



# Cooperative Patent Classification (CPC):

# CPC User Interaction and Resources



Europäisches Patentamt European Patent Office Office européen des brevets

with reinforcement sended :

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### **Agenda**

**CPC Implementation Key Milestones** 

**CPC System** 

Scheme and Definitions

Symbols and Attributes

Revision

Quality Assurance

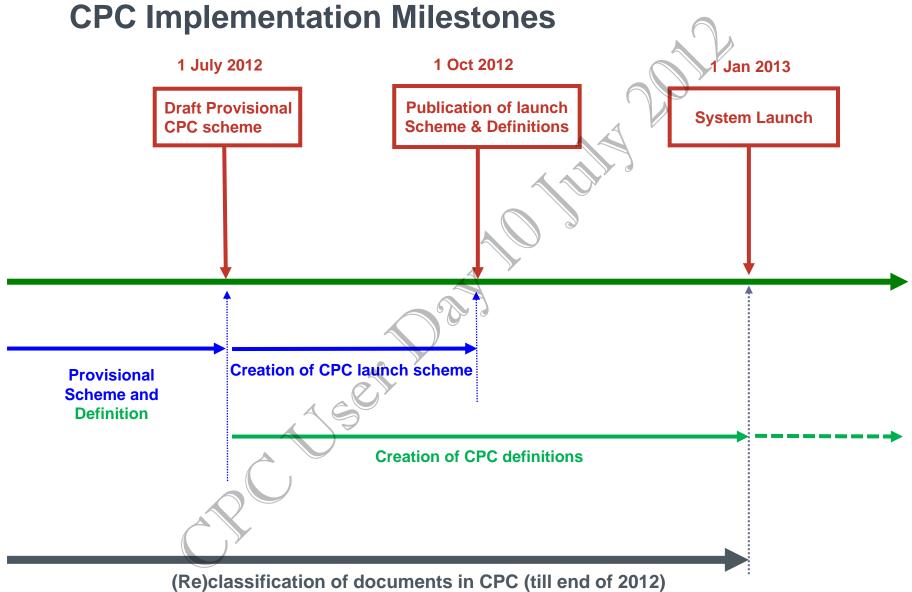
**Training** 

Commercial Products and Services

Where to find CPC Scheme/Schedule for Early Users











**CPC System** 

United States Patent and Trademark Office – User Day 2012





#### **CPC Scheme and CPC Definitions**

- CPC will include:
  - ECLA/ICO titles and active subdivisions
  - USPTO special areas, e.g. business methods, and special collections
  - Capability to expand (for future revisions)
  - Up to 6 last digits for subgroup (after the "/")
- CPC will use IPC-like numbering: e.g., H01L21/02002 instead of H01L21/02D
- ECLA, ICO, and USPC symbols will be converted to CPC symbols
- CPC Definitions:
  - Can be regularly updated on request;
  - Will require agreement between the EPO and USPTO for updates;
  - Will be publically available via the "collaborative platform".



# ECLA/ICO-to-CPC renumbering algorithm

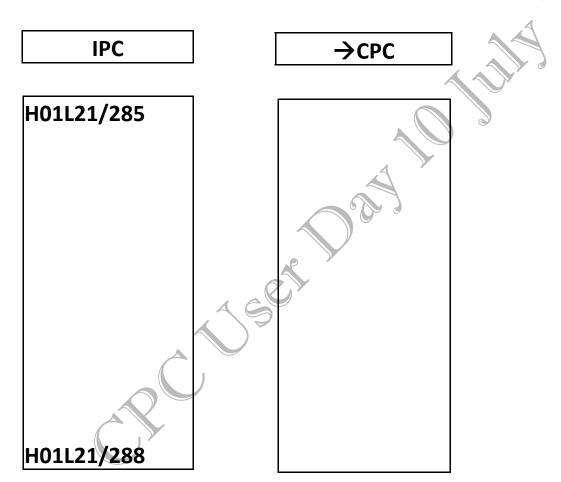
- Take the available three schemes as three "layers":
  - A. IPC
  - B. ECLA
  - C. ICO mirrors, further breakdowns and orthogonal
- Flatten the three layers into one
- Renumber





# CPC renumbering algorithm (1)

Include IPC subdivisions in CPC







# CPC renumbering algorithm (2)

## Include ECLA subdivisions in CPC

**ECLA**  $\rightarrow$ CPC H01L21/285 H01L21/285 H01L21/285B H01L21/285B4 H01L21/285B4A H01L21/285B4C H01L21/285B4F H01L21/285B4H H01L21/285B6 H01L21/285B6B H01L21/285B6C H01L21/288 H01L21/288





