

ECLA**EUROPEAN CLASSIFICATION****C10G**

CRACKING HYDROCARBON OILS; PRODUCTION OF LIQUID HYDROCARBON MIXTURES, e.g. BY DESTRUCTIVE HYDROGENATION, OLIGOMERISATION, POLYMERISATION (cracking to hydrogen or synthesis gas C01B; cracking or pyrolysis of hydrocarbon gases to individual hydrocarbons or mixtures thereof of definite or specific constitution C07C; cracking to cokes C10B); RECOVERY OF HYDROCARBON OILS FROM OIL-SHALE, OIL-SAND, OR GASES; REFINING MIXTURES MAINLY CONSISTING OF HYDROCARBONS; REFORMING OF NAPHTHA; MINERAL WAXES (inhibiting corrosion or incrustation in general C23F) [C9506]

[N: **WARNING**
[C9809]

- 1.
2. The following IPC groups are not used in the internal ECLA classification system. Subject matter covered by these groups is classified in the following ECLA groups:

C10G73/23 covered by C10G73/06
Groups C10G2/30 to C10G2/50 do not correspond to former or current IPC groups.
The concordance ECLA : IPC is as follows:
- C10G2/30 - C01G2/50 : C10G2/00

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Notes

1. In this subclass,
 - groups C10G9/00 to C10G49/00 are limited to one-step processes;
 - combined or multi-step processes are covered by groups C10G51/00 to C10G69/00;
 - refining or recovery of mineral waxes is covered by group C10G73/00.
2. In this subclass, the following terms or expressions are used with the meanings indicated:
 - "in the presence of hydrogen" or "in the absence of hydrogen" mean treatments in which hydrogen, in free form or as hydrogen generating compounds, is added, or not added, respectively;
 - "hydrotreatment" is used for conversion processes as defined in group C10G45/00 or group C10G47/00;
 - "hydrocarbon oils" covers mixtures of hydrocarbons such as tar oils or mineral oils.
3. In this subclass, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, classification is made in the last appropriate place.

C10G1/00

Production of liquid hydrocarbon mixtures from oil-shale, oil-sand, or non-melting solid carbonaceous or similar materials, e.g. wood, coal (mechanical winning of oil from oil-shales, oil-sand, or the like B03B)

- C10G1/00B . [N: in combination with oil conversion- or refining processes]
- C10G1/00C . [N: Inhibiting of corrosion]
- C10G1/00D . [N: Combinations of processes provided in groups [C10G1/02](#) to [C10G1/08](#)]
- C10G1/00R . [N: Controlling or regulating of liquefaction processes (controlling or regulation in general [G05](#))]
- C10G1/02 . by distillation (destructive distillation of oil-shale [C10B53/06](#))
- C10G1/04 . by extraction
- C10G1/04B . . [N: by the use of hydrogen-donor solvents]
- C10G1/04E . . [N: Separation of insoluble materials]
- C10G1/04W . . [N: Hot water or cold water extraction processes]
- C10G1/06 . by destructive hydrogenation
- C10G1/06B . . [N: in the presence of a solvent]
- C10G1/08 . with moving catalysts
- C10G1/08B . . [N: in the presence of a solvent]
- C10G1/08D . . [N: Characterised by the catalyst used]
- C10G1/10 . from rubber or rubber waste
- C10G2/00 Production of liquid hydrocarbon mixtures of undefined composition from oxides of carbon**
- C10G2/30 . [N: from carbon monoxide with hydrogen] [N1204]
- C10G2/31 . . [N: thermal, non catalytic conversion] [N1204]
- C10G2/32 . . [N: with the use of catalysts] [N1204]
- C10G2/33 . . . [N: characterised by the catalyst used] [N1204]
- C10G2/331 [N: containing group VIII-metals] [N1204]
- C10G2/332 [N: of the iron-group] [N1204]
- C10G2/333 [N: of the platinum-group] [N1204]
- C10G2/334 [N: containing molecular sieve catalysts] [N1204]
- C10G2/34 . . . [N: Apparatus, reactors] [N1204]
- C10G2/341 [N: with stationary catalyst bed] [N1204]
- C10G2/342 [N: with moving solid catalysts] [N1204]
- C10G2/343 [N: according to the "moving-bed" method] [N1204]
- C10G2/344 [N: according to the "fluidised-bed" technique] [N1204]
- C10G2/35 . . [N: with the use of another activation, e.g. radiation, vibration, electrical or electromagnetic means] [N1204]
- C10G2/40 . [N: from carbon monoxide with water vapor] [N1204]
- C10G2/50 . [N: from carbon dioxide with hydrogen] [N1204]

