

# CPC COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION

## G PHYSICS (NOTES omitted)

### INSTRUMENTS

## G01 MEASURING; TESTING (NOTES omitted)

## G01S RADIO DIRECTION-FINDING; RADIO NAVIGATION; DETERMINING DISTANCE OR VELOCITY BY USE OF RADIO WAVES; LOCATING OR PRESENCE-DETECTING BY USE OF THE REFLECTION OR RERADIATION OF RADIO WAVES; ANALOGOUS ARRANGEMENTS USING OTHER WAVES

### NOTES

- In this subclass, the following term is used with the meaning indicated:
  - "transponder" means an arrangement which reacts to an incoming interrogating or detecting wave by emitting a specific answering or identifying wave.
- Attention is drawn to the Notes following the title of class [G01](#) and to Note (1) following the title of subclass [G09B](#).

### WARNINGS

- The following IPC groups are not in the CPC scheme. The subject matter for these IPC groups is classified in the following CPC groups:  
[G01S 7/26](#) covered by [G01S 7/06](#)
- In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

<b>1/00</b>	<b>Beacons or beacon systems transmitting signals having a characteristic or characteristics capable of being detected by non-directional receivers and defining directions, positions, or position lines fixed relatively to the beacon transmitters; Receivers co-operating therewith (position fixing by co-ordinating a plurality of determinations of direction or position lines <a href="#">G01S 5/00</a>)</b>	<b>1/12</b>	. . . . the signals being transmitted sequentially from an antenna or antenna system having the orientation of its directivity characteristic periodically varied, e.g. by means of sequentially effective reflectors
1/02	. using radio waves ( <a href="#">G01S 19/00</a> takes precedence)	<b>1/14</b>	. . . . using amplitude comparison of signals transmitted simultaneously from antennas or antenna systems having differently oriented overlapping directivity-characteristics
1/022	. . {Means for monitoring or calibrating}	<b>1/16</b>	. . . . Azimuthal guidance systems, e.g. system for defining aircraft approach path, localiser system
1/024	. . . {of beacon transmitters}	<b>1/18</b>	. . . . Elevational guidance systems, e.g. system for defining aircraft glide path
1/026	. . . {of associated receivers}	<b>1/20</b>	. . . . using a comparison of transit time of synchronised signals transmitted from non-directional antennas or antenna systems spaced apart, i.e. path-difference systems
1/028	. . . {Simulation means, e.g. of beacon signals therefor (for teaching or training purposes <a href="#">G09B 9/00</a> )}	<b>1/22</b>	. . . . the synchronised signals being frequency modulations on carrier waves and the transit times being compared by measuring difference of instantaneous frequencies of received carrier waves
1/04	. . Details	<b>1/24</b>	. . . . the synchronised signals being pulses or equivalent modulations on carrier waves and the transit times being compared by measuring the difference in arrival time of a significant part of the modulations {, e.g. <a href="#">LORAN systems</a> }
1/042	. . . {Transmitters}	<b>1/245</b>	. . . . {Details of receivers cooperating therewith, e.g. determining positive zero crossing of third cycle in <a href="#">LORAN-C</a> }
1/0423	. . . . {Mounting or deployment thereof}		
1/0426	. . . . . {Collocated with electrical equipment other than beacons }		
1/0428	. . . . . {Signal details}		
1/045	. . . {Receivers}		
1/047	. . . {Displays or indicators ( <a href="#">G01S 1/06</a> takes precedence)}		
1/06	. . . Means for providing multiple indication, e.g. coarse and fine indications		
1/08	. . Systems for determining direction or position line		
1/10	. . . using amplitude comparison of signals transmitted sequentially from antennas or antenna systems having differently-oriented overlapping directivity characteristics, e.g. equi-signal A-N type		

- 1/26 . . . . . Systems in which pulses or time-base signals are generated locally at the receiver and brought into predetermined time-relationship with received signals, e.g. pulse duration coincides with time interval between arrival of significant part of modulation of signals received from first and second antennas or antenna systems
- 1/28 . . . . . wherein the predetermined time-relationship is maintained automatically {contains no documents}
- 1/30 . . . . . the synchronised signals being continuous waves or intermittent trains of continuous waves, the intermittency not being for the purpose of determining direction or position line and the transit times being compared by measuring the phase difference
- 1/302 . . . . . {Systems in which the direction is determined by using an interferometric type transmitting antenna array}
- 1/304 . . . . . {Analogous systems in which a beat frequency, obtained by heterodyning the signals, is compared in phase with a reference signal obtained by heterodyning the signals in a fixed reference point and transmitted therefrom, e.g. LORAC (long range accuracy) or TORAN systems}
- 1/306 . . . . . {Analogous systems in which frequency-related signals (harmonics) are compared in phase, e.g. DECCA systems}
- 1/308 . . . . . {particularly adapted to Omega systems}
- 1/32 . . . . . Systems in which the signals received, with or without amplification, or signals derived therefrom, are compared in phase directly {contains no documents}
- 1/34 . . . . . Systems in which first and second synchronised signals are transmitted from both antennas or antenna systems and a beat frequency, obtained by heterodyning the first signals with each other is compared in phase with a beat frequency obtained by heterodyning the second signals with each other
- 1/36 . . . . . Systems in which a beat frequency, obtained by heterodyning the synchronised signals, is compared in phase with a reference signal having a phase substantially independent of direction {contains no documents}
- 1/38 . . . . . using comparison of [1] the phase of the envelope of the change of frequency, due to Doppler effect, of the signal transmitted by an antenna moving, or appearing to move, in a cyclic path with [2] the phase of a reference signal, the frequency of this reference signal being synchronised with that of the cyclic movement, or apparent cyclic movement, of the antenna
- 1/40 . . . . . the apparent movement of the antenna being produced by cyclic sequential energisation of fixed antennas
- 1/42 . . . . . Conical-scan beacons transmitting signals which indicate at a mobile receiver any displacement of the receiver from the conical-scan axis, e.g. for "beam-riding" missile control
- 1/44 . . . . . Rotating or oscillating beam beacons defining directions in the plane of rotation or oscillation
- 1/46 . . . . . Broad-beam systems producing at a receiver a substantially continuous sinusoidal envelope signal of the carrier wave of the beam, the phase angle of which is dependent upon the angle between the direction of the receiver from the beacon and a reference direction from the beacon, e.g. cardioid system
- 1/465 . . . . . {using time-varying interference fields}
- 1/48 . . . . . wherein the phase angle of the direction-dependent envelope signal is a multiple of the direction angle, e.g. for "fine" bearing indication {TACAN}
- 1/50 . . . . . wherein the phase angle of the direction-dependent envelope signal is compared with a non-direction-dependent reference signal, {e.g. VOR}
- 1/52 . . . . . wherein the phase angles of a plurality of direction-dependent envelope signals produced by a plurality of beams rotating at different speeds or in different directions are compared
- 1/54 . . . . . Narrow-beam systems producing at a receiver a pulse-type envelope signal of the carrier wave of the beam, the timing of which is dependent upon the angle between the direction of the receiver from the beacon and a reference direction from the beacon; Overlapping broad beam systems defining a narrow zone and producing at a receiver a pulse-type envelope signal of the carrier wave of the beam, the timing of which is dependent upon the angle between the direction of the receiver from the beacon and a reference direction from the beacon
- 1/56 . . . . . Timing the pulse-type envelope signals derived by reception of the beam
- 1/58 . . . . . wherein a characteristic of the beam transmitted or of an auxiliary signal is varied in time synchronously with rotation or oscillation of the beam
- 1/60 . . . . . Varying frequency of beam signal or of auxiliary signal
- 1/62 . . . . . Varying phase-relationship between beam and auxiliary signal
- 1/64 . . . . . Varying pulse timing, e.g. varying interval between pulses radiated in pairs
- 1/66 . . . . . Superimposing direction-indicating intelligence signals, e.g. speech, Morse
- 1/68 . . . . . Marker, boundary, call-sign, or like beacons transmitting signals not carrying directional information
- 1/685 . . . . . {using pulse modulation, e.g. pulse frequency modulation}
- 1/70 . . . . . using electromagnetic waves other than radio waves
- 1/703 . . . . . {Details}
- 1/7032 . . . . . {Transmitters}
- 1/7034 . . . . . {Mounting or deployment thereof}
- 1/7036 . . . . . {Collocated with electrical equipment other than beacons}
- 1/7038 . . . . . {Signal details}
- 1/705 . . . . . {using gamma or X-rays}
- 1/72 . . . . . using ultrasonic, sonic or infrasonic waves

- 1/725 . . {Marker, boundary, call-sign or like beacons transmitting signals not carrying directional information}
- 1/74 . . Details
- 1/75 . . . {Transmitters}
- 1/751 . . . . {Mounting or deployment thereof}
- 1/752 . . . . . {Collocated with electrical equipment other than beacons }
- 1/753 . . . . {Signal details}
- 1/76 . . Systems for determining direction or position line
- 1/763 . . . {using the Doppler shift introduced by the relative motion between beacon and receiver}
- 1/766 . . . {Conical-scan beam beacons transmitting signals which indicate at a mobile receiver any displacement of the receiver from the conical-scan axis}
- 1/78 . . . using amplitude comparison of signals transmitted from transducers or transducer systems having differently-oriented characteristics
- 1/783 . . . . {the signals being transmitted sequentially}
- 1/786 . . . . {the signals being transmitted simultaneously}
- 1/80 . . . using a comparison of transit time of synchronised signals transmitted from non-directional transducers or transducer systems spaced apart, i.e. path-difference systems
- 1/802 . . . . {the synchronised signals being frequency modulations on carrier waves and the transit times being compared by measuring difference of instantaneous frequencies of received carrier waves}
- 1/805 . . . . {the synchronised signals being pulses or equivalent modulations on carrier waves and the transit times being compared by measuring the difference in arrival time of a significant part of the modulations}
- 1/807 . . . . {the synchronised signals being continuous waves or intermittent trains of continuous waves, the intermittency not being for the purpose of determining direction or position line and the transit times being compared by measuring the phase difference}
- 1/82 . . . Rotating or oscillating beam beacons defining directions in the plane of rotation or oscillation
- 3/00** **Direction-finders for determining the direction from which infrasonic, sonic, ultrasonic, or electromagnetic waves, or particle emission, not having a directional significance, are being received (position-fixing by co-ordinating a plurality of determinations of direction or position lines [G01S 5/00](#))**
- 3/02 . using radio waves
- 3/023 . . {Monitoring or calibrating}
- 3/026 . . . {Simulating means therefor}
- 3/04 . . Details
- 3/043 . . . {Receivers}
- 3/046 . . . {Displays or indicators}
- 3/06 . . . Means for increasing effective directivity, e.g. by combining signals having differently oriented directivity characteristics or by sharpening the envelope waveform of the signal derived from a rotating or oscillating beam antenna ([comparing amplitude of signals having differently oriented directivity characteristics to determine direction \[G01S 3/16\]\(#\), \[G01S 3/28\]\(#\)](#))
- 3/065 . . . . {by using non-directional aerial}
- 3/08 . . . Means for reducing polarisation errors, e.g. by use of Adcock or spaced loop antenna systems
- 3/085 . . . . {by using spaced loop aerial systems}
- 3/10 . . . Means for reducing or compensating for quadrantal, site, or like errors
- 3/12 . . . Means for determining sense of direction, e.g. by combining signals from directional antenna or goniometer search coil with those from non-directional antenna ([determining direction by amplitude comparison of signals derived by combining directional and non-directional signals \[G01S 3/24\]\(#\), \[G01S 3/34\]\(#\)](#))
- 3/14 . . Systems for determining direction or deviation from predetermined direction {(aerial arrangements for changing or varying the orientation or the shape of the directional pattern [H01Q 3/00](#); combinations of different interacting aerial units for giving a desired directional characteristic [H01Q 21/29](#); aerials or aerial systems providing at least two radiation patterns [H01Q 25/00](#))}
- 3/143 . . . . {by vectorial combination of signals derived from differently oriented antennae}
- 3/146 . . . . {by comparing linear polarisation components}
- 3/16 . . . using amplitude comparison of signals derived sequentially from receiving antennas or antenna systems having differently-oriented directivity characteristics or from an antenna system having periodically-varied orientation of directivity characteristic
- 3/18 . . . . derived directly from separate directional antennas
- 3/20 . . . . derived by sampling signal received by an antenna system having periodically-varied orientation of directivity characteristic
- 3/22 . . . . derived from different combinations of signals from separate antennas, e.g. comparing sum with difference
- 3/24 . . . . . the separate antennas comprising one directional antenna and one non-directional antenna, e.g. combination of loop and open antennas producing a reversed cardioid directivity characteristic
- 3/26 . . . . . the separate antennas having differently-oriented directivity characteristics
- 3/28 . . . using amplitude comparison of signals derived simultaneously from receiving antennas or antenna systems having differently-oriented directivity characteristics
- 3/30 . . . . derived directly from separate directional systems
- 3/32 . . . . derived from different combinations of signals from separate antennas, e.g. comparing sum with difference
- 3/325 . . . . . {Automatic tracking systems}