# CPC renumbering algorithm (3)

Include mirrored (& further breakdown) ICO subdivisions in CPC Convert ICO section symbol **T** to ECLA section symbol **H** 

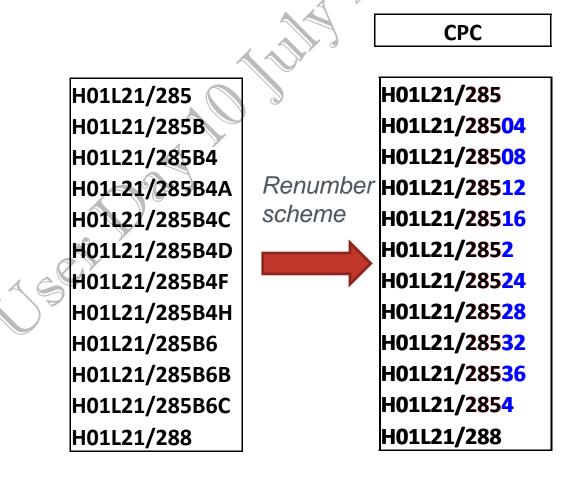
 $\rightarrow$ CPC **ICO CPC H01L21/285** H01L21/285 H01L21/285 **H01L21/285B** H01L21/285B H01L21/285<mark>04</mark> Mirrored H01L21/285B4 ICO **H01L21/285B4** H01L21/28508 Renumber **H01L21/28512** H01L21/285B4A **HO1L21/285B4A** scheme H01L21/285B4C H01L21/285B4C H01L21/28516 Breakdown H01L21/285B4D H01L21/2852 ICO H01L21/285B4F **H01L21/285B4F** H01L21/28524 H01L21/285B4H H01L21/285B4H H01L21/28528 H01L21/285B6 H01L21/285B6 H01L21/285<mark>32</mark> Mirrored **H01L21/285B6B** H01L21/285B6B ICO H01L21/28536 **HO1L21/285B6C** H01L21/285B6C H01L21/2854 **H01L21/288** H01L21/288 H01L21/288





# CPC renumbering algorithm (4)

 IPC part after the "/" remains visible: subdivision takes place while keeping the last digits of the corresponding IPC symbol

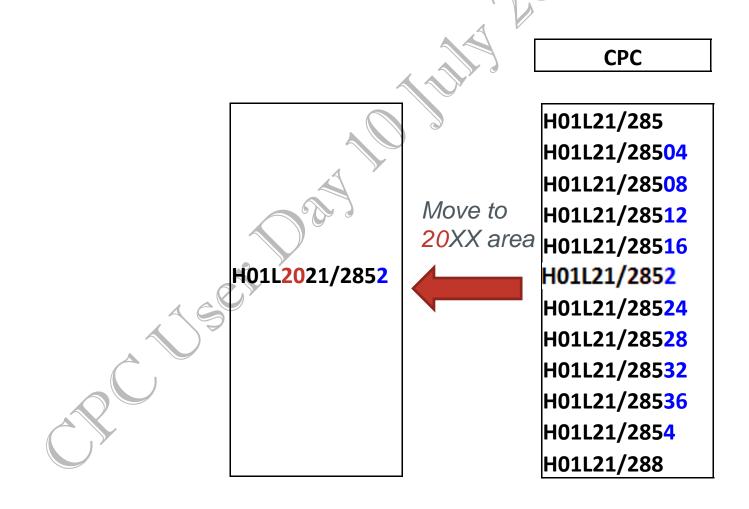






## CPC renumbering algorithm (5)

Remove the ICO breakdowns and put them in the 20XX area

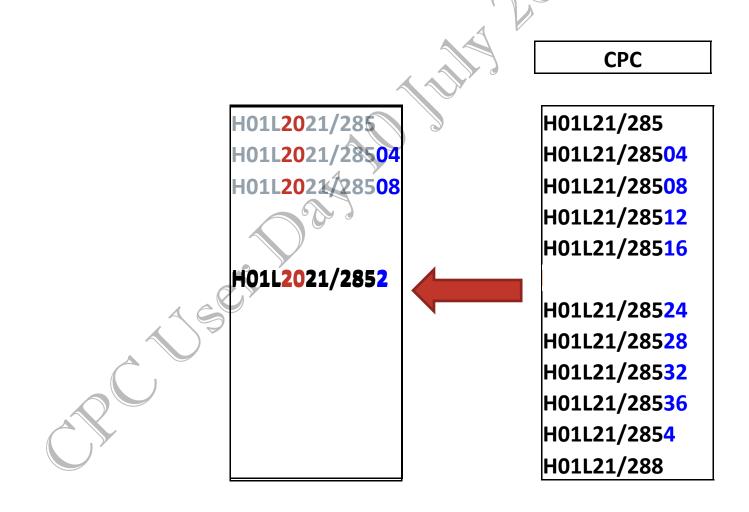






# CPC renumbering algorithm (6)

Rebuild hierarchical structure and grey out mirrored symbols







#### **ECLA**

## A22C11/00

Sausage making [N: (chemical aspects A23L1/31);
Apparatus for handling or conveying sausage products during manufacture]

