

ECLA**EUROPEAN CLASSIFICATION****H03J**

TUNING RESONANT CIRCUITS; SELECTING RESONANT CIRCUITS
 (indicating arrangements for measuring G01D; measuring, testing G01R; remote-control in general G05, G08; automatic control or stabilisation of generators H03L)

Note

This subclass covers also the control of tuning, including the combined control of tuning and other functions, e.g. combinations of tuning control and volume control, combinations of control of local oscillator and of supplementary resonant circuits.

H03J1/00

Details of adjusting, driving, indicating, or mechanical control arrangements for resonant circuits in general (machine elements in general [F16](#); coupling of knobs to shafts [F16D](#))

- H03J1/00A . [N: using a central processing unit, e.g. a microprocessor (digital tuning in general [H03J5/02C](#))]
- H03J1/00A1 . . [N: Indicating arrangements (digital indication of tuning in general [H03J1/04D1A](#))]
- H03J1/00A2 . . [N: in a remote control unit (remote control tuning in general [H03J9/00](#))]
- H03J1/00A3 . . [N: for voltage synthesis with a D/A converter]
- H03J1/00A4 . . [N: for frequency synthesis with counters or frequency dividers]
- H03J1/00A4B . . . [N: in a loop]
- H03J1/00A5 . . [N: provided with channel identification means (arrangements for monitoring the use made of broadcast services [H04H60/31](#))] [C9408]
- H03J1/00A5B . . . [N: with means for analysing the received signal strength ([H03J1/00A5D](#) takes precedence)]
- H03J1/00A5B2 [N: where the receiving frequencies of the stations are stored in a permanent memory, e.g. ROM]
- H03J1/00A5D . . . [N: using two or more tuners]
- H03J1/00A6 . . [N: provided with means for scanning over a band of frequencies ([H03J1/00A5](#) takes precedence)]
- H03J1/02 . Indicating arrangements [N: (indicating correct tuning [H03J3/12](#))]
- H03J1/02E . . [N: with voiced announcement]
- H03J1/04 . . with optical indicating means
- H03J1/04A . . . [N: Pointers, markers, or the like, for tuning dials; Folding dials]
- H03J1/04B . . . [N: Means insuring a precise reading of the dial, e.g. special scale, local illumination possibly temporary, luminous point moving with the pointer]
- H03J1/04C . . . [N: Illumination of the tuning dial; On and off switching of the illumination; Circuits related with illumination]
- H03J1/04D . . . [N: Indication of the tuning band, the bandwidth, tone control, the channel number, the frequency, or the like]
- H03J1/04D1 [N: using electronic means, e.g. LED's (display of electronic variables in general [G01R13/00](#), for discontinuous display [G01R13/40C](#))]
- H03J1/04D1A [N: with digital indication (using a microprocessor [H03J1/00A1](#))]
- H03J1/06 . Driving or adjusting arrangements; combined with other driving or adjusting

arrangements, e.g. of gain control

H03J1/06A . . [N: Special arrangements taken in correlation with the wear; Suppressing backlash; Locking in a desired position]

H03J1/06B . . [N: Constructional details regarding potentiometric setting of voltage or current variable reactances]

Note

Groups [H03J1/14](#), [H03J1/16](#) take precedence over groups [H03J1/08](#) to [H03J1/12](#).

H03J1/08 . . Toothed-gear drive; Worm drive

H03J1/10 . . Rope drive; Chain drive

H03J1/12 . . Friction drive

H03J1/14 . . Special arrangements for fine and coarse tuning

H03J1/16 . . Single control means independently performing two or more functions

H03J1/18 . Control by auxiliary power

H03J1/18B . . [N: using a ring of magnets or the like]

H03J1/18C . . [N: the auxiliary power producing an adjustment dependent on the current intensity]

H03J1/18D . . [N: the auxiliary power balancing automatically a Wheatstone bridge or the like, that has been unbalanced by the controlling device]

H03J1/20 . . the auxiliary power being switched on as long as controlling current is switched on

H03J1/22 . . with stepping arrangements actuated by control pulses

H03J3/00 **Continuous tuning** ([H03J7/00](#), [H03J9/00](#) take precedence; combination of continuous and discontinuous tuning other than for bandspreading [H03J5/00](#))

H03J3/02 . Details

H03J3/04 . . Arrangements for compensating for variations of physical values, e.g. temperature (automatic control of ambient conditions [G05D](#))