- 3/34 . . . . . the separate antennas comprising one directional antenna and one non-directional antenna, e.g. combination of loop and open antennas producing a reversed cardioid directivity characteristic
- 3/36 . . . . . the separate antennas having differently-oriented directivity characteristics
- 3/38 . . . using adjustment of real or effective orientation of directivity characteristic of an antenna or an antenna system to give a desired condition of signal derived from that antenna or antenna system, e.g. to give a maximum or minimum signal ([G01S 3/16](#), [G01S 3/28 take precedence](#))
- 3/40 . . . . . adjusting orientation of a single directivity characteristic to produce maximum or minimum signal, e.g. rotatable loop antenna or equivalent goniometer system
- 3/42 . . . . . the desired condition being maintained automatically
- 3/44 . . . . . the adjustment being varied periodically or continuously until it is halted automatically when the desired condition is attained
- 3/46 . . . using antennas spaced apart and measuring phase or time difference between signals therefrom, i.e. path-difference systems
- 3/465 . . . . . {the waves arriving at the aerials being frequency modulated and the frequency difference of signals therefrom being measured}
- 3/48 . . . . . the waves arriving at the antennas being continuous or intermittent and the phase difference of signals derived therefrom being measured
- 3/50 . . . . . the waves arriving at the antennas being pulse modulated and the time difference of their arrival being measured
- 3/52 . . . using a receiving antenna moving, or appearing to move, in a cyclic path to produce a Doppler variation of frequency of the received signal
- 3/54 . . . . . the apparent movement of the antenna being produced by coupling the receiver cyclically and sequentially to each of several fixed spaced antennas
- 3/56 . . . Conical-scan beam systems using signals indicative of the deviation of the direction of reception from the scan axis
- 3/58 . . . Rotating or oscillating beam systems using continuous analysis of received signal for determining direction in the plane of rotation or oscillation or for determining deviation from a predetermined direction in such a plane ([G01S 3/14 takes precedence](#))
- 3/60 . . . . . Broad-beam systems producing in the receiver a substantially sinusoidal envelope signal of the carrier wave of the beam, the phase angle of which is dependent upon the angle between the direction of the transmitter from the receiver and a reference direction from the receiver, e.g. cardioid system
- 3/62 . . . . . wherein the phase angle of the signal is indicated by a cathode-ray tube
- 3/64 . . . . . wherein the phase angle of the signal is determined by phase comparison with a reference alternating signal varying in synchronism with the directivity variation
- 3/66 . . . . . Narrow-beam systems producing in the receiver a pulse-type envelope signal of the carrier wave of the beam, the timing of which is dependent upon the angle between the direction of the transmitter from the receiver and a reference direction from the receiver
- 3/68 . . . . . wherein the timing of the pulse-type envelope signal is indicated by cathode-ray tube
- 3/70 . . . . . wherein the timing of the pulse-type envelope signal is determined by bringing a locally-generated pulse-type signal into coincidence or other predetermined time-relationship with the envelope signal
- 3/72 . . Diversity systems specially adapted for direction-finding
- 3/74 . . Multi-channel systems specially adapted for direction-finding, i.e. having a single antenna system capable of giving simultaneous indications of the directions of different signals ([systems in which the directions of different signals are determined sequentially and displayed simultaneously G01S 3/04, G01S 3/14](#))
- 3/78 . . using electromagnetic waves other than radio waves
- 3/7803 . . {Means for monitoring or calibrating}
- 3/7806 . . {using gamma or X-rays}
- 3/781 . . Details
- 3/782 . . Systems for determining direction or deviation from predetermined direction
- 3/783 . . . using amplitude comparison of signals derived from static detectors or detector systems
- 3/7835 . . . . . {using coding masks}
- 3/784 . . . . . using a mosaic of detectors
- 3/785 . . . using adjustment of orientation of directivity characteristics of a detector or detector system to give a desired condition of signal derived from that detector or detector system
- 3/786 . . . . . the desired condition being maintained automatically
- 3/7861 . . . . . {Solar tracking systems}
- 3/7862 . . . . . {mounted on a moving platform, e.g. space vehicle}
- 3/7864 . . . . . {T.V. type tracking systems}
- 3/7865 . . . . . {using correlation of the live video image with a stored image}
- 3/7867 . . . . . {Star trackers ([navigation using star trackers G01C 21/025](#))}
- 3/7868 . . . . . {using horizon sensors}
- 3/787 . . . using rotating reticles producing a direction-dependent modulation characteristic
- 3/788 . . . . . producing a frequency modulation characteristic
- 3/789 . . . using rotating or oscillating beam systems, e.g. using mirrors, prisms
- 3/80 . . using ultrasonic, sonic or infrasonic waves
- 3/8003 . . {Diversity systems specially adapted for direction finding}



- 3/8006 . . {Multi-channel systems specially adapted for direction-finding, i.e. having a single aerial system capable of giving simultaneous indications of the directions of different signals}
- 3/801 . . Details {(G01S 3/82, G01S 3/84, G01S 3/86 take precedence)}
- 3/802 . . Systems for determining direction or deviation from predetermined direction
- 3/8022 . . . {using the Doppler shift introduced by the relative motion between source and receiver}
- 3/8025 . . . {Conical-scan beam systems using signals indicative of the deviation of the direction of reception from the scan axis}
- 3/8027 . . . {By vectorial composition of signals received by plural, differently-oriented transducers}
- 3/803 . . . using amplitude comparison of signals derived from receiving transducers or transducer systems having differently-oriented directivity characteristics
- 3/8032 . . . . {wherein the signals are derived sequentially}
- 3/8034 . . . . {wherein the signals are derived simultaneously}
- 3/8036 . . . . {derived directly from separate directional systems}
- 3/8038 . . . . {derived from different combinations of signals from separate transducers comparing sum with difference}
- 3/805 . . . using adjustment of real or effective orientation of directivity characteristics of a transducer or transducer system to give a desired condition of signal derived from that transducer or transducer system, e.g. to give a maximum or minimum signal
- 3/8055 . . . . {adjusting orientation of a single directivity characteristic to produce maximum or minimum signal}
- 3/807 . . . . the desired condition being maintained automatically
- 3/808 . . . using transducers spaced apart and measuring phase or time difference between signals therefrom, i.e. path-difference systems
- 3/8083 . . . . {determining direction of source}
- 3/8086 . . . . {determining other position line of source}
- 3/809 . . . Rotating or oscillating beam systems using continuous analysis of received signal for determining direction in the plane of rotation or oscillation or for determining deviation from a predetermined direction in such a plane
- 3/82 . . with means for adjusting phase or compensating for time-lag errors
- 3/84 . . with indication presented on cathode-ray tubes
- 3/86 . . with means for eliminating undesired waves, e.g. disturbing noises

**5/00** **Position-fixing by co-ordinating two or more direction or position line determinations; Position-fixing by co-ordinating two or more distance determinations** {(using active systems [G01S 13/00](#), [G01S 15/00](#), [G01S 17/00](#))}

#### **WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/00](#) is impacted by reclassification into groups [G01S 5/01](#), [G01S 5/011](#), [G01S 5/012](#), [G01S 5/013](#), [G01S 5/014](#), [G01S 5/015](#), [G01S 5/016](#), [G01S 5/017](#), [G01S 5/018](#), and [G01S 5/019](#).

All groups listed in this Warning should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

- 5/0009 . {Transmission of position information to remote stations (involving assistance data [G01S 5/0236](#))}
- 5/0018 . . {Transmission from mobile station to base station}
- 5/0027 . . . {of actual mobile position, i.e. position determined on mobile}
- 5/0036 . . . {of measured values, i.e. measurement on mobile and position calculation on base station}
- 5/0045 . . {Transmission from base station to mobile station ([G01S 5/009](#) takes precedence)}
- 5/0054 . . . {of actual mobile position, i.e. position calculation on base station}
- 5/0063 . . . {of measured values, i.e. measurement on base station and position calculation on mobile}
- 5/0072 . . {Transmission between mobile stations, e.g. anti-collision systems}
- 5/0081 . . {Transmission between base stations}
- 5/009 . . {Transmission of differential positioning data to mobile}
- 5/01 . {Determining conditions which influence positioning, e.g. radio environment, state of motion or energy consumption}

#### **WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/01](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from groups [G01S 5/00](#), [G01S 5/02](#), [G01S 5/0205](#), [G01S 19/48](#), and [G01S 19/49](#).

All groups listed in this Warning should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

- 5/011 . . {Identifying the radio environment}

#### **WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/011](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from groups [G01S 5/00](#), [G01S 5/02](#), [G01S 5/0205](#), [G01S 19/48](#), and [G01S 19/49](#).

All groups listed in this Warning should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

- 5/012 . . {Identifying whether indoors or outdoors}

**WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/012](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from groups [G01S 5/00](#), [G01S 5/02](#), [G01S 5/0205](#), [G01S 19/48](#), and [G01S 19/49](#).

All groups listed in this Warning should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

- 5/013 . . {Identifying areas in a building}

**WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/013](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from groups [G01S 5/00](#), [G01S 5/02](#), [G01S 5/0205](#), [G01S 19/48](#), and [G01S 19/49](#).

All groups listed in this Warning should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

- 5/014 . . {Identifying transitions between environments}

**WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/014](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from groups [G01S 5/00](#), [G01S 5/02](#), [G01S 5/0205](#), [G01S 19/48](#), and [G01S 19/49](#).

All groups listed in this Warning should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

- 5/015 . . . {between indoor and outdoor environments}

**WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/015](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from groups [G01S 5/00](#), [G01S 5/02](#), [G01S 5/0205](#), [G01S 19/48](#), and [G01S 19/49](#).

All groups listed in this Warning should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

- 5/016 . . . {between areas within a building}

**WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/016](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from groups [G01S 5/00](#), [G01S 5/02](#), [G01S 5/0205](#), [G01S 19/48](#), and [G01S 19/49](#).

All groups listed in this Warning should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

- 5/017 . . {Detecting state or type of motion}

**WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/017](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from groups [G01S 5/00](#), [G01S 5/02](#), [G01S 5/0205](#), [G01S 19/48](#), and [G01S 19/49](#).

All groups listed in this Warning should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

- 5/018 . . {Involving non-radio wave signals or measurements}

**WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/018](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from groups [G01S 5/00](#), [G01S 5/02](#), [G01S 5/0205](#), [G01S 19/48](#), and [G01S 19/49](#).

All groups listed in this Warning should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

- 5/019 . . {Energy consumption}

**WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/019](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from groups [G01S 5/00](#), [G01S 5/02](#), [G01S 5/0205](#), [G01S 19/48](#), and [G01S 19/49](#).

All groups listed in this Warning should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

- 5/02 . . using radio waves (using satellite radio beacon systems for determining position [G01S 19/00](#))

**WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/02](#) is impacted by reclassification into groups [G01S 5/01](#), [G01S 5/011](#), [G01S 5/012](#), [G01S 5/013](#), [G01S 5/014](#), [G01S 5/015](#), [G01S 5/016](#), [G01S 5/017](#), [G01S 5/018](#), [G01S 5/019](#), [G01S 5/0244](#), [G01S 5/0246](#), [G01S 5/0249](#), [G01S 5/02524](#), [G01S 5/02525](#), [G01S 5/02526](#), [G01S 5/02527](#), [G01S 5/02529](#), [G01S 5/0269](#), [G01S 5/02695](#), [G01S 5/0295](#), [G01S 5/02955](#), [G01S 2205/01](#), [G01S 2205/02](#), [G01S 2205/03](#), [G01S 2205/04](#), [G01S 2205/05](#), [G01S 2205/06](#), [G01S 2205/07](#), [G01S 2205/08](#), [G01S 2205/09](#), and [G01S 2205/10](#).

All groups listed in this Warning should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

- 5/0205 . . {Details}

**WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/0205](#) is impacted by reclassification into groups [G01S 5/01](#), [G01S 5/011](#), [G01S 5/013](#), [G01S 5/012](#), [G01S 5/014](#), [G01S 5/015](#), [G01S 5/016](#), [G01S 5/017](#), [G01S 5/018](#), [G01S 5/019](#), and [G01S 5/0244](#).