A22C11/10

INV

• Apparatus for twisting
[N: or linking] sausages
[N: (subdividing filled flexible tubes to form packages, involving displacement of contents B65B9/12, by applying pressure and heat successively B65B51/26)

#### **Breakdown ICOs**

K22C11/00

Sausage making

K22C11/10

Apparatus for twisting sausages

ADD

K22C11/10A

for pinching and

twisting

K22C11/10A2 ••• and twisting in

opposite directions





#### **CPC Main Trunk**

A22C11/00

A22C11/10

INV /

ADD

Sausage making [N: (chemical aspects A23L1/31);
Apparatus for handling or conveying sausage products during manufacture]

• Apparatus for twisting [N: or linking] sausages [N: (subdividing filled flexible tubes to form packages, involving displacement of contents B65B9/12, by applying pressure and heat successively B65B51/26)

CPC 20XX area - Breakdown ICOs

A22C2011/10

Apparatus for twisting sausages

Dummy symbols greyed out - non-allocatable

A22C2011/104 •• for pinching and twisting

A22C2011/108 • • • and twisting in opposite directions

ADD





## **CPC** scheme renumbered

H01L21/285 Origin: H01L21/28504 ..... H01L21/28508 .... IPC H01L21/28512 ..... Classification H01L21/28516 ..... (INV/ADD) H01L21/28524 mirrored ICO H01L21/28528 . H01L21/28532 . ... H01L2021/2852 further breakdown ICO H01L2925/065 Indexing H01L2925/06504 (ADD) orthogonal ICO H01L2925/06508





#### **CPC Scheme and CPC Definitions**

- CPC = **one scheme** that also includes "indexing codes":
  - Currently ECLA and ICO schemes in use at the EPO;
  - USPC Cross reference collections and digests in Y section;
  - In CPC all symbols belong to a single scheme but differentiate by use and scope;
  - Resembles the current IPC practice.
- For search purposes:
  - CPC invention information
  - CPC additional information





#### **CPC** Revision

- From 1 January 2013 onwards CPC jointly administered by the EPO and USPTO
  - => **Joint decisions** to amend the CPC scheme and definitions
    - There must be an EPO-USPTO agreement to start revision project
    - Reclassification shared between USPTO-EPO (50%-50% overall)
- Maintenance and revision projects
  - Maintenance projects WHEN there is no change in scope, it is for the scheme or definitions. "Fast procedure" used.
  - Revision projects WHEN there is change in scope, i.e., reclassification needed or scheme and definitions are changed
- CPC monthly updates





## **CPC** Quality Assurance

- Correctness
- Completeness
- Consistency

<u>Correctness</u> and <u>completeness</u> are assessed in terms of what's documented in the **scheme and Definitions** 

Consistency requires comparison between Offices

Quality assurance from 2013 onwards





## **CPC** Training

Themes	Target Groups	
	USPTO examiners	Public Users
CPC scheme and numbering		
Joint revision & maintenance (scheme and definitions)		
Quality Assurance		
Search Tools	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>





# 2. CPC Commercial Products

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## USPTO CPC Commercial Products in 2013, what to expect?

- XML ST. 36 (ICE) v4.2 (a.k.a. Red Book)
  - Patent Grant Data
  - Patent Application
- Multi-Page Images and Single-Page Images (a.k.a. Yellow Book)
  - Patent Grant
  - Patent Application Publication
- USPTO Classification Information
- EPO Products