C10G3/00	Production of liquid hydrocarbon mixtures from oxygen-containing or organic materials, e.g. fatty oils, fatty acids (production from non-melting solid oxygen-containing carbonaceous materials C10G1/00; preparation of individual hydrocarbons or mixtures thereof of definite or specified contribution C07C) [C9506] [N: WARNING [N1111] 1. Groups C10G3/40 to C10G3/62 are not complete pending a reorganization. See also C10G3/00 2. Groups C10G3/40 to C10G3/62 do not correspond to former or current IPC groups. Concordance ECLA : IPC for these groups is as follows: - C10G3/40 - 3/62 : C10G3/00]
C10G3/40	. [N: Thermal non-catalytic treatment] [N1111]
C10G3/42	. [N: Catalytic treatment] [N1111]
C10G3/44	. . [N: characterised by the catalyst used] [N1111]
C10G3/45	. . . [N: containing iron group metals or compounds thereof] [N1111]
C10G3/46 [N: in combination with chromium, molybdenum, tungsten metals or compounds thereof] [N1111]
C10G3/47	. . . [N: containing platinum group metals or compounds thereof] [N1111]
C10G3/48	. . . [N: further characterised by the catalyst support] [N1111]
C10G3/49 [N: containing crystalline aluminosilicates, e.g. molecular sieves] [N1111]
C10G3/50	. [N: in the presence of hydrogen, hydrogen donors or hydrogen generating compounds] [N1111]
C10G3/52	. . [N: Hydrogen in a special composition or from a special source] [N1111]
C10G3/54	. [N: characterised by the catalytic bed] [N1111]
C10G3/55	. . [N: with moving solid particles, e.g. moving beds] [N1111]
C10G3/56	. . . [N: suspended in the oil, e.g. slurries, ebullated beds] [N1111]
C10G3/57	. . . [N: according to the fluidised bed technique] [N1111]
C10G3/60	. [N: Controlling or regulating the process (controlling or regulating in general G05)] [N1111]
C10G3/62	. [N: Catalyst regeneration (regeneration or reactivation of catalysts in general B01J38/00)] [N1111]
C10G5/00	Recovery of liquid hydrocarbon mixtures from gases, e.g. natural gas
C10G5/02	. with solid adsorbents
C10G5/04	. with liquid absorbents
C10G5/06	. by cooling or compressing
C10G7/00	Distillation of hydrocarbon oils (distillation in general B01D)
C10G7/00L	. [N: distillation of lubricating oils]

- C10G7/00P . [N: of waste oils other than lubricating oils, e.g. PCB's containing oils] [N0403]
- C10G7/02 . Stabilising gasoline by removing gases by fractioning
- C10G7/04 . Dewatering
- C10G7/06 . Vacuum distillation
- C10G7/08 . Azeotropic or extractive distillation(refining of hydrocarbon oils, in the absence of hydrogen, by extraction with selective solvents [C10G21/00](#))
- C10G7/10 . Inhibiting corrosion during distillation [C9506]
- C10G7/12 . Controlling or regulating (controlling or regulating in general [G05](#))

Guide heading: **Cracking in the absence of hydrogen**

C10G9/00 **Thermal non-catalytic cracking, in the absence of hydrogen, of hydrocarbon oils**

- C10G9/00C . [N: Cooling of cracked gases]
- C10G9/00L . [N: Coking (in order to produce liquid products mainly)]
- C10G9/00V . [N: Visbreaking]
- C10G9/02 . in retorts
- C10G9/04 . . Retorts
- C10G9/06 . by pressure distillation
- C10G9/08 . . Apparatus therefor
- C10G9/12 . . . Removing incrustation
- C10G9/14 . in pipes or coils with or without auxiliary means, e.g. digesters, soaking drums, expansion means
- C10G9/16 . . Preventing or removing incrustation
- C10G9/18 . . Apparatus
- C10G9/20 . . . Tube furnaces
- C10G9/20M [N: chemical composition of the tubes]
- C10G9/20R [N: controlling or regulating the tube furnaces]
- C10G9/24 . by heating with electrical means
- C10G9/26 . with discontinuously preheated non-moving solid material, e.g. blast and run
- C10G9/28 . with preheated moving solid material
- C10G9/30 . . according to the "moving bed" method
- C10G9/32 . . according to the "fluidised-bed" technique