All groups listed in this Warning should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

- 5/021 . . . {Calibration, monitoring or correction ([G01S 5/0252](#) takes precedence)}

5/0215 . . . {Interference}

#### **WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/0215](#) is impacted by reclassification into group [G01S 5/0218](#).

Groups [G01S 5/0215](#) and [G01S 5/0218](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

5/0218 . . . {Multipath in signal reception}

#### **WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/0218](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group [G01S 5/0215](#).

Groups [G01S 5/0215](#) and [G01S 5/0218](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

5/0221 . . . {Receivers}

#### **WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/0221](#) is impacted by reclassification into groups [G01S 5/02213](#) and [G01S 5/02216](#).

Groups [G01S 5/0221](#), [G01S 5/02213](#), and [G01S 5/02216](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

5/02213 . . . . {Receivers arranged in a network for determining the position of a transmitter}

#### **WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/02213](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group [G01S 5/0221](#).

Groups [G01S 5/0221](#) and [G01S 5/02213](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

5/02216 . . . . . {Timing or synchronisation of the receivers}

#### **WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/02216](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group [G01S 5/0221](#).

Groups [G01S 5/0221](#) and [G01S 5/02216](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

5/0226 . . . {Transmitters}

5/0231 . . . . {Emergency, distress or locator beacons}

5/0236 . . . {Assistance data, e.g. base station almanac}

5/0242 . . . {Determining the position of transmitters to be subsequently used in positioning ([G01S 5/0289](#) takes precedence)}

#### **WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/0242](#) is impacted by reclassification into group [G01S 5/0249](#).

Groups [G01S 5/0242](#) and [G01S 5/0249](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

5/0244 . . . {Accuracy or reliability of position solution or of measurements contributing thereto}

#### **WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/0244](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from groups [G01S 5/02](#) and [G01S 5/0205](#).

Groups [G01S 5/02](#), [G01S 5/0205](#), and [G01S 5/0244](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

5/0246 . . {involving frequency difference of arrival or Doppler measurements ([G01S 5/02685](#) takes precedence)}

#### **WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/0246](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group [G01S 5/02](#).

Groups [G01S 5/02](#) and [G01S 5/0246](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

5/0247 . . {Determining attitude}

5/0249 . . {Determining position using measurements made by a non-stationary device other than the device whose position is being determined}

#### **WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/0249](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from groups [G01S 5/02](#) and [G01S 5/0242](#).

Groups [G01S 5/02](#), [G01S 5/0242](#), and [G01S 5/0249](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

5/0252 . . {Radio frequency fingerprinting}

#### **NOTE**

In this group, the following terms are used with the meaning indicated:

- Radio frequency fingerprints mean measurements or simulated values of radio frequency signal parameters, e.g. receiver signal strength indicator [RSSI] or identifiers or access point identifiers [ApIds] combined with coordinates of the positions at which the radio frequency fingerprints were measured.
- "Radio-map" means a collection of radio frequency fingerprints.

#### **WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/0252](#) is impacted by reclassification into groups [G01S 5/02521](#), [G01S 5/02522](#), [G01S 5/02523](#), [G01S 5/02524](#), [G01S 5/02525](#), [G01S 5/02526](#), [G01S 5/02527](#), [G01S 5/02528](#), and [G01S 5/02529](#).

All groups listed in this Warning should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

5/02521 . . . {using a radio-map}

#### **WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/02521](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group [G01S 5/0252](#).

Groups [G01S 5/0252](#) and [G01S 5/02521](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

5/02522 . . . {The radio-map containing measured values of non-radio values}

#### **WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/02522](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group [G01S 5/0252](#).

Groups [G01S 5/0252](#) and [G01S 5/02522](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

5/02523 . . . {Details of interaction of receiver with radio-map}

#### **WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/02523](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group [G01S 5/0252](#).

Groups [G01S 5/0252](#) and [G01S 5/02523](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

5/02524 . . . {Creating or updating the radio-map}

#### **WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/02524](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from groups [G01S 5/02](#) and [G01S 5/0252](#).

Groups [G01S 5/02](#), [G01S 5/0252](#), and [G01S 5/02524](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

5/02525 . . . {Gathering the radio frequency fingerprints}

#### **WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/02525](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from groups [G01S 5/02](#) and [G01S 5/0252](#).

Groups [G01S 5/02](#), [G01S 5/0252](#), and [G01S 5/02525](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

5/02526 . . . {using non-dedicated equipment, e.g. user equipment or crowd-sourcing}

#### **WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/02526](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from groups [G01S 5/02](#) and [G01S 5/0252](#).

Groups [G01S 5/02](#), [G01S 5/0252](#), and [G01S 5/02526](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

5/02527 . . . {Detecting or resolving anomalies in the radio frequency fingerprints of the radio-map}

#### **WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/02527](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from groups [G01S 5/02](#) and [G01S 5/0252](#).

Groups [G01S 5/02](#), [G01S 5/0252](#), and [G01S 5/02527](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

5/02528 . . . {Simulating radio frequency fingerprints}

#### **WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/02528](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group [G01S 5/0252](#).

Groups [G01S 5/0252](#) and [G01S 5/02528](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

5/02529 . . . {not involving signal parameters, i.e. only involving identifiers}

#### **WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/02529](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from groups [G01S 5/02](#) and [G01S 5/0252](#).

Groups [G01S 5/02](#), [G01S 5/0252](#), and [G01S 5/02529](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

5/0257 . . {Hybrid positioning (by coordinating position lines of different shape [G01S 5/12](#))}

#### **WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/0257](#) is impacted by reclassification into groups [G01S 5/0258](#) and [G01S 5/02585](#).

Groups [G01S 5/0257](#), [G01S 5/0258](#), and [G01S 5/02585](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

5/0258 . . . {by combining or switching between measurements derived from different systems}

#### **WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/0258](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group [G01S 5/0257](#).

Groups [G01S 5/0257](#) and [G01S 5/0258](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

5/02585 . . . {at least one of the measurements being a non-radio measurement}

#### **WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/02585](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group [G01S 5/0257](#).

Groups [G01S 5/0257](#) and [G01S 5/02585](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.



- 5/0263 . . . {by combining or switching between positions derived from two or more separate positioning systems}

**WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/0263](#) is impacted by reclassification into group [G01S 5/0264](#).

Groups [G01S 5/0263](#) and [G01S 5/0264](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

- 5/0264 . . . . {at least one of the systems being a non-radio wave positioning system}

**WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/0264](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group [G01S 5/0263](#).

Groups [G01S 5/0263](#) and [G01S 5/0264](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

- 5/0268 . . . . {by deriving positions from different combinations of signals or of estimated positions in a single positioning system}

**WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/0268](#) is impacted by reclassification into group [G01S 5/02685](#).

Groups [G01S 5/0268](#) and [G01S 5/02685](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

- 5/02685 . . . . {involving dead reckoning based on radio wave measurements}

**WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/02685](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group [G01S 5/0268](#).

Groups [G01S 5/0268](#) and [G01S 5/02685](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

- 5/0269 . . {Inferred or constrained positioning, e.g. employing knowledge of the physical or electromagnetic environment, state of motion or other contextual information to infer or constrain a position}

**WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/0269](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group [G01S 5/02](#).

Groups [G01S 5/02](#) and [G01S 5/0269](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

- 5/02695 . . . . {Constraining the position to lie on a curve or surface}

**WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/02695](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group [G01S 5/02](#).

Groups [G01S 5/02](#) and [G01S 5/02695](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

- 5/0273 . . {using multipath or indirect path propagation signals in position determination}

- 5/0278 . . {involving statistical or probabilistic considerations ([G01S 5/0252](#), [G01S 5/0294](#) take precedence)}

- 5/0284 . . {Relative positioning}

- 5/0289 . . . {of multiple transceivers, e.g. in ad hoc networks}

- 5/0294 . . {Trajectory determination or predictive filtering, e.g. target tracking or Kalman filtering}

- 5/0295 . . {Proximity-based methods, e.g. position inferred from reception of particular signals}

**WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/0295](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group [G01S 5/02](#).

Groups [G01S 5/02](#) and [G01S 5/0295](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

- 5/02955 . . . . {by computing a weighted average of the positions of the signal transmitters}

**WARNING**

Group [G01S 5/02955](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group [G01S 5/02](#).

Groups [G01S 5/02](#) and [G01S 5/02955](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

- 5/04 . . Position of source determined by a plurality of spaced direction-finders

- 5/06 . . Position of source determined by co-ordinating a plurality of position lines defined by path-difference measurements ([G01S 5/12](#) takes precedence)

- 5/08 . . Position of single direction-finder fixed by determining direction of a plurality of spaced sources of known location

- 5/10 . . Position of receiver fixed by co-ordinating a plurality of position lines defined by path-difference measurements {, e.g. [omega](#) or [decca](#) systems}([G01S 5/12](#) takes precedence {; [beacons](#) and [receivers](#) cooperating therewith [G01S 1/306](#), [G01S 1/308](#)})

- 5/12 . . by co-ordinating position lines of different shape, e.g. hyperbolic, circular, elliptical or radial

- 5/14 . . Determining absolute distances from a plurality of spaced points of known location

- 5/145 . . . {Using a supplementary range measurement, e.g. based on pseudo-range measurements}

- 5/16 . . using electromagnetic waves other than radio waves

- 5/163 . . {Determination of attitude (using inertial means [G01C 9/00](#); control of attitude [G05D 1/08](#))}
- 5/166 . . {using gamma or X-rays}
- 5/18 . . using ultrasonic, sonic, or infrasonic waves
- 5/183 . . {Emergency, distress or locator beacons}
- 5/186 . . {Determination of attitude (using inertial means [G01C 9/00](#); control of attitude [G05D 1/08](#))}
- 5/20 . . Position of source determined by a plurality of spaced direction-finders
- 5/22 . . Position of source determined by co-ordinating a plurality of position lines defined by path-difference measurements ([G01S 5/28](#) takes precedence)
- 5/24 . . Position of single direction-finder fixed by determining direction of a plurality of spaced sources of known location
- 5/26 . . Position of receiver fixed by co-ordinating a plurality of position lines defined by path-difference measurements ([G01S 5/28](#) takes precedence)
- 5/28 . . by co-ordinating position lines of different shape, e.g. hyperbolic, circular, elliptical or radial
- 5/30 . . Determining absolute distances from a plurality of spaced points of known location

#### 7/00 Details of systems according to groups [G01S 13/00](#), [G01S 15/00](#), [G01S 17/00](#)

- 7/003 . {Transmission of data between radar, sonar or lidar systems and remote stations}
- 7/006 . . {using shared front-end circuitry, e.g. antennas ([G01S 13/765](#), [G01S 13/825](#) take precedence)}
- 7/02 . of systems according to group [G01S 13/00](#)
- 7/021 . . {Auxiliary means for detecting or identifying radar signals or the like, e.g. radar jamming signals}
- 7/022 . . . {Road traffic radar detectors}
- 7/023 . . {Interference mitigation, e.g. reducing or avoiding non-intentional interference with other HF-transmitters, base station transmitters for mobile communication or other radar systems, e.g. using electro-magnetic interference [EMI] reduction techniques (auxiliary means for detecting or identifying radar signals or the like [G01S 7/021](#); means for anti-jamming [G01S 7/36](#))}

#### **WARNING**

Group [G01S 7/023](#) is impacted by reclassification into groups [G01S 7/0231](#), [G01S 7/0232](#), [G01S 7/0233](#), [G01S 7/0234](#), [G01S 7/0235](#) and [G01S 7/0236](#).

All groups listed in this Warning should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

- 7/0231 . . . {Avoidance by polarisation multiplex}

#### **WARNING**

Group [G01S 7/0231](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group [G01S 7/023](#).

Groups [G01S 7/023](#) and [G01S 7/0231](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

- 7/0232 . . . {Avoidance by frequency multiplex}

#### **WARNING**

Group [G01S 7/0232](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group [G01S 7/023](#).

Groups [G01S 7/023](#) and [G01S 7/0232](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

- 7/0233 . . . {Avoidance by phase multiplex}

#### **WARNING**

Group [G01S 7/0233](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group [G01S 7/023](#).

Groups [G01S 7/023](#) and [G01S 7/0233](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

- 7/0234 . . . {Avoidance by code multiplex}

#### **WARNING**

Group [G01S 7/0234](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group [G01S 7/023](#).

Groups [G01S 7/023](#) and [G01S 7/0234](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

- 7/0235 . . . {Avoidance by time multiplex}

#### **WARNING**

Group [G01S 7/0235](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group [G01S 7/023](#).

Groups [G01S 7/023](#) and [G01S 7/0235](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

- 7/0236 . . . {Avoidance by space multiplex}

#### **WARNING**

Group [G01S 7/0236](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group [G01S 7/023](#).