#### **USPTO Classification Information**

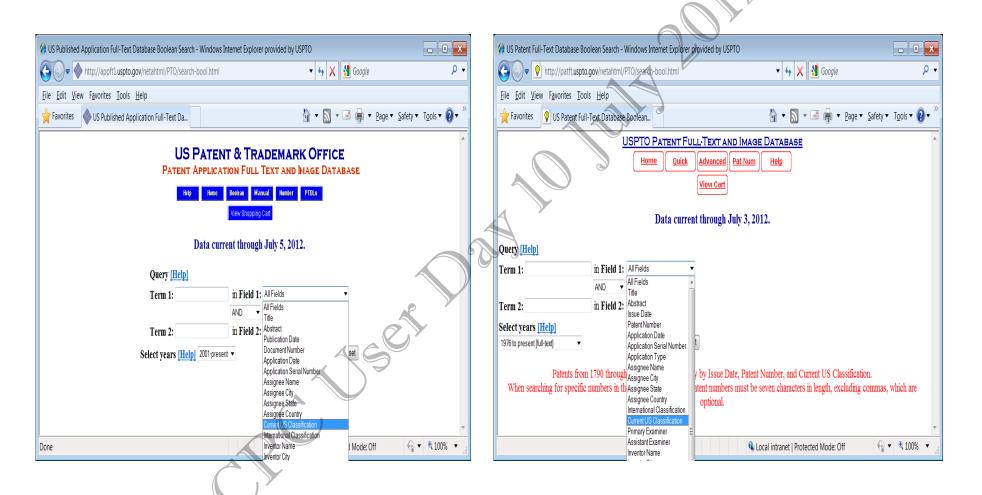
The following Current Patent Classification Information are available:

- •U.S. Master Classification File (MCF) Patent Grant (Patent Grant Sequence)
- •U.S. Master Classification File (MCF) Patent Grant (Classification Sequence)
- •U.S. Master Classification File (MCF) Patent Application
- •U.S. Manual of Classification File
- •Index to U.S. Patent Classification (a.k.a., Classification Index File)
- •U.S. Classification Definitions
- •U.S. Classification Orders Index (COL)
- •U.S. Patent Classification (USPC) to International Patent Classification (IPC) Concordance
- > Some of these products will have a CPC equivalent product.





#### **USPTO Search Tools**



> Search tools will have CPC search in January 2013





#### **CPC Scheme**

CPC COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION

CRIMPING OR CURLING FIBRES, FILAMENTS, THREADS, OR YARNS

YARNS OR THREADS

**NOTE** 

Attention is drawn to the note following the title of class D02

Guide heading:

**D**02**G** 

D02G1/00 Producing crimped or curled fibres, filaments, yarns, or threads, giving them latent

characteristics (yarns per se D02G3/00; during formation of artificial filaments, threads,

or the like D01D5/22; general aspects of chemical treatment D06M)

NOTE

In the field of this group, the terms "texturing" or "texturising" encompass curling and

crimping

D02G1/002 . [by knitting, weaving or tufting, fixing and then unravelling]

D02G1/004 . [by heating fibres, filaments, yarns or threads so as to create a temperature gradient

across their diameter, thereby imparting them latent asymmetrical shrinkage

properties]

D02G1/006 . [by impinging the yain against an uneven surface and thereby deforming it]

D02G1/008 . [with provision for imparting irregular effects to the yarn]

D02G1/02 by twisting, fixing the twist and backtwisting, i.e. by imparting false twist

D02G1/0206 .. [by false-twisting]

D02G1/0213 ... [after drawing the yarn on the same machine]

D02G1/022 ... [while simultaneously drawing the yarn]

D02G1/0226 ... [multiple false-twisting]

D02G10233 ... [with real twist being imparted to the yarn before or after false-twisting]

D02G1/024 ... [with provision for imparting irregular effects to the yarn]

[at least some of the filaments being simultaneously broken or cut, (e.g. by

stretching or abrading)]

D02G1/0253 ... [while bonding at least some of the filaments or fibres together]

D02G1/026 ... [in the presence of a crimp finish]

D02G1/0266 ... [false-twisting machines]

D02G1/0273 .... [threading up and starting the false-twisting machine]





#### **CPC Scheme in XML**

```
- <class-scheme scheme-type="cpc" export-date="2012-07-05">
  - <classification-item level="5"
     <classification-symbol>D02G</classification-symbol>
   - <class-title>
     - <title-part>
         <text>CRIMPING OR CURLING FIBRES, FILAMENTS, THREADS, OR YARNS</text>
     - <title-part>
         <text>YARNS OR THREADS</text>
       </title-part>
     </class-title>
    - <notes-and-warnings>
     - <note type="note">
       - <note-paragraph>
          Attention is drawn to the note following the title of class
          <class-ref scheme="cpc">D02</class-ref>
         </note-paragraph>
       </note>
     </notes-and-warnings>
     <classification-item level="6">
       <classification-symbol>D02G1/00</classification-symbol>
       <class-title />
      <classification-item level="7" additional-only="0">
         <classification-symbol>D02G1/00</classification-symbol>
       - <class-title>
         - <title-part>
            <text>Producing crimped or curled fibres, filaments, yarns, or threads, giving them latent characteristics</text>
          - <explanation>
            - <text>
                yarns per se
                <class-ref scheme="cpc">D02G3/00</class-ref>
                ; during formation of artificial filaments, threads, or the like
                <class-ref scheme="cpc">D01D5/22</class-ref>
                ; general aspects of chemical treatment
                <class-ref scheme="cpc">D06M</class-ref>
              </text>
            </explanation>
            </comment>
          </title-part>
         </class-title>
         <classification-item level="11" additional-only="0">
          <classification-symbol>D02G1/0273</classification-symbol>
         - <class-title>
           - <title-part>
                <text>threading up and starting the false-twisting machine</text>
              </comment>
            </title-part>
          </class-title>
         </classification-item
       </classification-item
     </classification-item>
     <classification-item level="9" additional-only="0">
      <classification-symbol>D02G1/028</classification-symbol>
     - <class-title>
       - <title-part
         - <comment</p>
            <text>by twisting or false-twisting at least two filaments, yarns or threads, fixing the twist and separating the
              filaments, yarns or threads</text>
```



