

CPC COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION

E FIXED CONSTRUCTIONS

BUILDING

E04 BUILDING

E04B GENERAL BUILDING CONSTRUCTIONS; WALLS, e.g. PARTITIONS; ROOFS; FLOORS; CEILINGS; INSULATION OR OTHER PROTECTION OF BUILDINGS (border constructions of opening in walls, floors or ceilings [E06B 1/00](#); {electromagnetic shielding [H05K 9/0001](#)})

NOTES

1. This subclass covers working methods used in constructing new buildings and analogous working methods on existing buildings. Other working methods on existing buildings, except those for insulating, are classified in group [E04G 23/00](#).
2. In this subclass, the following term is used with the meaning indicated:
 - "ceiling" includes all the finishing material concealing the underside of the loadcarrying ceiling structure or roof structure.

WARNINGS

1. The following IPC groups are not in the CPC scheme. The subject matter for these IPC groups is classified in the following CPC groups:

E04B 1/682	covered by	E04B 1/68
E04B 1/684	covered by	E04B 1/68
E04B 1/686	covered by	E04B 1/68
2. In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

1/00 **Constructions in general; Structures which are not restricted either to walls, e.g. partitions, or floors or ceilings or roofs** (scaffolds, shutterings [E04G](#); structures specially adapted for buildings for special purposes, general layout of buildings, e.g. modular co-ordination, [E04H](#); the particular parts of buildings, [see the relevant groups for those parts](#))

- 1/0007 . {Base structures; Cellars}
- 1/0015 . . {Cellars constructed from prefabricated units}
- 1/0023 . {Building characterised by incorporated canalisations ([E04B 1/34869](#), [E03C 1/01](#), [E04C 2/52](#), [E04F 17/00](#) take precedence; canalisation *per se* [F16L](#); conduits for ventilation, heating systems or air-conditioning [F24](#))}
- 1/003 . {Balconies; Decks}
- 1/0038 . . {Anchoring devices specially adapted therefor with means for preventing cold bridging}
- 1/0046 . {Loggias}
- 2001/0053 . {Buildings characterised by their shape or layout grid}
- 2001/0061 . . {Buildings with substantially curved horizontal cross-section, e.g. circular}
- 2001/0069 . . {Prismatic shaped buildings with substantially triangular vertical cross-section}
- 2001/0076 . . {Buildings with specific right-angled horizontal layout grid}
- 2001/0084 . . {Buildings with non right-angled horizontal layout grid, e.g. triangular or hexagonal}
- 2001/0092 . . . {Small buildings with hexagonal or similar horizontal cross-section}

- 1/02 . Structures consisting primarily of load-supporting, block-shaped, or slab-shaped elements ([E04B 1/32](#) - [E04B 1/36](#) take precedence)
- 1/04 . . the elements consisting of concrete, e.g. reinforced concrete, or other stone-like material
- 1/043 . . . {Connections specially adapted therefor}
- 1/046 {using reinforcement loops protruding from the elements}
- 1/06 . . . the elements being prestressed
- 1/08 . . the elements consisting of metal
- 1/10 . . the elements consisting of wood
- 1/12 . . the elements consisting of other material
- 1/14 . . the elements being composed of two or more materials ([of reinforced concrete E04B 1/04](#))
- 1/16 . Structures made from masses, e.g. of concrete, cast or similarly formed *in situ* with or without making use of additional elements, such as permanent forms, substructures to be coated with load-bearing material ([E04B 1/32](#) - [E04B 1/36](#) take precedence)
- 1/161 . . {with vertical and horizontal slabs, both being partially cast *in situ*}
- 1/162 . . . {with a central core, used as form, in order to form a continuous concrete shell}
- 1/163 . . {with vertical and horizontal slabs, only the vertical slabs being partially cast *in situ* ([E04B 2/86](#) takes precedence)}
- 1/164 . . {with vertical and horizontal slabs, only the horizontal slabs being partially cast *in situ*}
- 1/165 . . {with elongated load-supporting parts, cast *in situ* ([E04B 1/161](#), [E04B 1/163](#) and [E04B 1/164](#) take precedence)}

1/166	. . {with curved surfaces, at least partially cast <u>in situ</u> in order to make a continuous concrete shell structure (E04B 1/169 takes precedence)}	2001/1975	. . . {Frameworks where the struts are directly connected to each other, i.e. without interposed connecting nodes or plates}
1/167	. . {with permanent forms made of particular materials, e.g. layered products}	2001/1978	. . . {Frameworks assembled from preformed subframes, e.g. pyramids}
1/168	. . . {flexible}	2001/1981	. . . {characterised by the grid type of the outer planes of the framework}
1/169	. . . . {inflatable}	2001/1984	. . . . {rectangular, e.g. square, grid}
1/18	. Structures comprising elongated load-supporting parts, e.g. columns, girders, skeletons (E04B 1/32 - E04B 1/36 take precedence; elongated load-supporting parts as elements, trusses, truss-like structures E04C 3/00)	2001/1987	. . . . {triangular grid}
NOTE		2001/199	. . . {Details of roofs, floors or walls supported by the framework}
Group E04B 1/19 takes precedence over groups E04B 1/20 - E04B 1/30 .		2001/1993	. . . {Details of framework supporting structure, e.g. posts or walls}
{This Note corresponds to IPC Note (1) relating to E04B 1/19 , E04B 1/20 - E04B 1/30 .}		2001/1996	. . . {Tensile-integrity structures, i.e. structures comprising compression struts connected through flexible tension members, e.g. cables}
1/185	. . {Connections not covered by E04B 1/21 and E04B 1/2403 , e.g. connections between structural parts of different material}	1/20	. . the supporting parts consisting of concrete, e.g. reinforced concrete, or other stonelike material
1/19	. . Three-dimensional framework structures {(folded structures and grid-like formations acting as shell structures E04B 7/10)}	1/21	. . . Connections specially adapted therefor
1/1903	. . . {Connecting nodes specially adapted therefor}	1/215	. . . . {comprising metallic plates or parts}
1/1906	. . . . {with central spherical, semispherical or polyhedral connecting element}	1/22	. . . with parts being prestressed
1/1909	. . . . {with central cylindrical connecting element}	1/24	. . the supporting parts consisting of metal
1/1912	. . . . {with central cubical connecting element}	1/2403	. . . {Connection details of the elongated load-supporting parts}
2001/1915	. . . . {with strut engaging means at the edges of the cube}	2001/2406	. . . . {Connection nodes}
2001/1918	. . . . {with connecting nodes having flat radial connecting surfaces}	2001/2409	. . . . {Hooks, dovetails or other interlocking connections}
2001/1921	. . . . {with connecting nodes having radial connecting stubs}	2001/2412	. . . . . {Keyhole connections}
2001/1924	. . . {Struts specially adapted therefor}	2001/2415	. . . . {Brackets, gussets, joining plates}
2001/1927	. . . . {of essentially circular cross section}	2001/2418	. . . . {Details of bolting}
2001/193	. . . . . {with flattened connecting parts, e.g. ends}	2001/2421	. . . . {Socket type connectors}
2001/1933	. . . . {of polygonal, e.g. square, cross section}	2001/2424	. . . . {Clamping connections other than bolting or riveting}
2001/1936	. . . . {Winged profiles, e.g. with a L-, T-, U- or X-shaped cross section}	2001/2427	. . . . {using adhesives or hardening masses}
2001/1939	. . . . {Inflatable struts}	2001/243	. . . . {Assembling by non resilient deformation other than riveting}
2001/1942	. . . . {Struts adjustable in length}	2001/2433	. . . . {using a removable key}
2001/1945	. . . . {Wooden struts}	2001/2436	. . . . {Snap-fit connections}
2001/1948	. . . . {Concrete struts}	2001/2439	. . . . {Adjustable connections, e.g. using elongated slots or threaded adjustment elements}
2001/1951	. . . . {uninterrupted struts situated in the outer planes of the framework}	2001/2442	. . . . {Connections with built-in weakness points}
2001/1954	. . . . {uninterrupted struts connecting alternately with the outer planes of the framework, e.g. zig-zagging struts}	2001/2445	. . . . {Load-supporting elements with reinforcement at the connection point other than the connector}
2001/1957	. . . {Details of connections between nodes and struts}	2001/2448	. . . . {Connections between open section profiles}
2001/196	. . . . {Screw connections with axis parallel to the main axis of the strut}	2001/2451	. . . . {Connections between closed section profiles}
2001/1963	. . . . {Screw connections with axis at an angle, e.g. perpendicular, to the main axis of the strut}	2001/2454	. . . . {Connections between open and closed section profiles}
2001/1966	. . . . {Formlocking connections other than screw connections}	2001/2457	. . . . {Beam to beam connections}
2001/1969	. . . . . {Ball and socket type connection}	2001/246	. . . . {Post to post connections}
2001/1972	. . . . . {Welded or glued connection}	2001/2463	. . . . {Connections to foundations}
		2001/2466	. . . {Details of the elongated load-supporting parts}
		2001/2469	. . . . {Profile with an array of connection holes}
		2001/2472	. . . . {Elongated load-supporting part formed from a number of parallel profiles}
		2001/2475	. . . . {Profile with an undercut grooves for connection purposes}
		2001/2478	. . . . {Profile filled with concrete}
		2001/2481	. . . {Details of wall panels}
		2001/2484	. . . {Details of floor panels or slabs}