Groups [G01S 7/023](#) and [G01S 7/0236](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

- 7/024 . . {using polarisation effects (in waveguides [H01P 1/165](#); for aerials [H01Q](#), e.g. [H01Q 15/22](#), [H01Q 15/24](#), [H01Q 19/195](#))}

- 7/025 . . . {involving the transmission of linearly polarised waves}

- 7/026 . . . {involving the transmission of elliptically or circularly polarised waves}

- 7/027 . . {Constructional details of housings, e.g. form, type, material or ruggedness}

- 7/028 . . . {Miniaturisation, e.g. surface mounted device [SMD] packaging or housings}

- 7/03 . . Details of HF subsystems specially adapted therefor, e.g. common to transmitter and receiver

- 7/032 . . . {Constructional details for solid-state radar subsystems}

7/034	. . . {Duplexers (switching devices for waveguides <a href="#">H01P 1/10</a> ; transmit-receive switching in transceivers <a href="#">H04B 1/44</a> )}	7/2925	. . . . . {by using shape of radiation pattern}
7/036	. . . . {involving a transfer mixer}	7/2926	. . . . . {by integration}
7/038	. . . {Feedthrough nulling circuits}	7/2927	. . . . . {by deriving and controlling a threshold value}
7/04	. . Display arrangements	7/2928	. . . . . {Random or non-synchronous interference pulse cancellers}
7/043	. . . {Synchronising the display device with the scanning of the antenna}	7/295	. . . . Means for transforming co-ordinates or for evaluating data, e.g. using computers
7/046	. . . {using an intermediate storage device, e.g. a recording/reproducing device}	7/2955	. . . . . {Means for determining the position of the radar coordinate system for evaluating the position data of the target in another coordinate system ( <a href="#">G01S 7/24</a> takes precedence; sighting devices adapted for indirect laying of fire <a href="#">F41G 3/16</a> ; inertial navigation <a href="#">G01C 21/16</a> )}
7/06	. . . Cathode-ray tube displays {or other two dimensional or three-dimensional displays}	7/298	. . . . . Scan converters
7/062	. . . . {in which different colours are used}	7/32	. . . . Shaping echo pulse signals; Deriving non-pulse signals from echo pulse signals
7/064	. . . . {using a display memory for image processing ( <a href="#">G01S 7/298</a> takes precedence)}	7/34	. . . . Gain of receiver varied automatically during pulse-recurrence period, e.g. anti-clutter gain control
7/066	. . . . . {with means for showing the history of the radar trails, e.g. artificial remanence}	7/35	. . Details of non-pulse systems
7/068	. . . . {with data-rate converters preceding the display, e.g. flicker free display, constant brightness display ( <a href="#">G01S 7/298</a> takes precedence)}	7/352	. . . {Receivers}
7/08	. . . . with vernier indication of distance, e.g. using two cathode-ray tubes	7/354	. . . . {Extracting wanted echo-signals ( <a href="#">Doppler systems G01S 13/50</a> )}
7/10	. . . . Providing two-dimensional and co-ordinated display of distance and direction	7/356	. . . . {involving particularities of FFT processing}
7/12	. . . . . Plan-position indicators, i.e. P.P.I.	7/358	. . . . {using I/Q processing}
7/14	. . . . . Sector, off-centre, or expanded angle display	7/36	. . Means for anti-jamming {, e.g. ECCM, i.e. electronic counter-counter measures}
7/16	. . . . . Signals displayed as intensity modulation with rectangular co-ordinates representing distance and bearing, e.g. type B	7/38	. . Jamming means, e.g. producing false echoes
7/18	. . . . . Distance-height displays; Distance-elevation displays, e.g. type RHI, type E	7/40	. . Means for monitoring or calibrating
7/20	. . . . Stereoscopic displays; Three-dimensional displays; Pseudo-three-dimensional displays	7/4004	. . . {of parts of a radar system}
7/22	. . . . Producing cursor lines and indicia by electronic means	7/4008	. . . . {of transmitters}
7/24	. . . . the display being orientated or displaced in accordance with movement of object carrying the transmitting and receiving apparatus, e.g. true-motion radar	7/4013	. . . . . {involving adjustment of the transmitted power}
7/28	. . Details of pulse systems	7/4017	. . . . . {of HF systems}
7/2806	. . . {Employing storage or delay devices which preserve the pulse form of the echo signal, e.g. for comparing and combining echoes received during different periods}	7/4021	. . . . . {of receivers}
7/2813	. . . {Means providing a modification of the radiation pattern for cancelling noise, clutter or interfering signals, e.g. side lobe suppression, side lobe blanking, null-steering arrays ( <a href="#">specially adapted to secondary radar systems G01S 13/762</a> ; <a href="#">aerials or aerials systems H01Q 21/29</a> , <a href="#">H01Q 25/00</a> )}	7/4026	. . . . . {Antenna boresight}
7/282	. . . Transmitters	7/403	. . . . . {in azimuth, i.e. in the horizontal plane}
7/285	. . . Receivers	7/4034	. . . . . {in elevation, i.e. in the vertical plane}
7/288	. . . . Coherent receivers	7/4039	. . . . . {of sensor or antenna obstruction, e.g. dirt-or ice-coating}
7/2883	. . . . . {using FFT processing}	7/4043	. . . . . {including means to prevent or remove the obstruction}
7/2886	. . . . . {using I/Q processing}	7/4047	. . . . . {Heated dielectric lens, e.g. by heated wire}
7/292	. . . . Extracting wanted echo-signals	7/4052	. . . . {by simulation of echoes}
7/2921	. . . . . {based on data belonging to one radar period}	7/4056	. . . . {specially adapted to FMCW}
7/2922	. . . . . {by using a controlled threshold}	7/406	. . . . {using internally generated reference signals, e.g. via delay line, via RF or IF signal injection or via integrated reference reflector or transponder}
7/2923	. . . . . {based on data belonging to a number of consecutive radar periods}	7/4065	. . . . . {involving a delay line}
		7/4069	. . . . . {involving a RF signal injection}
		7/4073	. . . . . {involving an IF signal injection}
		7/4078	. . . . . {involving an integrated reference reflector or reference transponder}
		7/4082	. . . . {using externally generated reference signals, e.g. via remote reflector or transponder}
		7/4086	. . . . . {in a calibrating environment, e.g. anechoic chamber}
		7/4091	. . . . . {during normal radar operation}

- 7/4095 . . . . . {the external reference signals being modulated, e.g. rotating a dihedral reflector or modulating a transponder for simulation of a Doppler echo}
- 7/41 . . . using analysis of echo signal for target characterisation; Target signature; Target cross-section
- 7/411 . . . {Identification of targets based on measurements of radar reflectivity ([G01S 7/415 takes precedence](#))}
- 7/412 . . . . . {based on a comparison between measured values and known or stored values}
- 7/414 . . . {Discriminating targets with respect to background clutter}
- 7/415 . . . {Identification of targets based on measurements of movement associated with the target}
- 7/417 . . . {involving the use of neural networks}
- 7/418 . . . {Theoretical aspects}
- 7/42 . . . Diversity systems specially adapted for radar
- 7/48 . . of systems according to group [G01S 17/00](#)
- 7/4802 . . {using analysis of echo signal for target characterisation; Target signature; Target cross-section}
- 7/4804 . . {Auxiliary means for detecting or identifying lidar signals or the like, e.g. laser illuminators}
- 7/4806 . . . {Road traffic laser detectors}
- 7/4808 . . {Evaluating distance, position or velocity data}
- 7/481 . . Constructional features, e.g. arrangements of optical elements
- 7/4811 . . . {common to transmitter and receiver}
- 7/4812 . . . . . {transmitted and received beams following a coaxial path}
- 7/4813 . . . . . {Housing arrangements}
- 7/4814 . . . {of transmitters alone}
- 7/4815 . . . . . {using multiple transmitters}
- 7/4816 . . . {of receivers alone}
- 7/4817 . . . {relating to scanning}
- 7/4818 . . . {using optical fibres}
- 7/483 . . Details of pulse systems
- 7/484 . . . Transmitters
- 7/486 . . . Receivers
- 7/4861 . . . . . Circuits for detection, sampling, integration or read-out
- 7/4863 . . . . . Detector arrays, e.g. charge-transfer gates
- 7/4865 . . . . . Time delay measurement, e.g. time-of-flight measurement, time of arrival measurement or determining the exact position of a peak ([peak detection in noise, signal conditioning G01S 7/487](#))
- 7/4866 . . . . . {by fitting a model or function to the received signal}
- 7/4868 . . . . . {Controlling received signal intensity or exposure of sensor}
- 7/487 . . . . . Extracting wanted echo signals {, e.g. pulse detection}
- 7/4873 . . . . . {by deriving and controlling a threshold value}
- 7/4876 . . . . . {by removing unwanted signals ([G01S 7/495 takes precedence](#))}
- 7/489 . . . . . Gain of receiver varied automatically during pulse-recurrence period
- 7/491 . . Details of non-pulse systems
- 7/4911 . . . Transmitters
- 7/4912 . . . Receivers
- 7/4913 . . . . . Circuits for detection, sampling, integration or read-out
- 7/4914 . . . . . of detector arrays, e.g. charge-transfer gates
- 7/4915 . . . . . Time delay measurement, e.g. operational details for pixel components ([signal extraction and conditioning G01S 7/493](#)); Phase measurement
- 7/4916 . . . . . {using self-mixing in the laser cavity}
- 7/4917 . . . . . {superposing optical signals in a photodetector, e.g. optical heterodyne detection}
- 7/4918 . . . . . {Controlling received signal intensity, gain or exposure of sensor}
- 7/493 . . . Extracting wanted echo signals
- 7/495 . . Counter-measures or counter-counter-measures {using electronic or electro-optical means}
- 7/497 . . Means for monitoring or calibrating
- 7/4972 . . . {Alignment of sensor}
- 2007/4975 . . . {of sensor obstruction by, e.g. dirt- or ice-coating, e.g. by reflection measurement on front-screen}
- 2007/4977 . . . . . {including means to prevent or remove the obstruction}
- 7/499 . . . using polarisation effects
- 7/51 . . Display arrangements
- 7/52 . . of systems according to group [G01S 15/00](#)
- 7/52001 . . {Auxiliary means for detecting or identifying sonar signals or the like, e.g. sonar jamming signals}
- 7/52003 . . {Techniques for enhancing spatial resolution of targets ([G01S 7/52046 takes precedence](#))}
- 7/52004 . . {Means for monitoring or calibrating ([short-range imaging G01S 7/5205](#))}
- 7/52006 . . . {with provision for compensating the effects of temperature}
- 2007/52007 . . . {involving adjustment of transmitted power}
- 2007/52009 . . . {of sensor obstruction, e.g. dirt- or ice-coating}
- 2007/52011 . . . . . {including means to prevent or remove the obstruction}
- 2007/52012 . . . {involving a reference ground return}
- 2007/52014 . . . {involving a reference reflector integrated in the sensor or transducer configuration}
- 7/52015 . . {Diversity systems}
- 7/52017 . . {particularly adapted to short-range imaging ([G01S 7/53 takes precedence](#))}
- 7/52019 . . . {Details of transmitters}
- 7/5202 . . . . . {for pulse systems}
- 7/52022 . . . . . {using a sequence of pulses, at least one pulse manipulating the transmissivity or reflexivity of the medium}
- 7/52023 . . . {Details of receivers}
- 7/52025 . . . . . {for pulse systems ([G01S 7/52034 takes precedence](#))}
- 7/52026 . . . . . {Extracting wanted echo signals ([Doppler systems G01S 15/50; Doppler short range imaging systems G01S 15/8979](#))}
- 7/52028 . . . . . {using digital techniques}
- 7/5203 . . . . . {for non-pulse systems, e.g. CW systems ([G01S 7/52034 takes precedence](#))}
- 7/52031 . . . . . {Extracting wanted echo signals}
- 7/52033 . . . . . {Gain control of receivers ([for seismic signals G01V 1/245](#))}