#### **CPC** Definition

#### D02G

CRIMPING OR CURLING FIBRES, FILAMENTS, THREADS, OR YARNS; YARNS OR THREADS

#### **Definition statement**

This subclass covers

the post treatment of fibres and filaments (usually synthetic) to give them a structure more like natural fibres i.e. crimped or curled to make them easier to work with during further processing.

#### Relationship between large subject matter areas

D02G3/00 covers the making of yams or threads, e.g. faircy yarns; processes or apparatus for the production. D02G concerns treatments before this stage.

#### References relevant to classification in this subclass

This subclass does not cover:

Unwinding, paying-out, forwarding, winding or coiling filamentary material not intimately associated with spinning or twisting	B65H
Cores, formers, supports or holders for coiled or wound material, e.g. bobbins	B65H
Mechanical methods or apparatus in the manufacture of artificial filaments, threads, fibres, bristles, or ribbons	D01D
Chemical features in the manufacture of artificial filaments, threads, fibres, bristles, or ribbons; apparatus specially adapted for the manufacture of carbon filaments	D01F
Twisting oakum	D01G35/00
Spinning or twisting	D01H
Yarns or threads, e.g. fancy yarns; Processes or apparatus for the production thereof	D02G3/00
Making chenille	D03D, D04D3/00
General aspects of chemical treatment	D06M
/testing yarns, rovings, slivers, fibres, or fibre webs	G01

#### Special rules of classification within this subclass

The "common rule" applies in each of the subgroups





#### **CPC Definition in XML**

```
- <list>
 - <cpc-definitions-subclass symbol="D02G">
   - <cpc-definition cpc="D02G">
       <definition-title>CRIMPING OR CURLING FIBRES, FILAMENTS, THREADS, ORYARNS; YARNS OR THREADS</definition-title>
     - <definition-statement>
        <term-text>Definition statement</term-text>
      - <definition-case>
          <sub-paragraph>This subclass covers:</sub-paragraph>
          <paragraph-text>the post treatment of fibres and filaments (usually synthetic) to give them a structure more like natural
            fibres i.e. crimped or curled to make them easier to work with during further processing.
        </definition-case>
       </definition-statement>
     - <references>
        <term-text>This subclass does not cover:</term-text>
        <sub-heading>References relevant to classification in this subclass</sub-heading>
      + <reference-table>
       </references>
     - <special-rules>
        <sub-paragraph>Special rules of classification within this subclass</sub-paragraph>
        <paragraph-text>The "common rule" applies in each of the subgroups/paragraph-text>
       </special-rules>
     - <glossary-of-terms>
        <term-text>In this subclass, the following terms (or expressions) are used with the meaning indicated:</term-text>
      - <term-row>
          <paragraph-text>Fibre</paragraph-text>
          <term>a relatively-short, elongated member of natural or artificial material.</term>
        </term-row>
      - <term-row>
          <paragraph-text>Filament</paragraph-text>
          <term>an endless or quasi-endless, elongated member of natural or artificial material.</term>
        </term-row>
      - <term-row>
          <paragraph_text>Yarn</paragraph-text>
          <term>a unitary assembly of fibres, usually produced by spinning.</term>
        </term-row>
       - <term-row>
          <paragraph-text>Thread</paragraph-text>
           torm an accomply of varne or filamente, usually produced by twicting //torm
```





# 3. Where to find CPC Scheme for Early Adopters





## Where to find CPC Scheme for Early Adopters

Common CPC website

http://www.cpcinfo.org/index.html

USPTO website

http://www.uspto.gov/patents/resources/classification/index.jsp

http://www.uspto.gov/web/patents/classification/

EPO website

http://www.epo.org/