2224/73275 | | Strap and TAB connectors | 2224/7527 | | Material of the discharge electrode |
| 2224/73277 | | Wire and HDI connectors | 2224/75271 | | Circuitry of the discharge electrode |
| 2224/73279 | | Wire and TAB connectors | 2224/75272 | | Oven |
| 2224/73281 | | HDI and TAB connectors | 2224/7528 | | Resistance welding electrodes, i.e. for ohmic heating |
| 2224/74 | . | Apparatus for manufacturing arrangements for connecting or disconnecting semiconductor or solid-state bodies and for methods related thereto | 2224/75281 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck |
| 2224/741 | . . | Apparatus for manufacturing means for bonding, e.g. connectors | 2224/75282 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the bonding head |
| 2224/742 | . . . | Apparatus for manufacturing bump connectors | 2224/75283 | | by infrared heating, e.g. infrared heating lamp |
| 2224/743 | . . . | Apparatus for manufacturing layer connectors | 2224/753 | | by means of pressure |
| 2224/744 | . . . | Apparatus for manufacturing strap connectors | 2224/75301 | | Bonding head |
| 2224/745 | . . . | Apparatus for manufacturing wire connectors | 2224/75302 | | Shape |
| 2224/749 | . . . | Tools for reworking, e.g. for shaping | 2224/75303 | | of the pressing surface |
| 2224/75 | . . | Apparatus for connecting with bump connectors or layer connectors | 2224/75304 | | being curved |
| 2224/75001 | . . . | Calibration means | 2224/75305 | | comprising protrusions |
| 2224/7501 | . . . | Means for cleaning, e.g. brushes, for hydro blasting, for ultrasonic cleaning, for dry ice blasting, using gas-flow, by etching, by applying flux or plasma | 2224/7531 | | of other parts |
| 2224/751 | . . . | Means for controlling the bonding environment, e.g. valves, vacuum pumps | 2224/75312 | | Material |
| 2224/75101 | | Chamber | 2224/75313 | | Removable bonding head |
| 2224/75102 | | Vacuum chamber | 2224/75314 | | Auxiliary members on the pressing surface |
| 2224/7511 | | High pressure chamber | 2224/75315 | | Elastomer inlay |
| 2224/7515 | . . . | Means for applying permanent coating, e.g. in-situ coating | 2224/75316 | | with retaining mechanisms |
| 2224/75151 | | Means for direct writing | 2224/75317 | | Removable auxiliary member |
| 2224/75152 | | Syringe | | | |
| 2224/75153 | | integrated into the bonding head | | | |
| 2224/75155 | | Jetting means, e.g. ink jet | | | |
| 2224/75158 | | including a laser | | | |

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| 2224/75318 | | Shape of the auxiliary member | 2224/75744 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck |
| 2224/7532 | | Material of the auxiliary member | 2224/75745 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the bonding head |
| 2224/75343 | | by ultrasonic vibrations | 2224/75753 | | Means for optical alignment, e.g. sensors |
| 2224/75344 | | Eccentric cams | 2224/75754 | | Guiding structures |
| 2224/75345 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck | 2224/75755 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck |
| 2224/75346 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the bonding head | 2224/75756 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the bonding head |
| 2224/75347 | | Piezoelectric transducers | 2224/758 | | Means for moving parts |
| 2224/75348 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck | 2224/75801 | | Lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. XY table |
| 2224/75349 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the bonding head | 2224/75802 | | Rotational mechanism |
| 2224/7535 | | Stable and mobile yokes | 2224/75803 | | Pivoting mechanism |
| 2224/75351 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck | 2224/75804 | | Translational mechanism |
| 2224/75352 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the bonding head | 2224/75821 | | Upper part of the bonding apparatus, i.e. bonding head |
| 2224/75353 | | Ultrasonic horns | 2224/75822 | | Rotational mechanism |
| 2224/75354 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck | 2224/75823 | | Pivoting mechanism |
| 2224/75355 | | Design, e.g. of the wave guide | 2224/75824 | | Translational mechanism |
| 2224/755 | | Cooling means | 2224/75841 | | of the bonding head |
| 2224/75501 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck | 2224/75842 | | Rotational mechanism |
| 2224/75502 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the bonding head | 2224/75843 | | Pivoting mechanism |
| 2224/7555 | | Mechanical means, e.g. for planarising, pressing, stamping | 2224/759 | | Means for monitoring the connection process |
| 2224/756 | | Means for supplying the connector to be connected in the bonding apparatus | 2224/75901 | | using a computer, e.g. fully- or semi-automatic bonding |
| 2224/75601 | | Storing means | 2224/7592 | | Load or pressure adjusting means, e.g. sensors |
| 2224/75611 | | Feeding means | 2224/75925 | | Vibration adjusting means, e.g. sensors |
| 2224/75621 | | Holding means | 2224/7595 | | Means for forming additional members |
| 2224/7565 | | Means for transporting the components to be connected | 2224/7598 | | specially adapted for batch processes |
| 2224/75651 | | Belt conveyor | 2224/75981 | | Apparatus chuck |
| 2224/75652 | | Chain conveyor | 2224/75982 | | Shape |
| 2224/75653 | | Vibrating conveyor | 2224/75983 | | of the mounting surface |
| 2224/75654 | | Pneumatic conveyor | 2224/75984 | | of other portions |
| 2224/75655 | | in a fluid | 2224/75985 | | Material |
| 2224/757 | | Means for aligning | 2224/75986 | | Auxiliary members on the pressing surface |
| 2224/75701 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck | 2224/75987 | | Shape of the auxiliary member |
| 2224/75702 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the bonding head | 2224/75988 | | Material of the auxiliary member |
| 2224/75703 | | Mechanical holding means | 2224/76 | | Apparatus for connecting with build-up interconnects |
| 2224/75704 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck | 2224/76001 | | Calibration means |
| 2224/75705 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the bonding head | 2224/7601 | | Means for cleaning, e.g. brushes, for hydro blasting, for ultrasonic cleaning, for dry ice blasting, using gas-flow, by etching, by applying flux or plasma |
| 2224/75723 | | Electrostatic holding means | 2224/761 | | Means for controlling the bonding environment, e.g. valves, vacuum pumps |
| 2224/75724 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck | 2224/76101 | | Chamber |
| 2224/75725 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the bonding head | 2224/76102 | | Vacuum chamber |
| 2224/75733 | | Magnetic holding means | 2224/7611 | | High pressure chamber |
| 2224/75734 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck | 2224/7615 | | Means for depositing |
| 2224/75735 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the bonding head | 2224/76151 | | Means for direct writing |
| 2224/75743 | | Suction holding means | 2224/76152 | | Syringe |
| | | | 2224/76155 | | Jetting means, e.g. ink jet |
| | | | 2224/76158 | | including a laser |
| | | | 2224/76161 | | Means for screen printing, e.g. roller, squeegee, screen stencil |
| | | | 2224/7617 | | Means for applying a preform, e.g. laminator |
| | | | 2224/76171 | | including a vacuum-bag |
| | | | 2224/7618 | | Means for blanket deposition |

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| 2224/76181 | | for spin coating, i.e. spin coater | 2224/76347 | | Piezoelectric transducers |
| 2224/76182 | | for curtain coating | 2224/76348 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck |
| 2224/76183 | | for immersion coating, i.e. bath | 2224/76349 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus |
| 2224/76184 | | for spray coating, i.e. nozzle | 2224/7635 | | Stable and mobile yokes |
| 2224/76185 | | Means for physical vapour deposition [PVD] | 2224/76351 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck |
| 2224/76186 | | Means for sputtering, e.g. target | 2224/76352 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus |
| 2224/76187 | | Means for evaporation | 2224/76353 | | Ultrasonic horns |
| 2224/76188 | | Means for chemical vapour deposition [CVD], e.g. for laser CVD | 2224/76354 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck |
| 2224/76189 | | Means for plating, e.g. for electroplating, electroless plating | 2224/76355 | | Design, e.g. of the wave guide |
| 2224/762 | . . . | Protection means against electrical discharge | 2224/765 | . . . | Cooling means |
| 2224/7625 | . . . | Means for applying energy, e.g. heating means | 2224/76501 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck |
| 2224/76251 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck | 2224/76502 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus |
| 2224/76252 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus | 2224/7655 | . . . | Mechanical means, e.g. for planarising, pressing, stamping |
| 2224/76253 | | adapted for localised heating | 2224/76552 | | for drilling |
| 2224/7626 | | Polychromatic heating lamp | 2224/76554 | | for abrasive blasting, e.g. sand blasting, wet blasting, hydro-blasting, dry ice blasting |
| 2224/76261 | | Laser | 2224/766 | . . . | Means for supplying the material of the interconnect |
| 2224/76262 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck | 2224/76601 | | Storing means |
| 2224/76263 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus | 2224/76611 | | Feeding means |
| 2224/76264 | | by induction heating, i.e. coils | 2224/76621 | | Holding means |
| 2224/76265 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck | 2224/7665 | | Means for transporting the components to be connected |
| 2224/76266 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus | 2224/76651 | | Belt conveyor |
| 2224/76267 | | Flame torch, e.g. hydrogen torch | 2224/76652 | | Chain conveyor |
| 2224/76268 | | Discharge electrode | 2224/76653 | | Vibrating conveyor |
| 2224/76269 | | Shape of the discharge electrode | 2224/76654 | | Pneumatic conveyor |
| 2224/7627 | | Material of the discharge electrode | 2224/76655 | | in a fluid |
| 2224/76271 | | Circuitry of the discharge electrode | 2224/767 | . . . | Means for aligning |
| 2224/76272 | | Oven | 2224/76701 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck |
| 2224/7628 | | Resistance welding electrodes, i.e. for ohmic heating | 2224/76702 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus |
| 2224/76281 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck | 2224/76703 | | Mechanical holding means |
| 2224/76282 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus | 2224/76704 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck |
| 2224/76283 | | by infrared heating, e.g. infrared heating lamp | 2224/76705 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus |
| 2224/763 | | by means of pressure | 2224/76723 | | Electrostatic holding means |
| 2224/76301 | | Pressing head | 2224/76724 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck |
| 2224/76302 | | Shape | 2224/76725 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus |
| 2224/76303 | | of the pressing surface | 2224/76733 | | Magnetic holding means |
| 2224/76304 | | being curved | 2224/76734 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck |
| 2224/76305 | | comprising protrusions | 2224/76735 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus |
| 2224/7631 | | of other parts | 2224/76743 | | Suction holding means |
| 2224/76312 | | Material | 2224/76744 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck |
| 2224/76313 | | Removable pressing head | 2224/76745 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus |
| 2224/76314 | | Auxiliary members on the pressing surface | 2224/76753 | | Means for optical alignment, e.g. sensors |
| 2224/76315 | | Elastomer inlay | 2224/76754 | | Guiding structures |
| 2224/76316 | | with retaining mechanisms | 2224/76755 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck |
| 2224/76317 | | Removable auxiliary member | 2224/76756 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus |
| 2224/76318 | | Shape of the auxiliary member | 2224/768 | . . . | Means for moving parts |
| 2224/7632 | | Material of the auxiliary member | 2224/76801 | | Lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. XY table |
| 2224/76343 | | by ultrasonic vibrations | | | |
| 2224/76344 | | Eccentric cams | | | |
| 2224/76345 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck | | | |
| 2224/76346 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus | | | |

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| 2224/76802 | | Rotational mechanism | 2224/772 | . . . | Protection means against electrical discharge |
| 2224/76803 | | Pivoting mechanism | 2224/7725 | . . . | Means for applying energy, e.g. heating means |
| 2224/76804 | | Translational mechanism | 2224/77251 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck |
| 2224/76821 | | Upper part of the bonding apparatus, i.e. bonding head | 2224/77252 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the wedge |
| 2224/76822 | | Rotational mechanism | 2224/77253 | | adapted for localised heating |
| 2224/76823 | | Pivoting mechanism | 2224/7726 | | Polychromatic heating lamp |
| 2224/76824 | | Translational mechanism | 2224/77261 | | Laser |
| 2224/76841 | | of the bonding head | 2224/77262 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck |
| 2224/76842 | | Rotational mechanism | 2224/77263 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the wedge |
| 2224/76843 | | Pivoting mechanism | 2224/77264 | | by induction heating, i.e. coils |
| 2224/769 | . . . | Means for monitoring the connection process | 2224/77265 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck |
| 2224/76901 | | using a computer, e.g. fully- or semi-automatic bonding | 2224/77266 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the wedge |
| 2224/7692 | | Load or pressure adjusting means, e.g. sensors | 2224/77267 | | Flame torch, e.g. hydrogen torch |
| 2224/76925 | | Vibration adjusting means, e.g. sensors | 2224/77268 | | Discharge electrode |
| 2224/7695 | . . . | Means for forming additional members | 2224/77269 | | Shape of the discharge electrode |
| 2224/7698 | . . . | specially adapted for batch processes | 2224/7727 | | Material of the discharge electrode |
| 2224/76981 | . . . | Apparatus chuck | 2224/77271 | | Circuitry of the discharge electrode |
| 2224/76982 | | Shape | 2224/77272 | | Oven |
| 2224/76983 | | of the mounting surface | 2224/7728 | | Resistance welding electrodes, i.e. for ohmic heating |
| 2224/76984 | | of other portions | 2224/77281 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck |
| 2224/76985 | | Material | 2224/77282 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the wedge |
| 2224/76986 | | Auxiliary members on the pressing surface | 2224/77283 | | by infrared heating, e.g. infrared heating lamp |
| 2224/76987 | | Shape of the auxiliary member | 2224/773 | | by means of pressure |
| 2224/76988 | | Material of the auxiliary member | 2224/77313 | | Wedge |
| 2224/77 | . . | Apparatus for connecting with strap connectors | 2224/77314 | | Shape |
| 2224/77001 | . . . | Calibration means | 2224/77315 | | of the pressing surface, e.g. tip or head |
| 2224/7701 | . . . | Means for cleaning, e.g. brushes, for hydro blasting, for ultrasonic cleaning, for dry ice blasting, using gas-flow, by etching, by applying flux or plasma | 2224/77316 | | comprising protrusions |
| 2224/771 | . . . | Means for controlling the bonding environment, e.g. valves, vacuum pumps | 2224/77317 | | of other portions |
| 2224/77101 | | Chamber | 2224/77318 | | inside the capillary |
| 2224/77102 | | Vacuum chamber | 2224/77319 | | outside the capillary |
| 2224/7711 | | High pressure chamber | 2224/7732 | | Removable wedge |
| 2224/7715 | . . . | Means for applying permanent coating, e.g. in-situ coating | 2224/77321 | | Material |
| 2224/77151 | | Means for direct writing | 2224/77325 | | Auxiliary members on the pressing surface |
| 2224/77152 | | Syringe | 2224/77326 | | Removable auxiliary member |
| 2224/77153 | | integrated into the capillary or wedge | 2224/77327 | | Shape of the auxiliary member |
| 2224/77155 | | Jetting means, e.g. ink jet | 2224/77328 | | Material of the auxiliary member |
| 2224/77158 | | including a laser | 2224/77343 | | by ultrasonic vibrations |
| 2224/77161 | | Means for screen printing, e.g. roller, squeegee, screen stencil | 2224/77344 | | Eccentric cams |
| 2224/7717 | | Means for applying a preform, e.g. laminator | 2224/77345 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck |
| 2224/77171 | | including a vacuum-bag | 2224/77346 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the wedge |
| 2224/7718 | | Means for blanket deposition | 2224/77347 | | Piezoelectric transducers |
| 2224/77181 | | for spin coating, i.e. spin coater | 2224/77348 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck |
| 2224/77182 | | for curtain coating | 2224/77349 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the wedge |
| 2224/77183 | | for immersion coating, i.e. bath | 2224/7735 | | Stable and mobile yokes |
| 2224/77184 | | for spray coating, i.e. nozzle | 2224/77351 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck |
| 2224/77185 | | Means for physical vapour deposition [PVD], e.g. evaporation, sputtering | | | |
| 2224/77186 | | Means for sputtering, e.g. target | | | |
| 2224/77187 | | Means for evaporation | | | |
| 2224/77188 | | Means for chemical vapour deposition [CVD], e.g. for laser CVD | | | |
| 2224/77189 | | Means for plating, e.g. for electroplating, electroless plating | | | |

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| 2224/77352 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the wedge | 2224/77821 | | Upper part of the bonding apparatus, i.e. bonding head, e.g. capillary or wedge |
| 2224/77353 | | Ultrasonic horns | 2224/77822 | | Rotational mechanism |
| 2224/77354 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the mounting chuck | 2224/77823 | | Pivoting mechanism |
| 2224/77355 | | Design, e.g. of the wave guide | 2224/77824 | | Translational mechanism |
| 2224/775 | . . . | Cooling means | 2224/77841 | | of the pressing portion, e.g. tip or head |
| 2224/77501 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck | 2224/77842 | | Rotational mechanism |
| 2224/77502 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the wedge | 2224/77843 | | Pivoting mechanism |
| 2224/7755 | . . . | Mechanical means, e.g. for severing, pressing, stamping | 2224/779 | . . . | Means for monitoring the connection process |
| 2224/776 | . . . | Means for supplying the connector to be connected in the bonding apparatus | 2224/77901 | | using a computer, e.g. fully- or semi-automatic bonding |
| 2224/77601 | | Storing means | 2224/7792 | | Load or pressure adjusting means, e.g. sensors |
| 2224/77611 | | Feeding means | 2224/77925 | | Vibration adjusting means, e.g. sensors |
| 2224/77621 | | Holding means, e.g. wire claspers | 2224/7795 | . . . | Means for forming additional members |
| 2224/77631 | | Means for wire tension adjustments | 2224/7798 | . . . | specially adapted for batch processes |
| 2224/7765 | . . . | Means for transporting the components to be connected | 2224/77981 | . . . | Apparatus chuck |
| 2224/77651 | | Belt conveyor | 2224/77982 | | Shape |
| 2224/77652 | | Chain conveyor | 2224/77983 | | of the mounting surface |
| 2224/77653 | | Vibrating conveyor | 2224/77984 | | of other portions |
| 2224/77654 | | Pneumatic conveyor | 2224/77985 | | Material |
| 2224/77655 | | in a fluid | 2224/77986 | | Auxiliary members on the pressing surface |
| 2224/777 | . . . | Means for aligning | 2224/77987 | | Shape of the auxiliary member |
| 2224/77701 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck | 2224/77988 | | Material of the auxiliary member |
| 2224/77702 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the wedge | 2224/78 | . . . | Apparatus for connecting with wire connectors |
| 2224/77703 | | Mechanical holding means | 2224/78001 | . . . | Calibration means |
| 2224/77704 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck | 2224/7801 | . . . | Means for cleaning, e.g. brushes, for hydro blasting, for ultrasonic cleaning, for dry ice blasting, using gas-flow, by etching, by applying flux or plasma |
| 2224/77705 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the wedge | 2224/781 | . . . | Means for controlling the bonding environment, e.g. valves, vacuum pumps |
| 2224/77723 | | Electrostatic holding means | 2224/78101 | | Chamber |
| 2224/77724 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck | 2224/78102 | | Vacuum chamber |
| 2224/77725 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the wedge | 2224/7811 | | High pressure chamber |
| 2224/77733 | | Magnetic holding means | 2224/7815 | . . . | Means for applying permanent coating, e.g. in-situ coating |
| 2224/77734 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck | 2224/782 | . . . | Protection means against electrical discharge |
| 2224/77735 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the wedge | 2224/7825 | . . . | Means for applying energy, e.g. heating means |
| 2224/77743 | | Suction holding means | 2224/78251 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck |
| 2224/77744 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck | 2224/78252 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the capillary or wedge |
| 2224/77745 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the wedge | 2224/78253 | | adapted for localised heating |
| 2224/77753 | | Means for optical alignment, e.g. sensors | 2224/7826 | | Polychromatic heating lamp |
| 2224/77754 | | Guiding structures | 2224/78261 | | Laser |
| 2224/77755 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck | 2224/78262 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck |
| 2224/77756 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the wedge | 2224/78263 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the capillary or wedge |
| 2224/778 | . . . | Means for moving parts | 2224/78264 | | by induction heating, i.e. coils |
| 2224/77801 | | Lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. XY table | 2224/78265 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck |
| 2224/77802 | | Rotational mechanism | 2224/78266 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the capillary or wedge |
| 2224/77803 | | Pivoting mechanism | 2224/78267 | | Flame torch, e.g. hydrogen torch |
| 2224/77804 | | Translational mechanism | 2224/78268 | | Discharge electrode |
| | | | 2224/78269 | | Shape of the discharge electrode |
| | | | 2224/7827 | | Material of the discharge electrode |
| | | | 2224/78271 | | Circuitry of the discharge electrode |
| | | | 2224/78272 | | Oven |
| | | | 2224/7828 | | Resistance welding electrodes, i.e. for ohmic heating |

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| 2224/78281 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck | 2224/78502 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the capillary or wedge |
| 2224/78282 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the capillary or wedge | 2224/7855 | | Mechanical means, e.g. for severing, pressing, stamping |
| 2224/78283 | | by infrared heating, e.g. infrared heating lamp | 2224/786 | | Means for supplying the connector to be connected in the bonding apparatus |
| 2224/783 | | by means of pressure | 2224/78601 | | Storing means |
| 2224/78301 | | Capillary | 2224/78611 | | Feeding means |
| 2224/78302 | | Shape | 2224/78621 | | Holding means, e.g. wire clampers |
| 2224/78303 | | of the pressing surface, e.g. tip or head | 2224/78631 | | Means for wire tension adjustments |
| 2224/78304 | | comprising protrusions | 2224/7865 | | Means for transporting the components to be connected |
| 2224/78305 | | of other portions | 2224/78651 | | Belt conveyor |
| 2224/78306 | | inside the capillary | 2224/78652 | | Chain conveyor |
| 2224/78307 | | outside the capillary | 2224/78653 | | Vibrating conveyor |
| 2224/78308 | | Removable capillary | 2224/78654 | | Pneumatic conveyor |
| 2224/78309 | | Material | 2224/78655 | | in a fluid |
| 2224/7831 | | Auxiliary members on the pressing surface | 2224/787 | | Means for aligning |
| 2224/78311 | | Removable auxiliary member | 2224/78701 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck |
| 2224/78312 | | Shape of the auxiliary member | 2224/78702 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the capillary or wedge |
| 2224/78313 | | Wedge | 2224/78703 | | Mechanical holding means |
| 2224/78314 | | Shape | 2224/78704 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck |
| 2224/78315 | | of the pressing surface, e.g. tip or head | 2224/78705 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the capillary or wedge |
| 2224/78316 | | comprising protrusions | 2224/78723 | | Electrostatic holding means |
| 2224/78317 | | of other portions | 2224/78724 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck |
| 2224/78318 | | inside the capillary | 2224/78725 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the capillary or wedge |
| 2224/78319 | | outside the capillary | 2224/78733 | | Magnetic holding means |
| 2224/7832 | | Removable wedge | 2224/78734 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck |
| 2224/78321 | | Material | 2224/78735 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the capillary or wedge |
| 2224/78325 | | Auxiliary members on the pressing surface | 2224/78743 | | Suction holding means |
| 2224/78326 | | Removable auxiliary member | 2224/78744 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck |
| 2224/78327 | | Shape of the auxiliary member | 2224/78745 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the capillary or wedge |
| 2224/78328 | | Material of the auxiliary member | 2224/78753 | | Means for optical alignment, e.g. sensors |
| 2224/78343 | | by ultrasonic vibrations | 2224/78754 | | Guiding structures |
| 2224/78344 | | Eccentric cams | 2224/78755 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck |
| 2224/78345 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck | 2224/78756 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the capillary or wedge |
| 2224/78346 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the capillary or wedge | 2224/788 | | Means for moving parts |
| 2224/78347 | | Piezoelectric transducers | 2224/78801 | | Lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. XY table |
| 2224/78348 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck | 2224/78802 | | Rotational mechanism |
| 2224/78349 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the capillary or wedge | 2224/78803 | | Pivoting mechanism |
| 2224/7835 | | Stable and mobile yokes | 2224/78804 | | Translational mechanism |
| 2224/78351 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck | 2224/78821 | | Upper part of the bonding apparatus, i.e. bonding head, e.g. capillary or wedge |
| 2224/78352 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the capillary or wedge | 2224/78822 | | Rotational mechanism |
| 2224/78353 | | Ultrasonic horns | 2224/78823 | | Pivoting mechanism |
| 2224/78354 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the mounting chuck | 2224/78824 | | Translational mechanism |
| 2224/78355 | | Design, e.g. of the wave guide | 2224/78841 | | of the pressing portion, e.g. tip or head |
| 2224/785 | | Cooling means | 2224/78842 | | Rotational mechanism |
| 2224/78501 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck | 2224/78843 | | Pivoting mechanism |
| | | | 2224/789 | | Means for monitoring the connection process |