- 7/52034 . . . . {Data rate converters}
- 7/52036 . . . . {using analysis of echo signal for target characterisation}
- 7/52038 . . . . . {involving non-linear properties of the propagation medium or of the reflective target}
- 7/52039 . . . . . {exploiting the non-linear response of a contrast enhancer, e.g. a contrast agent (diagnostic techniques involving the use of contrast agents [A61B 8/481](#))}
- 7/52041 . . . . . {detecting modification of a contrast enhancer, e.g. detecting the destruction of a contrast agent by an acoustic wave, e.g. loss of correlation (diagnostic techniques involving the use of contrast agents [A61B 8/481](#))}
- 7/52042 . . . . . {determining elastic properties of the propagation medium or of the reflective target (diagnostic techniques involving the measurement of strain [A61B 8/485](#))}
- 7/52044 . . . . {Scan converters}
- 7/52046 . . . {Techniques for image enhancement involving transmitter or receiver (image enhancement by image data processing [G06T 5/00](#))}
- 7/52047 . . . . {for elimination of side lobes or of grating lobes; for increasing resolving power}
- 7/52049 . . . . {using correction of medium-induced phase aberration}
- 7/5205 . . . {Means for monitoring or calibrating}
- 7/52052 . . . . {with simulation of echoes}
- 7/52053 . . . {Display arrangements}
- 7/52055 . . . . {in association with ancillary recording equipment}
- 7/52057 . . . . {Cathode ray tube displays}
- 7/52058 . . . . . {displaying one measured variable; A-scan display}
- 7/5206 . . . . . {Two-dimensional coordinated display of distance and direction; B-scan display}
- 7/52061 . . . . . {Plan position indication (PPI display); C-scan display}
- 7/52063 . . . . . {Sector scan display}
- 7/52065 . . . . . {Compound scan display, e.g. panoramic imaging}
- 7/52066 . . . . . {Time-position or time-motion displays}
- 7/52068 . . . . . {Stereoscopic displays; Three-dimensional displays; Pseudo 3D displays ([G01S 15/8993](#) takes precedence)}
- 7/52069 . . . . . {Grey-scale displays}
- 7/52071 . . . . . {Multicolour displays; using colour coding; Optimising colour or information content in displays, e.g. parametric imaging}
- 7/52073 . . . . . {Production of cursor lines, markers or indicia by electronic means}
- 7/52074 . . . . . {Composite displays, e.g. split-screen displays; Combination of multiple images or of images and alphanumeric tabular information}
- 7/52076 . . . {Luminous indicators}
- 7/52077 . . . {with means for elimination of unwanted signals, e.g. noise or interference}
- 7/52079 . . . . {Constructional features (constructional features of transducers [B06B](#); mounting transducers [G10K 11/00](#); constructional features of ultrasonic medical diagnostic devices [A61B 8/44](#))}
- 7/5208 . . . . . {with integration of processing functions inside probe or scanhead}
- 7/52082 . . . . . {involving a modular construction, e.g. a computer with short range imaging equipment (modular ultrasonic medical diagnostic devices [A61B 8/4411](#))}
- 7/52084 . . . . . {related to particular user interfaces (special user input means for ultrasonic medical diagnostic devices [A61B 8/467](#))}
- 7/52085 . . . . {Details related to the ultrasound signal acquisition, e.g. scan sequences (control of medical diagnostic ultrasound devices [A61B 8/54](#))}
- 7/52087 . . . . . {using synchronization techniques (control of medical diagnostic ultrasound devices involving acquisition triggered by a physiological signal [A61B 8/543](#))}
- 7/52088 . . . . . {involving retrospective scan line rearrangements (medical diagnostic ultrasound devices involving retrospective matching to a physiological signal [A61B 8/5284](#))}
- 7/5209 . . . . . {using multibeam transmission}
- 7/52092 . . . . . {using frequency diversity}
- 7/52093 . . . . . {using coded signals ([G01S 15/8959](#) takes precedence)}
- 7/52095 . . . . . {using multiline receive beamforming}
- 7/52096 . . . . {related to power management, e.g. saving power or prolonging life of electronic components (details of power supplies for ultrasonic medical diagnostic imaging devices [A61B 8/56](#))}
- 7/52098 . . . . {related to workflow protocols}
- 7/521 . . . Constructional features
- 7/523 . . . Details of pulse systems {(short-range imaging [G01S 7/52017](#); methods or devices for transmitting, conducting or directing sound [G10K 11/18](#))}
- 7/524 . . . Transmitters
- 7/526 . . . Receivers
- 7/527 . . . . Extracting wanted echo signals {(Doppler systems [G01S 15/50](#))}
- 7/5273 . . . . . {using digital techniques}
- 7/5276 . . . . . {using analogue techniques}
- 7/529 . . . . Gain of receiver varied automatically during pulse-recurrence period {(for seismic signals [G01V 1/245](#))}
- 7/53 . . . . Means for transforming coordinates or for evaluating data, e.g. using computers
- 7/531 . . . . . Scan converters
- 7/533 . . . . . Data rate converters
- 7/534 . . . Details of non-pulse systems {(short-range imaging [G01S 7/52017](#))}
- 7/5345 . . . . {Gain control of receivers (for seismic signals [G01V 1/245](#))}
- 7/536 . . . . Extracting wanted echo signals
- 7/537 . . . Counter-measures or counter-counter-measures, e.g. jamming, anti-jamming



7/539	. . using analysis of echo signal for target characterisation; Target signature; Target cross-section				waves from an extended surface external to the craft, e.g. the surface of the earth, to determine the velocity and direction of motion of the craft relative to the surface.
7/54	. . with receivers spaced apart				
7/56	. . Display arrangements {(short-range imaging <a href="#">G01S 7/52053</a> )}				2. This group does not cover :
7/58	. . . for providing variable ranges				• systems for determining the direction of an object by means not employing reflection or reradiation, which are covered by groups <a href="#">G01S 1/00</a> or <a href="#">G01S 3/00</a> ;
7/60	. . . for providing a permanent recording				• systems for determining distance or velocity of an object by means not employing reflection or reradiation, which are covered by group <a href="#">G01S 11/00</a> .
7/62	. . . Cathode-ray tube displays				
7/6209	. . . . {providing display of one measured variable}				
7/6218	. . . . {providing two-dimensional coordinated display of distance and direction}				
7/6227	. . . . . {Plan-position indicators, i.e. P.P.I.}	13/003	. . {Bistatic radar systems; Multistatic radar systems}		
7/6236	. . . . . {Sector-scan displays}	13/006	. . {Theoretical aspects ( <a href="#">G01S 7/418</a> , <a href="#">G01S 13/9094</a> , <a href="#">G01S 13/958</a> take precedence)}		
7/6245	. . . . . {Stereoscopic displays; Three-dimensional displays; Pseudo-three dimensional displays}	13/02	. . Systems using reflection of radio waves, e.g. primary radar systems; Analogous systems		
7/6254	. . . . . {Grey-scale displays}	13/0209	. . {Systems with very large relative bandwidth, i.e. larger than 10 %, e.g. baseband, pulse, carrier-free, ultrawideband}		
7/6263	. . . . {in which different colours are used}	13/0218	. . {Very long range radars, e.g. surface wave radar, over-the-horizon or ionospheric propagation systems (for meteorological use <a href="#">G01S 13/95</a> )}		
7/6272	. . . . {producing cursor lines and indicia by electronic means}				
7/6281	. . . . {Composite displays, e.g. split-screen, multiple images}	2013/0227	. . . {OTH, Over-The-Horizon radar}		
7/629	. . . . {the display being oriented or displaced in accordance with the movement of object carrying the transmitting and receiving apparatus}	2013/0236	. . {Special technical features}		
7/64	. . Luminous indications ( <a href="#">G01S 7/62</a> takes precedence ; short-range imaging <a href="#">G01S 7/52076</a> )}	2013/0245	. . . {Radar with phased array antenna}		
<b>11/00</b>	<b>Systems for determining distance or velocity not using reflection or reradiation (position-fixing by co-ordinating two or more distance determinations <a href="#">G01S 5/00</a>)</b>	2013/0254	. . . . {Active array antenna}		
11/02	. using radio waves ( <a href="#">G01S 19/00</a> takes precedence)	2013/0263	. . . . {Passive array antenna}		
11/023	. . {using impedance elements varying with distance}	2013/0272	. . . {Multifunction radar}		
11/026	. . {using moving transmitters}	2013/0281	. . . {LPI, Low Probability of Intercept radar}		
11/04	. . using angle measurements	2013/029	. . . {Antistealth radar}		
11/06	. . using intensity measurements	13/04	. . Systems determining presence of a target (based on relative movement of target <a href="#">G01S 13/56</a> )		
11/08	. . using synchronised clocks	13/06	. . Systems determining position data of a target		
11/10	. . using Doppler effect	13/08	. . . Systems for measuring distance only (indirect measurement <a href="#">G01S 13/46</a> )		
11/12	. using electromagnetic waves other than radio waves	13/10	. . . . using transmission of interrupted, pulse modulated waves (determination of distance by phase measurement <a href="#">G01S 13/32</a> )		
11/125	. . {using gamma or X-rays}	13/103	. . . . . {particularities of the measurement of the distance ( <a href="#">G01S 13/12</a> , <a href="#">G01S 13/14</a> , <a href="#">G01S 13/16</a> , <a href="#">G01S 13/18</a> and <a href="#">G01S 13/20</a> take precedence)}		
11/14	. using ultrasonic, sonic, or infrasonic waves	13/106	. . . . . {using transmission of pulses having some particular characteristics ( <a href="#">G01S 13/12</a> , <a href="#">G01S 13/22</a> , <a href="#">G01S 13/24</a> , <a href="#">G01S 13/26</a> , <a href="#">G01S 13/28</a> and <a href="#">G01S 13/30</a> take precedence)}		
11/16	. using difference in transit time between electrical and acoustic signals	13/12	. . . . . wherein the pulse-recurrence frequency is varied to provide a desired time relationship between the transmission of a pulse and the receipt of the echo of a preceding pulse		
<b>13/00</b>	<b>Systems using the reflection or reradiation of radio waves, e.g. radar systems; Analogous systems using reflection or reradiation of waves whose nature or wavelength is irrelevant or unspecified</b>	13/14	. . . . . wherein a voltage or current pulse is initiated and terminated in accordance respectively with the pulse transmission and echo reception		
	<b>NOTES</b>	13/16	. . . . . using counters		
	1. This group covers :	13/18	. . . . . wherein range gates are used		
	• systems for detecting the presence of an object, e.g. by reflection or reradiation from the object itself, or from a transponder associated with the object, for determining the distance or relative velocity of an object, for providing a co-ordinated display of the distance and direction of an object or for obtaining an image thereof;	13/20	. . . . . whereby multiple time-around echoes are used or eliminated		
	• systems arranged for mounting on a moving craft or vehicle and using the reflection of	13/22	. . . . . using irregular pulse repetition frequency (( <a href="#">G01S 13/12</a> takes precedence))		