- C10G9/34 . by direct contact with inert preheated fluids, e.g. with molten metals or salts
- C10G9/36 . . with heated gases or vapours
- C10G9/38 . . . produced by partial combustion of the material to be cracked or by combustion of another hydrocarbon
- C10G9/40 . by indirect contact with preheated fluid other than hot combustion gases
- C10G9/42 . by passing the material to be cracked in thin streams or as spray on or near continuously heated surfaces

C10G11/00 Catalytic cracking, in the absence of hydrogen, of hydrocarbon oils ([cracking in direct contact with molten metals or salts C10G9/34](#))

- C10G11/02 . characterised by the catalyst used
- C10G11/04 . . Oxides
- C10G11/05 . . . Crystalline aluminosilicates, e.g. molecular sieves
- C10G11/06 . . Sulfides
- C10G11/08 . . Halides
- C10G11/10 . with stationary catalyst bed
- C10G11/12 . with discontinuously preheated non-moving solid catalysts, e.g. blast and run
- C10G11/14 . with preheated moving solid catalysts
- C10G11/16 . . according to the "moving bed" method
- C10G11/18 . . according to the "fluidised-bed" technique
- C10G11/18A . . . [N: Regeneration]
- C10G11/18B . . . [N: Energy recovery from regenerator effluent gases (using steam turbines, see [F01K23/06C](#); using gas turbines, see [F01K25/14](#); the combined use of gas and steam turbines, see [F01K3/18C](#))]
- C10G11/18R . . . [N: Controlling or regulating (controlling or regulating in general [G05](#))]
- C10G11/20 . by direct contact with inert heated gases or vapours
- C10G11/22 . . produced by partial combustion of the material to be cracked

C10G15/00 Cracking of hydrocarbon oils by electric means, electromagnetic or mechanical vibrations, by particle radiation or with gases superheated in electric arcs

- C10G15/08 . by electric means or by electromagnetic or mechanical vibrations
- C10G15/10 . by particle radiation
- C10G15/12 . with gases superheated in an electric arc, e.g. plasma

Guide heading: **Refining in the absence of hydrogen**

C10G17/00 Refining of hydrocarbon oils in the absence of hydrogen, with acids, acid-forming compounds or acid-containing liquids, e.g. acid sludge

- C10G17/02 . with acids or acid-containing liquids, e.g. acid sludge
- C10G17/04 . . Liquid-liquid treatment forming two immiscible phases
- C10G17/06 . . . using acids derived from sulfur or acid sludge thereof
- C10G17/07 . . . using halogen acids or oxyacids of halogen ([acids generating halogen C10G27/02](#))
- C10G17/08 . with acid-forming oxides ([refining with CO2 or SO2 as a selective solvent C10G21/06](#))
- C10G17/085 . . with oleum
- C10G17/09 . with acid salts
- C10G17/095 . with "solid acids" e.g. phosphoric acid deposited on a carrier
- C10G17/10 . recovery of used refining agents
- C10G19/00 Refining hydrocarbon oils in the absence of hydrogen, by alkaline treatment**
- C10G19/02 . with aqueous alkaline solutions
- C10G19/04 . . containing solubilisers, e.g. solutisers
- C10G19/06 . . with plumbites or plumbates
- C10G19/067 . with molten alkaline material
- C10G19/073 . with solid alkaline material
- C10G19/08 . Recovery of used refining agents
- C10G21/00 Refining of hydrocarbon oils in the absence of hydrogen, by extraction with selective solvents ([C10G17/00](#), [C10G19/00](#) take precedence; dewaxing oils [C10G73/02](#))**
- C10G21/00A . [\[N: Solvent de-asphalting\]](#)
- C10G21/00P . [\[N: of waste oils, e.g. PCB's containing oils\] \[N0403\]](#)
- C10G21/02 . with two or more solvents, which are introduced or withdrawn separately
- C10G21/04 . . by introducing simultaneously at least two immiscible solvents counter-current to each other
- C10G21/06 . characterised by the solvent used
- C10G21/08 . . Inorganic compounds only
- C10G21/10 . . . Sulfur dioxide
- C10G21/12 . . Organic compounds only
- C10G21/14 . . . Hydrocarbons
- C10G21/16 . . . Oxygen-containing compounds
- C10G21/18 . . . Halogen-containing compounds
- C10G21/20 . . . Nitrogen-containing compounds