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| 2224/78901 | | using a computer, e.g. fully- or semi-automatic bonding |
| 2224/7892 | | Load or pressure adjusting means, e.g. sensors |
| 2224/78925 | | Vibration adjusting means, e.g. sensors |
| 2224/7895 | | Means for forming additional members |
| 2224/7898 | | specially adapted for batch processes |
| 2224/78981 | | Apparatus chuck |
| 2224/78982 | | Shape |
| 2224/78983 | | of the mounting surface |
| 2224/78984 | | of other portions |
| 2224/78985 | | Material |
| 2224/78986 | | Auxiliary members on the pressing surface |
| 2224/78987 | | Shape of the auxiliary member |
| 2224/78988 | | Material of the auxiliary member |
| 2224/79 | . . | Apparatus for Tape Automated Bonding [TAB] |
| 2224/79001 | . . . | Calibration means |
| 2224/7901 | . . . | Means for cleaning, e.g. brushes, for hydro blasting, for ultrasonic cleaning, for dry ice blasting, using gas-flow, by etching, by applying flux or plasma |
| 2224/791 | . . . | Means for controlling the bonding environment, e.g. valves, vacuum pumps |
| 2224/79101 | | Chamber |
| 2224/79102 | | Vacuum chamber |
| 2224/7911 | | High pressure chamber |
| 2224/7915 | . . . | Means for applying permanent coating |
| 2224/79151 | | Means for direct writing |
| 2224/79152 | | Syringe |
| 2224/79153 | | integrated into the pressing head |
| 2224/79155 | | Jetting means, e.g. ink jet |
| 2224/79158 | | including a laser |
| 2224/79161 | | Means for screen printing, e.g. roller, squeegee, screen stencil |
| 2224/7917 | | Means for applying a preform, e.g. laminator |
| 2224/79171 | | including a vacuum-bag |
| 2224/7918 | | Means for blanket deposition |
| 2224/79181 | | for spin coating, i.e. spin coater |
| 2224/79182 | | for curtain coating |
| 2224/79183 | | for immersion coating, i.e. bath |
| 2224/79184 | | for spray coating, i.e. nozzle |
| 2224/79185 | | Means for physical vapour deposition [PVD], e.g. evaporation, sputtering |
| 2224/79186 | | Means for sputtering, e.g. target |
| 2224/79187 | | Means for evaporation |
| 2224/79188 | | Means for chemical vapour deposition [CVD], e.g. for laser CVD |
| 2224/79189 | | Means for plating, e.g. for electroplating, electroless plating |
| 2224/792 | . . . | Protection means against electrical discharge |
| 2224/7925 | . . . | Means for applying energy, e.g. heating means |
| 2224/79251 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck |
| 2224/79252 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the pressing head |
| 2224/79253 | | adapted for localised heating |
| 2224/7926 | | Polychromatic heating lamp |
| 2224/79261 | | Laser |
| 2224/79262 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck |
| 2224/79263 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the pressing head |
| 2224/79264 | | by induction heating, i.e. coils |
| 2224/79265 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck |
| 2224/79266 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the pressing head |
| 2224/79267 | | Flame torch, e.g. hydrogen torch |
| 2224/79268 | | Discharge electrode |
| 2224/79269 | | Shape of the discharge electrode |
| 2224/7927 | | Material of the discharge electrode |
| 2224/79271 | | Circuitry of the discharge electrode |
| 2224/79272 | | Oven |
| 2224/7928 | | Resistance welding electrodes, i.e. for ohmic heating |
| 2224/79281 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck |
| 2224/79282 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the pressing head |
| 2224/79283 | | by infrared heating, e.g. infrared heating lamp |
| 2224/793 | | by means of pressure |
| 2224/79301 | | Pressing head |
| 2224/79302 | | Shape |
| 2224/79303 | | of the pressing surface |
| 2224/79304 | | being curved |
| 2224/79305 | | comprising protrusions |
| 2224/7931 | | of other parts |
| 2224/79312 | | Material |
| 2224/79313 | | Removable pressing head |
| 2224/79314 | | Auxiliary members on the pressing surface |
| 2224/79315 | | Elastomer inlay |
| 2224/79316 | | with retaining mechanisms |
| 2224/79317 | | Removable auxiliary member |
| 2224/79318 | | Shape of the auxiliary member |
| 2224/7932 | | Material of the auxiliary member |
| 2224/79343 | | by ultrasonic vibrations |
| 2224/79344 | | Eccentric cams |
| 2224/79345 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck |
| 2224/79346 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the pressing head |
| 2224/79347 | | Piezoelectric transducers |
| 2224/79348 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck |
| 2224/79349 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the pressing head |
| 2224/7935 | | Stable and mobile yokes |
| 2224/79351 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck |
| 2224/79352 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the pressing head |
| 2224/79353 | | Ultrasonic horns |
| 2224/79354 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck |
| 2224/79355 | | Design, e.g. of the wave guide |
| 2224/795 | . . . | Cooling means |
| 2224/79501 | | in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck |
| 2224/79502 | | in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the pressing head |
| 2224/7955 | . . . | Mechanical means, e.g. for pressing, stamping |
| 2224/796 | . . . | Means for supplying the connector to be connected in the bonding apparatus |

- 2224/79601 Storing means
- 2224/79611 Feeding means
- 2224/79621 Holding means
- 2224/7965 . . . Means for transporting the components to be connected
- 2224/79651 Belt conveyor
- 2224/79652 Chain conveyor
- 2224/79653 Vibrating conveyor
- 2224/79654 Pneumatic conveyor
- 2224/79655 in a fluid
- 2224/797 . . . Means for aligning
- 2224/79701 in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck
- 2224/79702 in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the pressing head
- 2224/79703 Mechanical holding means
- 2224/79704 in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck
- 2224/79705 in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the pressing head
- 2224/79723 Electrostatic holding means
- 2224/79724 in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck
- 2224/79725 in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the pressing head
- 2224/79733 Magnetic holding means
- 2224/79734 in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck
- 2224/79735 in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the pressing head
- 2224/79743 Suction holding means
- 2224/79744 in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck
- 2224/79745 in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the pressing head
- 2224/79753 Means for optical alignment, e.g. sensors
- 2224/79754 Guiding structures
- 2224/79755 in the lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the apparatus chuck
- 2224/79756 in the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. in the pressing head
- 2224/798 . . . Means for moving parts
- 2224/79801 Lower part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. XY table
- 2224/79802 Rotational mechanism
- 2224/79803 Pivoting mechanism
- 2224/79804 Translational mechanism
- 2224/79821 Upper part of the bonding apparatus, i.e. pressing head
- 2224/79822 Rotational mechanism
- 2224/79823 Pivoting mechanism
- 2224/79824 Translational mechanism
- 2224/79841 of the pressing head
- 2224/79842 Rotational mechanism
- 2224/79843 Pivoting mechanism
- 2224/799 . . . Means for monitoring the connection process
- 2224/79901 using a computer, e.g. fully- or semi-automatic bonding
- 2224/7992 Load or pressure adjusting means, e.g. sensors
- 2224/79925 Vibration adjusting means, e.g. sensors
- 2224/7995 . . . Means for forming additional members
- 2224/7998 . . . specially adapted for batch processes
- 2224/79981 . . . Apparatus chuck
- 2224/79982 Shape
- 2224/79983 of the mounting surface
- 2224/79984 of other portions
- 2224/79985 Material
- 2224/79986 Auxiliary members on the pressing surface
- 2224/79987 Shape of the auxiliary member
- 2224/79988 Material of the auxiliary member
- 2224/7999 . . . for disconnecting
- 2224/80 . . . Methods for connecting semiconductor or other solid state bodies using means for bonding being attached to, or being formed on, the surface to be connected
- 2224/80001 . . . by connecting a bonding area directly to another bonding area, i.e. connectorless bonding, e.g. bumpless bonding
- 2224/80003 . . . involving a temporary auxiliary member not forming part of the bonding apparatus
- 2224/80004 being a removable or sacrificial coating
- 2224/80006 being a temporary or sacrificial substrate
- 2224/80007 . . . involving a permanent auxiliary member being left in the finished device, e.g. aids for protecting the bonding area during or after the bonding process
- 2224/80009 . . . Pre-treatment of the bonding area
- 2224/8001 Cleaning the bonding area, e.g. oxide removal step, desmearing
- 2224/80011 Chemical cleaning, e.g. etching, flux
- 2224/80012 Mechanical cleaning, e.g. abrasion using hydro blasting, brushes, ultrasonic cleaning, dry ice blasting, gas-flow
- 2224/80013 Plasma cleaning
- 2224/80014 Thermal cleaning, e.g. decomposition, sublimation
- 2224/80019 Combinations of two or more cleaning methods provided for in at least two different groups from [H01L 2224/8001](#) - [H01L 2224/80014](#)
- 2224/8002 Applying permanent coating to the bonding area in the bonding apparatus, e.g. in-situ coating
- 2224/80024 Applying flux to the bonding area in the bonding apparatus
- 2224/8003 Reshaping the bonding area in the bonding apparatus, e.g. flattening the bonding area
- 2224/80031 by chemical means, e.g. etching, anodisation
- 2224/80035 by heating means
- 2224/80037 using a polychromatic heating lamp
- 2224/80039 using a laser
- 2224/80041 Induction heating, i.e. eddy currents
- 2224/80047 by mechanical means, e.g. severing, pressing, stamping
- 2224/80048 Thermal treatments, e.g. annealing, controlled pre-heating or pre-cooling
- 2224/80051 Forming additional members
- 2224/80052 . . . Detaching bonding areas, e.g. after testing ([unsoldering in general B23K 1/018](#))
- 2224/80053 . . . Bonding environment
- 2224/80054 Composition of the atmosphere
- 2224/80055 being oxidating
- 2224/80065 being reducing
- 2224/80075 being inert

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| 2224/80085 | | being a liquid, e.g. for fluidic self-assembly | 2224/80211 | | applying isostatic pressure, e.g. degassing using vacuum or a pressurised liquid |
| 2224/8009 | | Vacuum | 2224/80213 | | using a reflow oven |
| 2224/80091 | | Under pressure | 2224/80215 | | with a graded temperature profile |
| 2224/80092 | | Atmospheric pressure | 2224/8022 | | with energy being in the form of electromagnetic radiation |
| 2224/80093 | | Transient conditions, e.g. gas-flow | 2224/80222 | | Induction heating, i.e. eddy currents |
| 2224/80095 | | Temperature settings | 2224/80224 | | using a laser |
| 2224/80096 | | Transient conditions | 2224/8023 | | Polychromatic or infrared lamp heating |
| 2224/80097 | | Heating | 2224/80232 | | using an autocatalytic reaction, e.g. exothermic brazing |
| 2224/80098 | | Cooling | 2224/80234 | | using means for applying energy being within the device, e.g. integrated heater |
| 2224/80099 | | Ambient temperature | 2224/80236 | | using electro-static corona discharge |
| 2224/8011 | . . . | involving protection against electrical discharge, e.g. removing electrostatic charge | 2224/80237 | | using an electron beam (electron beam welding in general B23K 15/00) |
| 2224/8012 | . . . | Aligning | 2224/80238 | | using electric resistance welding, i.e. ohmic heating |
| 2224/80121 | . . . | Active alignment, i.e. by apparatus steering, e.g. optical alignment using marks or sensors | 2224/8034 | . . . | Bonding interfaces of the bonding area |
| 2224/80122 | | by detecting inherent features of, or outside, the semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/80345 | | Shape, e.g. interlocking features |
| 2224/80123 | | Shape or position of the body | 2224/80355 | | having an external coating, e.g. protective bond-through coating |
| 2224/80125 | | Bonding areas on the body | 2224/80357 | | being flush with the surface |
| 2224/80127 | | Bonding areas outside the body | 2224/80359 | | Material |
| 2224/80129 | | Shape or position of the other item | 2224/8036 | . . . | Bonding interfaces of the semiconductor or solid state body |
| 2224/8013 | | using marks formed on the semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/80365 | | Shape, e.g. interlocking features |
| 2224/80132 | | using marks formed outside the semiconductor or solid-state body, i.e. "off-chip" | 2224/80375 | | having an external coating, e.g. protective bond-through coating |
| 2224/80136 | | involving guiding structures, e.g. spacers or supporting members | 2224/80379 | | Material (material of the bonding area prior to the connecting process H01L 2224/05099 and H01L 2224/05599) |
| 2224/80138 | | the guiding structures being at least partially left in the finished device | 2224/8038 | . . . | Bonding interfaces outside the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/80139 | | Guiding structures on the body | 2224/80385 | | Shape, e.g. interlocking features |
| 2224/8014 | | Guiding structures outside the body | 2224/80395 | | having an external coating, e.g. protective bond-through coating |
| 2224/80141 | | Guiding structures both on and outside the body | 2224/80399 | | Material |
| 2224/80143 | | Passive alignment, i.e. self alignment, e.g. using surface energy, chemical reactions, thermal equilibrium | 2224/804 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof |
| 2224/80148 | | involving movement of a part of the bonding apparatus | 2224/80401 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C |
| 2224/80149 | | being the lower part of the bonding apparatus, i.e. holding means for the bodies to be connected, e.g. XY table | 2224/80405 | | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent |
| 2224/8015 | | Rotational movements | 2224/80409 | | Indium [In] as principal constituent |
| 2224/8016 | | Translational movements | 2224/80411 | | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80169 | | being the upper part of the bonding apparatus, i.e. bonding head | 2224/80413 | | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent |
| 2224/8017 | | Rotational movements | 2224/80414 | | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent |
| 2224/8018 | | Translational movements | 2224/80416 | | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/8019 | . . . | Arrangement of the bonding areas prior to mounting | 2224/80417 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C |
| 2224/80194 | | Lateral distribution of the bonding areas | 2224/80418 | | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/802 | . . . | Applying energy for connecting | 2224/8042 | | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80201 | | Compression bonding | 2224/80423 | | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80203 | | Thermocompression bonding, e.g. diffusion bonding, pressure joining, thermocompression welding or solid-state welding | 2224/80424 | | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80204 | | with a graded temperature profile | | | |
| 2224/80205 | | Ultrasonic bonding | | | |
| 2224/80206 | | Direction of oscillation | | | |
| 2224/80207 | | Thermosonic bonding | | | |
| 2224/80209 | | applying unidirectional static pressure | | | |

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| 2224/80438 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C | 2224/805 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof |
| 2224/80439 | | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent | 2224/80501 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C |
| 2224/80444 | | Gold [Au] as principal constituent | 2224/80505 | | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80447 | | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent | 2224/80509 | | Indium [In] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80449 | | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent | 2224/80511 | | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80455 | | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent | 2224/80513 | | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80457 | | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent | 2224/80514 | | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent |
| 2224/8046 | | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent | 2224/80516 | | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80463 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C | 2224/80517 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C |
| 2224/80464 | | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent | 2224/80518 | | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80466 | | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent | 2224/8052 | | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80469 | | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent | 2224/80523 | | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent |
| 2224/8047 | | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent | 2224/80524 | | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80471 | | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent | 2224/80538 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C |
| 2224/80472 | | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent | 2224/80539 | | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80473 | | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent | 2224/80544 | | Gold [Au] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80476 | | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent | 2224/80547 | | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80478 | | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent | 2224/80549 | | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80479 | | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent | 2224/80555 | | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent |
| 2224/8048 | | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent | 2224/80557 | | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80481 | | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent | 2224/8056 | | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80483 | | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent | 2224/80563 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C |
| 2224/80484 | | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent | 2224/80564 | | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80486 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material | 2224/80566 | | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80487 | | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/80488) | 2224/80569 | | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80488 | | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides | 2224/8057 | | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/8049 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy | 2224/80571 | | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80491 | | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene | 2224/80572 | | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80493 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/804 - H01L 2224/80491 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond | 2224/80573 | | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80494 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/804 - H01L 2224/80491 | 2224/80576 | | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80495 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/804 - H01L 2224/80491 | | | |
| 2224/80498 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams | | | |
| 2224/80499 | | Material of the matrix | | | |

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| 2224/80578 | | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent | 2224/80617 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C |
| 2224/80579 | | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent | 2224/80618 | | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/8058 | | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent | 2224/8062 | | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80581 | | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent | 2224/80623 | | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80583 | | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent | 2224/80624 | | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80584 | | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent | 2224/80638 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C |
| 2224/80586 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material | 2224/80639 | | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80587 | | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/80588) | 2224/80644 | | Gold [Au] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80588 | | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides | 2224/80647 | | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent |
| 2224/8059 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy | 2224/80649 | | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80591 | | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene | 2224/80655 | | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80593 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/805 - H01L 2224/80591 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond | 2224/80657 | | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80594 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/805 - H01L 2224/80591 | 2224/8066 | | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80595 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/805 - H01L 2224/80591 | 2224/80663 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C |
| 2224/80598 | | Fillers | 2224/80664 | | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80599 | | Base material | 2224/80666 | | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent |
| 2224/806 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof | 2224/80669 | | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80601 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C | 2224/8067 | | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80605 | | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent | 2224/80671 | | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80609 | | Indium [In] as principal constituent | 2224/80672 | | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80611 | | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent | 2224/80673 | | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80613 | | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent | 2224/80676 | | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80614 | | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent | 2224/80678 | | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80616 | | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent | 2224/80679 | | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent |
| | | | 2224/8068 | | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent |
| | | | 2224/80681 | | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent |
| | | | 2224/80683 | | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent |
| | | | 2224/80684 | | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent |
| | | | 2224/80686 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material |

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| 2224/80687 | | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/80688) | 2224/80724 | | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80688 | ..... | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides | 2224/80738 | ..... | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C |
| 2224/8069 | ..... | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy | 2224/80739 | ..... | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80691 | ..... | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene | 2224/80744 | ..... | Gold [Au] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80693 | ..... | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/806 - H01L 2224/80691 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond | 2224/80747 | ..... | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80694 | ..... | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/806 - H01L 2224/80691 | 2224/80749 | ..... | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80695 | ..... | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/806 - H01L 2224/80691 | 2224/80755 | ..... | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80698 | ..... | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams | 2224/80757 | ..... | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80699 | ..... | Coating material | 2224/8076 | ..... | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent |
| 2224/807 | ..... | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof | 2224/80763 | ..... | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C |
| 2224/80701 | ..... | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C | 2224/80764 | ..... | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80705 | ..... | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent | 2224/80766 | ..... | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80709 | ..... | Indium [In] as principal constituent | 2224/80769 | ..... | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80711 | ..... | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent | 2224/8077 | ..... | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80713 | ..... | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent | 2224/80771 | ..... | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80714 | ..... | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent | 2224/80772 | ..... | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80716 | ..... | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent | 2224/80773 | ..... | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80717 | ..... | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C | 2224/80776 | ..... | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80718 | ..... | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent | 2224/80778 | ..... | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent |
| 2224/8072 | ..... | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent | 2224/80779 | ..... | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/80723 | ..... | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent | 2224/8078 | ..... | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent |
| | | | 2224/80781 | ..... | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent |
| | | | 2224/80783 | ..... | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent |
| | | | 2224/80784 | ..... | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent |
| | | | 2224/80786 | ..... | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material |
| | | | 2224/80787 | ..... | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/80788) |
| | | | 2224/80788 | ..... | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides |
| | | | 2224/8079 | ..... | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy |

- 2224/80791 The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene
- 2224/80793 with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups [H01L 2224/807](#) - [H01L 2224/80791](#), e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond
- 2224/80794 with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups [H01L 2224/807](#) - [H01L 2224/80791](#)
- 2224/80795 with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups [H01L 2224/807](#) - [H01L 2224/80791](#)
- 2224/80798 with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams
- 2224/80799 Shape or distribution of the fillers
- 2224/808 . . . Bonding techniques
- 2224/80801 Soldering or alloying
- 2224/80805 involving forming a eutectic alloy at the bonding interface
- 2224/8081 involving forming an intermetallic compound at the bonding interface
- 2224/80815 Reflow soldering
- 2224/8082 Diffusion bonding
- 2224/80825 Solid-liquid interdiffusion
- 2224/8083 Solid-solid interdiffusion
- 2224/8084 Sintering
- 2224/8085 using a polymer adhesive, e.g. an adhesive based on silicone, epoxy, polyimide, polyester
- 2224/80855 Hardening the adhesive by curing, i.e. thermosetting
- 2224/80856 Pre-cured adhesive, i.e. B-stage adhesive
- 2224/80859 Localised curing of parts of the bonding area
- 2224/80862 Heat curing
- 2224/80865 Microwave curing
- 2224/80868 Infrared [IR] curing
- 2224/80871 Visible light curing
- 2224/80874 Ultraviolet [UV] curing
- 2224/80877 Moisture curing, i.e. curing by exposing to humidity, e.g. for silicones and polyurethanes
- 2224/8088 Hardening the adhesive by cooling, e.g. for thermoplastics or hot-melt adhesives
- 2224/80885 Combinations of two or more hardening methods provided for in at least two different groups from [H01L 2224/80855](#) - [H01L 2224/8088](#), e.g. for hybrid thermoplastic-thermosetting adhesives
- 2224/8089 using an inorganic non metallic glass type adhesive, e.g. solder glass
- 2224/80893 Anodic bonding, i.e. bonding by applying a voltage across the interface in order to induce ions migration leading to an irreversible chemical bond
- 2224/80894 Direct bonding, i.e. joining surfaces by means of intermolecular attracting interactions at their interfaces, e.g. covalent bonds, van der Waals forces
- 2224/80895 between electrically conductive surfaces, e.g. copper-copper direct bonding, surface activated bonding
- 2224/80896 between electrically insulating surfaces, e.g. oxide or nitride layers
- 2224/80897 Mechanical interlocking, e.g. anchoring, hook and loop-type fastening or the like
- 2224/80898 Press-fitting, i.e. pushing the parts together and fastening by friction, e.g. by compression of one part against the other
- 2224/80899 using resilient parts in the bonding area
- 2224/809 . . . with the bonding area not providing any mechanical bonding
- 2224/80901 Pressing a bonding area against another bonding area by means of a further bonding area or connector ([detachable pressure contact](#) [H01L 2224/72](#))
- 2224/80902 by means of a further bonding area
- 2224/80903 by means of a bump or layer connector
- 2224/80904 by means of an encapsulation layer or foil
- 2224/80905 . . . Combinations of bonding methods provided for in at least two different groups from [H01L 2224/808](#) - [H01L 2224/80904](#)
- 2224/80906 Specific sequence of method steps
- 2224/80907 Intermediate bonding, i.e. intermediate bonding step for temporarily bonding the semiconductor or solid-state body, followed by at least a further bonding step
- 2224/80908 . . . involving monitoring, e.g. feedback loop
- 2224/80909 . . . Post-treatment of the bonding area
- 2224/8091 Cleaning, e.g. oxide removal step, desmearing
- 2224/80911 Chemical cleaning, e.g. etching, flux
- 2224/80912 Mechanical cleaning, e.g. abrasion using hydro blasting, brushes, ultrasonic cleaning, dry ice blasting, gas-flow
- 2224/80913 Plasma cleaning
- 2224/80914 Thermal cleaning, e.g. using laser ablation or by electrostatic corona discharge
- 2224/80919 Combinations of two or more cleaning methods provided for in at least two different groups from [H01L 2224/8091](#) - [H01L 2224/80914](#)
- 2224/8092 Applying permanent coating, e.g. protective coating
- 2224/8093 Reshaping
- 2224/80931 by chemical means, e.g. etching
- 2224/80935 by heating means, e.g. reflowing
- 2224/80937 using a polychromatic heating lamp
- 2224/80939 using a laser
- 2224/80941 Induction heating, i.e. eddy currents
- 2224/80943 using a flame torch, e.g. hydrogen torch
- 2224/80945 using a corona discharge, e.g. electronic flame off [EFO]
- 2224/80947 by mechanical means, e.g. ?pull-and-cut?, pressing, stamping

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| 2224/80948 | | Thermal treatments, e.g. annealing, controlled cooling | 2224/81093 | | Transient conditions, e.g. gas-flow |
| 2224/80951 | | Forming additional members, e.g. for reinforcing | 2224/81095 | | Temperature settings |
| 2224/80986 | | Specific sequence of steps, e.g. repetition of manufacturing steps, time sequence | 2224/81096 | | Transient conditions |
| 2224/81 | | using a bump connector | 2224/81097 | | Heating |
| 2224/81001 | | involving a temporary auxiliary member not forming part of the bonding apparatus | 2224/81098 | | Cooling |
| 2224/81002 | | being a removable or sacrificial coating | 2224/81099 | | Ambient temperature |
| 2224/81005 | | being a temporary or sacrificial substrate | 2224/811 | | the bump connector being supplied to the parts to be connected in the bonding apparatus |
| 2224/81007 | | involving a permanent auxiliary member being left in the finished device, e.g. aids for holding or protecting the bump connector during or after the bonding process | 2224/81101 | | as prepeg comprising a bump connector, e.g. provided in an insulating plate member |
| 2224/81009 | | Pre-treatment of the bump connector or the bonding area | 2224/8111 | | involving protection against electrical discharge, e.g. removing electrostatic charge |
| 2224/8101 | | Cleaning the bump connector, e.g. oxide removal step, desmearing | 2224/8112 | | Aligning |
| 2224/81011 | | Chemical cleaning, e.g. etching, flux | 2224/81121 | | Active alignment, i.e. by apparatus steering, e.g. optical alignment using marks or sensors |
| 2224/81012 | | Mechanical cleaning, e.g. abrasion using hydro blasting, brushes, ultrasonic cleaning, dry ice blasting, gas-flow | 2224/81122 | | by detecting inherent features of, or outside, the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/81013 | | Plasma cleaning | 2224/81123 | | Shape or position of the body |
| 2224/81014 | | Thermal cleaning, e.g. decomposition, sublimation | 2224/81125 | | Bonding areas on the body |
| 2224/81019 | | Combinations of two or more cleaning methods provided for in at least two different groups from H01L 2224/8101 - H01L 2224/81014 | 2224/81127 | | Bonding areas outside the body |
| 2224/8102 | | Applying permanent coating to the bump connector in the bonding apparatus, e.g. in-situ coating | 2224/81129 | | Shape or position of the other item |
| 2224/81022 | | Cleaning the bonding area, e.g. oxide removal step, desmearing | 2224/8113 | | using marks formed on the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/81024 | | Applying flux to the bonding area | 2224/81132 | | using marks formed outside the semiconductor or solid-state body, i.e. "off-chip" |
| 2224/81026 | | Applying a precursor material to the bonding area | 2224/81136 | | involving guiding structures, e.g. spacers or supporting members |
| 2224/8103 | | Reshaping the bump connector in the bonding apparatus, e.g. flattening the bump connector | 2224/81138 | | the guiding structures being at least partially left in the finished device |
| 2224/81031 | | by chemical means, e.g. etching, anodisation | 2224/81139 | | Guiding structures on the body |
| 2224/81035 | | by heating means | 2224/8114 | | Guiding structures outside the body |
| 2224/81037 | | using a polychromatic heating lamp | 2224/81141 | | Guiding structures both on and outside the body |
| 2224/81039 | | using a laser | 2224/81143 | | Passive alignment, i.e. self alignment, e.g. using surface energy, chemical reactions, thermal equilibrium |
| 2224/81041 | | Induction heating, i.e. eddy currents | 2224/81148 | | involving movement of a part of the bonding apparatus |
| 2224/81047 | | by mechanical means, e.g. severing, pressing, stamping | 2224/81149 | | being the lower part of the bonding apparatus, i.e. holding means for the bodies to be connected, e.g. XY table |
| 2224/81048 | | Thermal treatments, e.g. annealing, controlled pre-heating or pre-cooling | 2224/8115 | | Rotational movements |
| 2224/81051 | | Forming additional members | 2224/8116 | | Translational movements |
| 2224/81052 | | Detaching bump connectors, e.g. after testing (unsoldering in general B23K 1/018) | 2224/81169 | | being the upper part of the bonding apparatus, i.e. bonding head |
| 2224/81053 | | Bonding environment | 2224/8117 | | Rotational movements |
| 2224/81054 | | Composition of the atmosphere | 2224/8118 | | Translational movements |
| 2224/81055 | | being oxidating | 2224/8119 | | Arrangement of the bump connectors prior to mounting |
| 2224/81065 | | being reducing | 2224/81191 | | wherein the bump connectors are disposed only on the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/81075 | | being inert | 2224/81192 | | wherein the bump connectors are disposed only on another item or body to be connected to the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/81085 | | being a liquid, e.g. for fluidic self-assembly | 2224/81193 | | wherein the bump connectors are disposed on both the semiconductor or solid-state body and another item or body to be connected to the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/8109 | | Vacuum | 2224/81194 | | Lateral distribution of the bump connectors |
| 2224/81091 | | Under pressure | 2224/812 | | Applying energy for connecting |
| 2224/81092 | | Atmospheric pressure | | | |