13/222	. . . . .	{using random or pseudorandom pulse repetition frequency}	13/4409	. . . . .	{HF sub-systems particularly adapted therefor, e.g. circuits for signal combination ( <a href="#">multi-lobing aeriels or aerial systems H01Q 25/00</a> )}
13/225	. . . . .	{with cyclic repetition of a non-uniform pulse sequence, e.g. staggered PRF}	13/4418	. . . . .	{with means for eliminating radar-dependent errors in angle measurements, e.g. multipath effects}
13/227	. . . . .	{with repetitive trains of uniform pulse sequences, each sequence having a different pulse repetition frequency}	13/4427	. . . . .	{with means for eliminating the target-dependent errors in angle measurements, e.g. glint, scintillation effects}
13/24	. . . . .	using frequency agility of carrier wave	13/4436	. . . . .	{with means specially adapted to maintain the same processing characteristics between the monopulse signals}
13/26	. . . . .	wherein the transmitted pulses use a frequency- or phase-modulated carrier wave	13/4445	. . . . .	{amplitude comparisons monopulse, i.e. comparing the echo signals received by an antenna arrangement with overlapping squinted beams}
13/28	. . . . .	with time compression of received pulses	13/4454	. . . . .	{phase comparisons monopulse, i.e. comparing the echo signals received by an interferometric antenna arrangement}
13/282	. . . . .	{using a frequency modulated carrier wave ( <a href="#">G01S 13/286 takes precedence</a> )}	13/4463	. . . . .	{using phased arrays}
13/284	. . . . .	{using coded pulses}	13/4472	. . . . .	{with means specially adapted to airborne monopulse systems ( <a href="#">clutter elimination using Doppler effect: G01S 13/449</a> )}
13/286	. . . . .	{frequency shift keyed}	13/4481	. . . . .	{Monopulse hybrid systems, e.g. conopulse}
13/288	. . . . .	{phase modulated}	13/449	. . . . .	{Combined with MTI or Doppler processing circuits}
13/30	. . . . .	using more than one pulse per radar period	13/46	. . .	Indirect determination of position data
13/32	. . . . .	using transmission of continuous waves, whether amplitude-, frequency-, or phase-modulated, or unmodulated	2013/462	. . . . .	{using multipath signals}
13/325	. . . . .	{using transmission of coded signals, e.g. P.S.K. signals}	2013/464	. . . . .	{using only the non-line-of-sight signal(s), e.g. to enable survey of scene 'behind' the target only the indirect signal is evaluated}
13/34	. . . . .	using transmission of continuous, frequency-modulated waves while heterodyning the received signal, or a signal derived therefrom, with a locally-generated signal related to the contemporaneously transmitted signal	2013/466	. . . . .	{by Trilateration, i.e. two antennas or two sensors determine separately the distance to a target, whereby with the knowledge of the baseline length, i.e. the distance between the antennas or sensors, the position data of the target is determined}
13/341	. . . . .	{wherein the rate of change of the transmitted frequency is adjusted to give a beat of predetermined constant frequency, e.g. by adjusting the amplitude or frequency of the frequency-modulating signal}	2013/468	. . . . .	{by Triangulation, i.e. two antennas or two sensors determine separately the bearing, direction or angle to a target, whereby with the knowledge of the baseline length, the position data of the target is determined}
13/342	. . . . .	{using sinusoidal modulation}	13/48	. . . . .	using multiple beams at emission or reception
13/343	. . . . .	{using sawtooth modulation}	13/50	. . .	Systems of measurement based on relative movement of target
13/345	. . . . .	{using triangular modulation}	13/505	. . .	{using Doppler effect for determining closest range to a target or corresponding time, e.g. miss-distance indicator}
13/346	. . . . .	{using noise modulation}	13/52	. . .	Discriminating between fixed and moving objects or between objects moving at different speeds
13/347	. . . . .	{using more than one modulation frequency}	13/522	. . . . .	using transmissions of interrupted pulse modulated waves
13/348	. . . . .	{using square or rectangular modulation, e.g. duplex radar for ranging over short distances}	13/524	. . . . .	based upon the phase or frequency shift resulting from movement of objects, with reference to the transmitted signals, e.g. coherent MTI
13/36	. . . . .	with phase comparison between the received signal and the contemporaneously transmitted signal	13/5242	. . . . .	{with means for platform motion or scan motion compensation, e.g. airborne MTI}
13/38	. . . . .	wherein more than one modulation frequency is used			
13/40	. . . . .	wherein the frequency of transmitted signal is adjusted to give a predetermined phase relationship			
13/42	. . .	Simultaneous measurement of distance and other co-ordinates ( <a href="#">indirect measurement G01S 13/46</a> )			
13/422	. . . . .	{sequential lobing, e.g. conical scan}			
13/424	. . . . .	{Stacked beam radar}			
13/426	. . . . .	{Scanning radar, e.g. 3D radar ( <a href="#">G01S 13/66 takes precedence</a> )}			
13/428	. . . . .	{within the pulse scanning systems}			
13/44	. . . . .	Monopulse radar, i.e. simultaneous lobing			

- 13/5244 . . . . . {Adaptive clutter cancellation (specially adapted for airborne MTI, [G01S 13/5242](#))}
- 13/5246 . . . . . {post processors for coherent MTI discriminators, e.g. residue cancellers, CFAR after Doppler filters}
- 13/5248 . . . . . {combining a coherent MTI processor with a zero Doppler processing channel and a clutter mapped memory, e.g. MTD (Moving target detector), (area MTI [G01S 13/538](#))}
- 13/526 . . . . . performing filtering on the whole spectrum without loss of range information, e.g. using delay line cancellers or comb filters {[G01S 13/5244](#) takes precedence}
- 13/5265 . . . . . {IF cancellers, e.g. TACCAR systems}
- 13/528 . . . . . with elimination of blind speeds
- 13/53 . . . . . performing filtering on a single spectral line and associated with one or more range gates with a phase detector or a frequency mixer to extract the Doppler information, e.g. pulse Doppler radar {[G01S 13/5244](#) takes precedence}
- 13/532 . . . . . using a bank of range gates or a memory matrix
- 13/534 . . . . . based upon amplitude or phase shift resulting from movement of objects, with reference to the surrounding clutter echo signal, e.g. non coherent MTi, clutter referenced MTi, externally coherent MTi
- 13/536 . . . . . using transmission of continuous unmodulated waves, amplitude-, frequency-, or phase-modulated waves
- 13/538 . . . . . eliminating objects that have not moved between successive antenna scans, e.g. area MTi
- 13/56 . . . . . for presence detection {(presence detection using near field arrangements [G01V 3/00](#), e.g. [G01V 3/08](#), [G01V 3/12](#); burglar, theft or intruder alarms with electrical actuation [G08B 13/22](#) - [G08B 13/26](#))}
- 13/58 . . . . . Velocity or trajectory determination systems; Sense-of-movement determination systems
- 13/581 . . . . . {using transmission of interrupted pulse modulated waves and based upon the Doppler effect resulting from movement of targets}
- 13/582 . . . . . {adapted for simultaneous range and velocity measurements}
- 13/583 . . . . . {using transmission of continuous unmodulated waves, amplitude-, frequency-, or phase-modulated waves and based upon the Doppler effect resulting from movement of targets}
- 13/584 . . . . . {adapted for simultaneous range and velocity measurements}
- 13/585 . . . . . {processing the video signal in order to evaluate or display the velocity value}
- 13/586 . . . . . {using, or combined with, frequency tracking means}
- 13/587 . . . . . {using optical means}
- 13/588 . . . . . {deriving the velocity value from the range measurement}
- 13/589 . . . . . {measuring the velocity vector}
- 13/60 . . . . . wherein the transmitter and receiver are mounted on the moving object, e.g. for determining ground speed, drift angle, ground track ([G01S 13/64](#) takes precedence)
- 13/605 . . . . . {using a pattern, backscattered from the ground, to determine speed or drift by measuring the time required to cover a fixed distance}
- 13/62 . . . . . Sense-of-movement determination {([G01S 13/589](#) takes precedence)}
- 13/64 . . . . . Velocity measuring systems using range gates
- 13/66 . . . . . Radar-tracking systems; Analogous systems
- 13/68 . . . . . for angle tracking only
- 13/685 . . . . . {using simultaneous lobing techniques}
- 13/70 . . . . . for range tracking only
- 13/72 . . . . . for two-dimensional tracking, e.g. combination of angle and range tracking, track-while-scan radar
- 13/723 . . . . . {by using numerical data}
- 13/726 . . . . . {Multiple target tracking}
- 13/74 . . . . . Systems using reradiation of radio waves, e.g. secondary radar systems; Analogous systems
- 13/75 . . . . . using transponders powered from received waves, e.g. using passive transponders {, or using passive reflectors}
- 13/751 . . . . . {wherein the responder or reflector radiates a coded signal}
- 13/753 . . . . . {using frequency selective elements, e.g. resonator}
- 13/755 . . . . . {using delay lines, e.g. acoustic delay lines}
- 13/756 . . . . . {using a signal generator for modifying the reflectivity of the reflector ([G01S 13/758](#) takes precedence)}
- 13/758 . . . . . {using a signal generator powered by the interrogation signal}
- 13/76 . . . . . wherein pulse-type signals are transmitted
- 13/762 . . . . . {with special measures concerning the radiation pattern, e.g. S.L.S. (aerials or aerial systems providing at least two radiation patterns, e.g. providing sum and difference patterns, [H01Q 25/00](#))}
- 13/765 . . . . . {with exchange of information between interrogator and responder}
- 13/767 . . . . . {Responders; Transponders (teaching or practice apparatus for gun-aiming or gun-laying using reflecting targets or active targets [F41G 3/26](#))}
- 13/78 . . . . . discriminating between different kinds of targets, e.g. IFF-radar, i.e. identification of friend or foe ([G01S 13/75](#), [G01S 13/79](#) take precedence)
- 13/781 . . . . . {Secondary Surveillance Radar [SSR] in general}
- 13/782 . . . . . {using multimoding or selective addressing}
- 13/784 . . . . . {Coders or decoders therefor; Degarbling systems; Defruiting systems}
- 13/785 . . . . . {Distance Measuring Equipment [DME] systems}
- 13/787 . . . . . {co-operating with direction defining beacons}

- 13/788 . . . . . {Coders or decoders therefor; Special detection circuits}
- 13/79 . . Systems using random coded signals or random pulse repetition frequencies {, e.g. "Separation and Control of Aircraft using Non synchronous Techniques" [SECANT]}
- 13/82 . . wherein continuous-type signals are transmitted
- 13/825 . . . {with exchange of information between interrogator and responder}
- 13/84 . . . for distance determination by phase measurement
- 13/86 . Combinations of radar systems with non-radar systems, e.g. sonar, direction finder
- 13/862 . . {Combination of radar systems with sonar systems}
- 13/865 . . {Combination of radar systems with lidar systems}
- 13/867 . . {Combination of radar systems with cameras}
- 13/87 . Combinations of radar systems, e.g. primary radar and secondary radar
- 13/872 . . {Combinations of primary radar and secondary radar}
- 13/874 . . {Combination of several systems for attitude determination (in general [G01C](#), control of attitude [G05D 1/08](#))}
- 13/876 . . {Combination of several spaced transponders or reflectors of known location for determining the position of a receiver ([G01S 13/874](#) takes precedence)}
- 13/878 . . {Combination of several spaced transmitters or receivers of known location for determining the position of a transponder or a reflector ([G01S 13/874](#) takes precedence)}
- 13/88 . Radar or analogous systems specially adapted for specific applications (electromagnetic prospecting or detecting of objects, e.g. near-field detection, [G01V 3/00](#))
- 13/881 . . {for robotics}
- 13/882 . . {for altimeters (measuring height using barometric means [G01C 5/06](#))}
- 13/883 . . {for missile homing, autodirectors (missile guidance systems [F41G 7/22](#))}
- 13/885 . . {for ground probing (prospecting or detecting using electromagnetic waves [G01V 3/12](#))}
- 13/886 . . {for alarm systems (alarms with electrical actuation [G08B 13/22](#))}
- 13/887 . . {for detection of concealed objects, e.g. contraband or weapons}
- 13/888 . . . {through wall detection}
- 13/89 . . for mapping or imaging
- 13/895 . . . {Side looking radar [SLR]}
- 13/90 . . . using synthetic aperture techniques {, e.g. synthetic aperture radar [SAR] techniques}
- 13/9004 . . . . . {SAR image acquisition techniques}
- 13/9005 . . . . . {with optical processing of the SAR signals}
- 13/9011 . . . . . {with frequency domain processing of the SAR signals in azimuth ([G01S 13/9005](#) takes precedence)}
- 13/9017 . . . . . {with time domain processing of the SAR signals in azimuth ([G01S 13/9005](#) takes precedence)}
- 13/9019 . . . . . {Auto-focussing of the SAR signals}
- 13/9021 . . . . . {SAR image post-processing techniques}
- 13/9023 . . . . . {combined with interferometric techniques}
- 13/9027 . . . . . {Pattern recognition for feature extraction}
- 13/9029 . . . . . {specially adapted for moving target detection within a single SAR image or within multiple SAR images taken at the same time}
- 13/904 . . . . . {SAR modes}
- 13/9041 . . . . . {Squint mode}
- 13/9043 . . . . . {Forward-looking SAR}
- 13/9047 . . . . . {Doppler beam sharpening mode}
- 13/9052 . . . . . {Spotlight mode}
- 13/9054 . . . . . {Stripmap mode}
- 13/9056 . . . . . {Scan SAR mode}
- 13/9058 . . . . . {Bistatic or multistatic SAR}
- 13/9064 . . . . . {Inverse SAR [ISAR]}
- 13/9076 . . . . . {Polarimetric features in SAR}
- 13/9082 . . . . . {Rotating SAR [ROSAR]}
- 13/9088 . . . . . {Circular SAR [CSAR, C-SAR]}
- 13/9089 . . . . . {SAR having an irregular aperture}
- 13/9092 . . . . . {combined with monopulse techniques}
- 13/9094 . . . . . {Theoretical aspects}
- 13/91 . . for traffic control ([G01S 13/93](#) takes precedence)
- 13/913 . . . {for landing purposes}
- 2013/916 . . . {Airport surface monitoring [ASDE]}
- 13/917 . . . {for marine craft or other waterborne vessels}
- 13/92 . . . for velocity measurement
- 13/93 . . for anti-collision purposes
- 13/931 . . . of land vehicles
- 2013/9314 . . . . . {Parking operations}
- 2013/9315 . . . . . {Monitoring blind spots}
- 2013/9316 . . . . . {combined with communication equipment with other vehicles or with base stations}
- 2013/9317 . . . . . {Driving backwards}
- 2013/9318 . . . . . {Controlling the steering}
- 2013/93185 . . . . . {Controlling the brakes}
- 2013/9319 . . . . . {Controlling the accelerator}
- 2013/932 . . . . . {using own vehicle data, e.g. ground speed, steering wheel direction}
- 2013/9321 . . . . . {Velocity regulation, e.g. cruise control}
- 2013/9322 . . . . . {using additional data, e.g. driver condition, road state or weather data}
- 2013/9323 . . . . . {Alternative operation using light waves}
- 2013/9324 . . . . . {Alternative operation using ultrasonic waves}
- 2013/9325 . . . . . {for inter-vehicle distance regulation, e.g. navigating in platoons}
- 2013/9327 . . . . . {Sensor installation details}
- 2013/93271 . . . . . {in the front of the vehicles}
- 2013/93272 . . . . . {in the back of the vehicles}
- 2013/93273 . . . . . {on the top of the vehicles}
- 2013/93274 . . . . . {on the side of the vehicles}
- 2013/93275 . . . . . {in the bumper area}
- 2013/93276 . . . . . {in the windshield area}
- 2013/93277 . . . . . {in the lights}
- 2013/9328 . . . . . {Rail vehicles}
- 2013/9329 . . . . . {cooperating with reflectors or transponders}
- 13/933 . . . of aircraft or spacecraft
- 13/934 . . . . on airport surfaces, e.g. while taxiing
- 13/935 . . . . for terrain-avoidance
- 13/937 . . . of marine craft
- 13/95 . . for meteorological use