- 2001/2487 . . . {Portico type structures}
- 2001/249 . . . {Structures with a sloping roof}
- 2001/2493 . . . {Structures with a vaulted roof}
- 2001/2496 . . . {Shear bracing therefor}
 - 1/26 . . the supporting parts consisting of wood
 - 1/2604 . . . {Connections specially adapted therefor ([shear dowels E04B 1/486](#), [E04B 1/49](#))}
 - 1/2608 {Connectors made from folded sheet metal ([E04B 1/2612](#) takes precedence)}
 - 1/2612 {Joist hangers}
- 2001/2616 {Hinged connections of wooden members}
- 2001/262 {Connection node with interlocking of specially shaped wooden members, e.g. puzzle type connection}
- 2001/2624 {with dovetail-type connections}
- 2001/2628 {Interlocking connectors, e.g. with hooks or dovetails, added to the elongated wooden members}
- 2001/2632 {with dovetail-type connections}
- 2001/2636 {with connectors located in slots of the wooden members}
- 2001/264 {Glued connections}
- 2001/2644 {Brackets, gussets or joining plates ([E04B 2001/2628](#) takes precedence)}
- 2001/2648 {located in slots of the elongated wooden members}
- 2001/2652 {Details of nailing, screwing, or bolting}
- 2001/2656 {Bent or curved bolts}
- 2001/266 {Socket type connectors}
- 2001/2664 {using a removable key}
- 2001/2668 {for members with a round cross-section}
- 2001/2672 {for members formed from a number of parallel sections}
- 2001/2676 {Connector nodes ([E04B 2001/262](#) takes precedence)}
- 2001/268 {Connection to foundations}
- 2001/2684 {with metal connectors}
- 2001/2688 {self adjusting, e.g. for compensation of shrinkage}
- 2001/2692 {End to end connections of elongated members along their common longitudinal axis}
- 2001/2696 . . . {Shear bracing}
 - 1/28 . . the supporting parts consisting of other material
 - 1/30 . . the supporting parts being composed of two or more materials; Composite steel and concrete constructions ([of reinforced concrete E04B 1/20](#))
 - 1/32 . . Arched structures; Vaulted structures; Folded structures ([\(E04B 1/34378](#) takes precedence; [\) vaulted roofs E04B 7/08](#))
 - 1/3205 . . {Structures with a longitudinal horizontal axis, e.g. cylindrical or prismatic structures}
 - 1/3211 . . {Structures with a vertical rotation axis or the like, e.g. semi-spherical structures}
- 2001/3217 . . {Auxiliary supporting devices used during erection of the arched structures}
- 2001/3223 . . {Theoretical polygonal geometry therefor}
- 2001/3229 . . {constructed using a boom}
- 2001/3235 . . {having a grid frame}
- 2001/3241 . . . {Frame connection details}
- 2001/3247 {Nodes}
- 2001/3252 . . . {Covering details}
- 2001/3258 . . . {comprised entirely of a single self-supporting panel}
- 2001/3264 . . . {hardened [in situ](#)}
- 2001/327 . . . {comprised of a number of panels or blocs connected together forming a self-supporting structure}
- 2001/3276 {Panel connection details}
- 2001/3282 {Panels connected together exclusively at their corners}
- 2001/3288 {Panel frame details, e.g. flanges of steel sheet panels}
- 2001/3294 . . {with a faceted surface}
 - 1/34 . . Extraordinary structures, e.g. with suspended or cantilever parts supported by masts or tower-like structures enclosing elevators or stairs; Features relating to the elastic stability ([E04B 1/342](#), [E04B 1/343](#), [E04B 1/348](#) take precedence; for floors [E04B 5/43](#); buildings for special purposes, e.g. [withstanding earthquake, E04H](#))
 - 1/3404 . . {supported by masts or tower-like structures}
 - 1/3408 . . {Extraordinarily-supported small buildings}
 - 1/3412 . . . {mainly supported by a central column or footing ([E04B 1/3416](#) takes precedence)}
 - 1/3416 . . {Structures comprising mainly a central support column and a cantilevered roof}
 - 1/342 . . Structures covering a large free area, whether open-sided or not, e.g. hangars, halls ([roof trusses E04C 3/00](#); non-structural features for specified purposes, [see the relevant groups of E04H](#))
 - 1/343 . . Structures characterised by movable, separable, or collapsible parts, e.g. for transport ([movable roof parts E04B 7/16](#); [floatable buildings B63B](#); [small prefabricated buildings, transportable as a whole E04H 1/12](#); [small garages E04H 6/02](#); [tents or canopies, in general E04H 15/00](#) ; [containers B65G](#)))
 - 1/34305 . . {telescopic}
 - 1/3431 . . . {with only one level of nesting}
 - 1/34315 . . {characterised by separable parts}
 - 1/34321 . . . {mainly constituted by panels}
 - 1/34326 . . . {mainly constituted by longitudinal elements}
 - 1/34331 . . . {mainly constituted by threedimensional elements}
 - 1/34336 . . {Structures movable as a whole}
 - 1/34342 . . . {Skirtings therefor}
 - 1/34347 . . . {Anchoring means therefor}
 - 1/34352 . . . {Base structures or supporting means therefor}
 - 1/34357 . . {Foldable or retractable structures}
 - 1/34363 . . . {with provisions to raise or lower the whole structure}
 - 1/34368 . . . {Wheeled arch-type structures}
 - 1/34373 {collapsible}
 - 1/34378 . . . {Structures deriving their rigidity from concertina folds}
 - 1/34384 . . {Assembling details for foldable, separable, collapsible or retractable structures}
- 2001/34389 . . {Set of building elements forming a self-contained package for transport before assembly}
- 2001/34394 . . {Vertical telescopic structures}
 - 1/344 . . with hinged parts
 - 1/3441 . . . {with articulated bar-shaped elements}
 - 1/3442 . . . {folding out from a core cell}
 - 1/3444 {with only lateral unfolding}
 - 1/3445 . . . {foldable in a flat stack of parallel panels}