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| 2224/81201 | | Compression bonding | 2224/81417 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C |
| 2224/81203 | | Thermocompression bonding, e.g. diffusion bonding, pressure joining, thermocompression welding or solid-state welding | 2224/81418 | | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/81204 | | with a graded temperature profile | 2224/8142 | | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/81205 | | Ultrasonic bonding | 2224/81423 | | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent |
| 2224/81206 | | Direction of oscillation | 2224/81424 | | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent |
| 2224/81207 | | Thermosonic bonding | 2224/81438 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C |
| 2224/81208 | | applying unidirectional static pressure | 2224/81439 | | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent |
| 2224/81209 | | applying isostatic pressure, e.g. degassing using vacuum or a pressurised liquid | 2224/81444 | | Gold [Au] as principal constituent |
| 2224/8121 | | using a reflow oven | 2224/81447 | | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent |
| 2224/81211 | | with a graded temperature profile | 2224/81449 | | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/8122 | | with energy being in the form of electromagnetic radiation | 2224/81455 | | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent |
| 2224/81222 | | Induction heating, i.e. eddy currents | 2224/81457 | | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent |
| 2224/81224 | | using a laser | 2224/8146 | | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent |
| 2224/8123 | | Polychromatic or infrared lamp heating | 2224/81463 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C |
| 2224/81232 | | using an autocatalytic reaction, e.g. exothermic brazing | 2224/81464 | | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent |
| 2224/81234 | | using means for applying energy being within the device, e.g. integrated heater | 2224/81466 | | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent |
| 2224/81236 | | using electro-static corona discharge | 2224/81469 | | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent |
| 2224/81237 | | using an electron beam (electron beam welding in general B23K 15/00) | 2224/8147 | | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/81238 | | using electric resistance welding, i.e. ohmic heating | 2224/81471 | | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/8134 | | Bonding interfaces of the bump connector | 2224/81472 | | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent |
| 2224/81345 | | Shape, e.g. interlocking features | 2224/81473 | | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent |
| 2224/81355 | | having an external coating, e.g. protective bond-through coating | 2224/81476 | | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent |
| 2224/81359 | | Material | 2224/81478 | | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent |
| 2224/8136 | | Bonding interfaces of the semiconductor or solid state body | 2224/81479 | | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/81365 | | Shape, e.g. interlocking features | 2224/8148 | | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent |
| 2224/81375 | | having an external coating, e.g. protective bond-through coating | 2224/81481 | | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent |
| 2224/81379 | | Material (material of the bump connector prior to the connecting process H01L 2224/13099 and H01L 2224/13599, and subgroups) | 2224/81483 | | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent |
| 2224/8138 | | Bonding interfaces outside the semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/81484 | | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent |
| 2224/81385 | | Shape, e.g. interlocking features | 2224/81486 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material |
| 2224/81395 | | having an external coating, e.g. protective bond-through coating | 2224/81487 | | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/81488) |
| 2224/81399 | | Material | 2224/81488 | | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides |
| 2224/814 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof | 2224/8149 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy |
| 2224/81401 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C | 2224/81491 | | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene |
| 2224/81405 | | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent | 2224/81493 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/814 - H01L 2224/81491 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond |
| 2224/81409 | | Indium [In] as principal constituent | 2224/81494 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/814 - H01L 2224/81491 |
| 2224/81411 | | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent | | | |
| 2224/81413 | | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent | | | |
| 2224/81414 | | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent | | | |
| 2224/81416 | | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent | | | |

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| 2224/81495 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/814 - H01L 2224/81491 | 2224/8157 | | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/81498 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams | 2224/81571 | | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/81499 | | Material of the matrix | 2224/81572 | | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent |
| 2224/815 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof | 2224/81573 | | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent |
| 2224/81501 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C | 2224/81576 | | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent |
| 2224/81505 | | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent | 2224/81578 | | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent |
| 2224/81509 | | Indium [In] as principal constituent | 2224/81579 | | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/81511 | | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent | 2224/8158 | | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent |
| 2224/81513 | | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent | 2224/81581 | | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent |
| 2224/81514 | | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent | 2224/81583 | | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent |
| 2224/81516 | | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent | 2224/81584 | | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent |
| 2224/81517 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C | 2224/81586 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material |
| 2224/81518 | | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent | 2224/81587 | | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/81588) |
| 2224/8152 | | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent | 2224/81588 | | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides |
| 2224/81523 | | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent | 2224/8159 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy |
| 2224/81524 | | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent | 2224/81591 | | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene |
| 2224/81538 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C | 2224/81593 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/815 - H01L 2224/81591 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond |
| 2224/81539 | | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent | 2224/81594 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/815 - H01L 2224/81591 |
| 2224/81544 | | Gold [Au] as principal constituent | 2224/81595 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/815 - H01L 2224/81591 |
| 2224/81547 | | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent | 2224/81598 | | Fillers |
| 2224/81549 | | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent | 2224/81599 | | Base material |
| 2224/81555 | | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent | 2224/816 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof |
| 2224/81557 | | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent | 2224/81601 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C |
| 2224/8156 | | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent | 2224/81605 | | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent |
| 2224/81563 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C | | | |
| 2224/81564 | | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent | | | |
| 2224/81566 | | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent | | | |
| 2224/81569 | | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent | | | |

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| 2224/81609 | Indium [In] as principal constituent | 2224/8168 | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent |
| 2224/81611 | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent | 2224/81681 | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent |
| 2224/81613 | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent | 2224/81683 | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent |
| 2224/81614 | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent | 2224/81684 | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent |
| 2224/81616 | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent | 2224/81686 | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material |
| 2224/81617 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C | 2224/81687 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/81688) |
| 2224/81618 | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent | 2224/81688 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides |
| 2224/8162 | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent | 2224/8169 | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy |
| 2224/81623 | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent | 2224/81691 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene |
| 2224/81624 | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent | 2224/81693 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/816 - H01L 2224/81691 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond |
| 2224/81638 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C | 2224/81694 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/816 - H01L 2224/81691 |
| 2224/81639 | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent | 2224/81695 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/816 - H01L 2224/81691 |
| 2224/81644 | Gold [Au] as principal constituent | 2224/81698 | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams |
| 2224/81647 | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent | 2224/81699 | Coating material |
| 2224/81649 | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent | 2224/817 | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof |
| 2224/81655 | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent | 2224/81701 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C |
| 2224/81657 | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent | 2224/81705 | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent |
| 2224/8166 | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent | 2224/81709 | Indium [In] as principal constituent |
| 2224/81663 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C | 2224/81711 | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/81664 | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent | 2224/81713 | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent |
| 2224/81666 | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent | 2224/81714 | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent |
| 2224/81669 | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/8167 | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/81671 | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/81672 | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/81673 | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/81676 | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/81678 | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/81679 | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent | | |

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| 2224/81716 | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent | 2224/81786 | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material |
| 2224/81717 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C | 2224/81787 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/81788) |
| 2224/81718 | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent | 2224/81788 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides |
| 2224/8172 | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent | 2224/8179 | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy |
| 2224/81723 | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent | 2224/81791 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene |
| 2224/81724 | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent | 2224/81793 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/817 - H01L 2224/81791 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond |
| 2224/81738 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C | 2224/81794 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/817 - H01L 2224/81791 |
| 2224/81739 | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent | 2224/81795 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/817 - H01L 2224/81791 |
| 2224/81744 | Gold [Au] as principal constituent | 2224/81798 | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams |
| 2224/81747 | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent | 2224/81799 | Shape or distribution of the fillers |
| 2224/81749 | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent | 2224/818 | Bonding techniques |
| 2224/81755 | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent | 2224/81801 | Soldering or alloying |
| 2224/81757 | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent | 2224/81805 | involving forming a eutectic alloy at the bonding interface |
| 2224/8176 | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent | 2224/8181 | involving forming an intermetallic compound at the bonding interface |
| 2224/81763 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C | 2224/81815 | Reflow soldering |
| 2224/81764 | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent | 2224/8182 | Diffusion bonding |
| 2224/81766 | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent | 2224/81825 | Solid-liquid interdiffusion |
| 2224/81769 | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent | 2224/8183 | Solid-solid interdiffusion |
| 2224/8177 | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent | 2224/8184 | Sintering |
| 2224/81771 | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent | 2224/8185 | using a polymer adhesive, e.g. an adhesive based on silicone, epoxy, polyimide, polyester |
| 2224/81772 | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent | 2224/81855 | Hardening the adhesive by curing, i.e. thermosetting |
| 2224/81773 | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent | 2224/81856 | Pre-cured adhesive, i.e. B-stage adhesive |
| 2224/81776 | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent | 2224/81859 | Localised curing of parts of the bump connector |
| 2224/81778 | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent | 2224/81862 | Heat curing |
| 2224/81779 | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent | 2224/81865 | Microwave curing |
| 2224/8178 | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent | 2224/81868 | Infrared [IR] curing |
| 2224/81781 | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent | 2224/81871 | Visible light curing |
| 2224/81783 | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent | 2224/81874 | Ultraviolet [UV] curing |
| 2224/81784 | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent | | |

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| 2224/81877 | Moisture curing, i.e. curing by exposing to humidity, e.g. for silicones and polyurethanes | 2224/81919 | Combinations of two or more cleaning methods provided for in at least two different groups from H01L 2224/8191 - H01L 2224/81914 |
| 2224/81888 | Hardening the adhesive by cooling, e.g. for thermoplastics or hot-melt adhesives | 2224/8192 | Applying permanent coating, e.g. protective coating |
| 2224/81885 | Combinations of two or more hardening methods provided for in at least two different groups from H01L 2224/81855 - H01L 2224/8188 , e.g. for hybrid thermoplastic-thermosetting adhesives | 2224/8193 | Reshaping |
| 2224/8189 | using an inorganic non metallic glass type adhesive, e.g. solder glass | 2224/81931 | by chemical means, e.g. etching |
| 2224/81893 | Anodic bonding, i.e. bonding by applying a voltage across the interface in order to induce ions migration leading to an irreversible chemical bond | 2224/81935 | by heating means, e.g. reflowing |
| 2224/81894 | Direct bonding, i.e. joining surfaces by means of intermolecular attracting interactions at their interfaces, e.g. covalent bonds, van der Waals forces | 2224/81937 | using a polychromatic heating lamp |
| 2224/81895 | between electrically conductive surfaces, e.g. copper-copper direct bonding, surface activated bonding | 2224/81939 | using a laser |
| 2224/81896 | between electrically insulating surfaces, e.g. oxide or nitride layers | 2224/81941 | Induction heating, i.e. eddy currents |
| 2224/81897 | Mechanical interlocking, e.g. anchoring, hook and loop-type fastening or the like | 2224/81943 | using a flame torch, e.g. hydrogen torch |
| 2224/81898 | Press-fitting, i.e. pushing the parts together and fastening by friction, e.g. by compression of one part against the other | 2224/81945 | using a corona discharge, e.g. electronic flame off [EFO] |
| 2224/81899 | using resilient parts in the bump connector or in the bonding area | 2224/81947 | by mechanical means, e.g. "pull-and-cut", pressing, stamping |
| 2224/819 | with the bump connector not providing any mechanical bonding | 2224/81948 | Thermal treatments, e.g. annealing, controlled cooling |
| 2224/81901 | Pressing the bump connector against the bonding areas by means of another connector (detachable pressure contact H01L 2224/72) | 2224/81951 | Forming additional members, e.g. for reinforcing |
| 2224/81902 | by means of another bump connector | 2224/81986 | Specific sequence of steps, e.g. repetition of manufacturing steps, time sequence |
| 2224/81903 | by means of a layer connector | 2224/82 | by forming build-up interconnects at chip-level, e.g. for high density interconnects [HDI] |
| 2224/81904 | by means of an encapsulation layer or foil | 2224/82001 | involving a temporary auxiliary member not forming part of the bonding apparatus |
| 2224/81905 | Combinations of bonding methods provided for in at least two different groups from H01L 2224/818 - H01L 2224/81904 | 2224/82002 | being a removable or sacrificial coating |
| 2224/81906 | Specific sequence of method steps | 2224/82005 | being a temporary or sacrificial substrate |
| 2224/81907 | Intermediate bonding, i.e. intermediate bonding step for temporarily bonding the semiconductor or solid-state body, followed by at least a further bonding step | 2224/82007 | involving a permanent auxiliary member being left in the finished device, e.g. aids for holding or protecting a build-up interconnect during or after the bonding process |
| 2224/81908 | involving monitoring, e.g. feedback loop | 2224/82009 | Pre-treatment of the connector or the bonding area |
| 2224/81909 | Post-treatment of the bump connector or bonding area | 2224/8201 | Cleaning, e.g. oxide removal step, desmearing |
| 2224/8191 | Cleaning, e.g. oxide removal step, desmearing | 2224/8203 | Reshaping, e.g. forming vias |
| 2224/81911 | Chemical cleaning, e.g. etching, flux | 2224/82031 | by chemical means, e.g. etching, anodisation |
| 2224/81912 | Mechanical cleaning, e.g. abrasion using hydro blasting, brushes, ultrasonic cleaning, dry ice blasting, gas-flow | 2224/82035 | by heating means |
| 2224/81913 | Plasma cleaning | 2224/82039 | using a laser |
| 2224/81914 | Thermal cleaning, e.g. using laser ablation or by electrostatic corona discharge | 2224/82045 | using a corona discharge, e.g. electronic flame off [EFO] |
| | | 2224/82047 | by mechanical means, e.g. severing, pressing, stamping |
| | | 2224/82048 | Thermal treatments, e.g. annealing, controlled pre-heating or pre-cooling |
| | | 2224/82051 | Forming additional members |
| | | 2224/82053 | Bonding environment |
| | | 2224/82054 | Composition of the atmosphere |
| | | 2224/82085 | being a liquid, e.g. for fluidic self-assembly |
| | | 2224/8209 | Vacuum |
| | | 2224/82091 | Under pressure |
| | | 2224/82095 | Temperature settings |
| | | 2224/82096 | Transient conditions |
| | | 2224/82097 | Heating |
| | | 2224/82098 | Cooling |
| | | 2224/82099 | Ambient temperature |
| | | 2224/821 | Forming a build-up interconnect |
| | | 2224/82101 | by additive methods, e.g. direct writing |
| | | 2224/82102 | using jetting, e.g. ink jet |
| | | 2224/82103 | using laser direct writing |

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| 2224/82104 | | using screen printing | 2224/82355 | | having an external coating, e.g. protective bond-through coating |
| 2224/82105 | | by using a preform | 2224/82359 | | Material |
| 2224/82106 | | by subtractive methods | 2224/8236 | | Bonding interfaces of the semiconductor or solid state body |
| 2224/82108 | | by self-assembly processes | 2224/82365 | | Shape, e.g. interlocking features |
| 2224/8211 | | involving protection against electrical discharge, e.g. removing electrostatic charge | 2224/82375 | | having an external coating, e.g. protective bond-through coating |
| 2224/8212 | | Aligning | 2224/82379 | | Material |
| 2224/82121 | | Active alignment, i.e. by apparatus steering, e.g. optical alignment using marks or sensors | 2224/8238 | | Bonding interfaces outside the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/82122 | | by detecting inherent features of, or outside, the semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/82385 | | Shape, e.g. interlocking features |
| 2224/8213 | | using marks formed on the semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/82395 | | having an external coating, e.g. protective bond-through coating |
| 2224/82132 | | using marks formed outside the semiconductor or solid-state body, i.e. "off-chip" | 2224/82399 | | Material |
| 2224/82136 | | involving guiding structures, e.g. spacers or supporting members | 2224/828 | | Bonding techniques |
| 2224/82138 | | the guiding structures being at least partially left in the finished device | 2224/82801 | | Soldering or alloying |
| 2224/82143 | | Passive alignment, i.e. self alignment, e.g. using surface energy, chemical reactions, thermal equilibrium | 2224/82805 | | involving forming a eutectic alloy at the bonding interface |
| 2224/82148 | | involving movement of a part of the bonding apparatus | 2224/8281 | | involving forming an intermetallic compound at the bonding interface |
| 2224/82149 | | being the lower part of the bonding apparatus, i.e. holding means for the bodies to be connected, e.g. XY table | 2224/82815 | | Reflow soldering |
| 2224/8215 | | Rotational movements | 2224/8282 | | Diffusion bonding |
| 2224/8216 | | Translational movements | 2224/82825 | | Solid-liquid interdiffusion |
| 2224/82169 | | being the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. nozzle | 2224/8283 | | Solid-solid interdiffusion |
| 2224/8217 | | Rotational movement | 2224/8284 | | Sintering |
| 2224/8218 | | Translational movements | 2224/8285 | | using a polymer adhesive, e.g. an adhesive based on silicone, epoxy, polyimide, polyester |
| 2224/82181 | | connecting first on the semiconductor or solid-state body, i.e. on-chip, | 2224/82855 | | Hardening the adhesive by curing, i.e. thermosetting |
| 2224/82186 | | connecting first outside the semiconductor or solid-state body, i.e. off-chip | 2224/82856 | | Pre-cured adhesive, i.e. B-stage adhesive |
| 2224/82191 | | connecting first both on and outside the semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/82859 | | Localised curing of parts of the connector |
| 2224/822 | | Applying energy for connecting | 2224/82862 | | Heat curing |
| 2224/82201 | | Compression bonding | 2224/82865 | | Microwave curing |
| 2224/82203 | | Thermocompression bonding | 2224/82868 | | Infrared [IR] curing |
| 2224/82205 | | Ultrasonic bonding | 2224/82871 | | Visible light curing |
| 2224/82207 | | Thermosonic bonding | 2224/82874 | | Ultraviolet [UV] curing |
| 2224/8221 | | with energy being in the form of electromagnetic radiation | 2224/82877 | | Moisture curing, i.e. curing by exposing to humidity, e.g. for silicones and polyurethanes |
| 2224/82212 | | Induction heating, i.e. eddy currents | 2224/8288 | | Hardening the adhesive by cooling, e.g. for thermoplastics or hot-melt adhesives |
| 2224/82214 | | using a laser | 2224/82885 | | Combinations of two or more hardening methods provided for in at least two different groups from H01L 2224/82855 - H01L 2224/8288 , e.g. for hybrid thermoplastic-thermosetting adhesives |
| 2224/8223 | | Polychromatic or infrared lamp heating | 2224/8289 | | using an inorganic non metallic glass type adhesive, e.g. solder glass |
| 2224/82232 | | using an autocatalytic reaction, e.g. exothermic brazing | 2224/82893 | | Anodic bonding, i.e. bonding by applying a voltage across the interface in order to induce ions migration leading to an irreversible chemical bond |
| 2224/82234 | | using means for applying energy being within the device, e.g. integrated heater | 2224/82895 | | Direct bonding, i.e. joining surfaces by means of intermolecular attracting interactions at their interfaces, e.g. covalent bonds, van der Waals forces |
| 2224/82236 | | using electro-static corona discharge | 2224/82896 | | between electrically conductive surfaces, e.g. copper-copper direct bonding, surface activated bonding |
| 2224/82237 | | using electron beam, (electron beam in general B23K 15/00) | | | |
| 2224/82238 | | using electric resistance welding, i.e. ohmic heating | | | |
| 2224/8234 | | Bonding interfaces of the connector | | | |
| 2224/82345 | | Shape, e.g. interlocking features | | | |

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| 2224/82897 | | between electrically insulating surfaces, e.g. oxide or nitride layers | 2224/83047 | | by mechanical means, e.g. severing, pressing, stamping |
| 2224/82899 | | Combinations of bonding methods provided for in at least two different groups from H01L 2224/828 - H01L 2224/82897 | 2224/83048 | | Thermal treatments, e.g. annealing, controlled pre-heating or pre-cooling |
| 2224/829 | | involving monitoring, e.g. feedback loop | 2224/83051 | | Forming additional members, e.g. dam structures |
| 2224/82909 | | Post-treatment of the connector or the bonding area | 2224/83052 | | Detaching layer connectors, e.g. after testing (unsoldering in general B23K 1/018) |
| 2224/8291 | | Cleaning, e.g. oxide removal step, desmearing | 2224/83053 | | Bonding environment |
| 2224/8293 | | Reshaping | 2224/83054 | | Composition of the atmosphere |
| 2224/82931 | | by chemical means, e.g. etching, anodisation | 2224/83055 | | being oxidating |
| 2224/82935 | | by heating means | 2224/83065 | | being reducing |
| 2224/82939 | | using a laser | 2224/83075 | | being inert |
| 2224/82945 | | using a corona discharge, e.g. electronic flame off [EFO] | 2224/83085 | | being a liquid, e.g. for fluidic self-assembly |
| 2224/82947 | | by mechanical means, e.g. severing, pressing, stamping | 2224/8309 | | Vacuum |
| 2224/82948 | | Thermal treatments, e.g. annealing, controlled pre-heating or pre-cooling | 2224/83091 | | Under pressure |
| 2224/82951 | | Forming additional members | 2224/83092 | | Atmospheric pressure |
| 2224/82986 | | Specific sequence of steps, e.g. repetition of manufacturing steps, time sequence | 2224/83093 | | Transient conditions, e.g. gas-flow |
| 2224/83 | | using a layer connector | 2224/83095 | | Temperature settings |
| 2224/83001 | | involving a temporary auxiliary member not forming part of the bonding apparatus | 2224/83096 | | Transient conditions |
| 2224/83002 | | being a removable or sacrificial coating | 2224/83097 | | Heating |
| 2224/83005 | | being a temporary or sacrificial substrate | 2224/83098 | | Cooling |
| 2224/83007 | | involving a permanent auxiliary member being left in the finished device, e.g. aids for holding or protecting the layer connector during or after the bonding process | 2224/83099 | | Ambient temperature |
| 2224/83009 | | Pre-treatment of the layer connector or the bonding area | 2224/831 | | the layer connector being supplied to the parts to be connected in the bonding apparatus |
| 2224/8301 | | Cleaning the layer connector, e.g. oxide removal step, desmearing | 2224/83101 | | as prepreg comprising a layer connector, e.g. provided in an insulating plate member |
| 2224/83011 | | Chemical cleaning, e.g. etching, flux | 2224/83102 | | using surface energy, e.g. capillary forces |
| 2224/83012 | | Mechanical cleaning, e.g. abrasion using hydro blasting, brushes, ultrasonic cleaning, dry ice blasting, gas-flow | 2224/83104 | | by applying pressure, e.g. by injection |
| 2224/83013 | | Plasma cleaning | 2224/8311 | | involving protection against electrical discharge, e.g. removing electrostatic charge |
| 2224/83014 | | Thermal cleaning, e.g. decomposition, sublimation | 2224/8312 | | Aligning |
| 2224/83019 | | Combinations of two or more cleaning methods provided for in at least two different groups from H01L 2224/8301 - H01L 2224/83014 | 2224/83121 | | Active alignment, i.e. by apparatus steering, e.g. optical alignment using marks or sensors |
| 2224/8302 | | Applying permanent coating to the layer connector in the bonding apparatus, e.g. in-situ coating | 2224/83122 | | by detecting inherent features of, or outside, the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/83022 | | Cleaning the bonding area, e.g. oxide removal step, desmearing | 2224/83123 | | Shape or position of the body |
| 2224/83024 | | Applying flux to the bonding area | 2224/83125 | | Bonding areas on the body |
| 2224/83026 | | Applying a precursor material to the bonding area | 2224/83127 | | Bonding areas outside the body |
| 2224/8303 | | Reshaping the layer connector in the bonding apparatus, e.g. flattening the layer connector | 2224/83129 | | Shape or position of the other item |
| 2224/83031 | | by chemical means, e.g. etching, anodisation | 2224/8313 | | using marks formed on the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/83035 | | by heating means | 2224/83132 | | using marks formed outside the semiconductor or solid-state body, i.e. "off-chip" |
| 2224/83037 | | using a polychromatic heating lamp | 2224/83136 | | involving guiding structures, e.g. spacers or supporting members |
| 2224/83039 | | using a laser | 2224/83138 | | the guiding structures being at least partially left in the finished device |
| 2224/83041 | | Induction heating, i.e. eddy currents | 2224/83139 | | Guiding structures on the body |
| | | | 2224/8314 | | Guiding structures outside the body |
| | | | 2224/83141 | | Guiding structures both on and outside the body |
| | | | 2224/83143 | | Passive alignment, i.e. self alignment, e.g. using surface energy, chemical reactions, thermal equilibrium |
| | | | 2224/83148 | | involving movement of a part of the bonding apparatus |
| | | | 2224/83149 | | being the lower part of the bonding apparatus, i.e. holding means for the bodies to be connected, e.g. XY table |
| | | | 2224/8315 | | Rotational movements |