- C10G21/22 . . . Compounds containing sulfur, selenium, or tellurium
- C10G21/24 . . . Phosphorus-containing compounds
- C10G21/26 . . . Silicon-containing compounds
- C10G21/27 . . . Organic compounds not provided for in a single one of groups [C10G21/14](#) to [C10G21/26](#)

C10G21/28 . Recovery of used solvent

C10G21/30 . Controlling or regulating ([controlling or regulating in general G05](#))

C10G25/00 Refining of hydrocarbon oils in the absence of hydrogen, with solid sorbents

Note

[N0408] When classifying in this group, classification is also made in group [B01D15/08](#) insofar as subject matter of general interest relating to chromatography is concerned.

C10G25/00B . [N: Specific sorbent material, not covered by [C10G25/02](#) or [C10G25/03](#)]

C10G25/00P . [N: of waste oils, e.g. PCB's containing oils] [N0403]

C10G25/02 . with ion-exchange material

C10G25/03 . . with crystalline alumino-silicates, e.g. molecular sieves

C10G25/05 . . . Removal of non-hydrocarbon compounds, e.g. sulfur compounds

C10G25/06 . with moving sorbents or sorbents dispersed in the oil

C10G25/08 . . according to the "moving bed" method

C10G25/09 . . according to the "fluidised bed" technique

C10G25/11 . . Distillation in the presence of moving sorbents

C10G25/12 . Recovery of used adsorbent

C10G27/00 Refining of hydrocarbon oils in the absence of hydrogen, by oxidation

C10G27/02 . with halogen or compounds generating halogen; hypochlorous acid or salts thereof

C10G27/04 . with oxygen or compounds generating oxygen

C10G27/06 . . in the presence of alkaline solutions

C10G27/08 . . in the presence of copper chloride

C10G27/10 . . in the presence of metal-containing organic complexes, e.g. chelates, or cationic ion-exchange resins

C10G27/12 . . with oxygen-generating compounds, e.g. per-compounds, chromic acid, chromates ([plumbites or plumbates C10G19/06](#))

C10G27/14 . . with ozone-containing gases

C10G29/00 Refining of hydrocarbon oils in the absence of hydrogen, with other chemicals

C10G29/02 . Non-metals

- C10G29/04 . Metals, or metals deposited on a carrier
- C10G29/06 . Metal salts, or metal salts deposited on a carrier
- C10G29/08 . . containing the metal in the lower valency
- C10G29/10 . . Sulfides
- C10G29/12 . . Halides
- C10G29/16 . Metal oxides
- C10G29/20 . Organic compounds not containing metal atoms
- C10G29/20B . . [N: by reaction with hydrocarbons added to the hydrocarbon oil]
- C10G29/22 . . containing oxygen as the only hetero atom
- C10G29/24 . . . aldehydes or ketones
- C10G29/26 . . halogenated hydrocarbons
- C10G29/28 . . containing sulfur as the only hetero atom, e.g. mercaptans, or sulfur and oxygen as the only hetero atoms

- C10G31/00** **Refining of hydrocarbon oils in the absence of hydrogen, by methods not otherwise provided for (by distillation [C10G7/00](#))**
- C10G31/06 . by heating, cooling, or pressure treatment
- C10G31/08 . by treating with water
- C10G31/09 . by filtration
- C10G31/10 . with the aid of centrifugal force
- C10G31/11 . by dialysis

- C10G32/00** **Refining of hydrocarbons oils by electric or magnetic means, by irradiation or by using microorganisms**
- C10G32/02 . by electric or magnetic means
- C10G32/04 . by particle radiation

- C10G33/00** **Dewatering or demulsification of hydrocarbon oils (by distillation [C10G7/04](#))**
- C10G33/02 . with electrical or magnetic means
- C10G33/04 . with chemical means
- C10G33/06 . with mechanical means, e.g. by filtration
- C10G33/08 . Controlling or regulating ([controlling or regulating in general \[G05\]\(#\)](#))

- C10G35/00** **Reforming naphtha**

Note

By reforming is meant the treatment of naphtha, in order to improve the octane number or its aromatic content.