1/3447	. . . . {Portal- or saddle-shaped structures}	2001/3572	. . {using templates or jigs to set out buildings or parts thereof}
1/3448	. . . {with rotating shell-forming segments}	2001/3577	. . {prefabricating a building and moving it as a whole to the erection site}
1/346	. . Rotary buildings; Buildings with rotary units, e.g. rooms	2001/3583	. . {using permanent tensioning means, e.g. cables or rods, to assemble or rigidify structures (not pre- or poststressing concrete), e.g. by tying them around the structure}
1/3465	. . . {with adapted utilities connections, e.g. for water or electricity}	2001/3588	. . {using special lifting or handling devices, e.g. gantries, overhead conveying rails}
1/348	. Structures composed of units comprising at least considerable parts of two sides of a room, e.g. box-like or cell-like units closed or in skeleton form	2001/3594	. . . {inflatable lifting or handling devices}
1/34807	. . {Elements integrated in a skeleton}	1/36	. Bearings or like supports allowing movement (for bridges E01D 19/04 ; buildings with-standing earthquakes E04H 9/02)
1/34815	. . {Elements not integrated in a skeleton}	1/38	. Connections for building structures in general
1/34823	. . . {the supporting structure consisting of concrete}	NOTE	
1/3483	. . . {the supporting structure consisting of metal}	Connections specially adapted for particular building parts or for particular building structures are classified in the groups for those parts or structures, e.g. in groups E04B 1/21 , E04B 2/00 , E04B 5/00 , E04B 7/00 or E04B 9/00 . Joints not specially adapted for building construction, or of more general application, are classified in the appropriate subclasses, e.g. F16B .	
1/34838	. . . {the supporting structure consisting of wood}		
1/34846	. . . {the supporting structure consisting of other specified material, e.g. of plastics}		
1/34853	. . . {the supporting structure being composed of two or more materials}		
1/34861	. . . {particular arrangement of habitable rooms or their component parts; modular co-ordination}		
1/34869	. . {Elements for special technical purposes, e.g. with a sanitary equipment (combination of baths, douches, sinks, wash-basins, closets or urinals A47K 4/00 ; plumbing installations for baths, douches, or the like, E03C 1/01 ; panels serving for locating conduits E04C 2/521 ; ducts for receiving installation lines E04F 17/08)}		
2001/34876	. . {with a sloping or barrel roof}	1/383	. . {Connection of concrete parts using adhesive materials, e.g. mortar or glue}
2001/34884	. . . {creating a living space between several units}	2001/386	. . {Nailable or screwable inserts for foam panels}
2001/34892	. . {Means allowing access to the units, e.g. stairs or cantilevered gangways}	1/40	. . {Separate connecting elements (for forms, falsework, or shutterings E04G 17/00 ; releasable clips or clamps, hooks, wedges, wall-dowels, nails, bolts, rivets, screws, wood-screws F16B)}
1/35	. Extraordinary methods of construction, e.g. lift-slab, jack-block (E04B 1/34 takes precedence; falsework, shuttering for shaping walls, floors, ceilings or roofs in situ E04G 11/04 ; conveying or assembling of building materials E04G 21/00 ; working measures on existing buildings E04G 23/00)	2001/405	. . . {Brackets}
1/3505	. . {characterised by the in situ moulding of large parts of a structure (E04B 1/3511 , E04B 1/3516 , E04B 1/3522 , E04B 1/3533 , E04B 1/3544 , E04B 1/355 take precedence)}	1/41	. . . Connecting devices specially adapted for embedding in concrete ({joist hangers E04B 1/2612 ; shear dowels E04B 1/483 ; spacers {other than masonry wall ties} for cavity walls E04B 2/30 , E04B 2/44 ; connectors for reinforcing elements E04C 5/16 ; supporting devices for connector reinforcing rods for concrete walls E04G 21/125 ; fastening frames to the border of openings E06B 1/56)}
1/3511	. . {Lift-slab; characterised by a purely vertical lifting of floors or roofs or parts thereof}	1/4107	. . . . {Longitudinal elements having an open profile, with the opening parallel to the concrete or masonry surface, i.e. anchoring rails}
1/3516	. . {characterised by erecting a vertical structure and then adding the floors from top to bottom}	1/4114	. . . . {Elements with sockets (E04B 1/4107 takes precedence)}
1/3522	. . {characterised by raising a structure and then adding structural elements under it (E04B 1/3511 , E04B 1/3516 , E04B 1/3533 take precedence)}	1/4121	. . . . . {with internal threads or non-adjustable captive nuts}
1/3527	. . . {the structure being a roof}	1/4128	. . . . . {receiving adjustable or removal nuts}
1/3533	. . {characterised by the raising of hingedly-connected building elements, e.g. arches, portal frames (E04B 1/355 takes precedence)}	1/4135	. . . . . {receiving removal bolt heads (E04B 1/415 takes precedence)}
1/3538	. . . {the elements being a floor slab with hingedly-connected wall panels}	1/4142	. . . . . {with transverse hook- or loop-receiving parts (E04B 1/415 takes precedence)}
1/3544	. . {characterised by the use of a central column to lift and temporarily or permanently support structural elements (E04B 1/3516 and E04B 1/355 take precedence)}	1/415	. . . . . {with captive and extendable anchoring parts, e.g. spring-loaded bolts, hanging rings}
1/355	. . {characterised by the tilting up of whole buildings or sections thereof, e.g. walls, portal frames}	1/4157	. . . . . {Longitudinally-externally threaded elements extending from the concrete or masonry, e.g. anchoring bolt with embedded head}
1/3555	. . {Constructions using straw bales}	1/4164	. . . . . {with an adjustment sleeve}
2001/3561	. . {adding living space above existing structures}	1/4171	. . . . . {Nailable or non-threaded screwable elements (dowels F16B 13/00)}
2001/3566	. . {mounting masonry against a forwork}		

1/4178	. . . . {Masonry wall ties (with insulation-layer locating devices E04B 1/7616 ; replacing or adding wall ties E04G 23/0222)}	1/6162	. . . . . {the connection made by an additional locking key}
1/4185	. . . . . {for cavity walls with both wall leaves made of masonry (spacers for permanent forms E04B 2/86)}	1/6166	. . . . . {with protrusions on both frontal surfaces}
2001/4192	. . . . {attached to concrete reinforcing elements, e.g. rods or wires}	1/617	. . . . . {with one protrusion on each frontal surface}
1/48	. . . Dowels, i.e. members adapted to penetrate the surfaces of two parts and to take the shear stresses	1/6175	. . . . . {with two or more protrusions on each frontal surface}
1/483	. . . . {Shear dowels to be embedded in concrete}	1/6179	. . . . . {with protrusions and recesses on each frontal surface}
1/486	. . . . {Shear dowels for wood (E04B 1/49 takes precedence)}	1/6183	. . . . . {with rotatable locking means co-operating with a recess (similar devices for sliding doors E05B 65/0817)}
1/49	. . . . with self-penetrating parts, e.g. claw dowels { (nail plates F16B 15/0023) }	1/6187	. . . . {by means on top and/or bottom surfaces of the slabs}
1/54	. . {Joints substantially without separate connecting elements, e.g. jointing by inter-engagement (welded, glued, or the like joints, in general F16B)}	2001/6191	. . . . {by means on the corners of the slabs}
1/58	. . of bar-shaped building elements {(framework connections E04B 1/21 , E04B 1/2403 , E04B 1/2604)}	2001/6195	. . . {the slabs being connected at an angle, e.g. forming a corner}
1/5806	. . . {with a cross-section having an open profile}	1/62	. Insulation or other protection; Elements or use of specified material therefor (chemical compositions C01 - C11 ; implements for applying insulation or sealings E04F 21/00 ; buildings to withstand or to provide protection against external undesired influences E04H 9/00 ; sealing pipes in walls or partitions F16L 5/02 ; shielding against dangerous radiation G21F ; constructions of particular parts of buildings, see the relevant groups for those parts)
1/5812	. . . . {of substantially I - or H - form}	1/625	. . {Sheets or foils allowing passage of water vapor but impervious to liquid water; house wraps}
1/5818	. . . . {of substantially U - form}	1/64	. . for making damp-proof; Protection against corrosion (sealings E04B 1/66)
1/5825	. . . {with a closed cross-section}	NOTE	
1/5831	. . . . {of substantially rectangular form}	Group E04B 1/64 is not used for classification. Documents are classified in subgroups only or in groups E04B 1/66 , E04B 1/70	
1/5837	. . . . {of substantially circular form}	1/642	. . . {Protecting metallic construction elements against corrosion (for concrete reinforcing elements made of steel E04C 5/01 ; anodic or cathodic protection C23F 13/00)}
1/5843	. . . . . {with ends provided with protuberances}	1/644	. . . {Damp-proof courses (in combination with lintels E04C 3/02)}
1/585	. . . . . {with separate connection devices}	1/646	. . . . {obtained by removal and replacement of a horizontal layer of an existing wall}
2001/5856	. . . . {using the innerside thereof}	1/648	. . . . {obtained by injection or infiltration of water-proofing agents into an existing wall}
2001/5862	. . . {Angularly adjustable connections without hinge pin}	1/66	. . Sealings ({damp-proof courses E04B 1/644 ; fire-proof sealings E04B 1/948 }; additions of anti-leak properties to plaster C04B ; bituminous sealing masses C08L 95/00 ; sealings for hydraulic engineering work in general E02B 3/16 ; against ground humidity or ground water E02D 31/02 ; coverings against rain or other precipitations of the atmosphere E04D ; composition of material or manufacture of sealing foils, see the relevant classes for these foils)
2001/5868	. . . {Hinged connections}	1/665	. . . {Sheets or foils impervious to water and water vapor}
2001/5875	. . . {using exterior clamping plates or shells}		
2001/5881	. . . {using an undercut groove, e.g. dovetail groove}		
2001/5887	. . . {using connectors with sockets}		
2001/5893	. . . {Puzzle type connections}		
1/61	. . of slab-shaped building elements with each other		
1/6104	. . . {the overlapping ends of the slabs connected together}		
1/6108	. . . {the frontal surfaces of the slabs connected together}		
1/6112	. . . . {by clamping, e.g. friction, means on lateral surfaces}		
1/6116	. . . . {by locking means on lateral surfaces}		
1/612	. . . . {by means between frontal surfaces}		
1/6125	. . . . . {with protrusions on the one frontal surface co-operating with recesses in the other frontal surface}		
1/6129	. . . . . {the connection made by expansion}		
1/6133	. . . . . {the connection made by friction-grip}		
1/6137	. . . . . {the connection made by formlocking}		
1/6141	. . . . . {the connection made by an additional locking key}		
1/6145	. . . . . {with recesses in both frontal surfaces co-operating with an additional connecting element}		
1/615	. . . . . {the connection made by expansion}		
1/6154	. . . . . {the connection made by friction-grip}		
1/6158	. . . . . {the connection made by formlocking}		