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| 2224/8316 | | Translational movements | 2224/83385 | | Shape, e.g. interlocking features |
| 2224/83169 | | being the upper part of the bonding apparatus, i.e. bonding head | 2224/83395 | | having an external coating, e.g. protective bond-through coating |
| 2224/8317 | | Rotational movements | 2224/83399 | | Material |
| 2224/8318 | | Translational movements | 2224/834 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof |
| 2224/8319 | | Arrangement of the layer connectors prior to mounting | 2224/83401 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C |
| 2224/83191 | | wherein the layer connectors are disposed only on the semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/83405 | | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83192 | | wherein the layer connectors are disposed only on another item or body to be connected to the semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/83409 | | Indium [In] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83193 | | wherein the layer connectors are disposed on both the semiconductor or solid-state body and another item or body to be connected to the semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/83411 | | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83194 | | Lateral distribution of the layer connectors | 2224/83413 | | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent |
| 2224/832 | | Applying energy for connecting | 2224/83414 | | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83201 | | Compression bonding | 2224/83416 | | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83203 | | Thermocompression bonding, e.g. diffusion bonding, pressure joining, thermocompression welding or solid-state welding | 2224/83417 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C |
| 2224/83204 | | with a graded temperature profile | 2224/83418 | | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83205 | | Ultrasonic bonding | 2224/8342 | | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83206 | | Direction of oscillation | 2224/83423 | | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83207 | | Thermosonic bonding | 2224/83424 | | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83208 | | applying unidirectional static pressure | 2224/83438 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C |
| 2224/83209 | | applying isostatic pressure, e.g. degassing using vacuum or a pressurised liquid | 2224/83439 | | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent |
| 2224/8321 | | using a reflow oven | 2224/83444 | | Gold [Au] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83211 | | with a graded temperature profile | 2224/83447 | | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent |
| 2224/8322 | | with energy being in the form of electromagnetic radiation | 2224/83449 | | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83222 | | Induction heating, i.e. eddy currents | 2224/83455 | | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83224 | | using a laser | 2224/83457 | | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent |
| 2224/8323 | | Polychromatic or infrared lamp heating | 2224/8346 | | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83232 | | using an autocatalytic reaction, e.g. exothermic brazing | 2224/83463 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C |
| 2224/83234 | | using means for applying energy being within the device, e.g. integrated heater | 2224/83464 | | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83236 | | using electro-static corona discharge | 2224/83466 | | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83237 | | using an electron beam (electron beam welding in general B23K 15/00) | 2224/83469 | | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83238 | | using electric resistance welding, i.e. ohmic heating | 2224/8347 | | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/8334 | | Bonding interfaces of the layer connector | 2224/83471 | | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83345 | | Shape, e.g. interlocking features | 2224/83472 | | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83355 | | having an external coating, e.g. protective bond-through coating | 2224/83473 | | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83359 | | Material | 2224/83476 | | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent |
| 2224/8336 | | Bonding interfaces of the semiconductor or solid state body | 2224/83478 | | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83365 | | Shape, e.g. interlocking features | 2224/83479 | | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83375 | | having an external coating, e.g. protective bond-through coating | 2224/8348 | | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83379 | | Material (material of the layer connector prior to the connecting process H01L 2224/29099 and H01L 2224/29599, and subgroups) | 2224/83481 | | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent |
| 2224/8338 | | Bonding interfaces outside the semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/83483 | | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent |
| | | | 2224/83484 | | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent |
| | | | 2224/83486 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material |

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| 2224/83487 | | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/83488) | 2224/83547 | | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83488 | | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides | 2224/83549 | | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/8349 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy | 2224/83555 | | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83491 | | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene | 2224/83557 | | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83493 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/834 - H01L 2224/83491 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond | 2224/8356 | | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83494 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/834 - H01L 2224/83491 | 2224/83563 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C |
| 2224/83495 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/834 - H01L 2224/83491 | 2224/83564 | | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83498 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams | 2224/83566 | | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83499 | | Material of the matrix | 2224/83569 | | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent |
| 2224/835 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof | 2224/8357 | | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83501 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C | 2224/83571 | | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83505 | | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent | 2224/83572 | | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83509 | | Indium [In] as principal constituent | 2224/83573 | | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83511 | | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent | 2224/83576 | | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83513 | | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent | 2224/83578 | | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83514 | | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent | 2224/83579 | | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83516 | | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent | 2224/8358 | | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83517 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C | 2224/83581 | | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83518 | | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent | 2224/83583 | | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent |
| 2224/8352 | | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent | 2224/83584 | | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83523 | | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent | 2224/83586 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material |
| 2224/83524 | | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent | 2224/83587 | | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/83588) |
| 2224/83538 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C | 2224/83588 | | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides |
| 2224/83539 | | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent | 2224/8359 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy |
| 2224/83544 | | Gold [Au] as principal constituent | 2224/83591 | | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene |
| | | | 2224/83593 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/835 - H01L 2224/83591 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond |

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| 2224/83594 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/835 - H01L 2224/83591 | 2224/83664 | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83595 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/835 - H01L 2224/83591 | 2224/83666 | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83598 | Fillers | 2224/83669 | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83599 | Base material | 2224/8367 | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/836 | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof | 2224/83671 | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83601 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C | 2224/83672 | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83605 | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent | 2224/83673 | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83609 | Indium [In] as principal constituent | 2224/83676 | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83611 | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent | 2224/83678 | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83613 | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent | 2224/83679 | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83614 | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent | 2224/8368 | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83616 | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent | 2224/83681 | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83617 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C | 2224/83683 | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83618 | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent | 2224/83684 | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent |
| 2224/8362 | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent | 2224/83686 | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material |
| 2224/83623 | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent | 2224/83687 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/83688) |
| 2224/83624 | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent | 2224/83688 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides |
| 2224/83638 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C | 2224/8369 | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy |
| 2224/83639 | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent | 2224/83691 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene |
| 2224/83644 | Gold [Au] as principal constituent | 2224/83693 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/836 - H01L 2224/83691 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond |
| 2224/83647 | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent | 2224/83694 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/836 - H01L 2224/83691 |
| 2224/83649 | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent | 2224/83695 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/836 - H01L 2224/83691 |
| 2224/83655 | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent | 2224/83698 | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams |
| 2224/83657 | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent | 2224/83699 | Coating material |
| 2224/8366 | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/83663 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C | | |

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| 2224/837 | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof | 2224/83772 | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83701 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C | 2224/83773 | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83705 | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent | 2224/83776 | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83709 | Indium [In] as principal constituent | 2224/83778 | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83711 | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent | 2224/83779 | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83713 | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent | 2224/8378 | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83714 | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent | 2224/83781 | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83716 | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent | 2224/83783 | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83717 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C | 2224/83784 | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent |
| 2224/83718 | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent | 2224/83786 | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material |
| 2224/8372 | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent | 2224/83787 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/83788) |
| 2224/83723 | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent | 2224/83788 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides |
| 2224/83724 | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent | 2224/8379 | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy |
| 2224/83738 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C | 2224/83791 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene |
| 2224/83739 | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent | 2224/83793 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/837 - H01L 2224/83791 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond |
| 2224/83744 | Gold [Au] as principal constituent | 2224/83794 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/837 - H01L 2224/83791 |
| 2224/83747 | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent | 2224/83795 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/837 - H01L 2224/83791 |
| 2224/83749 | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent | 2224/83798 | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams |
| 2224/83755 | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent | 2224/83799 | Shape or distribution of the fillers |
| 2224/83757 | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent | 2224/838 | Bonding techniques |
| 2224/8376 | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent | 2224/83801 | Soldering or alloying |
| 2224/83763 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C | 2224/83805 | involving forming a eutectic alloy at the bonding interface |
| 2224/83764 | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent | 2224/8381 | involving forming an intermetallic compound at the bonding interface |
| 2224/83766 | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent | 2224/83815 | Reflow soldering |
| 2224/83769 | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent | 2224/8382 | Diffusion bonding |
| 2224/8377 | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent | 2224/83825 | Solid-liquid interdiffusion |
| 2224/83771 | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent | | |

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| 2224/8383 | | Solid-solid interdiffusion | 2224/83901 | | Pressing the layer connector against the bonding areas by means of another connector |
| 2224/8384 | | Sintering | 2224/83902 | | by means of another layer connector |
| 2224/8385 | | using a polymer adhesive, e.g. an adhesive based on silicone, epoxy, polyimide, polyester | 2224/83903 | | by means of a bump connector |
| 2224/83851 | | being an anisotropic conductive adhesive | 2224/83904 | | by means of an encapsulation layer or foil |
| 2224/83855 | | Hardening the adhesive by curing, i.e. thermosetting | 2224/83905 | | Combinations of bonding methods provided for in at least two different groups from H01L 2224/838 - H01L 2224/83904 |
| 2224/83856 | | Pre-cured adhesive, i.e. B-stage adhesive | 2224/83906 | | Specific sequence of method steps |
| 2224/83859 | | Localised curing of parts of the layer connector | 2224/83907 | | Intermediate bonding, i.e. intermediate bonding step for temporarily bonding the semiconductor or solid-state body, followed by at least a further bonding step |
| 2224/83862 | | Heat curing | 2224/83908 | | involving monitoring, e.g. feedback loop |
| 2224/83865 | | Microwave curing | 2224/83909 | | Post-treatment of the layer connector or bonding area |
| 2224/83868 | | Infrared [IR] curing | 2224/8391 | | Cleaning, e.g. oxide removal step, desmearing |
| 2224/83871 | | Visible light curing | 2224/83911 | | Chemical cleaning, e.g. etching, flux |
| 2224/83874 | | Ultraviolet [UV] curing | 2224/83912 | | Mechanical cleaning, e.g. abrasion using hydro blasting, brushes, ultrasonic cleaning, dry ice blasting, gas-flow |
| 2224/83877 | | Moisture curing, i.e. curing by exposing to humidity, e.g. for silicones and polyurethanes | 2224/83913 | | Plasma cleaning |
| 2224/8388 | | Hardening the adhesive by cooling, e.g. for thermoplastics or hot-melt adhesives | 2224/83914 | | Thermal cleaning, e.g. using laser ablation or by electrostatic corona discharge |
| 2224/83885 | | Combinations of two or more hardening methods provided for in at least two different groups from H01L 2224/83855 - H01L 2224/8388 , e.g. for hybrid thermoplastic-thermosetting adhesives | 2224/83919 | | Combinations of two or more cleaning methods provided for in at least two different groups from H01L 2224/8391 - H01L 2224/83914 |
| 2224/83886 | | Involving a self-assembly process, e.g. self-agglomeration of a material dispersed in a fluid | 2224/8392 | | Applying permanent coating, e.g. protective coating |
| 2224/83887 | | Auxiliary means therefor, e.g. for self-assembly activation | 2224/8393 | | Reshaping |
| 2224/83888 | | with special adaptation of the surface of the body to be connected, e.g. surface shape specially adapted for the self-assembly process | 2224/83931 | | by chemical means, e.g. etching |
| 2224/83889 | | involving the material of the bonding area, e.g. bonding pad | 2224/83935 | | by heating means, e.g. reflowing |
| 2224/8389 | | using an inorganic non metallic glass type adhesive, e.g. solder glass | 2224/83937 | | using a polychromatic heating lamp |
| 2224/83893 | | Anodic bonding, i.e. bonding by applying a voltage across the interface in order to induce ions migration leading to an irreversible chemical bond | 2224/83939 | | using a laser |
| 2224/83894 | | Direct bonding, i.e. joining surfaces by means of intermolecular attracting interactions at their interfaces, e.g. covalent bonds, van der Waals forces | 2224/83941 | | Induction heating, i.e. eddy currents |
| 2224/83895 | | between electrically conductive surfaces, e.g. copper-copper direct bonding, surface activated bonding | 2224/83943 | | using a flame torch, e.g. hydrogen torch |
| 2224/83896 | | between electrically insulating surfaces, e.g. oxide or nitride layers | 2224/83945 | | using a corona discharge, e.g. electronic flame off [EFO] |
| 2224/83897 | | Mechanical interlocking, e.g. anchoring, hook and loop-type fastening or the like | 2224/83947 | | by mechanical means, e.g. "pull-and-cut", pressing, stamping |
| 2224/83898 | | Press-fitting, i.e. pushing the parts together and fastening by friction, e.g. by compression of one part against the other | 2224/83948 | | Thermal treatments, e.g. annealing, controlled cooling |
| 2224/83899 | | using resilient parts in the layer connector or in the bonding area | 2224/83951 | | Forming additional members, e.g. for reinforcing, fillet sealant |
| 2224/839 | | with the layer connector not providing any mechanical bonding | 2224/83986 | | Specific sequence of steps, e.g. repetition of manufacturing steps, time sequence |
| | | | 2224/84 | | using a strap connector |
| | | | 2224/84001 | | involving a temporary auxiliary member not forming part of the bonding apparatus |
| | | | 2224/84002 | | being a removable or sacrificial coating |
| | | | 2224/84005 | | being a temporary substrate |
| | | | 2224/84007 | | involving a permanent auxiliary member being left in the finished device, e.g. aids for holding or protecting the strap connector during or after the bonding process |
| | | | 2224/84009 | | Pre-treatment of the connector and/or the bonding area |
| | | | 2224/8401 | | Cleaning, e.g. oxide removal step, desmearing |
| | | | 2224/84011 | | Chemical cleaning, e.g. etching, flux |

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| 2224/84012 | | Mechanical cleaning, e.g. abrasion using hydro blasting, brushes, ultrasonic cleaning, dry ice blasting, gas-flow | 2224/84138 | | the guiding structures being at least partially left in the finished device |
| 2224/84013 | | Plasma cleaning | 2224/84143 | | Passive alignment, i.e. self alignment, e.g. using surface energy, chemical reactions, thermal equilibrium |
| 2224/84014 | | Thermal cleaning, e.g. decomposition, sublimation | 2224/84148 | | involving movement of a part of the bonding apparatus |
| 2224/84019 | | Combinations of two or more cleaning methods provided for in at least two different groups from H01L 2224/8401 - H01L 2224/84014 | 2224/84149 | | being the lower part of the bonding apparatus, i.e. holding means for the bodies to be connected, e.g. XY table |
| 2224/8402 | | Applying permanent coating, e.g. in-situ coating | 2224/8415 | | Rotational movements |
| 2224/8403 | | Reshaping | 2224/8416 | | Translational movements |
| 2224/84031 | | by chemical means, e.g. etching, anodisation | 2224/84169 | | being the upper part of the bonding apparatus, i.e. bonding head, |
| 2224/84035 | | by heating means, e.g. "free-air-ball" | 2224/8417 | | Rotational movements |
| 2224/84037 | | using a polychromatic heating lamp | 2224/8418 | | Translational movements |
| 2224/84039 | | using a laser | 2224/84181 | | connecting first on the semiconductor or solid-state body, i.e. on-chip, regular stitch |
| 2224/84041 | | Induction heating, i.e. eddy currents | 2224/84186 | | connecting first outside the semiconductor or solid-state body, i.e. off-chip, reverse stitch |
| 2224/84043 | | using a flame torch, e.g. hydrogen torch | 2224/84191 | | connecting first both on and outside the semiconductor or solid-state body, i.e. regular and reverse stitches |
| 2224/84045 | | using a corona discharge, e.g. electronic flame off [EFO] | 2224/84196 | | involving intermediate connecting steps before cutting the strap connector |
| 2224/84047 | | by mechanical means, e.g. severing, pressing, stamping | 2224/842 | | Applying energy for connecting |
| 2224/84048 | | Thermal treatments, e.g. annealing, controlled pre-heating or pre-cooling | 2224/84201 | | Compression bonding |
| 2224/84051 | | Forming additional members | 2224/84203 | | Thermocompression bonding |
| 2224/84053 | | Bonding environment | 2224/84205 | | Ultrasonic bonding |
| 2224/84054 | | Composition of the atmosphere | 2224/84206 | | Direction of oscillation |
| 2224/84055 | | being oxidating | 2224/84207 | | Thermosonic bonding |
| 2224/84065 | | being reducing | 2224/8421 | | with energy being in the form of electromagnetic radiation |
| 2224/84075 | | being inert | 2224/84212 | | Induction heating, i.e. eddy currents |
| 2224/84085 | | being a liquid (e.g. for fluidic self-assembly) | 2224/84214 | | using a laser |
| 2224/8409 | | Vacuum | 2224/8423 | | Polychromatic or infrared lamp heating |
| 2224/84091 | | Under pressure | 2224/84232 | | using an autocatalytic reaction, e.g. exothermic brazing |
| 2224/84092 | | Atmospheric pressure | 2224/84234 | | using means for applying energy being within the device, e.g. integrated heater |
| 2224/84093 | | Transient conditions, e.g. gas-flow | 2224/84236 | | using electro-static corona discharge |
| 2224/84095 | | Temperature settings | 2224/84237 | | using an electron beam (electron beam welding in general B23K 15/00) |
| 2224/84096 | | Transient conditions | 2224/84238 | | using electric resistance welding, i.e. ohmic heating |
| 2224/84097 | | Heating | 2224/8434 | | Bonding interfaces of the connector |
| 2224/84098 | | Cooling | 2224/84345 | | Shape, e.g. interlocking features |
| 2224/84099 | | Ambient temperature | 2224/84355 | | having an external coating, e.g. protective bond-through coating |
| 2224/841 | | the connector being supplied to the parts to be connected in the bonding apparatus | 2224/84359 | | Material |
| 2224/8411 | | involving protection against electrical discharge, e.g. removing electrostatic charge | 2224/8436 | | Bonding interfaces of the semiconductor or solid state body |
| 2224/8412 | | Aligning | 2224/84365 | | Shape, e.g. interlocking features |
| 2224/84121 | | Active alignment, i.e. by apparatus steering, e.g. optical alignment using marks or sensors | 2224/84375 | | having an external coating, e.g. protective bond-through coating |
| 2224/84122 | | by detecting inherent features of, or outside, the semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/84379 | | Material |
| 2224/84123 | | Shape or position of the body | 2224/8438 | | Bonding interfaces outside the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/84125 | | Bonding areas on the body | 2224/84385 | | Shape, e.g. interlocking features |
| 2224/84127 | | Bonding areas outside the body | | | |
| 2224/84129 | | Shape or position of the other item | | | |
| 2224/8413 | | using marks formed on the semiconductor or solid-state body | | | |
| 2224/84132 | | using marks formed outside the semiconductor or solid-state body, i.e. "off-chip" | | | |
| 2224/84136 | | involving guiding structures, e.g. spacers or supporting members | | | |

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| 2224/84395 | | having an external coating, e.g. protective bond-through coating | 2224/84487 | | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/84488) |
| 2224/84399 | | Material | 2224/84488 | | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides |
| 2224/844 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof | 2224/8449 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy |
| 2224/84401 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C | 2224/84491 | | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene |
| 2224/84405 | | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent | 2224/84493 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/844 - H01L 2224/84491 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond |
| 2224/84409 | | Indium [In] as principal constituent | 2224/84494 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/844 - H01L 2224/84491 |
| 2224/84411 | | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent | 2224/84495 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/844 - H01L 2224/84491 |
| 2224/84413 | | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent | 2224/84498 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams |
| 2224/84414 | | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent | 2224/84499 | | Material of the matrix |
| 2224/84416 | | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent | 2224/845 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof |
| 2224/84417 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C | 2224/84501 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C |
| 2224/84418 | | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent | 2224/84505 | | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent |
| 2224/8442 | | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent | 2224/84509 | | Indium [In] as principal constituent |
| 2224/84423 | | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent | 2224/84511 | | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/84424 | | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent | 2224/84513 | | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent |
| 2224/84438 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C | 2224/84514 | | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent |
| 2224/84439 | | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent | 2224/84516 | | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/84444 | | Gold [Au] as principal constituent | 2224/84517 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C |
| 2224/84447 | | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent | 2224/84518 | | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/84449 | | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent | 2224/8452 | | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/84455 | | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent | 2224/84523 | | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent |
| 2224/84457 | | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent | 2224/84524 | | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent |
| 2224/8446 | | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent | 2224/84538 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C |
| 2224/84463 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C | 2224/84539 | | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent |
| 2224/84464 | | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent | 2224/84544 | | Gold [Au] as principal constituent |
| 2224/84466 | | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent | | | |
| 2224/84469 | | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent | | | |
| 2224/8447 | | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent | | | |
| 2224/84471 | | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent | | | |
| 2224/84472 | | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent | | | |
| 2224/84473 | | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent | | | |
| 2224/84476 | | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent | | | |
| 2224/84478 | | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent | | | |
| 2224/84479 | | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent | | | |
| 2224/8448 | | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent | | | |
| 2224/84481 | | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent | | | |
| 2224/84483 | | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent | | | |
| 2224/84484 | | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent | | | |
| 2224/84486 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material | | | |

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| 2224/84547 | | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent | 2224/84594 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/845 - H01L 2224/84591 |
| 2224/84549 | | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent | 2224/84595 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/845 - H01L 2224/84591 |
| 2224/84555 | | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent | 2224/84598 | | Fillers |
| 2224/84557 | | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent | 2224/84599 | | Base material |
| 2224/8456 | | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent | 2224/846 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof |
| 2224/84563 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C | 2224/84601 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C |
| 2224/84564 | | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent | 2224/84605 | | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent |
| 2224/84566 | | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent | 2224/84609 | | Indium [In] as principal constituent |
| 2224/84569 | | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent | 2224/84611 | | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/8457 | | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent | 2224/84613 | | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent |
| 2224/84571 | | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent | 2224/84614 | | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent |
| 2224/84572 | | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent | 2224/84616 | | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/84573 | | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent | 2224/84617 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C |
| 2224/84576 | | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent | 2224/84618 | | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/84578 | | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent | 2224/8462 | | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/84579 | | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent | 2224/84623 | | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent |
| 2224/8458 | | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent | 2224/84624 | | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent |
| 2224/84581 | | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent | 2224/84638 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C |
| 2224/84583 | | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent | 2224/84639 | | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent |
| 2224/84584 | | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent | 2224/84644 | | Gold [Au] as principal constituent |
| 2224/84586 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material | 2224/84647 | | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent |
| 2224/84587 | | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/84588) | 2224/84649 | | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/84588 | | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides | 2224/84655 | | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent |
| 2224/8459 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy | 2224/84657 | | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent |
| 2224/84591 | | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene | 2224/8466 | | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent |
| 2224/84593 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/845 - H01L 2224/84591 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond | 2224/84663 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C |

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| 2224/84664 | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent | 2224/847 | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof |
| 2224/84666 | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent | 2224/84701 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C |
| 2224/84669 | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent | 2224/84705 | Gallium [Ga] as principal constituent |
| 2224/8467 | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent | 2224/84709 | Indium [In] as principal constituent |
| 2224/84671 | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent | 2224/84711 | Tin [Sn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/84672 | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent | 2224/84713 | Bismuth [Bi] as principal constituent |
| 2224/84673 | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent | 2224/84714 | Thallium [Tl] as principal constituent |
| 2224/84676 | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent | 2224/84716 | Lead [Pb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/84678 | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent | 2224/84717 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C |
| 2224/84679 | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent | 2224/84718 | Zinc [Zn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/8468 | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent | 2224/8472 | Antimony [Sb] as principal constituent |
| 2224/84681 | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent | 2224/84723 | Magnesium [Mg] as principal constituent |
| 2224/84683 | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent | 2224/84724 | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent |
| 2224/84684 | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent | 2224/84738 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C |
| 2224/84686 | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material | 2224/84739 | Silver [Ag] as principal constituent |
| 2224/84687 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/84688) | 2224/84744 | Gold [Au] as principal constituent |
| 2224/84688 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides | 2224/84747 | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent |
| 2224/8469 | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy | 2224/84749 | Manganese [Mn] as principal constituent |
| 2224/84691 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene | 2224/84755 | Nickel [Ni] as principal constituent |
| 2224/84693 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/846 - H01L 2224/84691 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond | 2224/84757 | Cobalt [Co] as principal constituent |
| 2224/84694 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/846 - H01L 2224/84691 | 2224/8476 | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent |
| 2224/84695 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/846 - H01L 2224/84691 | 2224/84763 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C |
| 2224/84698 | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams | 2224/84764 | Palladium [Pd] as principal constituent |
| 2224/84699 | Coating material | 2224/84766 | Titanium [Ti] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/84769 | Platinum [Pt] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/8477 | Zirconium [Zr] as principal constituent |
| | | 2224/84771 | Chromium [Cr] as principal constituent |