- C10G35/02 . Thermal reforming
- C10G35/04 . Catalytic reforming
- C10G35/06 . . characterised by the catalyst used
- C10G35/06D . . . [N: containing crystalline zeolitic molecular sieves, other than aluminosilicates]
- C10G35/085 . . . containing platinum group metals or compounds thereof
- C10G35/09 bimetallic catalysts in which at least one of the metals is a platinum group metal
- C10G35/095 . . . containing crystalline alumino-silicates, e.g. molecular sieves [N: (C10G35/06D takes precedence)]
- C10G35/10 . . with moving catalysts
- C10G35/12 . . . according to the "moving-bed" method
- C10G35/14 . . . according to the "fluidised-bed" technique
- C10G35/16 . with electric, electromagnetic, or mechanical vibrations; by particle radiation
- C10G35/22 . Starting-up reforming operations
- C10G35/24 . Controlling or regulating of reforming operations (controlling or regulating in general G05)

Guide heading: **Hydrotreatment processes** (reforming of naphtha C10G35/00)

C10G45/00 Refining of hydrocarbon oils using hydrogen or hydrogen-generating compounds

Note

Treatment of hydrocarbon oils in the presence of hydrogen-generating compounds not provided for in a single one of groups [C10G45/02](#), [C10G45/32](#), [C10G45/44](#) or [C10G45/58](#) is provided for in group [C10G49/00](#).

- C10G45/02 . to eliminate hetero atoms without changing the skeleton of the hydrocarbon involved and without cracking into lower boiling hydrocarbons; Hydrofinishing
- C10G45/04 . . characterised by the catalyst used
- C10G45/06 . . . containing nickel or cobalt metal, or compounds thereof
- C10G45/08 in combination with chromium, molybdenum, or tungsten metals, or compounds thereof
- C10G45/10 . . . containing platinum group metals or compounds thereof
- C10G45/12 . . . containing crystalline alumino-silicates, e.g. molecular sieves
- C10G45/14 . . with moving solid particles
- C10G45/16 . . . suspended in the oil, e.g. slurries
- C10G45/18 . . . according to the "moving-bed" technique

C10G45/20	. . . according to the "fluidised-bed" technique
C10G45/22	. . with hydrogen dissolved or suspended in the oil
C10G45/24	. . with hydrogen-generating compounds
C10G45/26	. . . Steam or water
C10G45/28	. . . Organic compounds; Autofining
C10G45/30 characterised by the catalyst used
C10G45/32	. Selective hydrogenation of the diolefin or acetylene compounds
C10G45/34	. . characterised by the catalyst used
C10G45/36	. . . containing nickel or cobalt metal, or compounds thereof
C10G45/38 in combination with chromium, molybdenum or tungsten metals, or compounds thereof
C10G45/40	. . . containing platinum group metals or compounds thereof
C10G45/42	. . with moving solid particles
C10G45/44	. Hydrogenation of the aromatic hydrocarbons
C10G45/46	. . characterised by the catalyst used
C10G45/48	. . . containing nickel or cobalt metal, or compounds thereof
C10G45/50 in combination with chromium, molybdenum or tungsten metal, or compounds thereof
C10G45/52	. . . containing platinum group metals or compounds thereof
C10G45/54	. . . containing crystalline alumino-silicates, e.g. molecular sieves
C10G45/56	. . with moving solid particles
C10G45/58	. to change the structural skeleton of some of the hydrocarbon content without cracking the other hydrocarbons present, e.g. lowering pour point; Selective hydrocracking of normal paraffins (C10G32/00 takes precedence; improving or increasing the octane number or aromatic content of naphtha C10G35/00)
C10G45/60	. . characterised by the catalyst used
C10G45/62	. . . containing platinum group metals or compounds thereof
C10G45/64	. . . containing crystalline alumino-silicates, e.g. molecular sieves
C10G45/66	. . with moving solid particles
C10G45/68	. . Aromatisation of hydrocarbon oil fractions (of naphtha C10G35/00)
C10G45/70	. . . with catalysts containing platinum group metals or compounds thereof
C10G45/72	. Controlling or regulating (controlling or regulating in general G05)
C10G47/00	Cracking of hydrocarbon oils in the presence of hydrogen or hydrogen generating compounds, to obtain lower boiling fractions, (C10G15/00 takes precedence; destructive hydrogenation of non-melting solid carbonaceous or similar materials C10G1/06)
C10G47/02	. characterised by the catalyst used
C10G47/04	. . Oxides
C10G47/06	. . Sulfides
C10G47/08	. . Halides