- 1/68 . . . of joints, e.g. expansion joints ([packing for joints in roads or airfields E01C 11/02](#); expansion joints for bridges [E01D 19/06](#); sealing joints between foundation piles [E02D 5/14](#); joints in foundation structures [E02D 29/16](#); devices for sealing the spaces or joints between roof-covering elements [E04D 1/36](#); sealing joints between roof-covering elements [E04D 3/38](#); {construction of joints for flooring or floor layers composed of a number of similar elements [E04F 15/02005](#)}; construction of joints for flooring or floor layers made of masses [in situ E04F 15/14](#))
- 1/6801 {Fillings therefor}
- 1/6803 {Joint covers ([E04B 1/6815](#) takes precedence)}
- 1/6804 {specially adapted for floor parts}
- 1/6806 {Waterstops ([E04B 1/6807](#) takes precedence)}
- 1/6807 {Expansion elements for parts cast [in situ](#)}
- 1/6809 {Reverse side strips}
- 1/681 {for free moving parts}
- 1/6812 {Compressable seals of solid form}
- 1/6813 {Compressable seals of hollow form ([E04B 1/6816](#) takes precedence)}
- 1/6815 {Expansion elements specially adapted for wall or ceiling parts}
- 1/6816 {Porous tubular seals for injecting sealing material ([filling of cracks in existing buildings E04G 23/02](#))}
- 2001/6818 {Joints with swellable parts}
- 1/70 . . Drying or keeping dry, e.g. by air vents ({[using damp-proof courses E04B 1/644](#); [using sealings, e.g. sealing masses or foils, E04B 1/66](#)}; during erection [E04G 21/28](#))
- 1/7007 . . . {by using electricity, e.g. electro-osmosis ([electrochemical desalination or re-alkalisation of reinforced concrete C04B 41/00](#))}
- 1/7015 . . . {by heating the ambient air}
- 1/7023 . . . {by collecting water in basements}
- 1/703 . . . {Evacuating water from walls made from hollow bricks}
- 1/7038 . . . {Evacuating water from cavity walls, e.g. by using weep holes}
- 1/7046 {using trays}
- 1/7053 {Grills for weep holes}
- 1/7061 {Devices for preventing blockage of weep holes, e.g. a blockage caused by falling mortar}
- 1/7069 . . . {by ventilating ([means for ventilating in floors E04B 5/48](#), in ceilings [E04B 9/02](#), in building blocks [E04C 1/392](#), in building panels [E04C 2/521](#), in roofs [E04D 13/16](#); ventilating wall coverings [E04F 13/007](#))}
- 1/7076 {Air vents for walls}
- 1/7084 {with Knappen systems, i.e. atmospheric siphons}
- 1/7092 {Temporary mechanical ventilation of damp layers, e.g. insulation of a floating floor}
- 1/72 . . Pest control ([by keeping dry E04B 1/70](#); [impregnation of wood or like materials B27K](#))
- 1/74 . . Heat, sound or noise insulation, absorption, or reflection ([forms of, or arrangements in, rooms for influencing or directing sound E04B 1/99](#)). Other building methods affording favourable thermal or acoustical conditions, e.g. accumulating of heat within walls ([fire protection E04B 1/94](#); elements chiefly adapted for structural purposes [E04C 1/00 - E04C 3/00](#); chiefly adapted for surface coverings [E04F 13/00](#); as underlayers for floor coverings [E04F 15/18](#); closures for wall or like openings [E06B](#))
- 2001/741 {Insulation elements with markings, e.g. identification or cutting template}
- 2001/742 {Use of special materials; Materials having special structures or shape}
- 2001/743 {Animal products, e.g. wool, feathers}
- 2001/745 {Vegetal products, e.g. plant stems, barks}
- 2001/746 {Recycled materials, e.g. made of used tires, bumpers or newspapers}
- 2001/747 {Corrugated materials}
- 2001/748 {Honeycomb materials}
- 1/76 . . . specifically with respect to heat only ([heat insulation in general F16L 59/00](#))
- 1/7604 {fillings for cavity walls}
- 1/7608 {comprising a prefabricated insulating layer, disposed between two other layers or panels}
- 1/7612 {in combination with an air space}
- 1/7616 {with insulation-layer locating devices combined with wall ties}
- 1/762 {Exterior insulation of exterior walls}
- 1/7625 {Details of the adhesive connection of the insulation to the wall}
- 1/7629 {Details of the mechanical connection of the insulation to the wall}
- 1/7633 {Dowels with enlarged insulation retaining head}
- 1/7637 {Anchoring of separate elements through the lining to the wall}
- 1/7641 {Elements for window or door openings, or for corners of the building}
- 1/7645 {with ventilation means for the insulation}
- 1/765 {Bottom edge finishing profile}
- 1/7654 {comprising an insulating layer, disposed between two longitudinal supporting elements, e.g. to insulate ceilings}
- 1/7658 {comprising fiber insulation, e.g. as panels or loose filled fibres}
- 1/7662 {comprising fiber blankets or batts}
- 1/7666 {Connection of blankets or batts to the longitudinal supporting elements}
- 1/767 {Blankets or batts with connecting flanges}
- 1/7675 {Insulating linings for the interior face of exterior walls}
- 2001/7679 {Means preventing cold bridging at the junction of an exterior wall with an interior wall or a floor}
- 2001/7683 {Fibrous blankets or panels characterised by the orientation of the fibres}
- 2001/7687 {Crumble resistant fibrous blankets or panels using adhesives or meltable fibres}
- 2001/7691 {Heat reflecting layers or coatings}
- 2001/7695 {Panels with adjustable width}