H03J3/06 . . Arrangements for obtaining constant bandwidth or gain throughout tuning range or ranges (automatic gain control [H03G](#))

H03J3/08 . . . by varying a second parameter simultaneously with the tuning, e.g. coupling bandpass filter

H03J3/10 . . Circuit arrangements for fine tuning, e.g. bandspreading

H03J3/12 . . Electrically-operated arrangements for indicating correct tuning

H03J3/14 . . . Visual indication, e.g. magic eye

H03J3/16 . . Tuning without displacement of reactive element, e.g. by varying permeability

H03J3/18 . . . by discharge tube or semiconductor device simulating variable reactance

H03J3/18A [N: with varactors, i.e. voltage variable reactive diodes]

H03J3/20 . of single resonant circuit by varying inductance only or capacitance only

H03J3/22 . of single resonant circuit by varying inductance and capacitance simultaneously

H03J3/24 . of more than one resonant circuit simultaneously, the circuits being tuned to substantially the same frequency, e.g. for single-knob tuning

H03J3/26 . . the circuits being coupled so as to form a bandpass filter

- H03J3/28 . of more than one resonant circuit simultaneously, the tuning frequencies of the circuits having a substantially constant difference throughout the tuning range
- H03J3/30 . . Arrangements for ensuring tracking with variable inductors
- H03J3/32 . . Arrangements for ensuring tracking with variable capacitors

- H03J5/00** **Discontinuous tuning; Selecting predetermined frequencies; Selecting frequency bands with or without continuous tuning in one or more of the bands, e.g. push-button tuning, turret tuner ([H03J7/00](#), [H03J9/00](#) take precedence; for bandspreading [H03J3/10](#))**

- H03J5/02 . with variable tuning element having a number of predetermined settings and adjustable to a desired one of these settings
- H03J5/02A . . [N: Discontinuous tuning using an electrical variable impedance element, e.g. a voltage variable reactive diode, by selecting the corresponding analogue value between a set of non preset values]
- H03J5/02B . . [N: Discontinuous tuning using an electrical variable impedance element, e.g. a voltage variable reactive diode, by selecting the corresponding analogue value between a set of preset values]
- H03J5/02B2 . . . [N: using a counter]
- H03J5/02B3 . . . [N: with possibility to skip over certain counter positions, i.e. channel skipping, or scanning the counter position with a variable frequency rate]
- H03J5/02C . . [N: Discontinuous tuning using an electrical variable impedance element, e.g. a voltage variable reactive diode, in which no corresponding analogue value either exists or is preset, i.e. the tuning information is only available in a digital form ([microprocessor tuning \[H03J1/00A\]\(#\)](#))]
- H03J5/02C2 . . . [N: the digital values being transferred to a D/A converter]
- H03J5/02C2A [N: the digital values being held in an auxiliary non erasable memory]
- H03J5/02C3 . . . [N: the digital values being used to preset a counter or a frequency divider in a phase locked loop, e.g. frequency synthesizer]
- H03J5/02C3A [N: the digital values being held in an auxiliary non erasable memory]
- H03J5/02C4 . . . [N: with channel skipping capability]
- H03J5/04 . . operated by hand
- H03J5/06 . . . Settings determined by single indexing means with snap action
- H03J5/08 . . . Settings determined by a number of separately-actuated positioning means
- H03J5/10 . . . Settings determined by a number of positioning means mounted on a common support, e.g. turret tuner, which is adjustable to desired positions, a different positioning means being in operation in each position
- H03J5/12 . . . Settings determined by a number of separately-actuated driving means which adjust the tuning element directly to desired settings
- H03J5/14 . . operated by auxiliary power
- H03J5/14A . . . [N: Settings determined by a number of positioning means mounted on a common support, e.g. turret tuner, which is adjustable to determined positions, a different positioning means being in operation in each position]
- H03J5/14B . . . [N: Settings desired by a switch controlled together with the tuning member and which stops the control as soon as a desired position is reached]
- H03J5/16 . . . Settings determined by a number of separate positioning means actuated by hand
- H03J5/18 . . . Settings determined by a number of separate positioning means actuated by