- C10G47/10 . . with catalysts deposited on a carrier
- C10G47/12 . . . Inorganic carriers
- C10G47/14 the catalyst containing platinum group metals or compounds thereof
- C10G47/16 Crystalline alumino-silicate carriers
- C10G47/18 the catalyst containing platinum group metals or compounds thereof
- C10G47/20 the catalyst containing other metals or compounds thereof

- C10G47/22 . Non-catalytic cracking in the presence of hydrogen

- C10G47/24 . with moving solid particles
- C10G47/26 . . suspended in the oil, e.g. slurries
- C10G47/28 . . according to the "moving-bed" technique
- C10G47/30 . . according to the "fluidised-bed" technique

- C10G47/32 . in the presence of hydrogen-generating compounds
- C10G47/34 . . Organic compounds, e.g. hydrogenated hydrocarbons

- C10G47/36 . Controlling or regulating ([controlling or regulating in general G05](#))

- C10G49/00** **Treatment of hydrocarbon oils in the presence of hydrogen or hydrogen-generating compounds, not provided for in a single one of the groups [C10G45/02](#), [C10G45/32](#), [C10G45/44](#), [C10G45/58](#) or [C10G47/00](#)**

- C10G49/00B . [[N: Apparatus for fixed bed hydrotreatment processes](#)]
- C10G49/00C . [[N: Inhibiting corrosion in hydrotreatment processes](#)]
- C10G49/00H . [[N: in the presence of hydrogen from a special source or of a special composition or having been purified by a special treatment](#)]

- C10G49/02 . characterised by the catalyst used
- C10G49/04 . . containing nickel, cobalt, chromium, molybdenum, or tungsten metals, or compounds thereof
- C10G49/06 . . containing platinum group metals or compounds thereof
- C10G49/08 . . containing crystalline alumino-silicates, e.g. molecular sieves

- C10G49/10 . with moving solid particles
- C10G49/12 . . suspended in the oil, e.g. slurries
- C10G49/14 . . according to the "moving-bed" technique
- C10G49/16 . . according to the "fluidised-bed" technique

- C10G49/18 . in the presence of hydrogen-generating compounds, e.g. ammonia, water, hydrogen sulfide
- C10G49/20 . . Organic compounds

- C10G49/22 . Separation of effluents

- C10G49/24 . Starting-up hydrotreatment operations

C10G49/26 . Controlling or regulating ([controlling or regulating in general G05](#))

C10G50/00 **Production of liquid hydrocarbon mixtures from lower carbon number hydrocarbons, e.g. by oligomerisation** ([preparation of individual hydrocarbons or mixtures thereof of definite or specified constitution C07C](#)) [[N9506](#)]

C10G50/02 . of hydrocarbon oils for lubricating purposes [[N9506](#)]

Guide heading: **Multi-step processes**

Note

Groups [C10G51/00](#) to [C10G69/00](#) cover only those combined treating operations where the interest is directed to the relationship between the steps.