1/78	. . . .	Heat insulating elements (E04B 1/7662 takes precedence)	2001/8485	. . . . .	{the opening being restricted, e.g. forming Helmholtz resonators}
1/80	. . . . .	slab-shaped	2001/849	. . . . .	{Groove or slot type openings}
1/803	. . . . .	{with vacuum spaces included in the slab}	2001/8495	. . . . .	{the openings going through from one face to the other face of the element}
1/806	. . . . .	{with air or gas pockets included in the slab}	1/86	. . . . .	slab-shaped
1/82	. . .	specifically with respect to sound only ({of floors or ceilings E04B 9/001 ; of flooring E04F 15/20 }; noise damping in ducts or channels E04F 17/00 ; {sound damping devices for pipes F16L 55/033 }; noise damping in general G10K 11/00)	1/88	. . .	Insulating elements for both heat and sound
1/8209	. . . .	{sound absorbing devices (E04B 1/8218 , E04B 1/8227 take precedence)}	1/90	. . . .	slab-shaped
1/8218	. . . .	{soundproof enclosures}	1/92	. .	Protection against other undesired influences or dangers (buildings providing protection against external dangers E04H 9/00 ; shielding against dangerous radiation G21F)
1/8227	. . . .	{screens (E04B 2/74 takes precedence; for road or railway traffic E01F); Arrangements of sound-absorbing elements, e.g. baffles}	2001/925	. . .	{Protection against harmful electro-magnetic or radio-active radiations, e.g. X-rays}
1/8236	. . . . .	{Stage shells}	1/94	. . .	against fire ({fire protection of partitions E04B 2/7403 , E04B 2/7409 ; supporting constructions for ceilings having the capability of expansion in case of fire E04B 9/08 }; fire-fighting A62C , {e.g. fire prevention or containment A62C 2/00 }; impregnation of wood or similar materials B27K ; {fireproof paints C09D 5/18 ; fireproofing materials C09K 21/00 ; flame-resistant papers D21H 5/0002 ; coverings or linings, e.g. for walls or ceilings, in general E04F 13/00 }; fireproof doors E06B 5/16 ; {firebreak devices for pipes or the like passing through walls F16L 5/04 ; protection of pipes by means of non-inflammable material F16L 57/04)}
2001/8245	. . . . .	{Machines for manufacturing, shaping, piercing or filling sound insulating elements}	1/941	. . . .	{Building elements specially adapted therefor}
2001/8254	. . . . .	{Soundproof supporting of building elements, e.g. stairs, floor slabs or beams, on a structure}	1/942	. . . . .	{slab-shaped}
2001/8263	. . . . .	{Mounting of acoustical elements on supporting structure, e.g. framework or wall surface}	1/943	. . . . .	{elongated}
2001/8272	. . . . .	{Resiliently mounted wall cladding acting as a diaphragmatic sound damper}	1/944	. . . . .	{covered with fire-proofing material}
2001/8281	. . . . .	{Flat elements mounted parallel to a supporting surface with an acoustically active air gap between the elements and the mounting surface}	1/945	. . . .	{Load-supporting structures specially adapted therefor}
2001/829	. . . . .	{Flat elements mounted at an angle, e.g. right angle, to the supporting surface}	1/946	. . . .	{Protection against smoke or toxic gases}
1/84	. . . . .	Sound-absorbing elements	1/947	. . . .	{by closing openings in walls or the like in the case of fire (fire-proof doors E06B 5/16)}
1/8404	. . . . .	{block-shaped}	1/948	. . . .	{Fire-proof sealings or joints (for doors or windows E06B 5/164)}
1/8409	. . . . .	{sheet-shaped}	2001/949	. . . .	{Construction elements filled with liquid, e.g. water, either permanently or only in case of fire}
2001/8414	. . . . .	{with non-planar face, e.g. curved, eggcrate shaped}	1/98	. . .	against vibrations or shocks (on foundations E02D 31/08); against mechanical destruction, e.g. by air-raids (against incendiary damage only E04B 1/94 ; finishing work therefor E04F ; buildings withstanding earthquake or the like, shelters, arrangements of splintercatching walls E04H 9/00)
2001/8419	. . . . .	{Acoustical cones or the like, e.g. for anechoic chambers}	1/99	. .	Room acoustics, i.e. forms of, or arrangements in, rooms for influencing or directing sound (E04B 1/82 takes precedence; acoustics in general G10K 11/00 ; electric signal processing for producing a reverberation or echo sound G10K 15/08)
2001/8423	. . . . .	{Tray or frame type panels or blocks, with or without acoustical filling}	1/994	. .	{Acoustical surfaces with adjustment mechanisms}
2001/8428	. . . . .	{containing specially shaped acoustical bodies, e.g. funnels, egg-crates, fanfolds}			
2001/8433	. . . . .	{with holes in their face}			
2001/8438	. . . . .	{Slot shaped holes}			
2001/8442	. . . . .	{Tray type elements}			
2001/8447	. . . . .	{with two facing trays}			
2001/8452	. . . . .	{with peripheral frame members}			
2001/8457	. . . . .	{Solid slabs or blocks}			
2001/8461	. . . . .	{layered}			
2001/8466	. . . . .	{with an intermediate layer formed of lines or dots of elastic material}			
2001/8471	. . . . .	{with non-planar interior transition surfaces between layers, e.g. faceted, corrugated}			
2001/8476	. . . . .	{with acoustical cavities, with or without acoustical filling}			
2001/848	. . . . .	{the cavities opening onto the face of the element}			

2/00	Walls, e.g. partitions, for buildings; Wall construction with regard to insulation; Connections specially adapted to walls (connections for building structures in general E04B 1/38; insulation for buildings in general E04B 1/62; building elements of relatively thin form for parts of buildings E04C 2/00)	2002/0295	. . {of which the width is equal to the wall thickness}
		2002/0297	. . {of which the width is less than the wall thickness}
2/02	. built-up from layers of building elements	2/04	. . Walls having neither cavities between, nor in, the solid elements
2002/0202	. . {Details of connections}	2/06	. . . using elements having specially-designed means for stabilising the position
2002/0204	. . . {Non-undercut connections, e.g. tongue and groove connections}	2/08	. . . . by interlocking of projections or inserts with indentations, e.g. of tongues, grooves, dovetails
2002/0206	. . . . {of rectangular shape}	2/10	. . . . by filling material with or without reinforcements in small channels in, or in grooves between, the elements
2002/0208	. . . . {of trapezoidal shape}	2/12	. . . using elements having a general shape differing from that of a parallelepiped
2002/021	. . . . {of triangular shape}	2/14	. . Walls having cavities in, but not between, the elements, i.e. each cavity being enclosed by at least four sides forming part of one single element
2002/0213	. . . . {of round shape}	2/16	. . . using elements having specially-designed means for stabilising the position
2002/0215	. . . . {with separate protrusions}	2/18	. . . . by interlocking of projections or inserts with indentations, e.g. of tongues, grooves, dovetails
2002/0217	. . . . . {of prismatic shape}	2/20	. . . . by filling material with or without reinforcements in small channels in, or in grooves between, the elements
2002/0219	. . . . . {of pyramidal shape}	2/22	. . . using elements having a general shape differing from that of a parallelepiped
2002/0221	. . . . . {of conical shape}	2/24	. . . the walls being characterised by fillings in some of the cavities forming load-bearing pillars or beams
2002/0223	. . . . . {of cylindrical shape}	2/26	. . . the walls being characterised by fillings in all cavities in order to form a wall construction
2002/0226	. . . . {with tongues and grooves next to each other on the end surface}	2/28	. . Walls having cavities between, but not in, the elements; Walls of elements each consisting of two or more parts kept in distance by means of spacers, all parts being solid
2002/0228	. . . . {with tongues next to each other on one end surface and grooves next to each other on opposite end surface}	2/30	. . . using elements having specially designed means for stabilising the position; Spacers for cavity walls {(masonry wall ties E04B 1/4178)}
2002/023	. . . . {with rabbets, e.g. stepped}	2/32	. . . . by interlocking of projections or inserts with indentations, e.g. of tongues, grooves, dovetails
2002/0232	. . . {Undercut connections, e.g. using undercut tongues and grooves}	2/34	. . . . by filling material with or without reinforcements in small channels in, or in grooves between, the elements
2002/0234	. . . . {Angular dovetails}	2/36	. . . using elements having a general shape differing from that of a parallelepiped
2002/0236	. . . . . {tapered, i.e. dovetail narrows in the direction of tongue or groove}	2/38	. . . the walls being characterised by fillings in some of the cavities forming load-bearing pillars or beams
2002/0239	. . . . {Round dovetails}	2/40	. . . the walls being characterised by fillings in all cavities in order to form a wall construction
2002/0241	. . . . . {tapered, i.e. dovetail narrows in the direction of tongue or groove}	2/42	. . Walls having cavities between, as well as in, the elements; Walls of elements each consisting of two or more parts, kept in distance by means of spacers, at least one of the parts having cavities
2002/0243	. . . {Separate connectors or inserts, e.g. pegs, pins or keys}	2/44	. . . using elements having specially-designed means for stabilising the position; Spacers for cavity walls {(masonry wall ties E04B 1/4178)}
2002/0245	. . . . {Pegs or pins}		
2002/0247	. . . . {Strips or bars}		
2002/025	. . . . {U-shaped, e.g. brackets}		
2002/0252	. . . . {Dovetail keys}		
2002/0254	. . . . {Tie rods}		
2002/0256	. . {Special features of building elements}		
2002/0258	. . . {Gripping or handling aids}		
2002/026	. . . {Splittable building elements}		
2002/0263	. . . {Building elements for making angled walls}		
2002/0265	. . . {Building elements for making arcuate walls}		
2002/0267	. . . {Building elements with the appearance of several bricks}		
2002/0269	. . . {Building elements with a natural stone facing}		
2002/0271	. . . {Building elements with the appearance of rock layers}		
2002/0273	. . . {Adhesive layers other than mortar between building elements}		
2002/0276	. . . . {Separate layers or strips}		
2002/0278	. . . . {forming a unity with the building elements}		
2002/028	. . . {Spacers between building elements}		
2002/0282	. . . . {Separate spacers}		
2002/0284	. . . . {forming a unity with the building elements}		
2002/0286	. . . {Building elements with coatings}		
2002/0289	. . . {Building elements with holes filled with insulating material}		
2002/0291	. . . . {loose material}		
2002/0293	. . . . {solid material}		

