

ECLA EUROPEAN CLASSIFICATION

C03C

CHEMICAL COMPOSITION OF GLASSES, GLAZES, OR VITREOUS ENAMELS; SURFACE TREATMENT OF GLASS; SURFACE TREATMENT OF FIBRES OR FILAMENTS FROM GLASS, MINERALS OR SLAGS; JOINING GLASS TO GLASS OR OTHER MATERIALS

[N: **WARNING**

The following IPC groups are not used in the internal ECLA classification scheme. Subject matter covered by these groups is classified in the following ECLA groups:

[C03C6/00](#) covered by [C03C1/00](#)
[C03C10/02](#)-[C03C10/14](#) covered by [C03C10/00](#)
[C03C13/02](#) covered by [C03C13/00](#)
[C03C27/12](#) covered by [B32B17/00](#)
]

[N: **Notes**

1. This subclass covers compositions of polycrystalline fibres
 2. This subclass does not cover the preparation of single-crystal fibres, which is covered by subclass C30B
 - 3.
-]

Guide heading:

Chemical composition of glasses, glazes, or vitreous enamels

Note

In groups [C03C1/00](#) to [C03C14/00](#), in the absence of an indication to the contrary, classification is made in the last appropriate place.

C03C1/00

Ingredients generally applicable to manufacture of glasses, glazes, or vitreous enamels

C03C1/00B

- . [N: Use of waste materials, e.g. slags]

C03C1/00C

- . [N: Refining agents (refining [C03B5/225](#))]

C03C1/00D

- . [N: to produce glass through wet route]

C03C1/00D4

- . . [N: for the production of films or coatings] [N0108]

C03C1/02

- . Pretreated ingredients

C03C1/02B

- . . [N: Purification of silica sand or other minerals]

C03C1/02D

- . . [N: Chemical treatment of cullet or glass fibres]

C03C1/02F

- . . [N: Pelletisation or prereacting of powdered raw materials (apparatus or methods [C03B1/02](#))]

C03C1/02H

- . . [N: Ingredients allowing introduction of lead or other easily volatile or dusty compounds]

C03C1/04

- . Opacifiers, e.g. fluorides or phosphates; Pigments

- C03C1/06 . . . to produce non-uniformly pigmented, e.g. speckled, marbled, or veined products
- C03C1/08 . . . to produce crackled effects
- C03C1/10 . . . to produce uniformly-coloured transparent products
- C03C1/10B . . . [N: by the addition of colorants to the forehearth of the glass melting furnace]

C03C3/00 **Glass compositions** [C9510]

- C03C3/04 . . . containing silica

Note

If silica is specified as being present in a percent range covered by two of the groups [C03C3/06](#), [C03C3/062](#) or [C03C3/076](#), classification is made in both groups. If the range is covered by the three groups, classification is made in group [C03C3/04](#) itself.

- C03C3/04C . . . [N: Silicon oxycarbide, oxynitride or oxycarbonitride glasses] [N9411]
- C03C3/06 . . . with more than 90% silica by weight, e.g. quartz [N: ([C03C3/04C](#) takes precedence)] [C9412]
- C03C3/06B [N: by leaching a soluble phase and consolidating]
- C03C3/062 . . . with less than 40% silica by weight
- C03C3/064 containing boron
- C03C3/066 containing zinc
- C03C3/068 containing rare earths
- C03C3/07 containing lead
- C03C3/072 containing boron
- C03C3/074 containing zinc
- C03C3/074B [N: containing more than 50% lead oxide, by weight]
- C03C3/076 . . . with 40% to 90% silica, by weight [N: ([C03C3/04C](#) takes precedence)] [C9412]
- C03C3/078 containing an oxide of a divalent metal, e.g. an oxide of zinc
- C03C3/083 containing aluminium oxide or an iron compound
- C03C3/085 containing an oxide of a divalent metal
- C03C3/087 containing calcium oxide, e.g. common sheet or container glass
- C03C3/089 containing boron
- C03C3/091 containing aluminium
- C03C3/093 containing zinc or zirconium
- C03C3/095 containing rare earths
- C03C3/097 containing phosphorus, niobium or tantalum
- C03C3/102 containing lead
- C03C3/105 containing aluminium
- C03C3/108 containing boron
- C03C3/11 containing halogen or nitrogen
- C03C3/11B [N: containing nitrogen]
- C03C3/112 containing fluorine
- C03C3/115 containing boron
- C03C3/118 containing aluminium