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| 2224/84772 | Vanadium [V] as principal constituent | 2224/8483 | Solid-solid interdiffusion |
| 2224/84773 | Rhodium [Rh] as principal constituent | 2224/8484 | Sintering |
| 2224/84776 | Ruthenium [Ru] as principal constituent | 2224/8485 | using a polymer adhesive, e.g. an adhesive based on silicone, epoxy, polyimide, polyester |
| 2224/84778 | Iridium [Ir] as principal constituent | 2224/84855 | Hardening the adhesive by curing, i.e. thermosetting |
| 2224/84779 | Niobium [Nb] as principal constituent | 2224/84856 | Pre-cured adhesive, i.e. B-stage adhesive |
| 2224/8478 | Molybdenum [Mo] as principal constituent | 2224/84859 | Localised curing of parts of the connector |
| 2224/84781 | Tantalum [Ta] as principal constituent | 2224/84862 | Heat curing |
| 2224/84783 | Rhenium [Re] as principal constituent | 2224/84865 | Microwave curing |
| 2224/84784 | Tungsten [W] as principal constituent | 2224/84868 | Infrared [IR] curing |
| 2224/84786 | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material | 2224/84871 | Visible light curing |
| 2224/84787 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/84788) | 2224/84874 | Ultraviolet [UV] curing |
| 2224/84788 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides | 2224/84877 | Moisture curing, i.e. curing by exposing to humidity, e.g. for silicones and polyurethanes |
| 2224/8479 | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy | 2224/8488 | Hardening the adhesive by cooling, e.g. for thermoplastics or hot-melt adhesives |
| 2224/84791 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene | 2224/84885 | Combinations of two or more hardening methods provided for in at least two different groups from H01L 2224/84855 - H01L 2224/8488 , e.g. for hybrid thermoplastic-thermosetting adhesives |
| 2224/84793 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/847 - H01L 2224/84791 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond | 2224/8489 | using an inorganic non metallic glass type adhesive, e.g. solder glass |
| 2224/84794 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/847 - H01L 2224/84791 | 2224/84893 | Anodic bonding, i.e. bonding by applying a voltage across the interface in order to induce ions migration leading to an irreversible chemical bond |
| 2224/84795 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/847 - H01L 2224/84791 | 2224/84895 | Direct bonding, i.e. joining surfaces by means of intermolecular attracting interactions at their interfaces, e.g. covalent bonds, van der Waals forces |
| 2224/84798 | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams | 2224/84897 | between electrically conductive surfaces, e.g. copper-copper direct bonding, surface activated bonding |
| 2224/84799 | Shape or distribution of the fillers | 2224/84898 | between electrically insulating surfaces, e.g. oxide or nitride layersg |
| 2224/848 | Bonding techniques | 2224/84899 | Combinations of bonding methods provided for in at least two different groups from H01L 2224/848 - H01L 2224/84898 |
| 2224/84801 | Soldering or alloying | 2224/849 | involving monitoring, e.g. feedback loop |
| 2224/84805 | involving forming a eutectic alloy at the bonding interface | 2224/84909 | Post-treatment of the connector or bonding area |
| 2224/8481 | involving forming an intermetallic compound at the bonding interface | 2224/8491 | Cleaning, e.g. oxide removal step, desmearing |
| 2224/84815 | Reflow soldering | 2224/84911 | Chemical cleaning, e.g. etching, flux |
| 2224/8482 | Diffusion bonding | 2224/84912 | Mechanical cleaning, e.g. abrasion using hydro blasting, brushes, ultrasonic cleaning, dry ice blasting, gas-flow |
| 2224/84825 | Solid-liquid interdiffusion | 2224/84913 | Plasma cleaning |
| | | 2224/84914 | Thermal cleaning, e.g. using laser ablation or by electrostatic corona discharge |
| | | 2224/84919 | Combinations of two or more cleaning methods provided for in at least two different groups from H01L 2224/8491 - H01L 2224/84914 |
| | | 2224/8492 | Applying permanent coating, e.g. protective coating |
| | | 2224/8493 | Reshaping, e.g. for severing the strap, modifying the loop shape |

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| 2224/84931 | | by chemical means, e.g. etching | 2224/85053 | | Bonding environment |
| 2224/84935 | | by heating means, e.g. reflowing | 2224/85054 | | Composition of the atmosphere |
| 2224/84937 | | using a polychromatic heating lamp | 2224/85055 | | being oxidating |
| 2224/84939 | | using a laser | 2224/85065 | | being reducing |
| 2224/84941 | | Induction heating, i.e. eddy currents | 2224/85075 | | being inert |
| 2224/84943 | | using a flame torch, e.g. hydrogen torch | 2224/85085 | | being a liquid, e.g. for fluidic self-assembly |
| 2224/84945 | | using a corona discharge, e.g. electronic flame off [EFO] | 2224/8509 | | Vacuum |
| 2224/84947 | | by mechanical means, e.g. pressing, stamping | 2224/85091 | | Under pressure |
| 2224/84948 | | Thermal treatments, e.g. annealing, controlled cooling | 2224/85092 | | Atmospheric pressure |
| 2224/84951 | | Forming additional members, e.g. for reinforcing | 2224/85093 | | Transient conditions, e.g. gas-flow |
| 2224/84986 | | Specific sequence of steps, e.g. repetition of manufacturing steps, time sequence | 2224/85095 | | Temperature settings |
| 2224/85 | | using a wire connector | 2224/85096 | | Transient conditions |
| 2224/85001 | | involving a temporary auxiliary member not forming part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. removable or sacrificial coating, film or substrate | 2224/85097 | | Heating |
| 2224/85002 | | being a removable or sacrificial coating | 2224/85098 | | Cooling |
| 2224/85005 | | being a temporary or sacrificial substrate | 2224/85099 | | Ambient temperature |
| 2224/85007 | | involving a permanent auxiliary member being left in the finished device, e.g. aids for holding or protecting the wire connector during or after the bonding process | 2224/851 | | the connector being supplied to the parts to be connected in the bonding apparatus |
| 2224/85009 | | Pre-treatment of the connector or the bonding area | 2224/8511 | | involving protection against electrical discharge, e.g. removing electrostatic charge |
| 2224/8501 | | Cleaning, e.g. oxide removal step, desmearing | 2224/8512 | | Aligning |
| 2224/85011 | | Chemical cleaning, e.g. etching, flux | 2224/85121 | | Active alignment, i.e. by apparatus steering, e.g. optical alignment using marks or sensors |
| 2224/85012 | | Mechanical cleaning, e.g. abrasion using hydro blasting, brushes, ultrasonic cleaning, dry ice blasting, gas-flow | 2224/85122 | | by detecting inherent features of, or outside, the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/85013 | | Plasma cleaning | 2224/85123 | | Shape or position of the body |
| 2224/85014 | | Thermal cleaning, e.g. decomposition, sublimation | 2224/85125 | | Bonding areas on the body |
| 2224/85016 | | using a laser | 2224/85127 | | Bonding areas outside the body |
| 2224/85017 | | Electron beam cleaning | 2224/85129 | | Shape or position of the other item |
| 2224/85019 | | Combinations of two or more cleaning methods provided for in at least two different groups from H01L 2224/8501 - H01L 2224/85014 | 2224/8513 | | using marks formed on the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/8502 | | Applying permanent coating, e.g. in-situ coating | 2224/85132 | | using marks formed outside the semiconductor or solid-state body, i.e. "off-chip" |
| 2224/8503 | | Reshaping, e.g. forming the ball or the wedge of the wire connector | 2224/85136 | | involving guiding structures, e.g. spacers or supporting members |
| 2224/85031 | | by chemical means, e.g. etching, anodisation | 2224/85138 | | the guiding structures being at least partially left in the finished device |
| 2224/85035 | | by heating means, e.g. "free-air-ball" | 2224/85143 | | Passive alignment, i.e. self alignment, e.g. using surface energy, chemical reactions, thermal equilibrium |
| 2224/85037 | | using a polychromatic heating lamp | 2224/85148 | | involving movement of a part of the bonding apparatus |
| 2224/85039 | | using a laser | 2224/85149 | | being the lower part of the bonding apparatus, i.e. holding means for the bodies to be connected, e.g. XY table |
| 2224/85041 | | Induction heating, i.e. eddy currents | 2224/8515 | | Rotational movements |
| 2224/85043 | | using a flame torch, e.g. hydrogen torch | 2224/8516 | | Translational movements |
| 2224/85045 | | using a corona discharge, e.g. electronic flame off [EFO] | 2224/85169 | | being the upper part of the bonding apparatus, i.e. bonding head, e.g. capillary or wedge |
| 2224/85047 | | by mechanical means, e.g. severing, pressing, stamping | 2224/8517 | | Rotational movements |
| 2224/85048 | | Thermal treatments, e.g. annealing, controlled pre-heating or pre-cooling | 2224/8518 | | Translational movements |
| 2224/85051 | | Forming additional members, e.g. for "wedge-on-ball", "ball-on-wedge", "ball-on-ball" connections | 2224/85181 | | connecting first on the semiconductor or solid-state body, i.e. on-chip, regular stitch |
| | | | 2224/85186 | | connecting first outside the semiconductor or solid-state body, i.e. off-chip, reverse stitch |
| | | | 2224/85191 | | connecting first both on and outside the semiconductor or solid-state body, i.e. regular and reverse stitches |

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| 2224/85196 | | involving intermediate connecting steps before cutting the wire connector | 2224/85438 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C |
| 2224/852 | . . . | Applying energy for connecting | 2224/85439 | | Silver (Ag) as principal constituent |
| 2224/85201 | | Compression bonding | 2224/85444 | | Gold (Au) as principal constituent |
| 2224/85203 | | Thermocompression bonding | 2224/85447 | | Copper (Cu) as principal constituent |
| 2224/85205 | | Ultrasonic bonding | 2224/85449 | | Manganese (Mn) as principal constituent |
| 2224/85206 | | Direction of oscillation | 2224/85455 | | Nickel (Ni) as principal constituent |
| 2224/85207 | | Thermosonic bonding | 2224/85457 | | Cobalt (Co) as principal constituent |
| 2224/8521 | | with energy being in the form of electromagnetic radiation | 2224/8546 | | Iron (Fe) as principal constituent |
| 2224/85212 | | Induction heating, i.e. eddy currents | 2224/85463 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C |
| 2224/85214 | | using a laser | 2224/85464 | | Palladium (Pd) as principal constituent |
| 2224/8523 | | Polychromatic or infrared lamp heating | 2224/85466 | | Titanium (Ti) as principal constituent |
| 2224/85232 | | using an autocatalytic reaction, e.g. exothermic brazing | 2224/85469 | | Platinum (Pt) as principal constituent |
| 2224/85234 | | using means for applying energy being within the device, e.g. integrated heater | 2224/8547 | | Zirconium (Zr) as principal constituent |
| 2224/85236 | | using electro-static corona discharge | 2224/85471 | | Chromium (Cr) as principal constituent |
| 2224/85237 | | using electron beam (using electron beam in general B23K 15/00) | 2224/85472 | | Vanadium (V) as principal constituent |
| 2224/85238 | | using electric resistance welding, i.e. ohmic heating | 2224/85473 | | Rhodium (Rh) as principal constituent |
| 2224/8534 | . . . | Bonding interfaces of the connector | 2224/85476 | | Ruthenium (Ru) as principal constituent |
| 2224/85345 | | Shape, e.g. interlocking features | 2224/85478 | | Iridium (Ir) as principal constituent |
| 2224/85355 | | having an external coating, e.g. protective bond-through coating | 2224/85479 | | Niobium (Nb) as principal constituent |
| 2224/85359 | | Material | 2224/8548 | | Molybdenum (Mo) as principal constituent |
| 2224/8536 | . . . | Bonding interfaces of the semiconductor or solid state body | 2224/85481 | | Tantalum (Ta) as principal constituent |
| 2224/85365 | | Shape, e.g. interlocking features | 2224/85483 | | Rhenium (Re) as principal constituent |
| 2224/85375 | | having an external coating, e.g. protective bond-through coating | 2224/85484 | | Tungsten (W) as principal constituent |
| 2224/85379 | | Material | 2224/85486 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material |
| 2224/8538 | . . . | Bonding interfaces outside the semiconductor or solid-state body | 2224/85487 | | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/85488) |
| 2224/85385 | | Shape, e.g. interlocking features | 2224/85488 | | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides |
| 2224/85395 | | having an external coating, e.g. protective bond-through coating | 2224/8549 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy |
| 2224/85399 | | Material | 2224/85491 | | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene |
| 2224/854 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron (B), silicon (Si), germanium (Ge), arsenic (As), antimony (Sb), tellurium (Te) and polonium (Po), and alloys thereof | 2224/85493 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/854 - H01L 2224/85491 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond |
| 2224/85401 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C | 2224/85494 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/854 - H01L 2224/85491 |
| 2224/85405 | | Gallium (Ga) as principal constituent | 2224/85495 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/854 - H01L 2224/85491 |
| 2224/85409 | | Indium (In) as principal constituent | 2224/85498 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams |
| 2224/85411 | | Tin (Sn) as principal constituent | 2224/85499 | | Material of the matrix |
| 2224/85413 | | Bismuth (Bi) as principal constituent | | | |
| 2224/85414 | | Thallium (Tl) as principal constituent | | | |
| 2224/85416 | | Lead (Pb) as principal constituent | | | |
| 2224/85417 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C | | | |
| 2224/85418 | | Zinc (Zn) as principal constituent | | | |
| 2224/8542 | | Antimony (Sb) as principal constituent | | | |
| 2224/85423 | | Magnesium (Mg) as principal constituent | | | |
| 2224/85424 | | Aluminium (Al) as principal constituent | | | |

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| 2224/855 | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron (B), silicon (Si), germanium (Ge), arsenic (As), antimony (Sb), tellurium (Te) and polonium (Po), and alloys thereof | 2224/85578 | Iridium (Ir) as principal constituent |
| 2224/85501 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C | 2224/85579 | Niobium (Nb) as principal constituent |
| 2224/85505 | Gallium (Ga) as principal constituent | 2224/8558 | Molybdenum (Mo) as principal constituent |
| 2224/85509 | Indium (In) as principal constituent | 2224/85581 | Tantalum (Ta) as principal constituent |
| 2224/85511 | Tin (Sn) as principal constituent | 2224/85583 | Rhenium (Re) as principal constituent |
| 2224/85513 | Bismuth (Bi) as principal constituent | 2224/85584 | Tungsten (W) as principal constituent |
| 2224/85514 | Thallium (Tl) as principal constituent | 2224/85586 | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material |
| 2224/85516 | Lead (Pb) as principal constituent | 2224/85587 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/85588) |
| 2224/85517 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C | 2224/85588 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides |
| 2224/85518 | Zinc (Zn) as principal constituent | 2224/8559 | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy |
| 2224/8552 | Antimony (Sb) as principal constituent | 2224/85591 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene |
| 2224/85523 | Magnesium (Mg) as principal constituent | 2224/85593 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/855 - H01L 2224/85591 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond |
| 2224/85524 | Aluminium (Al) as principal constituent | 2224/85594 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/855 - H01L 2224/85591 |
| 2224/85538 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C | 2224/85595 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/855 - H01L 2224/85591 |
| 2224/85539 | Silver (Ag) as principal constituent | 2224/85598 | Fillers |
| 2224/85544 | Gold (Au) as principal constituent | 2224/85599 | Base material |
| 2224/85547 | Copper (Cu) as principal constituent | 2224/856 | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron (B), silicon (Si), germanium (Ge), arsenic (As), antimony (Sb), tellurium (Te) and polonium (Po), and alloys thereof |
| 2224/85549 | Manganese (Mn) as principal constituent | 2224/85601 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C |
| 2224/85555 | Nickel (Ni) as principal constituent | 2224/85605 | Gallium (Ga) as principal constituent |
| 2224/85557 | Cobalt (Co) as principal constituent | 2224/85609 | Indium (In) as principal constituent |
| 2224/8556 | Iron (Fe) as principal constituent | 2224/85611 | Tin (Sn) as principal constituent |
| 2224/85563 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C | 2224/85613 | Bismuth (Bi) as principal constituent |
| 2224/85564 | Palladium (Pd) as principal constituent | 2224/85614 | Thallium (Tl) as principal constituent |
| 2224/85566 | Titanium (Ti) as principal constituent | 2224/85616 | Lead (Pb) as principal constituent |
| 2224/85569 | Platinum (Pt) as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/8557 | Zirconium (Zr) as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/85571 | Chromium (Cr) as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/85572 | Vanadium (V) as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/85573 | Rhodium (Rh) as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/85576 | Ruthenium (Ru) as principal constituent | | |

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| 2224/85617 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C | 2224/85687 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/85688) |
| 2224/85618 | Zinc (Zn) as principal constituent | 2224/85688 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides |
| 2224/8562 | Antimony (Sb) as principal constituent | 2224/8569 | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy |
| 2224/85623 | Magnesium (Mg) as principal constituent | 2224/85691 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene |
| 2224/85624 | Aluminium (Al) as principal constituent | 2224/85693 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/856 - H01L 2224/85691 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond |
| 2224/85638 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C | 2224/85694 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/856 - H01L 2224/85691 |
| 2224/85639 | Silver (Ag) as principal constituent | 2224/85695 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/856 - H01L 2224/85691 |
| 2224/85644 | Gold (Au) as principal constituent | 2224/85698 | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams |
| 2224/85647 | Copper (Cu) as principal constituent | 2224/85699 | Coating material |
| 2224/85649 | Manganese (Mn) as principal constituent | 2224/857 | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron (B), silicon (Si), germanium (Ge), arsenic (As), antimony (Sb), tellurium (Te) and polonium (Po), and alloys thereof |
| 2224/85655 | Nickel (Ni) as principal constituent | 2224/85701 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400°C |
| 2224/85657 | Cobalt (Co) as principal constituent | 2224/85705 | Gallium (Ga) as principal constituent |
| 2224/8566 | Iron (Fe) as principal constituent | 2224/85709 | Indium (In) as principal constituent |
| 2224/85663 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C | 2224/85711 | Tin (Sn) as principal constituent |
| 2224/85664 | Palladium (Pd) as principal constituent | 2224/85713 | Bismuth (Bi) as principal constituent |
| 2224/85666 | Titanium (Ti) as principal constituent | 2224/85714 | Thallium (Tl) as principal constituent |
| 2224/85669 | Platinum (Pt) as principal constituent | 2224/85716 | Lead (Pb) as principal constituent |
| 2224/8567 | Zirconium (Zr) as principal constituent | 2224/85717 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400°C and less than 950°C |
| 2224/85671 | Chromium (Cr) as principal constituent | 2224/85718 | Zinc (Zn) as principal constituent |
| 2224/85672 | Vanadium (V) as principal constituent | 2224/8572 | Antimony (Sb) as principal constituent |
| 2224/85673 | Rhodium (Rh) as principal constituent | 2224/85723 | Magnesium (Mg) as principal constituent |
| 2224/85676 | Ruthenium (Ru) as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/85678 | Iridium (Ir) as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/85679 | Niobium (Nb) as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/8568 | Molybdenum (Mo) as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/85681 | Tantalum (Ta) as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/85683 | Rhenium (Re) as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/85684 | Tungsten (W) as principal constituent | | |
| 2224/85686 | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material | | |

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| 2224/85724 | Aluminium (Al) as principal constituent | 2224/85791 | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene |
| 2224/85738 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950°C and less than 1550°C | 2224/85793 | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/857 - H01L 2224/85791 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond |
| 2224/85739 | Silver (Ag) as principal constituent | 2224/85794 | with a principal constituent of the material being a liquid not provided for in groups H01L 2224/857 - H01L 2224/85791 |
| 2224/85744 | Gold (Au) as principal constituent | 2224/85795 | with a principal constituent of the material being a gas not provided for in groups H01L 2224/857 - H01L 2224/85791 |
| 2224/85747 | Copper (Cu) as principal constituent | 2224/85798 | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams |
| 2224/85749 | Manganese (Mn) as principal constituent | 2224/85799 | Shape or distribution of the fillers |
| 2224/85755 | Nickel (Ni) as principal constituent | 2224/858 | Bonding techniques |
| 2224/85757 | Cobalt (Co) as principal constituent | 2224/85801 | Soldering or alloying |
| 2224/8576 | Iron (Fe) as principal constituent | 2224/85805 | involving forming a eutectic alloy at the bonding interface |
| 2224/85763 | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550°C | 2224/8581 | involving forming an intermetallic compound at the bonding interface |
| 2224/85764 | Palladium (Pd) as principal constituent | 2224/85815 | Reflow soldering |
| 2224/85766 | Titanium (Ti) as principal constituent | 2224/8582 | Diffusion bonding |
| 2224/85769 | Platinum (Pt) as principal constituent | 2224/85825 | Solid-liquid interdiffusion |
| 2224/8577 | Zirconium (Zr) as principal constituent | 2224/8583 | Solid-solid interdiffusion, e.g. "direct bonding" |
| 2224/85771 | Chromium (Cr) as principal constituent | 2224/8584 | Sintering |
| 2224/85772 | Vanadium (V) as principal constituent | 2224/8585 | using a polymer adhesive, e.g. an adhesive based on silicone, epoxy, polyimide, polyester |
| 2224/85773 | Rhodium (Rh) as principal constituent | 2224/85855 | Hardening the adhesive by curing, i.e. thermosetting |
| 2224/85776 | Ruthenium (Ru) as principal constituent | 2224/85856 | Pre-cured adhesive, i.e. B-stage adhesive |
| 2224/85778 | Iridium (Ir) as principal constituent | 2224/85859 | Localised curing of parts of the connector |
| 2224/85779 | Niobium (Nb) as principal constituent | 2224/85862 | Heat curing |
| 2224/8578 | Molybdenum (Mo) as principal constituent | 2224/85865 | Microwave curing |
| 2224/85781 | Tantalum (Ta) as principal constituent | 2224/85868 | Infrared [IR] curing |
| 2224/85783 | Rhenium (Re) as principal constituent | 2224/85871 | Visible light curing |
| 2224/85784 | Tungsten (W) as principal constituent | 2224/85874 | Ultraviolet [UV] curing |
| 2224/85786 | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material | 2224/85877 | Moisture curing, i.e. curing by exposing to humidity, e.g. for silicones and polyurethanes |
| 2224/85787 | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2224/85788) | 2224/8588 | Hardening the adhesive by cooling, e.g. for thermoplastics or hot-melt adhesives |
| 2224/85788 | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides | 2224/85885 | Combinations of two or more hardening methods provided for in at least two different groups from H01L 2224/85855 - H01L 2224/8588 , e.g. for hybrid thermoplastic-thermosetting adhesives |
| 2224/8579 | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy | 2224/8589 | using an inorganic non metallic glass type adhesive, e.g. solder glass |