2/46	. . . . by interlocking of projections or inserts with indentations, e.g. of tongues, grooves, dovetails	2/7401	. . {assembled using panels without a frame or supporting posts, with or without upper or lower edge locating rails}
2/48	. . . . by filling material with or without reinforcements in small channels in, or in grooves between, the elements	2/7403	. . . {with special measures for sound or thermal insulation including fire protection}
2/50	. . . using elements having a general shape differing from that of a parallelepiped	2/7405	. . . {with free upper edge, e.g. for use as office space dividers}
2/52	. . . the walls being characterised by fillings in some of the cavities forming load-bearing pillars or beams	2/7407	. . {assembled using frames with infill panels or coverings only; made-up of panels and a support structure incorporating posts (E04B 2/78 and E04B 2/80 take precedence)}
2/54	. . . the walls being characterised by fillings in all cavities in order to form a wall construction	2/7409	. . . {special measures for sound or thermal insulation, including fire protection}
2/56	. {Load-bearing} walls of framework or pillarwork; Walls incorporating load-bearing elongated members (E04B 2/74 , E04B 2/88 take precedence; pillars E04C 3/30)	2/7411	. . . . {Details for fire protection}
2/562	. . {with fillings between the load-bearing elongated members}	2/7412	. . . . {Posts or frame members specially adapted for reduced sound or heat transmission}
2002/565	. . {with a brick veneer facing}	2/7414	. . . . {Posts or frame members with projections for holding sound or heat insulating fillings}
2002/567	. . {with posts or pillars made from a plurality of smaller prefabricated elements}	2/7416	. . . {with free upper edge, e.g. for use as office space dividers}
2/58	. . with elongated members of metal	2002/7418	. . . . {Accessories supported on the free upper edge, e.g. auxiliary panels, noise abatement devices}
2/60	. . . characterised by special cross-section of the elongated members	2002/742	. . . . {Details of panel top cap}
2/62	. . . . the members being formed of two or more elements in side-by-side relationship	2/7422	. . . . {with separate framed panels without intermediary support posts}
2/64	. . with elongated members of concrete	2/7424	. . . . . {Glazing details}
2/66	. . . characterised by special cross-section of the elongated members	2/7425	. . . . . {Details of connection of panels (E04B 2/7427 takes precedence)}
2/68	. . . made by filling-up wall cavities (E04B 2/24 , E04B 2/38 , E04B 2/52 take precedence)	2/7427	. . . . . {with adjustable angular connection of panels}
2/70	. . with elongated members of wood	2/7429	. . . . . {using flexible hinges}
2/701	. . . {with integrated supporting and obturation function}	2/7431	. . . . . {using hinges having two parallel rotation axes}
2/702	. . . . {with longitudinal horizontal elements (E04B 2/704 , E04B 2/705 take precedence)}	2/7433	. . . . . {with panels and support posts}
2/703	. . . . {with longitudinal vertical elements}	2/7435	. . . . . {Glazing details}
2/704	. . . . {with longitudinal horizontal elements shorter than the length of a wall}	2/7437	. . . . . {with panels hooked onto posts (E04B 2/7438 takes precedence)}
2/705	. . . . {with longitudinal horizontal elements placed between columns}	2/7438	. . . . . {with adjustable angular connection of panels to posts}
2/706	. . . {with supporting function}	2/744	. . . . . {using angularly-spaced longitudinal grooves of the posts}
2/707	. . . . {obturation by means of panels}	2/7442	. . . . . {hinged connections (E04B 2/7444 takes precedence)}
2/708	. . . . {obturation by means of longitudinal elements with a convex external surface}	2/7444	. . . . . {panels hooked onto the rim or in a groove of circular posts}
2/709	. . . . {obturation by means of longitudinal elements with a plane external surface}	2002/7446	. . . . {Post-like profiles for connecting panels at an angle}
2/72	. {Non-load-bearing} walls of elements of relatively thin form {with respect to the thickness of the wall} (E04B 2/56 , E04B 2/74 , E04B 2/88 take precedence; with joint fillings acting as framework or pillars E04B 2/68 ; elements E04C 2/00)	2/7448	. . . {with separate framed panels without intermediary posts, extending from floor to ceiling}
2/721	. . {connections specially adapted therefor}	2/745	. . . . {Glazing details}
2/723	. . {constituted of gypsum elements}	2/7451	. . . . {with false tongue joints}
2002/725	. . . {Corner or angle connection details}	2/7453	. . . {with panels and support posts, extending from floor to ceiling}
2002/726	. . . {Clips for butt-joining plasterboards}	2/7455	. . . . {Glazing details}
2002/728	. . . {Butt-joining plasterboards in the space between two studs}	2/7457	. . . . {with wallboards attached to the outer faces of the posts, parallel to the partition (E04B 2/7459 takes precedence)}
2/74	. Removable non-load-bearing partitions; Partitions with a free upper edge (framed panels E04C 2/38) {modular coordination}	2/7459	. . . . {with telescoping posts to compensate for floor or ceiling irregularities}
		2002/7461	. . {Details of connection of sheet panels to frame or posts}
		2002/7462	. . . {using resilient connectors, e.g. clips}