- C03C3/12 . Silica-free oxide glass compositions
- C03C3/12N . . [N: containing oxides of As, Sb, Bi, Mo, W, V, Te as glass formers]
- C03C3/12P . . [N: containing aluminium as glass former]
- C03C3/12R . . [N: containing TiO₂ as glass former]
- C03C3/14 . . containing boron
- C03C3/14B . . . [N: containing lead]
- C03C3/145 . . . containing aluminium or beryllium
- C03C3/15 . . . containing rare earths
- C03C3/155 containing zirconium, titanium, tantalum or niobium
- C03C3/16 . . containing phosphorus
- C03C3/17 . . . containing aluminium or beryllium
- C03C3/19 . . . containing boron
- C03C3/21 . . . containing titanium, zirconium, vanadium, tungsten or molybdenum
- C03C3/23 . . containing halogen and at least one oxide, e.g. oxide of boron
- C03C3/247 . . . containing fluorine and phosphorus
- C03C3/253 . . containing germanium

- C03C3/32 . Non-oxide glass compositions, e.g. binary or ternary halides, sulfides or nitrides of germanium, selenium or tellurium
- C03C3/32B . . [N: Chalcogenide glasses, e.g. containing S, Se, Te]
- C03C3/32B2 . . . [N: containing halogen, e.g. chalcohalide glasses] [N9411]
- C03C3/32D . . [N: Fluoride glasses] [C9411]
- C03C3/32D2 . . . [N: containing beryllium]
- C03C3/32N . . [N: Nitride glasses] [N9411]

C03C4/00 Compositions for glass with special properties

Note

When classifying in group [C03C4/00](#), classification is also made in the appropriate groups of group [C03C3/00](#) according to the glass composition.

- C03C4/00B . [N: for biologically-compatible glass]
- C03C4/00B2 . . [N: Biodegradable glass] [N1110]
- C03C4/00B4 . . [N: for dental use] [N1110]

- C03C4/00C . [N: for crystal glass, e.g. lead-free crystal glass] [C9411]

- C03C4/00D . [N: for soluble glass for controlled release of a compound incorporated in said glass]

- C03C4/00E . [N: for glass comprising or including particular isotopes] [N1110]

- C03C4/00F . [N: for opaline glass]

- C03C4/00H . [N: for ultrasonic delay lines glass]

- C03C4/00L . [N: for self-destructing glass ([C03C4/00B2](#) takes precedence)] [C1110]

- C03C4/00N . [N: for laserable glass]
- C03C4/00P . [N: for glass for dosimeters]
- C03C4/00U . [N: for UV-transmitting glass]
- C03C4/00V . [N: for glass with improved high visible transmittance, e.g. extra-clear glass][N1007]
- C03C4/02 . for coloured glass
- C03C4/04 . for photosensitive glass
- C03C4/06 . . for phototropic or photochromic glass
- C03C4/06B . . . [N: for silver-halide free photochromic glass]
- C03C4/08 . for glass selectively absorbing radiation of specified wave lengths
- C03C4/08B . . [N: for infra-red absorbing glass]
- C03C4/08D . . [N: for ultra-violet absorbing glass]
- C03C4/08F . . [N: for X-rays absorbing glass]
- C03C4/10 . for infra-red transmitting glass
- C03C4/12 . for luminescent glass; for fluorescent glass
- C03C4/14 . for electro-conductive glass
- C03C4/16 . for dielectric glass
- C03C4/18 . for ion-sensitive glass
- C03C4/20 . for chemical resistant glass
- C03C8/00** **Enamels; Glazes (cold glazes for ceramics [N: C04B41/48]); Fusion seal compositions being frit compositions having non-frit additions**
- C03C8/02 . Frit compositions, i.e. in a powdered or comminuted form
- C03C8/04 . . containing zinc
- C03C8/06 . . containing halogen
- C03C8/08 . . containing phosphorus
- C03C8/10 . . containing lead
- C03C8/12 . . . containing titanium or zirconium
- C03C8/14 . Glass frit mixtures having non-frit additions, e.g. opacifiers, colorants, mill-additions
- C03C8/16 . . with vehicle or suspending agents, e.g. slip
- C03C8/18 . . containing free metals
- C03C8/20 . . containing titanium compounds; containing zirconium compounds
- C03C8/22 . containing two or more distinct frits having different compositions

- C03C8/24 . Fusion seal compositions being frit compositions having non-frit additions, i.e. for use as seals between dissimilar materials, e.g. glass and metal; Glass solders
- C03C8/24B . . [N: containing more than 50% lead oxide, by weight]

- C03C10/00** **Devitrified glass ceramics, i.e. glass ceramics having a crystalline phase dispersed in a glassy phase and constituting at least 50% by weight of the total composition**