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| 2224/85893 | | Anodic bonding, i.e. bonding by applying a voltage across the interface in order to induce ions migration leading to an irreversible chemical bond |
| 2224/85895 | | Direct bonding, i.e. joining surfaces by means of intermolecular attracting interactions at their interfaces, e.g. covalent bonds, van der Waals forces |
| 2224/85897 | | between electrically conductive surfaces, e.g. copper-copper direct bonding, surface activated bonding |
| 2224/85898 | | between electrically insulating surfaces, e.g. oxide or nitride layers |
| 2224/85899 | | Combinations of bonding methods provided for in at least two different groups from H01L 2224/858 - H01L 2224/85898 |
| 2224/859 | . . . | involving monitoring, e.g. feedback loop |
| 2224/85909 | . . . | Post-treatment of the connector or wire bonding area |
| 2224/8591 | | Cleaning, e.g. oxide removal step, desmearing |
| 2224/85911 | | Chemical cleaning, e.g. etching, flux |
| 2224/85912 | | Mechanical cleaning, e.g. abrasion using hydro blasting, brushes, ultrasonic cleaning, dry ice blasting, gas-flow |
| 2224/85913 | | Plasma cleaning |
| 2224/85914 | | Thermal cleaning, e.g. using laser ablation or by electrostatic corona discharge |
| 2224/85916 | | using a laser |
| 2224/85917 | | Electron beam cleaning |
| 2224/85919 | | Combinations of two or more cleaning methods provided for in at least two different groups from H01L 2224/8591 - H01L 2224/85914 |
| 2224/8592 | | Applying permanent coating, e.g. protective coating |
| 2224/8593 | | Reshaping, e.g. for severing the wire, modifying the wedge or ball or the loop shape |
| 2224/85931 | | by chemical means, e.g. etching |
| 2224/85935 | | by heating means, e.g. reflowing |
| 2224/85937 | | using a polychromatic heating lamp |
| 2224/85939 | | using a laser |
| 2224/85941 | | Induction heating, i.e. eddy currents |
| 2224/85943 | | using a flame torch, e.g. hydrogen torch |
| 2224/85945 | | using a corona discharge, e.g. electronic flame off [EFO] |
| 2224/85947 | | by mechanical means, e.g. "pull-and-cut", pressing, stamping |
| 2224/85948 | | Thermal treatments, e.g. annealing, controlled cooling |
| 2224/85951 | | Forming additional members, e.g. for reinforcing |
| 2224/85986 | . . . | Specific sequence of steps, e.g. repetition of manufacturing steps, time sequence |
| 2224/86 | . . | using tape automated bonding [TAB] |
| 2224/86001 | . . . | involving a temporary auxiliary member not forming part of the bonding apparatus |
| 2224/86002 | | being a removable or sacrificial coating |
| 2224/86005 | | being a temporary or sacrificial substrate |
| 2224/86007 | . . . | involving a permanent auxiliary member being left in the finished device, e.g. aids for holding or protecting the TAB connector during or after the bonding process |
| 2224/86009 | . . . | Pre-treatment of the connector or the bonding area |
| 2224/8601 | | Cleaning, e.g. oxide removal step, desmearing |
| 2224/8603 | | Reshaping |
| 2224/86031 | | by chemical means, e.g. etching, anodisation |
| 2224/86035 | | by heating |
| 2224/86039 | | using a laser |
| 2224/86045 | | using a corona discharge, e.g. electronic flame off [EFO] |
| 2224/86047 | | by mechanical means, e.g. severing, pressing, stamping |
| 2224/86048 | | Thermal treatment, e.g. annealing, controlled pre-heating or pre-cooling |
| 2224/86051 | | Forming additional members |
| 2224/86053 | . . . | Bonding environment |
| 2224/86054 | | Composition of the atmosphere |
| 2224/86085 | | being a liquid, e.g. fluidic self-assembly |
| 2224/8609 | | Vacuum |
| 2224/86091 | | Under pressure |
| 2224/86095 | | Temperature settings |
| 2224/86096 | | Transient conditions |
| 2224/86097 | | Heating |
| 2224/86098 | | Cooling |
| 2224/86099 | | Ambient temperature |
| 2224/861 | . . . | the connector being supplied to the parts to be connected in the bonding apparatus |
| 2224/8611 | . . . | involving protection against electrical discharge, e.g. removing electrostatic charge |
| 2224/8612 | . . . | Aligning |
| 2224/86121 | | Active alignment, i.e. by apparatus steering, e.g. optical alignment using marks or sensors |
| 2224/86122 | | by detecting inherent features of, or outside, the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/8613 | | using marks formed on the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2224/86132 | | using marks formed outside the semiconductor or solid-state body, i.e. "off-chip" |
| 2224/86136 | | involving guiding structures, e.g. spacers or supporting members |
| 2224/86138 | | the guiding structures being at least partially left in the finished device |
| 2224/86143 | | Passive alignment, i.e. self alignment, e.g. using surface energy, chemical reactions, thermal equilibrium |
| 2224/86148 | | involving movement of a part of the bonding apparatus |
| 2224/86149 | | being the lower part of the bonding apparatus, i.e. holding means for the bodies to be connected, e.g. XY table |
| 2224/8615 | | Rotational movements |
| 2224/8616 | | Translational movements |
| 2224/86169 | | being the upper part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. nozzle |
| 2224/8617 | | Rotational movement |
| 2224/8618 | | Translational movements |
| 2224/86181 | | connecting first on the semiconductor or solid-state body, i.e. on-chip, |

- 2224/86186 connecting first outside the semiconductor or solid-state body, i.e. off-chip
- 2224/86191 connecting first both on and outside the semiconductor or solid-state body
- 2224/862 Applying energy for connecting
- 2224/86201 Compression bonding
- 2224/86203 Thermo-compression bonding
- 2224/86205 Ultrasonic bonding
- 2224/86207 Thermosonic bonding
- 2224/8621 with energy being in the form of electromagnetic radiation
- 2224/86212 Induction heating, i.e. eddy currents
- 2224/86214 using a laser
- 2224/8623 Polychromatic or infrared lamp heating
- 2224/86232 using an autocatalytic reaction, e.g. exothermic brazing
- 2224/86234 using means for applying energy being within the device, e.g. integrated heater
- 2224/86236 using electro-static corona discharge
- 2224/86237 using electron beam ([electron beam in general B23K 15/00](#))
- 2224/86238 using electric resistance welding, i.e. ohmic heating
- 2224/8634 Bonding interfaces of the connector
- 2224/86345 Shape, e.g. interlocking features
- 2224/86355 having an external coating, e.g. protective bond-through coating
- 2224/86359 Material
- 2224/8636 Bonding interfaces of the semiconductor or solid state body
- 2224/86365 Shape, e.g. interlocking features
- 2224/86375 having an external coating, e.g. protective bond-through coating
- 2224/86379 Material
- 2224/8638 Bonding interfaces outside the semiconductor or solid-state body
- 2224/86385 Shape, e.g. interlocking features
- 2224/86395 having an external coating, e.g. protective bond-through coating
- 2224/86399 Material
- 2224/868 Bonding techniques
- 2224/86801 Soldering or alloying
- 2224/86805 involving forming a eutectic alloy at the bonding interface
- 2224/8681 involving forming an intermetallic compound at the bonding interface
- 2224/86815 Reflow soldering
- 2224/8682 Diffusion bonding
- 2224/86825 Solid-liquid interdiffusion
- 2224/8683 Solid-solid interdiffusion
- 2224/8684 Sintering
- 2224/8685 using a polymer adhesive, e.g. an adhesive based on silicone, epoxy, polyimide, polyester
- 2224/86855 Hardening the adhesive by curing, i.e. thermosetting
- 2224/86856 Pre-cured adhesive, i.e. B-stage adhesive
- 2224/86859 Localised curing of parts of the connector
- 2224/86862 Heat curing
- 2224/86865 Microwave curing
- 2224/86868 Infrared [IR] curing
- 2224/86871 Visible light curing
- 2224/86874 Ultraviolet [UV] curing
- 2224/86877 Moisture curing, i.e. curing by exposing to humidity, e.g. for silicones and polyurethanes
- 2224/8688 Hardening the adhesive by cooling, e.g. for thermoplastics or hot-melt adhesives
- 2224/86885 Combinations of two or more hardening methods provided for in at least two different groups selected from [H01L 2224/86855](#) - [H01L 2224/8688](#), e.g. hybrid thermoplastic-thermosetting adhesives
- 2224/8689 using an inorganic non metallic glass type adhesive, e.g. solder glass
- 2224/86893 Anodic bonding, i.e. bonding by applying a voltage across the interface in order to induce ions migration leading to an irreversible chemical bond
- 2224/86895 Direct bonding, i.e. joining surfaces by means of intermolecular attracting interactions at their interfaces, e.g. covalent bonds, van der Waals forces
- 2224/86896 between electrically conductive surfaces, e.g. copper-copper direct bonding, surface activated bonding
- 2224/86897 between electrically insulating surfaces, e.g. oxide or nitride layers
- 2224/86899 Combinations of bonding methods provided for in at least two different groups from [H01L 2224/868](#) - [H01L 2224/86897](#)
- 2224/869 involving monitoring, e.g. feedback loop
- 2224/86909 Post-treatment of the connector or the bonding area
- 2224/8691 Cleaning, e.g. oxide removal step, desmearing
- 2224/8693 Reshaping
- 2224/86931 by chemical means, e.g. etching, anodisation
- 2224/86935 by heating means
- 2224/86939 using a laser
- 2224/86945 using a corona discharge, e.g. electronic flame off [EFO]
- 2224/86947 by mechanical means, e.g. severing, pressing, stamping
- 2224/86948 Thermal treatments, e.g. annealing, controlled pre-heating or pre-cooling
- 2224/86951 Forming additional members
- 2224/86986 Specific sequence of steps, e.g. repetition of manufacturing steps, time sequence
- 2224/89 using at least one connector not provided for in any of the groups [H01L 2224/81](#) - [H01L 2224/86](#)
- 2224/90 Methods for connecting semiconductor or solid state bodies using means for bonding not being attached to, or not being formed on, the body surface to be connected, e.g. pressure contacts using springs or clips
- 2224/91 Methods for connecting semiconductor or solid state bodies including different methods provided for in two or more of groups [H01L 2224/80](#) - [H01L 2224/90](#)
- 2224/92 Specific sequence of method steps

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| 2224/9201 | . . . | Forming connectors during the connecting process, e.g. in-situ formation of bumps | 2224/92172 | | the first connecting process involving a TAB connector |
| 2224/9202 | . . . | Forming additional connectors after the connecting process | 2224/92173 | | the second connecting process involving a bump connector |
| 2224/9205 | . . . | Intermediate bonding steps, i.e. partial connection of the semiconductor or solid-state body during the connecting process | 2224/92174 | | the second connecting process involving a build-up interconnect |
| 2224/921 | . . . | Connecting a surface with connectors of different types | 2224/92175 | | the second connecting process involving a layer connector |
| 2224/9211 | | Parallel connecting processes | 2224/92176 | | the second connecting process involving a strap connector |
| 2224/9212 | | Sequential connecting processes | 2224/92177 | | the second connecting process involving a wire connector |
| 2224/92122 | | the first connecting process involving a bump connector | 2224/922 | . . . | Connecting different surfaces of the semiconductor or solid-state body with connectors of different types |
| 2224/92124 | | the second connecting process involving a build-up interconnect | 2224/9221 | | Parallel connecting processes |
| 2224/92125 | | the second connecting process involving a layer connector | 2224/9222 | | Sequential connecting processes |
| 2224/92127 | | the second connecting process involving a wire connector | 2224/92222 | | the first connecting process involving a bump connector |
| 2224/92132 | | the first connecting process involving a build-up interconnect | 2224/92224 | | the second connecting process involving a build-up interconnect |
| 2224/92133 | | the second connecting process involving a bump connector | 2224/92225 | | the second connecting process involving a layer connector |
| 2224/92135 | | the second connecting process involving a layer connector | 2224/92226 | | the second connecting process involving a strap connector |
| 2224/92136 | | the second connecting process involving a strap connector | 2224/92227 | | the second connecting process involving a wire connector |
| 2224/92137 | | the second connecting process involving a wire connector | 2224/92228 | | the second connecting process involving a TAB connector |
| 2224/92138 | | the second connecting process involving a TAB connector | 2224/92242 | | the first connecting process involving a layer connector |
| 2224/92142 | | the first connecting process involving a layer connector | 2224/92244 | | the second connecting process involving a build-up interconnect |
| 2224/92143 | | the second connecting process involving a bump connector | 2224/92246 | | the second connecting process involving a strap connector |
| 2224/92144 | | the second connecting process involving a build-up interconnect | 2224/92247 | | the second connecting process involving a wire connector |
| 2224/92147 | | the second connecting process involving a wire connector | 2224/92248 | | the second connecting process involving a TAB connector |
| 2224/92148 | | the second connecting process involving a TAB connector | 2224/92252 | | the first connecting process involving a strap connector |
| 2224/92152 | | the first connecting process involving a strap connector | 2224/92253 | | the second connecting process involving a bump connector |
| 2224/92153 | | the second connecting process involving a bump connector | 2224/92255 | | the second connecting process involving a layer connector |
| 2224/92155 | | the second connecting process involving a layer connector | 2224/93 | . . | Batch processes |
| 2224/92157 | | the second connecting process involving a wire connector | 2224/94 | . . | at wafer-level, i.e. with connecting carried out on a wafer comprising a plurality of undiced individual devices |
| 2224/92158 | | the second connecting process involving a TAB connector | 2224/95 | . . | at chip-level, i.e. with connecting carried out on a plurality of singulated devices, i.e. on diced chips |
| 2224/92162 | | the first connecting process involving a wire connector | 2224/95001 | . . . | involving a temporary auxiliary member not forming part of the bonding apparatus, e.g. removable or sacrificial coating, film or substrate |
| 2224/92163 | | the second connecting process involving a bump connector | 2224/95053 | . . . | Bonding environment |
| 2224/92164 | | the second connecting process involving a build-up interconnect | 2224/95085 | | being a liquid, e.g. for fluidic self-assembly |
| 2224/92165 | | the second connecting process involving a layer connector | 2224/95091 | | Under pressure |
| 2224/92166 | | the second connecting process involving a strap connector | 2224/95092 | | Atmospheric pressure, e.g. dry self-assembly |
| 2224/92168 | | the second connecting process involving a TAB connector | 2224/95093 | | Transient conditions, e.g. assisted by a gas flow or a liquid flow |
| | | | 2224/951 | . . . | Supplying the plurality of semiconductor or solid-state bodies |

- 2224/95101 in a liquid medium
- 2224/95102 being a colloidal droplet
- 2224/95111 using a rack or rail
- 2224/95115 using a roll-to-roll transfer technique
- 2224/95112 . . . Aligning the plurality of semiconductor or solid-state bodies
- 2224/95121 Active alignment, i.e. by apparatus steering
- 2224/95122 by applying vibration
- 2224/95123 by applying a pressurised fluid flow, e.g. liquid or gas flow
- 2224/95133 by applying an electromagnetic field
- 2224/95134 Electrowetting, i.e. by changing the surface energy of a droplet
- 2224/95136 involving guiding structures, e.g. shape matching, spacers or supporting members
- 2224/95143 Passive alignment, i.e. self alignment, e.g. using surface energy, chemical reactions, thermal equilibrium
- 2224/95144 Magnetic alignment, i.e. using permanent magnetic parts in the semiconductor or solid-state body
- 2224/95145 Electrostatic alignment, i.e. polarity alignment with Coulomb charges
- 2224/95146 by surface tension
- 2224/95147 by molecular lock-key, e.g. by DNA
- 2224/95148 involving movement of a part of the bonding apparatus
- 2224/96 . . . the devices being encapsulated in a common layer, e.g. neo-wafer or pseudo-wafer, said common layer being separable into individual assemblies after connecting
- 2224/97 . . . the devices being connected to a common substrate, e.g. interposer, said common substrate being separable into individual assemblies after connecting
- 2224/98 . . . Methods for disconnecting semiconductor or solid-state bodies
- 2225/00** **Details relating to assemblies covered by the group [H01L 25/00](#) but not provided for in its subgroups**
- 2225/03 . . . All the devices being of a type provided for in the same subgroup of groups [H01L 27/00](#) - [H01L 51/00](#)
- 2225/04 . . . the devices not having separate containers
- 2225/065 . . . the devices being of a type provided for in group [H01L 27/00](#)
- 2225/06503 Stacked arrangements of devices
- 2225/06506 Wire or wire-like electrical connections between devices
- 2225/0651 Wire or wire-like electrical connections from device to substrate
- 2225/06513 Bump or bump-like direct electrical connections between devices, e.g. flip-chip connection, solder bumps
- 2225/06517 Bump or bump-like direct electrical connections from device to substrate
- 2225/0652 Bump or bump-like direct electrical connections from substrate to substrate
- 2225/06524 Electrical connections formed on device or on substrate, e.g. a deposited or grown layer
- 2225/06527 Special adaptation of electrical connections, e.g. rewiring, engineering changes, pressure contacts, layout
- 2225/06531 Non-galvanic coupling, e.g. capacitive coupling
- 2225/06534 Optical coupling
- 2225/06537 Electromagnetic shielding
- 2225/06541 Conductive via connections through the device, e.g. vertical interconnects, through silicon via [TSV] ([manufacturing via connections per se H01L 21/76898](#))
- 2225/06544 Design considerations for via connections, e.g. geometry or layout
- 2225/06548 Conductive via connections through the substrate, container, or encapsulation
- 2225/06551 Conductive connections on the side of the device
- 2225/06555 Geometry of the stack, e.g. form of the devices, geometry to facilitate stacking
- 2225/06558 the devices having passive surfaces facing each other, i.e. in a back-to-back arrangement
- 2225/06562 at least one device in the stack being rotated or offset
- 2225/06565 the devices having the same size and there being no auxiliary carrier between the devices
- 2225/06568 the devices decreasing in size, e.g. pyramidal stack
- 2225/06572 Auxiliary carrier between devices, the carrier having an electrical connection structure
- 2225/06575 Auxiliary carrier between devices, the carrier having no electrical connection structure
- 2225/06579 TAB carriers; beam leads
- 2225/06582 Housing for the assembly, e.g. chip scale package [CSP]
- 2225/06586 Housing with external bump or bump-like connectors
- 2225/06589 Thermal management, e.g. cooling
- 2225/06593 Mounting aids permanently on device; arrangements for alignment ([use of temporary supports H01L 21/6835](#))
- 2225/06596 Structural arrangements for testing ([testing or measuring during manufacture or treatment H01L 22/00](#); [testing electrical properties or locating electrical faults G01R 31/00](#))
- 2225/10 . . . the devices having separate containers
- 2225/1005 . . . the devices being of a type provided for in group [H01L 27/00](#)
- 2225/1011 the containers being in a stacked arrangement
- 2225/1017 the lowermost container comprising a device support
- 2225/1023 the support being an insulating substrate
- 2225/1029 the support being a lead frame
- 2225/1035 the device being entirely enclosed by the support, e.g. high-density interconnect [HDI]
- 2225/1041 Special adaptations for top connections of the lowermost container, e.g. redistribution layer, integral interposer
- 2225/1047 Details of electrical connections between containers
- 2225/1052 Wire or wire-like electrical connections

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|----------------|--|----------------|---|
| 2225/1058 | Bump or bump-like electrical connections, e.g. balls, pillars, posts | 2251/554 | . . . Oxidation-reduction potential |
| 2225/1064 | Electrical connections provided on a side surface of one or more of the containers | 2251/556 | . . . Temperature |
| 2225/107 | Indirect electrical connections, e.g. via an interposer, a flexible substrate, using TAB (printed circuits H05K 1/00) | 2251/558 | . . . Thickness |
| 2225/1076 | Shape of the containers | 2251/56 | . . Processes specially adapted for the manufacture or treatment of OLED |
| 2225/1082 | for improving alignment between containers, e.g. interlocking features | 2251/562 | . . . Aging |
| 2225/1088 | Arrangements to limit the height of the assembly | 2251/564 | . . . Application of alternating current |
| 2225/1094 | Thermal management, e.g. cooling | 2251/566 | . . . Division of substrate, e.g. for manufacturing of OLED displays |
| 2225/1094 | Thermal management, e.g. cooling | 2251/568 | . . . Repairing |
| 2227/00 | Indexing scheme for devices consisting of a plurality of semiconductor or other solid state components formed in or on a common substrate covered by group H01L 27/00 | 2924/00 | Indexing scheme for arrangements or methods for connecting or disconnecting semiconductor or solid-state bodies as covered by H01L 24/00 |
| 2227/32 | . Devices including an organic light emitting device [OLED], e.g. OLED display | 2924/0001 | . Technical content checked by a classifier |
| 2227/323 | . . Multistep processes for AMOLED | | NOTE |
| 2227/326 | . . Use of temporary substrate, e.g. for manufacturing of OLED displays having an inorganic driving circuit | | Codes H01L 2924/0001 - H01L 2924/0002 are used to describe the status of reclassification; they do not relate to technical features as such |
| 2229/00 | Indexing scheme for semiconductor devices adapted for rectifying, amplifying, oscillating or switching, or capacitors or resistors with at least one potential-jump barrier or surface barrier, for details of semiconductor bodies or of electrodes thereof, or for multistep manufacturing processes therefor | 2924/00011 | . . Not relevant to the scope of the group, the symbol of which is combined with the symbol of this group |
| 2251/00 | Indexing scheme relating to organic semiconductor devices covered by group H01L 51/00 | 2924/00012 | . . Relevant to the scope of the group, the symbol of which is combined with the symbol of this group |
| 2251/10 | . Processes specially adapted for the manufacture or treatment of organic semiconductor devices | 2924/00013 | . . Fully indexed content |
| 2251/105 | . . Patterning of a layer by embossing, e.g. to form trenches in an insulating layer | 2924/00014 | . . the subject-matter covered by the group, the symbol of which is combined with the symbol of this group, being disclosed without further technical details |
| 2251/30 | . Materials | 2924/00015 | . . the subject-matter covered by the group, the symbol of which is combined with the symbol of this group, being disclosed as prior art |
| 2251/301 | . . Inorganic materials | 2924/0002 | . . Not covered by any one of groups H01L 24/00 , H01L 24/00 and H01L 2224/00 |
| 2251/303 | . . . Oxides, e.g. metal oxides | 2924/01 | . Chemical elements |
| 2251/305 | Transparent conductive oxides [TCO] | 2924/01001 | . . Hydrogen [H] |
| 2251/306 | composed of tin oxides, e.g. F doped SnO ₂ | 2924/01002 | . . Helium [He] |
| 2251/308 | composed of indium oxides, e.g. ITO | 2924/01003 | . . Lithium [Li] |
| 2251/50 | . Organic light emitting devices | 2924/01004 | . . Beryllium [Be] |
| 2251/53 | . . Structure | 2924/01005 | . . Boron [B] |
| 2251/5307 | . . . specially adapted for controlling the direction of light emission | 2924/01006 | . . Carbon [C] |
| 2251/5315 | Top emission | 2924/01007 | . . Nitrogen [N] |
| 2251/5323 | Two-side emission, i.e. TOLED | 2924/01008 | . . Oxygen [O] |
| 2251/533 | End-face emission | 2924/01009 | . . Fluorine [F] |
| 2251/5338 | Flexible OLED | 2924/0101 | . . Neon [Ne] |
| 2251/5346 | Graded composition | 2924/01011 | . . Sodium [Na] |
| 2251/5353 | Inverted OLED | 2924/01012 | . . Magnesium [Mg] |
| 2251/5361 | OLED lamp | 2924/01013 | . . Aluminum [Al] |
| 2251/5369 | Nanoparticles used in whatever layer except emissive layer, e.g. in packaging | 2924/01014 | . . Silicon [Si] |
| 2251/5376 | Combination of fluorescent and phosphorescent emission | 2924/01015 | . . Phosphorus [P] |
| 2251/5384 | Multiple hosts in the emissive layer | 2924/01016 | . . Sulfur [S] |
| 2251/5392 | Short-circuit prevention | 2924/01017 | . . Chlorine [Cl] |
| 2251/55 | . . characterised by parameters | 2924/01018 | . . Argon [Ar] |
| 2251/552 | . . . HOMO-LUMO-EF | 2924/01019 | . . Potassium [K] |
| | | 2924/0102 | . . Calcium [Ca] |
| | | 2924/01021 | . . Scandium [Sc] |
| | | 2924/01022 | . . Titanium [Ti] |
| | | 2924/01023 | . . Vanadium [V] |
| | | 2924/01024 | . . Chromium [Cr] |
| | | 2924/01025 | . . Manganese [Mn] |
| | | 2924/01026 | . . Iron [Fe] |
| | | 2924/01027 | . . Cobalt [Co] |

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|------------|-----------------------|------------|--|
| 2924/01028 | . . Nickel [Ni] | 2924/01089 | . . Actinium [Ac] |
| 2924/01029 | . . Copper [Cu] | 2924/0109 | . . Thorium [Th] |
| 2924/0103 | . . Zinc [Zn] | 2924/01091 | . . Protactinium [Pa] |
| 2924/01031 | . . Gallium [Ga] | 2924/01092 | . . Uranium [U] |
| 2924/01032 | . . Germanium [Ge] | 2924/01093 | . . Neptunium [Np] |
| 2924/01033 | . . Arsenic [As] | 2924/01094 | . . Plutonium [Pu] |
| 2924/01034 | . . Selenium [Se] | 2924/011 | . Groups of the periodic table |
| 2924/01035 | . . Bromine [Br] | 2924/01101 | . . Alkali metals |
| 2924/01036 | . . Krypton [Kr] | 2924/01102 | . . Alkali earth metals |
| 2924/01037 | . . Rubidium [Rb] | 2924/01103 | . . Transition metals |
| 2924/01038 | . . Strontium [Sr] | 2924/01104 | . . Refractory metals |
| 2924/01039 | . . Yttrium [Y] | 2924/01105 | . . Rare earth metals |
| 2924/0104 | . . Zirconium [Zr] | 2924/01106 | . . . Lanthanides, i.e. Ce, Pr, Nd, Pm, Sm, Eu, Gd, Tb, Dy, Ho, Er, Tm, Yb, Lu |
| 2924/01041 | . . Niobium [Nb] | 2924/01107 | . . . Actinides, i.e. Th, Pa, U, Np, Pu, Am, Cm, Bk, Cf, Es, Fm, Md, No, Lr |
| 2924/01042 | . . Molybdenum [Mo] | 2924/01108 | . . Noble metals |
| 2924/01043 | . . Technetium [Tc] | 2924/01109 | . . Metalloids or Semi-metals |
| 2924/01044 | . . Ruthenium [Ru] | 2924/0111 | . . Chalcogens |
| 2924/01045 | . . Rhodium [Rh] | 2924/01111 | . . Halogens |
| 2924/01046 | . . Palladium [Pd] | 2924/01112 | . . Noble gases |
| 2924/01047 | . . Silver [Ag] | 2924/012 | . Semiconductor purity grades |
| 2924/01048 | . . Cadmium [Cd] | 2924/01201 | . . 1N purity grades, i.e. 90% |
| 2924/01049 | . . Indium [In] | 2924/01202 | . . 2N purity grades, i.e. 99% |
| 2924/0105 | . . Tin [Sn] | 2924/01203 | . . 3N purity grades, i.e. 99.9% |
| 2924/01051 | . . Antimony [Sb] | 2924/01204 | . . 4N purity grades, i.e. 99.99% |
| 2924/01052 | . . Tellurium [Te] | 2924/01205 | . . 5N purity grades, i.e. 99.999% |
| 2924/01053 | . . Iodine [I] | 2924/01206 | . . 6N purity grades, i.e. 99.9999% |
| 2924/01054 | . . Xenon [Xe] | 2924/01207 | . . 7N purity grades, i.e. 99.99999% |
| 2924/01055 | . . Cesium [Cs] | 2924/01208 | . . 8N purity grades, i.e. 99.999999% |
| 2924/01056 | . . Barium [Ba] | 2924/013 | . Alloys |
| 2924/01057 | . . Lanthanum [La] | 2924/0132 | . . Binary Alloys |
| 2924/01058 | . . Cerium [Ce] | 2924/01321 | . . . Isomorphous Alloys |
| 2924/01059 | . . Praseodymium [Pr] | 2924/01322 | . . . Eutectic Alloys, i.e. obtained by a liquid transforming into two solid phases |
| 2924/0106 | . . Neodymium [Nd] | 2924/01323 | Hypoeutectic alloys i.e. with compositions lying to the left of the eutectic point |
| 2924/01061 | . . Promethium [Pm] | 2924/01324 | Hypereutectic alloys i.e. with compositions lying to the right of the eutectic point |
| 2924/01062 | . . Samarium [Sm] | 2924/01325 | . . . Peritectic Alloys, i.e. obtained by a liquid and a solid transforming into a new and different solid phase |
| 2924/01063 | . . Europium [Eu] | 2924/01326 | . . . Monotectics, i.e. obtained by a liquid transforming into a solid and a new and different liquid phase |
| 2924/01064 | . . Gadolinium [Gd] | 2924/01327 | . . . Intermediate phases, i.e. intermetallics compounds |
| 2924/01065 | . . Terbium [Tb] | 2924/0133 | . . Ternary Alloys |
| 2924/01066 | . . Dysprosium [Dy] | 2924/0134 | . . Quaternary Alloys |
| 2924/01067 | . . Holmium [Ho] | 2924/0135 | . . Quinary Alloys |
| 2924/01068 | . . Erbium [Er] | 2924/014 | . Solder alloys |
| 2924/01069 | . . Thulium [Tm] | 2924/01402 | . . Invar, i.e. single-phase alloy of around 36% nickel and 64% iron |
| 2924/0107 | . . Ytterbium [Yb] | 2924/01403 | . . Kovar, i.e. FeNiCo alloys |
| 2924/01071 | . . Lutetium [Lu] | 2924/01404 | . . Alloy 42, i.e. FeNi42 |
| 2924/01072 | . . Hafnium [Hf] | 2924/01405 | . . Inovco, i.e. Fe-33Ni-4.5Co |
| 2924/01073 | . . Tantalum [Ta] | 2924/042 | . Borides composed of metals from groups of the periodic table |
| 2924/01074 | . . Tungsten [W] | 2924/0421 | . . 1st Group |
| 2924/01075 | . . Rhenium [Re] | 2924/0422 | . . 2nd Group |
| 2924/01076 | . . Osmium [Os] | 2924/0423 | . . 3rd Group |
| 2924/01077 | . . Iridium [Ir] | 2924/0424 | . . 4th Group |
| 2924/01078 | . . Platinum [Pt] | | |
| 2924/01079 | . . Gold [Au] | | |
| 2924/0108 | . . Mercury [Hg] | | |
| 2924/01081 | . . Thallium [Tl] | | |
| 2924/01082 | . . Lead [Pb] | | |
| 2924/01083 | . . Bismuth [Bi] | | |
| 2924/01084 | . . Polonium [Po] | | |
| 2924/01085 | . . Astatine [At] | | |
| 2924/01086 | . . Radon [Rn] | | |
| 2924/01087 | . . Francium [Fr] | | |
| 2924/01088 | . . Radium [Ra] | | |