C10G51/00 **Treatment of hydrocarbon oils in the absence of hydrogen, by two or more cracking processes only**

C10G51/02 . plural serial stages only

C10G51/02B . . [[N: only thermal cracking steps](#)]

C10G51/02D . . [[N: only catalytic cracking steps](#)]

C10G51/04 . . including only thermal and catalytic cracking steps

C10G51/06 . plural parallel stages only

C10G53/00 **Treatment of hydrocarbon oils in the absence of hydrogen, by two or more refining processes**

C10G53/02 . plural serial stages only

C10G53/04 . . including at least one extraction step

C10G53/06 . . . including only extraction steps, e.g. deasphalting by solvent treatment followed by extraction of aromatics ([refining in one step with two or more solvents which are introduced or withdrawn separately C10G21/02](#))

C10G53/08 . . including at least one sorption step

C10G53/10 . . including at least one acid-treatment step

C10G53/12 . . including at least one alkaline treatment step

C10G53/14 . . including at least one oxidation step

C10G53/16 . plural parallel stages only

C10G55/00 **Treatment of hydrocarbon oils in the absence of hydrogen, by at least one refining process and at least one cracking process**

C10G55/02 . plural serial stages only

C10G55/04 . . including at least one thermal cracking step

C10G55/06 . . including at least one catalytic cracking step

C10G55/08 . plural parallel stages only

C10G57/00	Treatment of hydrocarbon oils in the absence of the hydrogen, by at least one cracking process or refining process and at least one other conversion process
C10G57/00B	. [N: with alkylation]
C10G57/02	. with polymerisation
C10G59/00	Treatment of naphtha by two or more reforming processes only or by at least one reforming process and at least one process which does not substantially change the boiling range of the naphtha
C10G59/02	. plural serial stages only
C10G59/04	. . including at least one catalytic and at least one non-catalytic reforming step
C10G59/06	. plural parallel stages only
C10G61/00	Treatment of naphtha by at least one reforming process and at least one process of refining in the absence of hydrogen
C10G61/02	. plural serial stages only
C10G61/04	. . the refining step being an extraction
C10G61/06	. . the refining step being a sorption process
C10G61/08	. plural parallel stages only
C10G61/10	. processes also including other conversion steps
C10G63/00	Treatment of naphtha by at least one reforming process and at least one other conversion process (C10G59/00, C10G61/00 take precedence)
C10G63/02	. plural serial stages only
C10G63/04	. . including at least one cracking step
C10G63/06	. plural parallel stages only
C10G63/08	. . including at least one cracking step
C10G65/00	Treatment of hydrocarbon oils by two or more hydrotreatment processes only
C10G65/02	. plural serial stages only
C10G65/04	. . including only refining steps
C10G65/04D	. . . [N: at least one step being a change in the structural skeleton]
C10G65/04F	. . . [N: at least one step being an aromatisation step]
C10G65/06	. . . at least one step being a selective hydrogenation of the diolefins
C10G65/08	. . . at least one step being a hydrogenation of the aromatic hydrocarbons
C10G65/10	. . including only cracking steps

C10G65/12 . . including cracking steps and other hydrotreatment steps

C10G65/14 . plural parallel stages only

C10G65/16 . . including only refining steps

C10G65/18 . . including only cracking steps

C10G67/00 Treatment of hydrocarbon oils by at least one hydrotreatment process and at least one process for refining in the absence of hydrogen only

C10G67/02 . plural serial stages only

C10G67/04 . . including solvent extraction as the refining step in the absence of hydrogen

C10G67/04D . . . [N: Extraction of unsaturated hydrocarbons]

C10G67/04D2 [N: The hydrotreatment being a hydrorefining]

C10G67/04D4 [N: The hydrotreatment being a selective hydrogenation of diolefins or acetylenes]

C10G67/04D6 [N: The hydrotreatment being an aromatic saturation]

C10G67/04D12 [N: The hydrotreatment being a hydrocracking]

C10G67/04F . . . [N: Solvent desasphalting]

C10G67/04F2 [N: The hydrotreatment being a hydrorefining]

C10G67/04F4 [N: The hydrotreatment being a selective hydrogenation of diolefines or acetylenes]

C10G67/04F6 [N: The hydrotreatment being an aromatics saturation]

C10G67/04F12 [N: The hydrotreatment being a hydrocracking]

C10G67/06 . . including a sorption process as the refining step in the absence of hydrogen

C10G67/08 . . including acid treatment as the refining step in the absence of hydrogen

C10G67/10 . . including alkaline treatment as the refining step in the absence of hydrogen

C10G67/12 . . including oxidation as the refining step in the absence of hydrogen

C10G67/14 . . including at least two different refining steps in the absence of hydrogen

C10G67/16 . plural parallel stages only

C10G69/00 Treatment of hydrocarbon oils by at least one hydrotreatment process and at least one other conversion process ([C10G67/00](#) takes precedence)