13/951	. . . {ground based}	15/14	. . . . . wherein a voltage or current pulse is initiated and terminated in accordance respectively with the pulse transmission and echo reception
13/953	. . . {mounted on aircraft}	15/18	. . . . . wherein range gates are used
13/955	. . . {mounted on satellite}	15/32	. . . . . using transmission of continuous waves, whether amplitude-, frequency-, or phase-modulated, or unmodulated
13/956	. . . {mounted on ship or other platform}	15/325	. . . . . {using transmission of coded signals, e.g. of phase-shift keyed [PSK] signals}
13/958	. . . {Theoretical aspects}	15/34	. . . . . using transmission of continuous, frequency-modulated waves while heterodyning the received signal, or a signal derived therefrom, with a locally-generated signal related to the contemporaneously transmitted signal
<b>15/00</b>	<b>Systems using the reflection or reradiation of acoustic waves, e.g. sonar systems</b>	15/36	. . . . . with phase comparison between the received signal and the contemporaneously transmitted signal
	<b>NOTES</b>	15/42	. . . Simultaneous measurement of distance and other co-ordinates ( <a href="#">indirect measurement G01S 15/46</a> )
	1. This group <u>covers</u> :	15/46	. . . Indirect determination of position data
	• systems for detecting the presence of an object, e.g. by reflection or reradiation from the object itself, or from a transponder associated with the object, for determining the distance or relative velocity of an object, for providing a co-ordinated display of the distance and direction of an object or for obtaining an image thereof;	2015/465	. . . . {by Trilateration, i.e. two transducers determine separately the distance to a target, whereby with the knowledge of the baseline length, i.e. the distance between the transducers, the position data of the target is determined}
	• systems arranged for mounting on a moving craft or vehicle and using the reflection of waves from an extended surface external to the craft, e.g. the surface of the earth, to determine the velocity and direction of motion of the craft relative to the surface.	15/50	. . Systems of measurement, based on relative movement of the target
	2. This group <u>does not cover</u> :	15/52	. . . Discriminating between fixed and moving objects or between objects moving at different speeds
	• systems for determining the direction of an object by means not employing reflection or reradiation, which are covered by groups <a href="#">G01S 1/00</a> or <a href="#">G01S 3/00</a> ;	15/523	. . . . {for presence detection ( <a href="#">burglar, theft or intruder alarms G08B 13/00</a> , e.g. <a href="#">G08B 13/16</a> )}
	• systems for determining distance or velocity of an object by means not employing reflection or reradiation, which are covered by group <a href="#">G01S 11/00</a> .	15/526	. . . . . {by comparing echos in different sonar periods}
15/003	. {Bistatic sonar systems; Multistatic sonar systems}	15/58	. . . Velocity or trajectory determination systems; Sense-of-movement determination systems {( <a href="#">velocity measurement in imaging systems G01S 15/8979</a> )}
15/006	. {Theoretical aspects}	15/582	. . . . {using transmission of interrupted pulse-modulated waves and based upon the Doppler effect resulting from movement of targets}
15/02	. using reflection of acoustic waves ( <a href="#">G01S 15/66 takes precedence</a> )	15/584	. . . . . {with measures taken for suppressing velocity ambiguities, i.e. anti-aliasing}
15/04	. . Systems determining presence of a target	15/586	. . . . {using transmission of continuous unmodulated waves, amplitude-, frequency-, or phase-modulated waves and based upon the Doppler effect resulting from movement of targets}
15/06	. . Systems determining the position data of a target	15/588	. . . . {measuring the velocity vector}
15/08	. . . Systems for measuring distance only ( <a href="#">indirect measurement G01S 15/46</a> )	15/60	. . . . wherein the transmitter and receiver are mounted on the moving object, e.g. for determining ground speed, drift angle, ground track
15/10	. . . . using transmission of interrupted, pulse-modulated waves ( <a href="#">determination of distance by phase measurement G01S 15/32</a> )	15/62	. . . . Sense-of-movement determination {( <a href="#">G01S 15/588 takes precedence</a> )}
15/101	. . . . . {Particularities of the measurement of distance ( <a href="#">G01S 15/12</a> , <a href="#">G01S 15/14</a> , and <a href="#">G01S 15/18 take precedence</a> )}	15/66	. Sonar tracking systems
15/102	. . . . . {using transmission of pulses having some particular characteristics}	15/74	. Systems using reradiation of acoustic waves, e.g. IFF, i.e. identification of friend or foe
15/104	. . . . . {wherein the transmitted pulses use a frequency- or phase-modulated carrier wave}		
15/105	. . . . . {using irregular pulse repetition frequency}		
15/107	. . . . . {using frequency agility of carrier wave}		
15/108	. . . . . {using more than one pulse per sonar period}		
15/12	. . . . . wherein the pulse-recurrence frequency is varied to provide a desired time relationship between the transmission of a pulse and the receipt of the echo of a preceding pulse		



- 15/86 . Combinations of sonar systems with lidar systems; Combinations of sonar systems with systems not using wave reflection
- 15/87 . Combinations of sonar systems
- 15/872 . . {Combination of several systems for attitude determination (using inertial means [G01C 9/00](#), control of attitude [G05D 1/08](#))}
- 15/874 . . {Combination of several spaced transponders or reflectors of known location for determining the position of a receiver ([G01S 15/872](#) takes precedence)}
- 15/876 . . {Combination of several spaced transmitters or receivers of known location for determining the position of a transponder or a reflector ([G01S 15/872](#) takes precedence)}
- 15/878 . . . {wherein transceivers are operated, either sequentially or simultaneously, both in bi-static and in mono-static mode, e.g. cross-echo mode}
- 15/88 . Sonar systems specially adapted for specific applications (seismic or acoustic prospecting or detecting [G01V 1/00](#))
- 15/885 . . {Meteorological systems}
- 15/89 . . for mapping or imaging
- 15/8902 . . . {Side-looking sonar}
- 15/8904 . . . . {using synthetic aperture techniques}
- 15/8906 . . . {Short-range imaging systems; Acoustic microscope systems using pulse-echo techniques}
- 15/8909 . . . . {using a static transducer configuration}
- 15/8911 . . . . {using a single transducer for transmission and reception}
- 15/8913 . . . . {using separate transducers for transmission and reception}
- 15/8915 . . . . . {using a transducer array}
- 15/8918 . . . . . {the array being linear}
- 15/892 . . . . . {the array being curvilinear}
- 15/8922 . . . . . {the array being concentric or annular}
- 15/8925 . . . . . {the array being a two-dimensional transducer configuration, i.e. matrix or orthogonal linear arrays}
- 15/8927 . . . . . {using simultaneously or sequentially two or more subarrays or subapertures}
- 15/8929 . . . . . {using a three-dimensional transducer configuration}
- 15/8931 . . . . . {co-operating with moving reflectors}
- 15/8934 . . . . {using a dynamic transducer configuration}
- 15/8936 . . . . . {using transducers mounted for mechanical movement in three dimensions}
- 15/8938 . . . . . {using transducers mounted for mechanical movement in two dimensions}
- 15/894 . . . . . {by rotation about a single axis}
- 15/8943 . . . . . {co-operating with reflectors}
- 15/8945 . . . . . {using transducers mounted for linear mechanical movement}
- 15/8947 . . . . . {using transducers movable by (electro)magnetic means}
- 15/895 . . . . {characterised by the transmitted frequency spectrum}
- 15/8952 . . . . . {using discrete, multiple frequencies}
- 15/8954 . . . . . {using a broad-band spectrum}
- 15/8956 . . . . . {using frequencies at or above 20 MHz}
- 15/8959 . . . . . {using coded signals for correlation purposes}
- 15/8961 . . . . . {using pulse compression}
- 15/8963 . . . . . {using pulse inversion}
- 15/8965 . . . . . {using acousto-optical or acousto-electronic conversion techniques}
- 15/8968 . . . . . {using acoustical modulation of a light beam (acousto-optical light control devices [G02F 1/11](#), [G02F 1/33](#))}
- 15/897 . . . . . {using application of holographic techniques}
- 15/8972 . . . . . {with optical reconstruction of the image}
- 15/8975 . . . . . {using acoustical image/electron beam converter tubes (tubes therefor [H01J 31/495](#))}
- 15/8977 . . . . . {using special techniques for image reconstruction, e.g. FFT, geometrical transformations, spatial deconvolution, time deconvolution}
- 15/8979 . . . . . {Combined Doppler and pulse-echo imaging systems}
- 15/8981 . . . . . {Discriminating between fixed and moving objects or between objects moving at different speeds, e.g. wall clutter filter}
- 15/8984 . . . . . {Measuring the velocity vector}
- 15/8986 . . . . . {with measures taken for suppressing velocity ambiguities, i.e. anti-aliasing}
- 15/8988 . . . . . {Colour Doppler imaging}
- 15/899 . . . . . {Combination of imaging systems with ancillary equipment}
- 15/8993 . . . . . {Three dimensional imaging systems}
- 15/8995 . . . . . {Combining images from different aspect angles, e.g. spatial compounding}
- 15/8997 . . . . . {using synthetic aperture techniques}
- 15/93 . . for anti-collision purposes
- 15/931 . . . of land vehicles
- 2015/932 . . . . {for parking operations}
- 2015/933 . . . . . {for measuring the dimensions of the parking space when driving past}
- 2015/934 . . . . . {for measuring the depth, i.e. width, not length, of the parking space}
- 2015/935 . . . . . {for measuring the contour, e.g. a trajectory of measurement points, representing the boundary of the parking space}
- 2015/936 . . . . . {for measuring parking spaces extending transverse or diagonal to the driving direction, i.e. not parallel to the driving direction}
- 2015/937 . . . . . {sensor installation details (constructional features of transducers [G01S 7/521](#) and [B06B](#); casing of transducers, e.g. housing, cover or filler details, [G10K 9/22](#); mounting of transducers, i.e. fixture, fitting or holder details, [G10K 11/004](#))}
- 2015/938 . . . . . {in the bumper area (radar in bumper area [G01S 2013/93275](#); bumper with obstacle sensor of electric or electronic type [B60R 19/483](#))}
- 2015/939 . . . . . {vertical stacking of sensors, e.g. to enable obstacle height determination}
- 15/96 . . for locating fish

## 17/00 Systems using the reflection or reradiation of electromagnetic waves other than radio waves, e.g. lidar systems

### NOTES

#### 1. This group covers:

- systems for detecting the presence of an object, e.g. by reflection or reradiation from the object itself, or from a transponder associated with the object, for determining the distance or relative velocity of an object, for providing a coordinated display of the distance and direction of an object or for obtaining an image thereof;
- systems arranged for mounting on a moving craft or vehicle and using the reflection of waves from an extended surface external to the craft, e.g. the surface of the earth, to determine the velocity and direction of motion of the craft relative to the surface.

#### 2. This subclass does not cover:

- systems for determining the direction of an object by means not employing reflection or reradiation which are covered by groups [G01S 1/00](#) or [G01S 3/00](#);
- systems for determining distance or velocity of an object by means not employing reflection or reradiation, which are covered by group [G01S 11/00](#).