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| 2924/0425 | . . 5th Group | 2924/0486 | . . Actinides |
| 2924/0426 | . . 6th Group | 2924/0489 | . . being a combination of two or more materials provided in the groups H01L 2924/0471 - H01L 2924/0486 |
| 2924/0427 | . . 7th Group | 2924/04891 | . . having a monocrystalline microstructure |
| 2924/0428 | . . 8th Group | 2924/04892 | . . having a polycrystalline microstructure |
| 2924/0429 | . . 9th Group | 2924/04894 | . . having an amorphous microstructure, i.e. glass |
| 2924/044 | . . 10th Group | 2924/049 | . Nitrides composed of metals from groups of the periodic table |
| 2924/0441 | . . 11th Group | 2924/0491 | . . 1st Group |
| 2924/0442 | . . 12th Group | 2924/0492 | . . 2nd Group |
| 2924/0443 | . . 13th Group | 2924/0493 | . . 3rd Group |
| 2924/0444 | . . 14th Group | 2924/0494 | . . 4th Group |
| 2924/0445 | . . Lanthanides | 2924/04941 | . . . TiN |
| 2924/0446 | . . Actinides | 2924/0495 | . . 5th Group |
| 2924/0449 | . . being a combination of two or more materials provided in the groups H01L 2924/0421 - H01L 2924/0446 | 2924/04953 | . . . TaN |
| 2924/04491 | . . having a monocrystalline microstructure | 2924/0496 | . . 6th Group |
| 2924/04492 | . . having a polycrystalline microstructure | 2924/0497 | . . 7th Group |
| 2924/04494 | . . having an amorphous microstructure, i.e. glass | 2924/0498 | . . 8th Group |
| 2924/045 | . Carbides composed of metals from groups of the periodic table | 2924/0499 | . . 9th Group |
| 2924/0451 | . . 1st Group | 2924/05 | . . 10th Group |
| 2924/0452 | . . 2nd Group | 2924/0501 | . . 11th Group |
| 2924/0453 | . . 3rd Group | 2924/0502 | . . 12th Group |
| 2924/0454 | . . 4th Group | 2924/0503 | . . 13th Group |
| 2924/04541 | . . . TiC | 2924/05032 | . . . AlN |
| 2924/0455 | . . 5th Group | 2924/0504 | . . 14th Group |
| 2924/0456 | . . 6th Group | 2924/05042 | . . . Si ₃ N ₄ |
| 2924/04563 | . . . WC | 2924/0505 | . . Lanthanides |
| 2924/0457 | . . 7th Group | 2924/0506 | . . Actinides |
| 2924/0458 | . . 8th Group | 2924/0509 | . . being a combination of two or more materials provided in the groups H01L 2924/0491 - H01L 2924/0506 |
| 2924/0459 | . . 9th Group | 2924/05091 | . . having a monocrystalline microstructure |
| 2924/046 | . . 10th Group | 2924/05092 | . . having a polycrystalline microstructure |
| 2924/0461 | . . 11th Group | 2924/05094 | . . having an amorphous microstructure, i.e. glass |
| 2924/0462 | . . 12th Group | 2924/051 | . Phosphides composed of metals from groups of the periodic table |
| 2924/0463 | . . 13th Group | 2924/0511 | . . 1st Group |
| 2924/0464 | . . 14th Group | 2924/0512 | . . 2nd Group |
| 2924/04642 | . . . SiC | 2924/0513 | . . 3rd Group |
| 2924/0465 | . . Lanthanides | 2924/0514 | . . 4th Group |
| 2924/0466 | . . Actinides | 2924/0515 | . . 5th Group |
| 2924/0469 | . . being a combination of two or more materials provided in the groups H01L 2924/0451 - H01L 2924/0466 | 2924/0516 | . . 6th Group |
| 2924/04691 | . . having a monocrystalline microstructure | 2924/0517 | . . 7th Group |
| 2924/04692 | . . having a polycrystalline microstructure | 2924/0518 | . . 8th Group |
| 2924/04694 | . . having an amorphous microstructure, i.e. glass | 2924/0519 | . . 9th Group |
| 2924/047 | . Silicides composed of metals from groups of the periodic table | 2924/052 | . . 10th Group |
| 2924/0471 | . . 1st Group | 2924/0521 | . . 11th Group |
| 2924/0472 | . . 2nd Group | 2924/0522 | . . 12th Group |
| 2924/0473 | . . 3rd Group | 2924/0523 | . . 13th Group |
| 2924/0474 | . . 4th Group | 2924/0524 | . . 14th Group |
| 2924/0475 | . . 5th Group | 2924/0525 | . . Lanthanides |
| 2924/0476 | . . 6th Group | 2924/0526 | . . Actinides |
| 2924/0477 | . . 7th Group | 2924/0529 | . . being a combination of two or more materials provided in the groups H01L 2924/0511 - H01L 2924/0526 |
| 2924/0478 | . . 8th Group | 2924/05291 | . . having a monocrystalline microstructure |
| 2924/0479 | . . 9th Group | 2924/05292 | . . having a polycrystalline microstructure |
| 2924/048 | . . 10th Group | 2924/05294 | . . having an amorphous microstructure, i.e. glass |
| 2924/0481 | . . 11th Group | 2924/053 | . Oxides composed of metals from groups of the periodic table |
| 2924/0482 | . . 12th Group | 2924/0531 | . . 1st Group |
| 2924/0483 | . . 13th Group | | |
| 2924/0484 | . . 14th Group | | |
| 2924/0485 | . . Lanthanides | | |

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| 2924/0532 | . . 2nd Group | 2924/058 | . . 10th Group |
| 2924/0533 | . . 3rd Group | 2924/0581 | . . 11th Group |
| 2924/0534 | . . 4th Group | 2924/0582 | . . 12th Group |
| 2924/05341 | . . . TiO ₂ | 2924/0583 | . . 13th Group |
| 2924/05342 | . . . ZrO ₂ | 2924/0584 | . . 14th Group |
| 2924/0535 | . . 5th Group | 2924/0585 | . . Lanthanides |
| 2924/0536 | . . 6th Group | 2924/0586 | . . Actinides |
| 2924/0537 | . . 7th Group | 2924/0589 | . . being a combination of two or more materials provided in the groups H01L 2924/0571 - H01L 2924/0586 |
| 2924/0538 | . . 8th Group | | |
| 2924/05381 | . . . FeOx | 2924/05891 | . . having a monocrystalline microstructure |
| 2924/0539 | . . 9th Group | 2924/05892 | . . having a polycrystalline microstructure |
| 2924/054 | . . 10th Group | 2924/05894 | . . having an amorphous microstructure, i.e. glass |
| 2924/0541 | . . 11th Group | 2924/059 | . Being combinations of any of the materials from the groups H01L 2924/042 - H01L 2924/0584 , e.g. oxynitrides |
| 2924/0542 | . . 12th Group | | |
| 2924/0543 | . . 13th Group | 2924/05991 | . . having a monocrystalline microstructure |
| 2924/05432 | . . . Al ₂ O ₃ | 2924/05992 | . . having a polycrystalline microstructure |
| 2924/0544 | . . 14th Group | 2924/05994 | . . having an amorphous microstructure, i.e. glass |
| 2924/05442 | . . . SiO ₂ | 2924/06 | . Polymers (polymers per se C08 ; polymer adhesives C09J) |
| 2924/0545 | . . Lanthanides | | |
| 2924/0546 | . . Actinides | 2924/061 | . . Polyolefin polymer |
| 2924/0549 | . . being a combination of two or more materials provided in the groups H01L 2924/0531 - H01L 2924/0546 | 2924/0615 | . . Styrenic polymer |
| | | 2924/062 | . . Halogenated polymer |
| 2924/05491 | . . having a monocrystalline microstructure | 2924/0625 | . . Polyvinyl alcohol |
| 2924/05492 | . . having a polycrystalline microstructure | 2924/063 | . . Polyvinyl acetate |
| 2924/05494 | . . having an amorphous microstructure, i.e. glass | 2924/0635 | . . Acrylic polymer |
| 2924/055 | . Chalcogenides other than oxygen i.e. sulfides, selenides and tellurides composed of metals from groups of the periodic table | 2924/064 | . . Graft polymer |
| | | 2924/0645 | . . Block copolymer |
| 2924/0551 | . . 1st Group | 2924/065 | . . ABS |
| 2924/0552 | . . 2nd Group | 2924/0655 | . . Polyacetal |
| 2924/0553 | . . 3rd Group | 2924/066 | . . Phenolic resin |
| 2924/0554 | . . 4th Group | 2924/0665 | . . Epoxy resin |
| 2924/0555 | . . 5th Group | 2924/067 | . . Polyphenylene |
| 2924/0556 | . . 6th Group | 2924/0675 | . . Polyester |
| 2924/0557 | . . 7th Group | 2924/068 | . . Polycarbonate |
| 2924/0558 | . . 8th Group | 2924/0685 | . . Polyether |
| 2924/0559 | . . 9th Group | 2924/069 | . . Polyurethane |
| 2924/056 | . . 10th Group | 2924/0695 | . . Polyamide |
| 2924/0561 | . . 11th Group | 2924/07 | . . Polyamine or polyimide |
| 2924/0562 | . . 12th Group | 2924/07001 | . . . Polyamine |
| 2924/0563 | . . 13th Group | 2924/07025 | . . . Polyimide |
| 2924/0564 | . . 14th Group | 2924/0705 | . . Sulfur containing polymer |
| 2924/0565 | . . Lanthanides | 2924/0715 | . . Polysiloxane |
| 2924/0566 | . . Actinides | 2924/078 | . . Adhesive characteristics other than chemical |
| 2924/0569 | . . being a combination of two or more materials provided in the groups H01L 2924/0551 - H01L 2924/0566 | 2924/07802 | . . . not being an ohmic electrical conductor |
| | | 2924/0781 | . . . being an ohmic electrical conductor |
| 2924/05691 | . . having a monocrystalline microstructure | 2924/07811 | Extrinsic, i.e. with electrical conductive fillers |
| 2924/05692 | . . having a polycrystalline microstructure | | |
| 2924/05694 | . . having an amorphous microstructure, i.e. glass | 2924/07812 | Intrinsic, e.g. polyaniline [PANI] |
| 2924/057 | . Halides composed of metals from groups of the periodic table | 2924/0782 | . . . being pressure sensitive |
| | | 2924/095 | . with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials provided in the groups H01L 2924/013 - H01L 2924/0715 |
| 2924/0571 | . . 1st Group | | |
| 2924/0572 | . . 2nd Group | 2924/0951 | . . Glass epoxy laminates |
| 2924/0573 | . . 3rd Group | 2924/09511 | . . . FR-4 |
| 2924/0574 | . . 4th Group | 2924/09512 | . . . FR-5 |
| 2924/0575 | . . 5th Group | 2924/09522 | . . . G10 |
| 2924/0576 | . . 6th Group | 2924/09523 | . . . G11 |
| 2924/0577 | . . 7th Group | 2924/096 | . . Cermets, i.e. composite material composed of ceramic and metallic materials |
| 2924/0578 | . . 8th Group | | |
| 2924/0579 | . . 9th Group | 2924/097 | . . Glass-ceramics, e.g. devitrified glass |

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| 2924/09701 | . . . Low temperature co-fired ceramic [LTCC] | 2924/10353 | Indium arsenide antimonide phosphide [InAsSbP] |
| 2924/10 | . Details of semiconductor or other solid state devices to be connected | 2924/10354 | Aluminium indium arsenide phosphide [AlInAsP] |
| 2924/1011 | . . Structure | 2924/10355 | Aluminium gallium arsenide nitride [AlGaAsN] |
| 2924/1015 | . . Shape | 2924/10356 | Indium gallium arsenide nitride [InGaAsN] |
| 2924/10155 | . . . being other than a cuboid | 2924/10357 | Indium aluminium arsenide nitride [InAlAsN] |
| 2924/10156 | at the periphery | 2924/10358 | Gallium arsenide antimonide nitride [GaAsSbN] |
| 2924/10157 | at the active surface | 2924/10359 | Gallium indium nitride arsenide antimonide [GaInNAsSb] |
| 2924/10158 | at the passive surface | 2924/1036 | Gallium indium arsenide antimonide phosphide [GaInAsSbP] |
| 2924/1016 | . . . being a cuboid | 2924/1037 | II-VI |
| 2924/10161 | with a rectangular active surface | 2924/10371 | Cadmium selenide [CdSe] |
| 2924/10162 | with a square active surface | 2924/10372 | Cadmium sulfide [CdS] |
| 2924/1017 | . . . being a sphere | 2924/10373 | Cadmium telluride [CdTe] |
| 2924/102 | . . Material of the semiconductor or solid state bodies | 2924/10375 | Zinc selenide [ZnSe] |
| 2924/1025 | . . . Semiconducting materials | 2924/10376 | Zinc sulfide [ZnS] |
| 2924/10251 | Elemental semiconductors, i.e. Group IV | 2924/10377 | Zinc telluride [ZnTe] |
| 2924/10252 | Germanium [Ge] | 2924/10378 | Cadmium zinc telluride, i.e. CZT [CdZnTe] |
| 2924/10253 | Silicon [Si] | 2924/10379 | Mercury cadmium telluride [HgZnTe] |
| 2924/10254 | Diamond [C] | 2924/1038 | Mercury zinc telluride [HgZnSe] |
| 2924/1026 | Compound semiconductors | 2924/10381 | Mercury zinc selenide [HgZnSe] |
| 2924/1027 | IV | 2924/1042 | I-VII |
| 2924/10271 | Silicon-germanium [SiGe] | 2924/10421 | Cuprous chloride [CuCl] |
| 2924/10272 | Silicon Carbide [SiC] | 2924/1047 | I-VI |
| 2924/1032 | III-V | 2924/10471 | Copper sulfide [CuS] |
| 2924/10321 | Aluminium antimonide [AlSb] | 2924/1052 | IV-VI |
| 2924/10322 | Aluminium arsenide [AlAs] | 2924/10521 | Lead selenide [PbSe] |
| 2924/10323 | Aluminium nitride [AlN] | 2924/10522 | Lead(II)sulfide [PbS] |
| 2924/10324 | Aluminium phosphide [AlP] | 2924/10523 | Lead telluride [PbTe] |
| 2924/10325 | Boron nitride [BN], e.g. cubic, hexagonal, nanotube | 2924/10524 | Tin sulfide [SnS, SnS ₂] |
| 2924/10326 | Boron phosphide [BP] | 2924/10525 | Tin telluride [SnTe] |
| 2924/10327 | Boron arsenide [BAs, B ₁₂ As ₂] | 2924/10526 | Lead tin telluride [PbSnTe] |
| 2924/10328 | Gallium antimonide [GaSb] | 2924/10527 | Thallium tin telluride [Tl ₂ SnTe ₅] |
| 2924/10329 | Gallium arsenide [GaAs] | 2924/10528 | Thallium germanium telluride [Tl ₂ GeTe ₅] |
| 2924/1033 | Gallium nitride [GaN] | 2924/1057 | V-VI |
| 2924/10331 | Gallium phosphide [GaP] | 2924/10571 | Bismuth telluride [Bi ₂ Te ₃] |
| 2924/10332 | Indium antimonide [InSb] | 2924/1062 | II-V |
| 2924/10333 | Indium arsenide [InAs] | 2924/10621 | Cadmium phosphide [Cd ₃ P ₂] |
| 2924/10334 | Indium nitride [InN] | 2924/10622 | Cadmium arsenide [Cd ₃ As ₂] |
| 2924/10335 | Indium phosphide [InP] | 2924/10623 | Cadmium antimonide [Cd ₃ Sb ₂] |
| 2924/10336 | Aluminium gallium arsenide [AlGaAs] | 2924/10624 | Zinc phosphide [Zn ₃ P ₂] |
| 2924/10337 | Indium gallium arsenide [InGaAs] | 2924/10625 | Zinc arsenide [Zn ₃ As ₂] |
| 2924/10338 | Indium gallium phosphide [InGaP] | 2924/10626 | Zinc antimonide [Zn ₃ Sb ₂] |
| 2924/10339 | Aluminium indium arsenide [AlInAs] | 2924/1067 | Oxide |
| 2924/1034 | Aluminium indium antimonide [AlInSb] | 2924/10671 | Titanium dioxide, anatase, rutile, brookite [TiO ₂] |
| 2924/10341 | Gallium arsenide nitride [GaAsN] | 2924/10672 | Copper(I)oxide [Cu ₂ O] |
| 2924/10342 | Gallium arsenide phosphide [GaAsP] | 2924/10673 | Copper(II)oxide [CuO] |
| 2924/10343 | Gallium arsenide antimonide [GaAsSb] | 2924/10674 | Uranium dioxide [UO ₂] |
| 2924/10344 | Aluminium gallium nitride [AlGaN] | 2924/10675 | Uranium trioxide [UO ₃] |
| 2924/10345 | Aluminium gallium phosphide [AlGaP] | 2924/10676 | Bismuth trioxide [Bi ₂ O ₃] |
| 2924/10346 | Indium gallium nitride [InGaN] | 2924/10677 | Tin dioxide [SnO ₂] |
| 2924/10347 | Indium arsenide antimonide [InAsSb] | 2924/10678 | Barium titanate [BaTiO ₃] |
| 2924/10348 | Indium gallium antimonide [InGaSb] | 2924/10679 | Strontium titanate [SrTiO ₃] |
| 2924/10349 | Aluminium gallium indium phosphide [AlGaInP] | | |
| 2924/1035 | Aluminium gallium arsenide phosphide [AlGaInP] | | |
| 2924/10351 | Indium gallium arsenide phosphide [InGaAsP] | | |
| 2924/10352 | Indium gallium arsenide antimonide [InGaAsSb] | | |

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| 2924/1068 | | Lithium niobate [LiNbO ₃] | 2924/13016 | | Dynistor - Unidirectional switching device |
| 2924/10681 | | Lanthanum copper oxide [La ₂ CuO ₄] | 2924/13017 | | Shockley diode - Unidirectional trigger and switching device |
| 2924/1072 | | Layered | 2924/13018 | | SIDAC - Bidirectional switching device |
| 2924/10721 | | Lead(II)iodide [PbI ₂] | 2924/13019 | | Trisil, SIDACTor - Bidirectional protection devices |
| 2924/10722 | | Molybdenum disulfide [MoS ₂] | 2924/1302 | | GTO - Gate Turn-Off thyristor |
| 2924/10723 | | Gallium selenide [GaSe] | 2924/13021 | | DB-GTO - Distributed Buffer Gate Turn-Off thyristor |
| 2924/10724 | | Tin sulfide [SnS] | 2924/13022 | | MA-GTO - Modified Anode Gate Turn-Off thyristor |
| 2924/10725 | | Bismuth sulfide [Bi ₂ S ₃] | 2924/13023 | | IGCT - Integrated Gate Commutated Thyristor |
| 2924/1077 | | Magnetic diluted [DMS] | 2924/13024 | | LASCR - Light Activated SCR, or LTT - Light triggered thyristor |
| 2924/10771 | | Gallium manganese arsenide [GaMnAs] | 2924/13025 | | Light Activated Semiconducting Switch [LASS] |
| 2924/10772 | | Indium manganese arsenide [InMnAs] | 2924/13026 | | MCT - MOSFET Controlled Thyristor - It contains two additional FET structures for on/off control |
| 2924/10773 | | Cadmium manganese telluride [CdMnTe] | 2924/13027 | | BRT - Base Resistance Controlled Thyristor |
| 2924/10774 | | Lead manganese telluride [PbMnTe] | 2924/13028 | | RCT - Reverse Conducting Thyristor |
| 2924/10775 | | Lanthanum calcium manganate [La _{0.7} Ca _{0.3} MnO ₃] | 2924/13029 | | PUT or PUJT - Programmable Unijunction Transistor - A thyristor with gate on n-type layer near to the anode used as a functional replacement for unijunction transistor |
| 2924/10776 | | Iron(II)oxide [FeO] | 2924/1303 | | SCS - Silicon Controlled Switch or Thyristor Tetrode - A thyristor with both cathode and anode gates |
| 2924/10777 | | Nickel(II)oxide [NiO] | 2924/13032 | | SITh - Static Induction Thyristor, or FCTh - Field Controlled Thyristor - containing a gate structure that can shut down anode current flow |
| 2924/10778 | | Europium(II)oxide [EuO] | 2924/13033 | | TRIAC - Triode for Alternating Current - A bidirectional switching device containing two thyristor structures with common gate contact |
| 2924/10779 | | Europium(II)sulfide [EuS] | 2924/13034 | | Silicon Controlled Rectifier [SCR] |
| 2924/1078 | | Chromium(III)bromide [CrBr ₃] | 2924/13035 | | Asymmetrical SCR [ASCR] |
| 2924/1082 | | Other | 2924/1304 | | Transistor |
| 2924/10821 | | Copper indium gallium selenide, CIGS [Cu[In,Ga]Se ₂] | 2924/1305 | | Bipolar Junction Transistor [BJT] |
| 2924/10822 | | Copper zinc tin sulfide, CZTS [Cu ₂ ZnSnS ₄] | 2924/13051 | | Heterojunction bipolar transistor [HBT] |
| 2924/10823 | | Copper indium selenide, CIS [CuInSe ₂] | 2924/13052 | | Schottky transistor |
| 2924/10824 | | Silver gallium sulfide [AgGaS ₂] | 2924/13053 | | Avalanche transistor |
| 2924/10825 | | Zinc silicon phosphide [ZnSiP ₂] | 2924/13054 | | Darlington transistor |
| 2924/10826 | | Arsenic selenide [As ₂ S ₃] | 2924/13055 | | Insulated gate bipolar transistor [IGBT] |
| 2924/10827 | | Platinum silicide [PtSi] | 2924/13056 | | Photo transistor |
| 2924/10828 | | Bismuth(III)iodide [BiI ₃] | 2924/1306 | | Field-effect transistor [FET] |
| 2924/10829 | | Mercury(II)iodide [HgI ₂] | 2924/13061 | | Carbon nanotube field-effect transistor [CNFET] |
| 2924/1083 | | Thallium(I)bromide [TlBr] | 2924/13062 | | Junction field-effect transistor [JFET] |
| 2924/10831 | | Selenium [Se] | 2924/13063 | | Metal-Semiconductor Field-Effect Transistor [MESFET] |
| 2924/10832 | | Silver sulfide [Ag ₂ S] | 2924/13064 | | High Electron Mobility Transistor [HEMT, HFET [heterostructure FET], MODFET] |
| 2924/10833 | | Iron disulfide [FeS ₂] | 2924/13066 | | Inverted-T field effect transistor [ITFET] |
| 2924/11 | . . | Device type | 2924/13067 | | FinFET, source/drain region shapes fins on the silicon surface |
| 2924/12 | . . . | Passive devices, e.g. 2 terminal devices | 2924/13068 | | Fast-reverse epitaxial diode field-effect transistor [FREDFET] |
| 2924/1203 | | Rectifying Diode | 2924/13069 | | Thin film transistor [TFT] |
| 2924/12031 | | PIN diode | | | |
| 2924/12032 | | Schottky diode | | | |
| 2924/12033 | | Gunn diode | | | |
| 2924/12034 | | Varactor | | | |
| 2924/12035 | | Zener diode | | | |
| 2924/12036 | | PN diode | | | |
| 2924/12037 | | Cat's whisker diode | | | |
| 2924/12038 | | Point contact | | | |
| 2924/1204 | | Optical Diode | | | |
| 2924/12041 | | LED | | | |
| 2924/12042 | | LASER | | | |
| 2924/12043 | | Photo diode | | | |
| 2924/12044 | | OLED | | | |
| 2924/1205 | | Capacitor | | | |
| 2924/1206 | | Inductor | | | |
| 2924/1207 | | Resistor | | | |
| 2924/13 | . . . | Discrete devices, e.g. 3 terminal devices | | | |
| 2924/1301 | | Thyristor | | | |
| 2924/13011 | | Anode Gate Thyristor [AGT] | | | |
| 2924/13013 | | Bidirectional Control Thyristor [BCT] | | | |
| 2924/13014 | | Breakover Diode [BOD] | | | |
| 2924/13015 | | DIAC - Bidirectional trigger device | | | |