- ctromagnets
- H03J5/20 . . . Settings determined by a number of positioning means actuated by a second means adjustable to different positions by the same or by a second auxiliary power
 - H03J5/22 . . . Settings determined by a number of separately actuated driving means which adjust the tuning element directly to desired settings
 - H03J5/24 . with a number of separate pretuned tuning circuits or separate tuning elements selectively brought into circuit, e.g. for waveband selection, for television channel selection ([switches in general H01H](#))
 - H03J5/24A . . [N: used exclusively for band selection]
 - H03J5/24A2 . . . [N: using electronic means]
 - H03J5/24B . . [N: using electronic means ([H03J5/24A2](#) takes precedence)] [C9704]
 - H03J5/24C . . [N: using electromechanical means]
 - H03J5/26 . . operated by hand
 - H03J5/28 . . . Tuning circuits or elements supported on a revolving member with contacts arranged in a plane perpendicular to the axis
 - H03J5/30 . . . Tuning circuits or elements supported on a revolving member with contacts arranged in lines parallel to the axis
 - H03J5/32 . . . Stationary tuning circuits or elements selected by push-button
- H03J7/00 Automatic frequency control; Automatic scanning over a band of frequencies**
- H03J7/02 . Automatic frequency control ([H03J7/18](#) takes precedence; automatic tuning control for television receivers [H04N5/50](#))
 - H03J7/02A . . [N: Neutralization of the automatic frequency correction during a tuning change]
 - H03J7/02B . . [N: Means preventing a wrong working of the automatic frequency correction in case of fading or bad signal/noise ratio]
 - H03J7/04 . . where the frequency control is accomplished by varying the electrical characteristics of a non-mechanically adjustable element or where the nature of the frequency controlling element is not significant
 - H03J7/04A . . . [N: with reactance tube]
 - H03J7/04B . . . [N: Modification of automatic frequency control sensitivity or linearising automatic frequency control operation; Modification of the working range ([H03J7/10](#) takes precedence)]
 - H03J7/04C . . . [N: Automatic frequency control using an auxiliary signal, e.g. low frequency scanning of the locking range or superimposing a special signal on the input signal]
 - H03J7/06 . . . using counters or frequency dividers
 - H03J7/06A [N: the counter or frequency divider being used in a phase locked loop]
 - H03J7/08 . . . using varactors, i.e. voltage variable reactive diodes ([H03J7/06](#) takes precedence)
 - H03J7/10 Modification of automatic frequency control sensitivity or linearising automatic frequency control operation
 - H03J7/12 Combination of automatic frequency control voltage with stabilised varactor supply voltage
 - H03J7/14 . . . Controlling the magnetic state of inductor cores ([H03J7/06](#) takes precedence)
 - H03J7/16 . . where the frequency control is accomplished by mechanical means, e.g. by a

tor

- H03J7/18 . Automatic scanning over a band of frequencies
- H03J7/18B . . [N: combined with selection between different stations transmitting the same programm, e.g. by analysis of the received signal strength]
- H03J7/18B1 . . . [N: using two or more tuners]
- H03J7/20 . . where the scanning is accomplished by varying the electrical characteristics of a non-mechanically adjustable element [N: (H03J7/18B takes precedence)]
- H03J7/22 . . . in which an automatic frequency control circuit is brought into action after the scanning action has been stopped (H03J7/24 takes precedence)
- H03J7/24 . . . using varactors, i.e. voltage variable reactive diodes (H03J7/28 takes precedence)
- H03J7/26 in which an automatic frequency control circuit is brought into action after the scanning action has been stopped
- H03J7/28 . . . using counters or frequency dividers
- H03J7/28A [N: the counter or frequency divider being used in a phase locked loop]
- H03J7/30 . . where the scanning is accomplished by mechanical means, e.g. by a motor
- H03J7/30A . . . [N: in which an automatic frequency control circuit is brought in action after the scanning action has been stopped]
- H03J7/32 . . with simultaneous display of received frequencies, e.g. panoramic receivers

- H03J9/00** **Remote-control of tuned circuits; Combined remote-control of tuning and other functions, e.g. brightness, amplification** (mechanical remote-control arrangements H03J1/00; [N: using a microprocessor H03J1/00A2; constructional details of remote control switching devices H01H9/02C4]) [C9611]

- H03J9/00B . [N: comprising one or more tuning stages separated from the rest of a receiver]
- H03J9/00C . [N: using non-electrical means without push-button control, e.g. pneumatic, hydraulic or sound wave transmission, Bowden cables] [N9911]
- H03J9/00D . [N: by voltages or currents with different frequencies or phases] [N9911]
- H03J9/02 . using radio transmission; using near-field transmission
- H03J9/04 . using ultrasonic, sonic or infrasonic waves
- H03J9/06 . using electromagnetic waves other than radio waves, e.g. light