17/003 . {Bistatic lidar systems; Multistatic lidar systems}

17/006 . {Theoretical aspects}

17/02 . Systems using the reflection of electromagnetic waves other than radio waves ([G01S 17/66](#) takes precedence)

17/04 . . Systems determining the presence of a target

17/06 . . Systems determining position data of a target

17/08 . . . for measuring distance only ([indirect measurement G01S 17/46](#); [active triangulation systems G01S 17/48](#))

17/10 . . . . using transmission of interrupted, pulse-modulated waves ([determination of distance by phase measurements G01S 17/32](#))

17/14 . . . . wherein a voltage or current pulse is initiated and terminated in accordance with the pulse transmission and echo reception respectively, e.g. using counters

17/18 . . . . wherein range gates are used

17/26 . . . . wherein the transmitted pulses use a frequency-modulated or phase-modulated carrier wave, e.g. for pulse compression of received signals

17/32 . . . . using transmission of continuous waves, whether amplitude-, frequency-, or phase-modulated, or unmodulated

17/34 . . . . using transmission of continuous, frequency-modulated waves while heterodyning the received signal, or a signal derived therefrom, with a locally-generated signal related to the contemporaneously transmitted signal

17/36 . . . . with phase comparison between the received signal and the contemporaneously transmitted signal

17/42 . . . Simultaneous measurement of distance and other co-ordinates ([indirect measurement G01S 17/46](#))

17/46 . . . Indirect determination of position data

17/48 . . . . Active triangulation systems, i.e. using the transmission and reflection of electromagnetic waves other than radio waves

17/50 . . Systems of measurement based on relative movement of target

17/58 . . . Velocity or trajectory determination systems; Sense-of-movement determination systems

17/66 . Tracking systems using electromagnetic waves other than radio waves

17/74 . Systems using reradiation of electromagnetic waves other than radio waves, e.g. IFF, i.e. identification of friend or foe

17/86 . Combinations of lidar systems with systems other than lidar, radar or sonar, e.g. with direction finders

17/87 . Combinations of systems using electromagnetic waves other than radio waves

17/875 . . for determining attitude

17/88 . Lidar systems specially adapted for specific applications

17/89 . . for mapping or imaging

17/894 . . . 3D imaging with simultaneous measurement of time-of-flight at a 2D array of receiver pixels, e.g. time-of-flight cameras or flash lidar

17/90 . . . using synthetic aperture techniques

17/93 . . for anti-collision purposes

17/931 . . . of land vehicles

17/933 . . . of aircraft or spacecraft

17/95 . . for meteorological use

## 19/00 Satellite radio beacon positioning systems; Determining position, velocity or attitude using signals transmitted by such systems

19/01 . Satellite radio beacon positioning systems transmitting time-stamped messages, e.g. GPS [Global Positioning System], GLONASS [Global Orbiting Navigation Satellite System] or GALILEO

19/015 . . {Arrangements for jamming, spoofing or other methods of denial of service of such systems}

19/02 . . Details of the space or ground control segments

19/03 . . Cooperating elements; Interaction or communication between different cooperating elements or between cooperating elements and receivers

### NOTE

The term "cooperating elements" designates additional elements or subsystems, including receivers of other users, which interact or communicate with the receiver or the satellite positioning system.

19/04 . . . providing carrier phase data

19/05 . . . providing aiding data

19/06 . . . . employing an initial estimate of the location of the receiver as aiding data or in generating aiding data

19/07 . . . providing data for correcting measured positioning data, e.g. DGPS [differential GPS] or ionosphere corrections

19/071 . . . . {DGPS corrections}

- 19/072 . . . . {Ionosphere corrections}
- 19/073 . . . . {involving a network of fixed stations}
- 19/074 . . . . . {providing integrity data, e.g. WAAS}
- 19/08 . . . providing integrity information, e.g. health of satellites or quality of ephemeris data
- 19/09 . . . providing processing capability normally carried out by the receiver
- 19/10 . . . providing dedicated supplementary positioning signals
- 19/11 . . . . wherein the cooperating elements are pseudolites or satellite radio beacon positioning system signal repeaters
- 19/115 . . . . . {Airborne or satellite based pseudolites or repeaters}
- 19/12 . . . . wherein the cooperating elements are telecommunication base stations
- 19/13 . . Receivers
- 19/14 . . . specially adapted for specific applications
- 19/15 . . . . Aircraft landing systems
- 19/16 . . . . Anti-theft; Abduction
- 19/17 . . . . Emergency applications
- 19/18 . . . . Military applications
- 19/19 . . . . Sporting applications
- 19/20 . . . Integrity monitoring, fault detection or fault isolation of space segment
- 19/21 . . . Interference related issues {; Issues related to cross-correlation, spoofing or other methods of denial of service}
- 19/215 . . . . {issues related to spoofing}
- 19/22 . . . Multipath-related issues
- 19/23 . . . Testing, monitoring, correcting or calibrating of receiver elements
- 19/235 . . . . {Calibration of receiver components}
- 19/24 . . . Acquisition or tracking {or demodulation} of signals transmitted by the system {synchronisation aspects of direct sequence spread spectrum modulation H04B 1/7073}
- 19/243 . . . . {Demodulation of navigation message}
- 19/246 . . . . {involving long acquisition integration times, extended snapshots of signals or methods specifically directed towards weak signal acquisition}
- 19/25 . . . . involving aiding data received from a cooperating element, e.g. assisted GPS
- 19/252 . . . . . {Employing an initial estimate of location in generating assistance data}
- 19/254 . . . . . {relating to Doppler shift of satellite signals}
- 19/256 . . . . . {relating to timing, e.g. time of week, code phase, timing offset}
- 19/258 . . . . . {relating to the satellite constellation, e.g. almanac, ephemeris data, lists of satellites in view}
- 19/26 . . . . involving a sensor measurement for aiding acquisition or tracking
- 19/27 . . . . creating, predicting or correcting ephemeris or almanac data within the receiver
- 19/28 . . . . Satellite selection
- 19/29 . . . . carrier {including Doppler,} related {(G01S 19/246 takes precedence)}
- 19/30 . . . . code related {(G01S 19/246 takes precedence)}
- 19/31 . . . Acquisition or tracking of other signals for positioning
- 19/32 . . . Multimode operation in a single same satellite system, e.g. GPS L1/L2
- 19/33 . . . Multimode operation in different systems which transmit time stamped messages, e.g. GPS/GLONASS
- 19/34 . . . Power consumption
- 19/35 . . . Constructional details or hardware or software details of the signal processing chain
- 19/36 . . . . relating to the receiver frond end
- 19/37 . . . . Hardware or software details of the signal processing chain
- 19/38 . Determining a navigation solution using signals transmitted by a satellite radio beacon positioning system
- 19/39 . . the satellite radio beacon positioning system transmitting time-stamped messages, e.g. GPS [Global Positioning System], GLONASS [Global Orbiting Navigation Satellite System] or GALILEO
- 19/393 . . . . {Trajectory determination or predictive tracking, e.g. Kalman filtering}
- 19/396 . . . . {Determining accuracy or reliability of position or pseudorange measurements}
- 19/40 . . . Correcting position, velocity or attitude
- 19/41 . . . . Differential correction, e.g. DGPS [differential GPS]
- 19/42 . . . Determining position
- 19/421 . . . . {by combining or switching between position solutions or signals derived from different satellite radio beacon positioning systems; by combining or switching between position solutions or signals derived from different modes of operation in a single system}
- 19/423 . . . . . {by combining or switching between position solutions derived from different satellite radio beacon positioning systems}
- 19/425 . . . . . {by combining or switching between signals derived from different satellite radio beacon positioning systems}
- 19/426 . . . . . {by combining or switching between position solutions or signals derived from different modes of operation in a single system}
- 19/428 . . . . . {using multipath or indirect path propagation signals in position determination}
- 19/43 . . . . using carrier phase measurements, e.g. kinematic positioning; using long or short baseline interferometry
- 19/44 . . . . . Carrier phase ambiguity resolution; Floating ambiguity; LAMBDA [Least-squares AMBIGUITY Decorrelation Adjustment] method
- 19/45 . . . . by combining measurements of signals from the satellite radio beacon positioning system with a supplementary measurement
- 19/46 . . . . . the supplementary measurement being of a radio-wave signal type
- 19/47 . . . . . the supplementary measurement being an inertial measurement, e.g. tightly coupled inertial

- 19/48 . . . . by combining or switching between position solutions derived from the satellite radio beacon positioning system and position solutions derived from a further system

**WARNING**

Group [G01S 19/48](#) is impacted by reclassification into groups [G01S 5/01](#), [G01S 5/011](#), [G01S 5/012](#), [G01S 5/013](#), [G01S 5/014](#), [G01S 5/015](#), [G01S 5/016](#), [G01S 5/017](#), [G01S 5/018](#), [G01S 5/019](#), and [G01S 19/485](#).

All groups listed in this Warning should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

- 19/485 . . . . . {whereby the further system is an optical system or imaging system}

**WARNING**

Group [G01S 19/485](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from groups [G01S 19/48](#) and [G01S 19/49](#).

Groups [G01S 19/48](#), [G01S 19/49](#), and [G01S 19/485](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

- 19/49 . . . . . whereby the further system is an inertial position system, e.g. loosely-coupled

**WARNING**

Group [G01S 19/49](#) is impacted by reclassification into groups [G01S 5/01](#), [G01S 5/011](#), [G01S 5/012](#), [G01S 5/013](#), [G01S 5/014](#), [G01S 5/015](#), [G01S 5/016](#), [G01S 5/017](#), [G01S 5/018](#), [G01S 5/019](#), and [G01S 19/485](#).

All groups listed in this Warning should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

- 19/50 . . . . whereby the position solution is constrained to lie upon a particular curve or surface, e.g. for locomotives on railway tracks

- 19/51 . . . . Relative positioning

- 19/52 . . . Determining velocity

- 19/53 . . . Determining attitude

- 19/54 . . . . using carrier phase measurements; using long or short baseline interferometry

- 19/55 . . . . . Carrier phase ambiguity resolution; Floating ambiguity; LAMBDA [Least-squares AMBiguity Decorrelation Adjustment] method

**2201/00 Indexing scheme relating to beacons or beacon systems transmitting signals capable of being detected by non-directional receivers and defining directions, positions, or position lines fixed relatively to the beacon transmitters**

- 2201/01 . . adapted for specific applications or environments

- 2201/02 . . Indoor positioning, e.g. in covered car-parks, mining facilities, warehouses

- 2201/025 . . . Indoor pedestrian positioning

- 2201/03 . . Construction sites

- 2201/04 . . Emergencies

- 2201/05 . . Sport
- 2201/06 . . Aircraft navigation
- 2201/07 . . Under water
- 2201/08 . . Marine or water borne applications

**2205/00 Position-fixing by co-ordinating two or more direction or position line determinations; Position-fixing by co-ordinating two or more distance determinations**

- 2205/001 . . Transmission of position information to remote stations

- 2205/002 . . for traffic control, mobile tracking, guidance, surveillance or anti-collision

- 2205/003 . . . for aircraft positioning relative to the ground

- 2205/005 . . . for aircraft positioning relative to other aircraft

- 2205/006 . . for emergency situations

- 2205/007 . . for management of a communication system

- 2205/008 . . using a mobile telephone network

- 2205/01 . . specially adapted for specific applications

**WARNING**

Group [G01S 2205/01](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group [G01S 5/02](#).

Groups [G01S 5/02](#) and [G01S 2205/01](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

- 2205/02 . . Indoor

**WARNING**

Group [G01S 2205/02](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group [G01S 5/02](#).

Groups [G01S 5/02](#) and [G01S 2205/02](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

- 2205/03 . . Airborne

**WARNING**

Group [G01S 2205/03](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group [G01S 5/02](#).

Groups [G01S 5/02](#) and [G01S 2205/03](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

- 2205/04 . . Nautical

**WARNING**

Group [G01S 2205/04](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group [G01S 5/02](#).

Groups [G01S 5/02](#) and [G01S 2205/04](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

2205/05 . . Anti-theft or abduction

**WARNING**

Group [G01S 2205/05](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group [G01S 5/02](#).

Groups [G01S 5/02](#) and [G01S 2205/05](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

2205/06 . . Emergency

**WARNING**

Group [G01S 2205/06](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group [G01S 5/02](#).

Groups [G01S 5/02](#) and [G01S 2205/06](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

2205/07 . . Military

**WARNING**

Group [G01S 2205/07](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group [G01S 5/02](#).

Groups [G01S 5/02](#) and [G01S 2205/07](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

2205/08 . . Sport

**WARNING**

Group [G01S 2205/08](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group [G01S 5/02](#).

Groups [G01S 5/02](#) and [G01S 2205/08](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

2205/09 . . for tracking people

**WARNING**

Group [G01S 2205/09](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group [G01S 5/02](#).

Groups [G01S 5/02](#) and [G01S 2205/09](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.

2205/10 . . . Elderly or infirm

**WARNING**

Group [G01S 2205/10](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group [G01S 5/02](#).

Groups [G01S 5/02](#) and [G01S 2205/10](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.