2002/7464	. . . . {clasping a flange of a profile}	2/7881	. . . . . {of substantially S - or Z - section; having a shape or cross-section adapted for gripping or overlapping panels by means of at least partially complementary shaped parallel elements}
2002/7466	. . . {using hooks}	2/789	. . . . . {of substantially U- or C- section}
2002/7468	. . . {using magnets}	2/80	. . with framework or posts of wood
2002/747	. . . {using hook and loop-type fasteners}	2/82	. . characterised by the manner in which edges are connected to the building; Means therefor; Special details of easily-removable partitions {as far as related to the connection with other parts of the building}
2002/7472	. . . {using adhesives}	2/821	. . . {Connections between two opposed surfaces (i.e. floor and ceiling) by means of a device offering a restraining force acting in the plane of the partition}
2002/7474	. . . {using releasable connectors actuatable with a key or a tool}	2/822	. . . . {Elastic connections, e.g. inflated joints}
2002/7475	. . . {using connectors with claws penetrating the sheet panels}	2/824	. . . . {restrained elastically at one surface and inelastically at the opposing surface}
2002/7477	. . . {Details of connections using screws or nails}	2/825	. . . {the connection between the floor and the ceiling being achieved without any restraining forces acting in the plane of the partition}
2002/7479	. . {Details of connection of flexible sheets to frame or posts}	2/827	. . . {Partitions constituted of sliding panels}
2002/7481	. . {Locating rails with adjustable curvature}	2/828	. . . {Connections between partitions and structural walls}
2002/7483	. . {Details of furniture, e.g. tables or shelves, associated with the partitions}	2/84	. Walls made by casting, pouring, or tamping <u>in situ</u> (E04B 2/02, E04B 2/56 take precedence; forms therefor E04G 11/06; working of concrete or similar masses able to be cast or poured <u>in situ</u> E04G 21/02)
2002/7485	. . . {Load supports therefor placed between wall studs}	2/842	. . {by projecting or otherwise applying hardenable masses to the exterior of a form leaf}
2002/7487	. . {Partitions with slotted profiles}	2/845	. . . {the form leaf comprising a wire netting, lattice or the like}
2002/7488	. . {Details of wiring}	2/847	. . . {the form leaf comprising an insulating foam panel}
2002/749	. . {Partitions with screw-type jacks}	2/86	. . made in permanent forms
2002/7492	. . . {used in partitions extending from floor to ceiling}	2/8605	. . . {without spacers}
2002/7494	. . . . {the jacks being located at the top or the side of the partition}	2/8611	. . . {with spacers being embedded in at least one form leaf}
2002/7496	. . {using wedges to level or hold the partition in place}	2/8617	. . . . {with spacers being embedded in both form leaves}
2002/7498	. . {Partitions for clean rooms}	2/8623	. . . {with spacers and at least one form leaf being monolithic}
2/76	. . with framework or posts of metal {(details of connections, thresholds or skirtings E04B 2/82)}	2/8629	. . . . {with both form leaves and spacers being monolithic}
2/761	. . . {L-connections}	2/8635	. . . {with ties attached to the inner faces of the forms (E04B 2/8611 and E04B 2/8623 take precedence)}
2/762	. . . {Cross connections}	2/8641	. . . . {using dovetail-type connections}
2/763	. . . . {with one continuous profile, the perpendicular one passing continuously through the first one}	2/8647	. . . {with ties going through the forms}
2/764	. . . . {with two interrupted profiles}	2/8652	. . . {with ties located in the joints of the forms}
2/765	. . . . {with one continuous profile, the perpendicular one being interrupted}	2/8658	. . . {using wire netting, a lattice or the like as form leaves}
2/766	. . . {T-connections}	2/8664	. . . {using flexible material as form leaves (E04B 2/8658 takes precedence)}
2/767	. . . . {Connections between wall studs and upper or lower locating rails}	2002/867	. . . {Corner details}
2/768	. . . . . {allowing vertical movement of upper rail with respect to the stud, e.g. by using slots in the rail or stud}	2002/8676	. . . {Wall end details}
2/78	. . . characterised by special cross-section of the frame-members {as far as important for securing wall panels to a framework with or without the help of cover-strips (separate connecting means, e.g. clip E04B 2/74; connections between uprights and cross-members E04B 2/76)}	2002/8682	. . . {Mixed technique using permanent and reusable forms}
2/7809	. . . . {of single or multiple tubular form}	2002/8688	. . . {Scaffoldings or removable supports therefor}
2/7818	. . . . . {of substantially rectangular form}	2002/8694	. . . {with hinged spacers allowing the formwork to be collapsed for transport}
2/7827	. . . . . {with all four sides of the profiles having substantially similar undercut grooves or connecting projections}	2/88	. Curtain walls {(fixing of glass panes E06B 3/54)}
2/7836	. . . . . {with only two sides of the profiles having substantially similar undercut grooves or connecting projections}		
2/7845	. . . . . {of curved cross-section, e.g. circular}		
2/7854	. . . . {of open profile}		
2/7863	. . . . . {of substantially I - section with web perpendicular to plane of partition}		
2/7872	. . . . . {of substantially H - section with flanges perpendicular to plane of partition}		

2/885	. . {comprising a supporting structure for flush mounted glazing panels}	2005/235	. . . . . {Wooden stiffening ribs or other wooden beam-like formations having a special form}
2/90	. . comprising panels directly attached to the structure { (E04B 2/885 takes precedence) }	2005/237	. . . . . {Separate connecting elements}
2/92	. . . Sandwich-type panels	5/26	. . . . . with filling members between the beams (E04B 5/28 takes precedence)
2/94	. . . Concrete panels (E04B 2/92 takes precedence)	5/261	. . . . . {Monolithic filling members}
2/96	. . comprising panels attached to the structure through mullions or transoms { (E04B 2/885 takes precedence) }	5/263	. . . . . {with a flat lower surface (E04B 5/265 takes precedence) }
2/962	. . . {with angles or corners in the curtain wall}	5/265	. . . . . {with one or more hollow cores}
2/965	. . . {Connections of mullions and transoms}	5/266	. . . . . {Filling members covering the undersurface of the beams}
2/967	. . . {Details of the cross-section of the mullions or transoms (E04B 2/965 takes precedence) }	5/268	. . . . . {End filling members to be placed between the floor and the wall, e.g. thermal breaks}
5/00	Floors; Floor construction with regard to insulation; Connections specially adapted therefor (elements for floors, e.g. bricks, stones, filling bodies, girders, E04C; flooring as finishing work, insulation of flooring, sectional false floors, e.g. for computers E04F 15/00)	5/28	. . . . . Cross-ribbed floors
5/02	. Load-carrying floor structures formed substantially of prefabricated units (E04B 5/43 - E04B 5/48 take precedence)	5/29	. . . . . the prefabricated parts of the beams consisting wholly of metal (E04B 5/28 takes precedence)
5/023	. . {Separate connecting devices for prefabricated floor-slabs}	5/32	. . Floor structures wholly cast <i>in situ</i> with or without form units or reinforcements
5/026	. . {with beams or slabs of plastic}	2005/322	. . . {with permanent forms for the floor edges}
5/04	. . with beams {or slabs} of concrete or other stone-like material, e.g. asbestos cement (E04B 5/08, E04B 5/14 take precedence)	2005/324	. . . {with peripheral anchors or supports}
5/043	. . . {having elongated hollow cores}	5/326	. . . {with hollow filling elements}
5/046	. . . {with beams placed with distance from another}	5/328	. . . . . {the filling elements being spherical}
5/06	. . . {with beams} placed against one another {optionally with pointing-mortar}	5/36	. . . with form units as part of the floor
5/08	. . assembled of block-shaped elements, e.g. hollow stones (E04B 5/14 takes precedence; floors composed of reinforced brickwork E04B 5/44)	5/38	. . . . . with slab-shaped form units acting simultaneously as reinforcement; Form slabs with reinforcements extending laterally outside the element { (beams placed against one another and acting as permanent forms E04B 5/23) }
5/10	. . with metal beams or girders, e.g. with steel lattice girders (E04B 5/14 takes precedence)	5/40	. . . . . with metal form-slabs
5/12	. . with wooden beams (E04B 5/14 takes precedence) {also means for supporting beams; (shores or struts E04G 25/00)}	5/43	. Floor structures of extraordinary design; Features relating to the elastic stability; Floor structures specially designed for resting on columns only, e.g. mushroom floors ({anchoring devices for balconies with means for preventing cold bridging E04B 1/0038 }; extraordinary constructions in general E04B 1/34)
5/14	. . with beams or girders laid in two directions	5/44	. Floors composed of stones, mortar, and reinforcing elements (with inserts of glass E04B 5/46)
5/16	. Load-carrying floor structures wholly or partly cast or similarly formed <i>in situ</i> (E04B 5/43 - E04B 5/48 take precedence; floors merely characterised by the prefabricated elements E04C)	5/46	. Special adaptation of floors for transmission of light, e.g. by inserts of glass (of ceilings E04B 9/32 , block-shaped elements E04C 1/42 ; slab- or sheet-shaped elements E04C 2/54 ; for roof covering E04D 3/06)
5/17	. . Floor structures partly formed <i>in situ</i>	5/48	. Special adaptations of floors for incorporating ducts, e.g. for heating or ventilating (in block-shaped elements E04C 1/39; in slab- or sheet-shaped elements E04C 2/52)
2005/173	. . . {with permanent forms for the floor edges}	7/00	Roofs; Roof construction with regard to insulation (structures for roofs as well as for floors E04B 5/00; ceilings E04B 9/00; greenhouses A01G 9/14; large containers having floating covers B65D 88/34; roof trusses, trusslike structures, joists E04C 3/02; roof covering E04D)
2005/176	. . . {with peripheral anchors or supports}	7/02	. with plane sloping surfaces, e.g. saddle roofs ({canopies E04F 10/00 ;} E04B 7/12 takes precedence)
5/18	. . . with stiffening ribs or other beam-like formations wholly cast between filling members	7/022	. . {consisting of a plurality of parallel similar trusses or portal frames}
5/19	. . . . the filling members acting as self-supporting permanent forms (E04B 5/21 takes precedence)		
5/21	. . . . Cross-ribbed floors		
5/23	. . . with stiffening ribs or other beam-like formations wholly or partly prefabricated (with all load-carrying parts substantially consisting of prefabricated units E04B 5/02 {; beams built-up by elements joined in line E04C 3/22})		
2005/232	. . . . {with special provisions for connecting wooden stiffening ribs or other wooden beam-like formations to the concrete slab}		