C10G69/02 . plural serial stages only

C10G69/04 . . including at least one step of catalytic cracking in the absence of hydrogen

C10G69/06 . . including at least one step of thermal cracking in the absence of hydrogen

C10G69/08 . . including at least one step of reforming naphtha

C10G69/10 . . . hydrocracking of higher boiling fractions into naphtha and reforming the naphtha obtained

C10G69/12 . . including at least one polymerisation or alkylation step

C10G69/12A . . . [N: alkylation]

C10G69/12P . . . [N: polymerisation, e.g. oligomerisation]

C10G69/14 . plural parallel stages only

C10G70/00 Working-up undefined normally gaseous mixtures obtained by processes covered by groups [C10G9/00](#), [C10G11/00](#), [C10G15/00](#), [C10G47/00](#), [C10G51/00](#)

- C10G70/00B . [N: by forming adducts or complexes]
- C10G70/00B2 . . [N: with solutions of copper salts]
- C10G70/00D . [N: with the use of acids or sulfur oxides]
- C10G70/00F . [N: with the use of organometallic compounds]
- C10G70/02 . by hydrogenation
- C10G70/04 . by physical processes
- C10G70/04D . . [N: by distillation]
- C10G70/04D2 . . . [N: with the use of auxiliary compounds]
- C10G70/04E . . [N: by fractional condensation]
- C10G70/04K . . [N: by crystallisation]
- C10G70/04M . . [N: using membranes, e.g. selective permeation]
- C10G70/04P . . [N: by adsorption, i.e. with the use of solids]
- C10G70/04P2 . . . [N: by molecular sieve technique]
- C10G70/04T . . [N: by liquid-liquid extraction]
- C10G70/06 . . by gas-liquid contact

C10G71/00 Treatment by methods not otherwise provided for of hydrocarbon oils or fatty oils for lubricating purposes (by Fischer-Tropsch [C07C1/00](#); lubricating compositions [C10M](#))

- C10G71/02 . Thickening by voltolising (chemical modification of drying oils by voltolising [C09F7/04](#))

C10G73/00 Recovery or refining of mineral waxes, e.g. montan wax (compositions essentially based on waxes [C08L91/00](#))

- C10G73/02 . Recovery of petroleum waxes from hydrocarbon oils; Dewaxing of hydrocarbon oils
- C10G73/02F . . [N: by filtration]
- C10G73/04 . . with the use of filter aids
- C10G73/06 . . with the use of solvents
- C10G73/08 . . . Organic compounds
- C10G73/10 Hydrocarbons
- C10G73/12 Oxygen-containing compounds
- C10G73/14 Halogen-containing compounds
- C10G73/16 Nitrogen-containing compounds
- C10G73/18 containing sulfur, selenium or tellurium
- C10G73/20 containing phosphorus
- C10G73/22 Mixtures or organic compounds

- C10G73/24 . . . by formation of adducts
- C10G73/26 . . . by flotation
- C10G73/28 . . . by centrifugal force
- C10G73/30 . . . with electric means
- C10G73/32 . . . Methods of cooling during dewaxing
- C10G73/34 . . . Controlling or regulating ([controlling or regulating in general G05](#))

- C10G73/36 . Recovery of petroleum waxes from other compositions containing oil in minor proportions, from concentrates or from residues; De-oiling, sweating

- C10G73/38 . Chemical modification of petroleum

- C10G73/40 . Physical treatment of waxes or modified waxes, e.g. granulation, dispersion, emulsion, irradiation

- C10G73/42 . Refining of petroleum waxes
- C10G73/44 . . . in the presence of hydrogen or hydrogen-generating compounds

- C10G75/00** **Inhibiting corrosion or fouling in apparatus for treatment or conversion of hydrocarbon oils, in general** ([C10G7/10](#), [C10G9/16](#) take precedence; protection of pipes against corrosion or incrustation [F16L58/00](#)) [[N9611](#)]

- C10G75/02 . . by addition of corrosion inhibitors [[N9611](#)]
- C10G75/04 . . by addition of antifouling agents [[N9611](#)]

- C10G99/00** **Subject matter not provided for in other groups of this subclass** [[N0704](#)]