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| 2924/1307 | | Organic Field-Effect Transistor [OFET] | 2924/14362 | | RAS Only Refresh [ROR] |
| 2924/13071 | | Ballistic transistor | 2924/14363 | | CAS before RAS refresh [CBR] |
| 2924/13072 | | Sensor FET | 2924/14364 | | Multibank DRAM [MDRAM] |
| 2924/13073 | | ion-sensitive field-effect transistor [ISFET] | 2924/14365 | | Video DRAM [VRAM] |
| 2924/13074 | | Electrolyte-oxide-semiconductor field effect transistor [EOSFET], e.g. Neurochip | 2924/14366 | | Window DRAM [WRAM] |
| 2924/13075 | | Deoxyribonucleic acid field-effect transistor [DNAFET] | 2924/14367 | | Fast page mode DRAM [FPM DRAM] |
| 2924/13076 | | DEPFET | 2924/14368 | | Extended data out DRAM [EDO DRAM] |
| 2924/13078 | | Unijunction transistors | 2924/14369 | | Burst EDO DRAM [BEDO DRAM] |
| 2924/13079 | | Single-electron transistors [SET] | 2924/1437 | | Static random-access memory [SRAM] |
| 2924/1308 | | Nanofluidic transistor | 2924/1438 | | Flash memory |
| 2924/13081 | | Multigate devices | 2924/1441 | | Ferroelectric RAM [FeRAM or FRAM] |
| 2924/13082 | | Tetrode transistor | 2924/1442 | | Synchronous graphics RAM [SGRAM] |
| 2924/13083 | | Pentode transistor | 2924/1443 | | Non-volatile random-access memory [NVRAM] |
| 2924/13084 | | Trigate transistor | 2924/1444 | | PBRAM |
| 2924/13085 | | Dual gate FETs | 2924/145 | | Read-only memory [ROM] |
| 2924/13086 | | Junctionless Nanowire Transistor [JNT] | 2924/1451 | | EPROM |
| 2924/13087 | | Vertical-Slit Field-Effect Transistor [VeSFET] | 2924/14511 | | EEPROM |
| 2924/13088 | | Graphene Nanoribbon Field-Effect Transistor [GNRFET] | 2924/1453 | | PROM |
| 2924/13089 | | Nanoparticle Organic Memory Field-Effect Transistor [NOMFET] | 2924/146 | . . | Mixed devices |
| 2924/1309 | | Modulation-Doped Field Effect Transistor [MODFET] | 2924/1461 | . . . | MEMS |
| 2924/13091 | | Metal-Oxide-Semiconductor Field-Effect Transistor [MOSFET] | 2924/15 | | Details of package parts other than the semiconductor or other solid state devices to be connected |
| 2924/13092 | | Dual Gate Metal-Oxide-Semiconductor Field-Effect Transistor [DGMOSFET] | 2924/151 | . . . | Die mounting substrate |
| 2924/14 | . . . | Integrated circuits | 2924/1511 | . . . | Structure |
| 2924/141 | | Analog devices | 2924/1515 | . . . | Shape |
| 2924/142 | | HF devices | 2924/15151 | | the die mounting substrate comprising an aperture, e.g. for underfilling, outgassing, window type wire connections |
| 2924/1421 | | RF devices | 2924/15153 | | the die mounting substrate comprising a recess for hosting the device |
| 2924/14211 | | Voltage-controlled oscillator [VCO] | 2924/15155 | | the shape of the recess being other than a cuboid |
| 2924/14215 | | Low-noise amplifier [LNA] | 2924/15156 | | Side view |
| 2924/1422 | | Mixer | 2924/15157 | | Top view |
| 2924/14221 | | Electronic mixer | 2924/15158 | | the die mounting substrate being other than a cuboid |
| 2924/14222 | | Frequency mixer | 2924/15159 | | Side view |
| 2924/1423 | | Monolithic Microwave Integrated Circuit [MMIC] | 2924/15162 | | Top view |
| 2924/1424 | | Operational amplifier | 2924/15165 | | Monolayer substrate |
| 2924/1425 | | Converter | 2924/1517 | | Multilayer substrate |
| 2924/14251 | | Frequency converter | 2924/15172 | | Fan-out arrangement of the internal vias |
| 2924/14252 | | Voltage converter | 2924/15173 | | in a single layer of the multilayer substrate |
| 2924/14253 | | Digital-to-analog converter [DAC] | 2924/15174 | | in different layers of the multilayer substrate |
| 2924/1426 | | Driver | 2924/15182 | | Fan-in arrangement of the internal vias |
| 2924/1427 | | Voltage regulator [VR] | 2924/15183 | | in a single layer of the multilayer substrate |
| 2924/143 | | Digital devices | 2924/15184 | | in different layers of the multilayer substrate |
| 2924/1431 | | Logic devices | 2924/15192 | | Resurf arrangement of the internal vias |
| 2924/1432 | | Central processing unit [CPU] | 2924/152 | | Disposition |
| 2924/1433 | | Application-specific integrated circuit [ASIC] | 2924/153 | | Connection portion |
| 2924/14335 | | Digital signal processor [DSP] | 2924/1531 | | the connection portion being formed only on the surface of the substrate opposite to the die mounting surface |
| 2924/1434 | | Memory | 2924/15311 | | being a ball array, e.g. BGA |
| 2924/1435 | | Random access memory [RAM] | | | |
| 2924/1436 | | Dynamic random-access memory [DRAM] | | | |
| 2924/14361 | | Synchronous dynamic random access memory [SDRAM] | | | |

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| 2924/15312 | | being a pin array, e.g. PGA | 2924/16153 | | Cap enclosing a plurality of side-by-side cavities [e.g. E-shaped cap] |
| 2924/15313 | | being a land array, e.g. LGA | 2924/1616 | | Cavity shape |
| 2924/1532 | | the connection portion being formed on the die mounting surface of the substrate | 2924/1617 | | Cavity coating |
| 2924/15321 | | being a ball array, e.g. BGA | 2924/16171 | | Material |
| 2924/15322 | | being a pin array, e.g. PGA | 2924/16172 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof |
| 2924/15323 | | being a land array, e.g. LGA | 2924/16173 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material |
| 2924/1533 | | the connection portion being formed both on the die mounting surface of the substrate and outside the die mounting surface of the substrate | 2924/16174 | | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides (glass ceramics H01L 2924/16175) |
| 2924/15331 | | being a ball array, e.g. BGA | 2924/16175 | | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides |
| 2924/15332 | | being a pin array, e.g. PGA | 2924/16176 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy |
| 2924/15333 | | being a land array, e.g. LGA | 2924/16177 | | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene |
| 2924/156 | | Material | 2924/16178 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2924/157 - H01L 2924/15791 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond |
| 2924/157 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof | 2924/16179 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams |
| 2924/15701 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400 C | 2924/1619 | | Cavity coating shape |
| 2924/15717 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400 C and less than 950 C | 2924/16195 | | Flat cap [not enclosing an internal cavity] |
| 2924/15724 | | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent | 2924/16196 | | Cap forming a cavity, e.g. being a curved metal foil |
| 2924/15738 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950 C and less than 1550 C | 2924/162 | | Disposition |
| 2924/15747 | | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent | 2924/16235 | | Connecting to a semiconductor or solid-state bodies, i.e. cap-to-chip |
| 2924/1576 | | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent | 2924/16251 | | Connecting to an item not being a semiconductor or solid-state body, e.g. cap-to-substrate |
| 2924/15763 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550 C | 2924/1626 | | Cap-in-cap assemblies |
| 2924/15786 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material | 2924/1627 | | stacked type assemblies, e.g. stacked multi-cavities |
| 2924/15787 | | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides | 2924/163 | | Connection portion, e.g. seal |
| 2924/15788 | | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides | 2924/1631 | | Structure |
| 2924/1579 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy | 2924/16315 | | Shape |
| 2924/15791 | | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene | 2924/1632 | | Disposition |
| 2924/15793 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2924/157 - H01L 2924/15791 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond | 2924/164 | | Material |
| 2924/15798 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams | 2924/165 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof |
| 2924/161 | | Cap | 2924/16586 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material |
| 2924/1611 | | Structure | | | |
| 2924/1615 | | Shape | | | |
| 2924/16151 | | Cap comprising an aperture, e.g. for pressure control, encapsulation | | | |
| 2924/16152 | | Cap comprising a cavity for hosting the device, e.g. U-shaped cap | | | |

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| 2924/16587 | | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides | 2924/173 | . . . | Connection portion, e.g. seal |
| 2924/16588 | | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides | 2924/176 | . . . | Material |
| 2924/1659 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy | 2924/177 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof |
| 2924/16593 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2924/157 - H01L 2924/15791 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond | 2924/17701 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400 C |
| 2924/16598 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams | 2924/17717 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400 C and less than 950 C |
| 2924/166 | . . . | Material | 2924/17724 | | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent |
| 2924/167 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a metal or a metalloid, e.g. boron [B], silicon [Si], germanium [Ge], arsenic [As], antimony [Sb], tellurium [Te] and polonium [Po], and alloys thereof | 2924/17738 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950 C and less than 1550 C |
| 2924/16701 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of less than 400 C | 2924/17747 | | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent |
| 2924/16717 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 400 C and less than 950 C | 2924/1776 | | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent |
| 2924/16724 | | Aluminium [Al] as principal constituent | 2924/17763 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550 C |
| 2924/16738 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than or equal to 950 C and less than 1550 C | 2924/17786 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material |
| 2924/16747 | | Copper [Cu] as principal constituent | 2924/17787 | | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides |
| 2924/1676 | | Iron [Fe] as principal constituent | 2924/17788 | | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides |
| 2924/16763 | | the principal constituent melting at a temperature of greater than 1550 C | 2924/1779 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy |
| 2924/16786 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a non metallic, non metalloid inorganic material | 2924/17791 | | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene |
| 2924/16787 | | Ceramics, e.g. crystalline carbides, nitrides or oxides | 2924/17793 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2924/177 - H01L 2924/17791 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond |
| 2924/16788 | | Glasses, e.g. amorphous oxides, nitrides or fluorides | 2924/17798 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams |
| 2924/1679 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a polymer, e.g. polyester, phenolic based polymer, epoxy | 2924/181 | . . | Encapsulation |
| 2924/16791 | | The principal constituent being an elastomer, e.g. silicones, isoprene, neoprene | 2924/1811 | . . . | Structure |
| 2924/16793 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a solid not provided for in groups H01L 2924/167 - H01L 2924/16791 , e.g. allotropes of carbon, fullerene, graphite, carbon-nanotubes, diamond | 2924/1815 | . . . | Shape |
| 2924/16798 | | with a principal constituent of the material being a combination of two or more materials in the form of a matrix with a filler, i.e. being a hybrid material, e.g. segmented structures, foams | 2924/1816 | | Exposing the passive side of the semiconductor or solid-state body |
| 2924/171 | . . | Frame | 2924/18161 | | of a flip chip |
| 2924/1711 | . . . | Structure | 2924/18162 | | of a chip with build-up interconnect |
| 2924/1715 | . . . | Shape | 2924/18165 | | of a wire bonded chip |
| 2924/17151 | | Frame comprising an aperture, e.g. for pressure control, encapsulation | 2924/182 | . . . | Disposition |
| 2924/172 | . . . | Disposition | 2924/183 | . . . | Connection portion, e.g. seal |
| | | | 2924/18301 | | being an anchoring portion, i.e. mechanical interlocking between the encapsulation resin and another package part |
| | | | 2924/186 | . . . | Material |
| | | | 2924/19 | . . | Details of hybrid assemblies other than the semiconductor or other solid state devices to be connected |
| | | | 2924/1901 | . . | Structure |
| | | | 2924/19011 | . . . | including integrated passive components |
| | | | 2924/19015 | . . . | including thin film passive components |
| | | | 2924/1902 | . . . | including thick film passive components |

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| 2924/1903 | . . . | including wave guides | 2924/20262 | | IR-B $1400 \leq W < 3000$ nm, i.e. 100THz-215 THz |
| 2924/19031 | | being a strip line type | 2924/20263 | | IR-C $3000 \text{ nm} \leq W < 1 \text{ mm}$, i.e. 300 GHz-100THz |
| 2924/19032 | | being a microstrip line type | 2924/2027 | . . . | Radio $1 \text{ mm} - \text{km}$ 300 GHz - 3 Hz |
| 2924/19033 | | being a coplanar line type | 2924/20271 | | Microwave radiation $1 \text{ mm} - 1 \text{ meter}$, i.e. 300 GHz - 300 MHz |
| 2924/19038 | | being a hybrid line type | 2924/203 | . . . | Ultrasonic frequency ranges, i.e. KHz |
| 2924/19039 | | impedance transition between different types of wave guides | 2924/20301 | . . . | Ultrasonic frequency [f] $f < 25 \text{ kHz}$ |
| 2924/1904 | . . . | Component type | 2924/20302 | . . . | Ultrasonic frequency [f] $25 \text{ KHz} \leq f < 50 \text{ KHz}$ |
| 2924/19041 | | being a capacitor | 2924/20303 | . . . | Ultrasonic frequency [f] $50 \text{ KHz} \leq f < 75 \text{ KHz}$ |
| 2924/19042 | | being an inductor | 2924/20304 | . . . | Ultrasonic frequency [f] $75 \text{ KHz} \leq f < 100 \text{ KHz}$ |
| 2924/19043 | | being a resistor | 2924/20305 | . . . | Ultrasonic frequency [f] $100 \text{ KHz} \leq f < 125 \text{ KHz}$ |
| 2924/1905 | . . | Shape | 2924/20306 | . . . | Ultrasonic frequency [f] $125 \text{ KHz} \leq f < 150 \text{ KHz}$ |
| 2924/19051 | . . . | Impedance matching structure [e.g. balun] | 2924/20307 | . . . | Ultrasonic frequency [f] $150 \text{ KHz} \leq f < 175 \text{ KHz}$ |
| 2924/191 | . . | Disposition | 2924/20308 | . . . | Ultrasonic frequency [f] $175 \text{ KHz} \leq f < 200 \text{ KHz}$ |
| 2924/19101 | . . . | of discrete passive components | 2924/20309 | . . . | Ultrasonic frequency [f] $f \geq 200 \text{ KHz}$ |
| 2924/19102 | | in a stacked assembly with the semiconductor or solid state device | 2924/206 | . . | Length ranges |
| 2924/19103 | | interposed between the semiconductor or solid-state device and the die mounting substrate, i.e. chip-on-passive | 2924/2064 | . . . | larger or equal to 1 micron less than 100 microns |
| 2924/19104 | | on the semiconductor or solid-state device, i.e. passive-on-chip | 2924/20641 | . . . | larger or equal to 100 microns less than 200 microns |
| 2924/19105 | | in a side-by-side arrangement on a common die mounting substrate | 2924/20642 | . . . | larger or equal to 200 microns less than 300 microns |
| 2924/19106 | | in a mirrored arrangement on two different side of a common die mounting substrate | 2924/20643 | . . . | larger or equal to 300 microns less than 400 microns |
| 2924/19107 | | off-chip wires | 2924/20644 | . . . | larger or equal to 400 microns less than 500 microns |
| 2924/20 | . . | Parameters | 2924/20645 | . . . | larger or equal to 500 microns less than 600 microns |
| 2924/201 | . . | Temperature ranges | 2924/20646 | . . . | larger or equal to 600 microns less than 700 microns |
| 2924/20101 | . . . | Temperature range $T < 0 \text{ C}$, $T < 273.15 \text{ K}$ | 2924/20647 | . . . | larger or equal to 700 microns less than 800 microns |
| 2924/20102 | . . . | Temperature range $0 \text{ C} \leq T < 60 \text{ C}$, $273.15 \text{ K} \leq T < 333.15 \text{ K}$ | 2924/20648 | . . . | larger or equal to 800 microns less than 900 microns |
| 2924/20103 | . . . | Temperature range $60 \text{ C} \leq T < 100 \text{ C}$, $333.15 \text{ K} \leq T < 373.15 \text{ K}$ | 2924/20649 | . . . | larger or equal to 900 microns less than 1000 microns |
| 2924/20104 | . . . | Temperature range $100 \text{ C} \leq T < 150 \text{ C}$, $373.15 \text{ K} \leq T < 423.15 \text{ K}$ | 2924/2065 | . . . | larger or equal to 1000 microns less than 1500 microns |
| 2924/20105 | . . . | Temperature range $150 \text{ C} \leq T < 200 \text{ C}$, $423.15 \text{ K} \leq T < 473.15 \text{ K}$ | 2924/20651 | . . . | larger or equal to 1500 microns less than 2000 microns |
| 2924/20106 | . . . | Temperature range $200 \text{ C} \leq T < 250 \text{ C}$, $473.15 \text{ K} \leq T < 523.15 \text{ K}$ | 2924/20652 | . . . | larger or equal to 2000 microns less than 2500 microns |
| 2924/20107 | . . . | Temperature range $250 \text{ C} \leq T < 300 \text{ C}$, $523.15 \text{ K} \leq T < 573.15 \text{ K}$ | 2924/20653 | . . . | larger or equal to 2500 microns less than 3000 microns |
| 2924/20108 | . . . | Temperature range $300 \text{ C} \leq T < 350 \text{ C}$, $573.15 \text{ K} \leq T < 623.15 \text{ K}$ | 2924/20654 | . . . | larger or equal to 3000 microns less than 4000 microns |
| 2924/20109 | . . . | Temperature range $350 \text{ C} \leq T < 400 \text{ C}$, $623.15 \text{ K} \leq T < 673.15 \text{ K}$ | 2924/20655 | . . . | larger or equal to 4000 microns less than 5000 microns |
| 2924/2011 | . . . | Temperature range $400 \text{ C} \leq T < 450 \text{ C}$, $673.15 \text{ K} \leq T < 723.15 \text{ K}$ | 2924/20656 | . . . | larger or equal to 5000 microns less than 6000 microns |
| 2924/20111 | . . . | Temperature range $450 \text{ C} \leq T < 500 \text{ C}$, $723.15 \text{ K} \leq T < 773.15 \text{ K}$ | 2924/20657 | . . . | larger or equal to 6000 microns less than 7000 microns |
| 2924/202 | . . | Electromagnetic wavelength ranges [W] | 2924/20658 | . . . | larger or equal to 7000 microns less than 8000 microns |
| 2924/20201 | . . . | Gamma radiation, i.e. wavelength less than 0.01 nm | 2924/207 | . . | Diameter ranges |
| 2924/20202 | . . . | X-ray radiation, i.e. wavelength 0.01 to 10 nm | 2924/2075 | . . . | larger or equal to 1 micron less than 10 microns |
| 2924/2021 | . . . | Ultraviolet radiation | 2924/20751 | . . . | larger or equal to 10 microns less than 20 microns |
| 2924/20211 | | UV-C $100 \leq W < 280 \text{ nm}$ | | | |
| 2924/20212 | | UV-B $280 \leq W < 315 \text{ nm}$ | | | |
| 2924/20213 | | UV-A $315 \leq W < 400 \text{ nm}$ | | | |
| 2924/2024 | . . . | Visible spectrum wavelength $390 \leq W < 700 \text{ nm}$, i.e. 400-790 THz | | | |
| 2924/2026 | . . . | Infrared radiation $700 \leq W < 3000 \text{ nm}$ | | | |
| 2924/20261 | | IR-A $700 \leq W < 1400 \text{ nm}$, i.e. 215 THz-430 THz | | | |

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|------------|-----------|---|----------------|--|---|
| 2924/20752 | . . . | larger or equal to 20 microns less than 30 microns | 2924/40201 | | being a chemical |
| 2924/20753 | . . . | larger or equal to 30 microns less than 40 microns | 2924/40202 | | Deuterium Fluoride [DF] LASER |
| 2924/20754 | . . . | larger or equal to 40 microns less than 50 microns | 2924/40203 | | Hydrogen Fluoride [HF] LASER |
| 2924/20755 | . . . | larger or equal to 50 microns less than 60 microns | 2924/40207 | | Dye laser |
| 2924/20756 | . . . | larger or equal to 60 microns less than 70 microns | 2924/4025 | | being a gas |
| 2924/20757 | . . . | larger or equal to 70 microns less than 80 microns | 2924/40251 | | argon-ion LASER |
| 2924/20758 | . . . | larger or equal to 80 microns less than 90 microns | 2924/40252 | | CO ₂ LASER |
| 2924/20759 | . . . | larger or equal to 90 microns less than 100 microns | 2924/40253 | | HeAg LASER |
| 2924/2076 | . . . | equal to or larger than 100 microns | 2924/40254 | | HeNe LASER |
| 2924/30 | . . | Technical effects | 2924/40255 | | NeCu LASER |
| 2924/301 | . . | Electrical effects | 2924/403 | | being an Excimer |
| 2924/30101 | . . . | Resistance | 2924/40301 | | ArF LASER |
| 2924/30105 | . . . | Capacitance | 2924/40302 | | F2 LASER |
| 2924/30107 | . . . | Inductance | 2924/40303 | | KrCl LASER |
| 2924/3011 | . . . | Impedance | 2924/40304 | | KrF LASER |
| 2924/30111 | | matching | 2924/40305 | | XeCl LASER |
| 2924/302 | . . . | Electrostatic | 2924/40306 | | XeF LASER |
| 2924/30201 | | Charge | 2924/4035 | | being a fiber hosted LASER |
| 2924/30205 | | Discharge | 2924/404 | | being a solid state |
| 2924/3025 | . . . | Electromagnetic shielding | 2924/40401 | | Free electron LASER |
| 2924/35 | . . | Mechanical effects | 2924/40402 | | Photonic crystal LASER |
| 2924/351 | . . . | Thermal stress | 2924/40403 | | Fiber solid state LASER |
| 2924/3511 | | Warping | 2924/40404 | | Yttrium Aluminium Garnet Nd:YAG LASER |
| 2924/3512 | | Cracking | 2924/40405 | | Yttrium Lithium Fluoride Nd:YLF LASER |
| 2924/35121 | | Peeling or delaminating | 2924/40406 | | Ruby LASER |
| 2924/36 | . . | Material effects | 2924/40407 | | Yb:YAG LASER |
| 2924/364 | . . . | Polymers | 2924/405 | . . . | Wavelength |
| 2924/3641 | | Outgassing | 2924/40501 | | UV spectrum |
| 2924/365 | . . . | Metallurgical effects | 2924/40502 | | Visible spectrum |
| 2924/3651 | | Formation of intermetallics | 2924/40503 | | IR spectrum |
| 2924/36511 | | Purple plague | | | |
| 2924/3656 | | Formation of Kirkendall voids | 2933/00 | Details relating to devices covered by the group H01L 33/00 but not provided for in its subgroups | |
| 2924/37 | . . | Effects of the manufacturing process | 2933/0008 | . . | Processes |
| 2924/37001 | . . . | Yield | 2933/0016 | . . | relating to electrodes |
| 2924/37002 | . . . | Shelf life | 2933/0025 | . . | relating to coatings |
| 2924/3701 | . . . | increased through put | 2933/0033 | . . | relating to semiconductor body packages |
| 2924/38 | . . | Effects and problems related to the device integration | 2933/0041 | . . . | relating to wavelength conversion elements |
| 2924/381 | . . . | Pitch distance | 2933/005 | . . . | relating to encapsulations |
| 2924/384 | . . . | Bump effects | 2933/0058 | . . . | relating to optical field-shaping elements |
| 2924/3841 | | Solder bridging | 2933/0066 | . . . | relating to arrangements for conducting electric current to or from the semiconductor body |
| 2924/386 | . . . | Wire effects | 2933/0075 | . . . | relating to heat extraction or cooling elements |
| 2924/3861 | | Sag | 2933/0083 | . . | Periodic patterns for optical field-shaping in or on the semiconductor body or semiconductor body package, e.g. photonic bandgap structures |
| 2924/3862 | | Sweep | 2933/0091 | . . | Scattering means in or on the semiconductor body or semiconductor body package (H01L 33/22 takes precedence) |
| 2924/40 | . . | Details of apparatuses used for either manufacturing connectors or connecting the semiconductor or solid-state body | | | |
| 2924/401 | . . | LASER | | | |
| 2924/40101 | . . . | Mode | | | |
| 2924/40102 | | being pulsed | | | |
| 2924/40103 | | being continuous | | | |
| 2924/40105 | . . . | Beam details | | | |
| 2924/4015 | | Shape | | | |
| 2924/402 | . . . | Type | | | |