7/024	. . . {the trusses or frames supporting load-bearing purlins, e.g. braced purlins (battens, supports for battens E04D 12/00)}	9/005	. {composed of imitation beams or beam coverings}
7/026	. . {consisting of prefabricated modules, e.g. box-like or cell-like units (E04B 7/24 takes precedence)}	9/006	. {with means for hanging lighting fixtures or other appliances to the framework of the ceiling}
7/028	. . {consisting of structures of pyramidal or conical shape}	9/008	. {with means for connecting partition walls or panels to the ceilings}
7/04	. . supported by horizontal beams or the equivalent resting on the walls (E04B 7/06 takes precedence)	9/02	. having means for ventilation or vapour discharge
7/045	. . . {with connectors made of sheet metal for connecting the roof structure to the supporting wall (connectors made of sheet metal for wooden elongated load-supporting elements in general E04B 1/2608)}	9/023	. . {comprising drainage gutters for condensed water or grease}
7/06	. . Constructions of roof intersections or hipped ends	2009/026	. . {the supporting ceiling grid acting as air diffusers}
7/063	. . . {Hipped ends}	9/04	. comprising slabs, {panels,} sheets or the like
2007/066	. . . . {for conservatories}	9/0407	. . {being stiff and curved}
7/08	. Vaulted roofs (E04B 7/14 takes precedence ; vaulted structures in general E04B 1/32 ; inflatable tents or canopies, in general E04H 15/20 ; inflatable forms for shaping <i>in situ</i> E04G 11/04)	9/0414	. . {being foldable, curvable or rollable}
7/10	. . Shell structures, e.g. of hyperbolic-parabolic shape; Grid-like formations acting as shell structures; Folded structures (buildings E04B 1/32)}	9/0421	. . {comprising ducts}
7/102	. . . {Shell structures}	9/0428	. . {having a closed frame around the periphery}
7/105	. . . {Grid-like structures}	9/0435	. . {having connection means at the edges}
7/107	. . . {Folded structures}	9/0442	. . {having a honeycomb core}
7/12	. formed in bays, e.g. sawtooth roofs (E04B 7/10 takes precedence)	9/045	. . {being laminated}
7/14	. Suspended roofs (suspended tents or canopies in general E04H 15/04)	9/0457	. . {having closed internal cavities}
7/16	. Roof structures with movable roof parts (buildings for special purposes E04H)	9/0464	. . {having irregularities on the faces, e.g. holes, grooves}
7/163	. . {characterised by a pivoting movement of the movable roof parts (E04B 7/166 takes precedence)}	9/0471	. . {having a trapezoidal cross section}
7/166	. . {characterised by a translation movement of the movable roof part, with or without additional movements}	9/0478	. . {of the tray type}
7/18	. Special structures in or on roofs, e.g. dormer windows (in connection with roof coverings E04D 13/00 , especially domes E04D 13/03)	9/0485	. . . {containing a filling element}
7/20	. Roofs consisting of self-supporting slabs, e.g. able to be loaded	2009/0492	. . {with fabrics tensioned on frames}
7/205	. . {the slabs having non-structural supports for roofing materials (for slabs having insulating properties E04B 7/225)}	9/06	. characterised by constructional features of the supporting construction {, e.g. cross section or material of framework members}
7/22	. . the slabs having insulating properties, e.g. laminated with layers of insulating material	9/061	. . {supporting construction for curved ceilings}
7/225	. . . {the slabs having non-structural supports for roofing materials}	2009/062	. . {Caps covering visible surfaces of the supporting construction}
7/24	. . the slabs being collapsible {or retractable}, e.g. for transport	9/064	. . {comprising extruded supporting beams}
9/00	Ceilings; Construction of ceilings, e.g. false ceilings; Ceiling construction with regard to insulation (ceilings used as forms for making floors E04B 5/00; coverings or linings for ceilings E04F 13/00)	9/065	. . {comprising supporting beams having a folded cross-section}
9/001	. {characterised by provisions for heat or sound insulation}	9/067	. . . {with inverted T-shaped cross-section}
9/003	. {with movable parts, e.g. pivoting panels, access doors}	9/068	. . . . {with double web}
		9/08	. . having the capability of expansion {, e.g. in case of fire}
		9/10	. . Connections between parallel members of the supporting construction (E04B 9/08 takes precedence)
		9/12	. . Connections between non-parallel members of the supporting construction (E04B 9/08 takes precedence)
		9/122	. . . {one member passing through the other member, both members laying at least partly in the same plane}
		9/125	. . . . {both members being continuous members}
		9/127	. . . {one member being discontinuous and abutting against the other member}
		9/14	. . . all the members being discontinuous and laying at least partly in the same plane
		9/16	. . . the members lying in different planes
		9/18	. Means for suspending the supporting construction
		9/183	. . {having a lower side adapted to be connected to a channel of the supporting construction}
		2009/186	. . {with arrangements for damping vibration}
		9/20	. . adjustable
		9/205	. . . {by means of a resilient clip}
		9/22	. Connection of slabs, {panels,} sheets or the like to the supporting construction
		9/225	. . {with the slabs, panels, sheets or the like hanging at a distance below the supporting construction}

E04B

- 9/24 . . with the slabs, {panels,} sheets or the like positioned on {the upperside of}, or held against {the underside of the} horizontal flanges of the supporting construction {or accessory means connected thereto}
- 9/241 . . . {with the slabs, panels, sheets or the like positioned on the upperside of the horizontal flanges of the supporting construction}
- 9/242 {with separate retaining elements}
- 9/244 {comprising sealing means between the supporting construction and the slabs, panels, sheets or the like}
- 9/245 . . . {by means of screws, bolts or clamping strips held against the underside of the supporting construction ([E04B 9/26 takes precedence](#))}
- 9/247 . . . {by means of sliding or pivoting locking elements, held against the underside of the supporting construction}
- 9/248 . . . {by means of permanent magnetic force held against the underside of the supporting construction}
- 9/26 . . . by means of snap action of elastically deformable elements {held against the underside of the supporting construction}
- 9/28 . . with the slabs, {panels,} sheets or the like having grooves engaging with horizontal flanges of the supporting construction or accessory means connected thereto
- 9/30 . characterised by edge details of the ceiling; e.g. securing to an adjacent wall
- 9/303 . . {for flexible tensioned membranes}
- 9/306 . . . {Tensioning hand tools therefor}
- 9/32 . Translucent ceilings, i.e. permitting both the transmission and diffusion of light ([E04B 9/303](#) and [E04B 9/34](#) take precedence; details of lighting devices, of general application [F21V](#); screens [F21V 11/00](#))
- 9/34 . {Grid-like or} open-work ceilings, e.g. lattice type {boxlike modules, acoustic baffles} ([E04B 9/30](#) takes precedence, grids for lighting devices [F21V](#))
- 9/345 . . {consisting of non-parallel slats, e.g. grids}
- 9/36 . . consisting of parallel slats
- 9/363 . . . {the principal plane of the slats being horizontal}
- 9/366 . . . {the principal plane of the slats being vertical}

2103/00 Material constitution of slabs, sheets or the like

- 2103/02 . of ceramics, concrete or other stone-like material
- 2103/04 . of plastics, fibrous material or wood
- 2103/06 . of metal