

CPC COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION

B PERFORMING OPERATIONS; TRANSPORTING

(NOTES omitted)

SHAPING

B25 HAND TOOLS; PORTABLE POWER-DRIVEN TOOLS; MANIPULATORS

(NOTE omitted)

B25G HANDLES FOR HAND IMPLEMENTS (attaching the blades or the like to handles of hand tools for soil working [A01B 1/22](#); handles of hand implements for harvesting [A01D 1/14](#); handles integral with brushware [A46B](#))

NOTES

1. This subclass covers:
 - handles for hand implements, in general;
 - handles for hand implements for particular purposes, subject to Note (2) below.
2. This subclass does not cover handles provided for elsewhere, e.g. it does not cover those provided for in [A45B 9/02](#), [A45C 13/22](#), [A45C 13/26](#), [A47B 95/02](#), [A47J 45/00](#), [B23D 51/01](#), [B25J 13/02](#), [B26B](#), [B60N 3/02](#), [B62B 5/06](#), [B62B 9/20](#), [B62K 21/26](#), [B62M 3/14](#), [B65D 25/28](#), [E05B](#), [G05G](#).

WARNING

In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

1/00	Handle constructions	3/04	• • with detachable or separate socket pieces (B25G 3/12 takes precedence)
1/002	• {for rotary tools with additional levers, e.g. for increasing torque (B25G 1/005 takes precedence)}	3/06	• • with multiple socket, e.g. T-socket (B25G 3/12 takes precedence)
1/005	• {for screwdrivers, wrenches or spanners with additional levers, e.g. for increasing torque}	3/08	• • with dovetail or other groove (B25G 3/12 takes precedence)
1/007	• • {of crank type}	3/10	• • with elastic, taper, or other self-grip socket or tang (B25G 3/12 takes precedence)
1/01	• Shock-absorbing means (B25G 1/02 takes precedence)	3/12	• • Locking and securing devices
1/02	• flexible (hammers heads having shock-absorbing means B25D 1/12)	3/14	• • • comprising barbs or teeth
1/025	• • {for screwdrivers, wrenches or spanners}	3/16	• • • comprising bayonet joints
1/04	• telescopic; extensible; sectional	3/18	• • • comprising catches or pawls
1/043	• • {for screwdrivers, wrenches or spanners}	3/20	• • • comprising clamping or contracting means acting concentrically on the handle or socket
1/046	• • • {with free-turning section at end of handle remote from tool}	3/22	• • • • Chucks
1/06	• reversible or adjustable for position	3/24	• • • comprising clamping or contracting means acting transversely on the handle or socket
1/063	• • {for screwdrivers, wrenches or spanners}	3/26	• • • comprising nails, screws, bolts, or pins traversing or entering the socket
1/066	• • • {the grip itself being angularly adjustable}	3/28	• • • comprising wedges, keys, or like expanding means
1/08	• with provision for storing tool elements	3/30	• • • comprising screwed sockets or tangs
1/085	• • {for screwdrivers, wrenches or spanners}	3/32	• • • in association with, or including, tang, bolt, or other member passing axially through whole length of handle
1/10	• characterised by material or shape (B25G 1/01 , B25G 1/02 take precedence {; for hand tools comprising coating rollers B05C 17/0205 })	3/34	• by pressing the handle on the implements; using cement or molten metal, e.g. casting, moulding, by welding or the like
1/102	• • {the shape being specially adapted to facilitate handling or improve grip}	3/36	• Lap joints; Riveted, screwed, or like joints (socket, tang, or like fixings B25G 3/02)
1/105	• • {for screwdrivers, wrenches or spanners (B25G 1/102 , B25G 1/125 take precedence)}	3/38	• Hinged, pivoted, swivelling, or folding joints
1/107	• • • {of thimble type}		
1/12	• • electrically insulating material		
1/125	• • • {for screwdrivers, wrenches or spanners}		
3/00	Attaching handles to the implements		
3/02	• Socket, tang, or like fixings (B25G 3/34 takes precedence)		