- C03C10/00B . [N: containing silica as main constituent]
- C03C10/00C . [N: containing SiO₂, Al₂O₃ and monovalent metal oxide as main constituents]
- C03C10/00C2 . . [N: containing SiO₂, Al₂O₃, Li₂O as main constituents]
- C03C10/00E . [N: containing SiO₂, Al₂O₃ and a divalent metal oxide as main constituents]
- C03C10/00E2 . . [N: containing SiO₂, Al₂O₃ and MgO as main constituents]
- C03C10/00K . [N: containing PbO, SnO₂, B₂O₃]
- C03C10/00M . [N: containing waste materials, e.g. slags] [C9911]
- C03C10/00P . [N: having a ferro-electric crystal phase]
- C03C10/00R . [N: having a magnetic crystal phase]
- C03C10/00S . [N: having a superconducting crystal phase]
- C03C10/16 . Halogen containing crystalline phase

- C03C11/00** **Multi-cellular glass; [N: Porous or hollow glass or glass particles]**

- C03C11/00B . [N: Hollow glass particles]
- C03C11/00D . [N: obtained by leaching after a phase separation step]
- C03C11/00F . [N: Foam glass, e.g. obtained by incorporating a blowing agent and heating] [C0009]

- C03C12/00** **Powdered glass ([C03C8/02](#) takes precedence); Bead compositions**

- C03C12/02 . Reflective beads

- C03C13/00** **Fibre or filament compositions ([manufacture of fibres or filaments C03B37/00](#))**

- C03C13/00B . [N: Alkali-resistant fibres]
- C03C13/00B2 . . [N: containing zirconium]
- C03C13/00C . [N: Conducting or semi-conducting fibres]
- C03C13/00F . [N: obtained by leaching of a soluble phase and consolidation]

- C03C13/00H . [N: Glass-ceramics fibres]
- C03C13/00H2 . . [N: containing zirconium]
- C03C13/00P . [N: Polycrystalline optical fibres]
- C03C13/04 . Fibre optics, e.g. core and clad fibre compositions ([light guides G02B6/00](#))
- C03C13/04B . . [N: Non-oxide glass compositions]
- C03C13/04B2 . . . [N: Fluoride glass compositions]
- C03C13/04B4 . . . [N: Chalcogenide glass compositions]
- C03C13/04B4B [N: containing halogen, e.g. chalcohalide glass compositions] [N9411]
- C03C13/04D . . [N: Silica-containing oxide glass compositions]
- C03C13/04D2 . . . [N: Multicomponent glass compositions]
- C03C13/04D4 . . . [N: containing deuterium]
- C03C13/04F . . [N: Silica-free oxide glass compositions]
- C03C13/06 . Mineral fibres, e.g. slag wool, mineral wool, rock wool
- C03C14/00** **Glass compositions containing a non-glass component, e.g. compositions containing fibres, filaments, whiskers, platelets, or the like, dispersed in a glass matrix** ([devitrified glass ceramics C03C10/00](#)) [C9510]
- C03C14/00B . [N: the non-glass component being in the form of fibres, filaments, yarns, felts or woven material] [N9411]
- C03C14/00D . [N: the non-glass component being in the form of particles or flakes] [N9411]
- C03C14/00F . [N: the non-glass component being in the form of microcrystallites, e.g. of optically or electrically active material] [N9411]
- C03C14/00H . [N: the non-glass component being in molecular form] [N9411]
- Guide heading:** **Surface treatment of glass; Surface treatment of fibres or filaments from glass, minerals or slag**
- C03C15/00** **Surface treatment of glass , not in the form of fibres or filaments, by etching** ([etching or surface-brightening compositions, in general C09K13/00](#)) [C9908]
- C03C15/02 . for making a smooth surface
- C03C15/02B . . [N: for polishing crystal glass, i.e. lead glass]
- C03C17/00** **Surface treatment of glass, not in the form of fibres or filaments, by coating** ([optical coatings of optical elements G02B1/10](#)) [C9908]
- C03C17/00B . [N: General methods for coating; Devices therefor]
- C03C17/00B2 . . [N: for flat glass, e.g. float glass]
- C03C17/00B4 . . [N: for hollow ware, e.g. containers]

- C03C17/00B4A . . . [N: Coating the inside] [N1007]
- C03C17/00B4C . . . [N: Coating the outside] [N1007]

- C03C17/00D . [N: with materials of composite character] [N9411]
- C03C17/00D2 . . [N: containing a dispersed phase, e.g. particles, fibres or flakes, in a continuous phase] [N9411]
- C03C17/00D4 . . [N: comprising a mixture of materials covered by two or more of the groups [C03C17/02](#), [C03C17/06](#), [C03C17/22](#) and [C03C17/28](#)] [N9411]
- C03C17/00D4B . . . [N: Mixtures of organic and inorganic materials, e.g. ormosils and ormocers] [N9411]

- C03C17/02 . with glass ([C03C17/34](#), [C03C17/44](#) take precedence)
- C03C17/04 . . by fritting glass powder

- C03C17/06 . with metals ([C03C17/34](#), [C03C17/44](#) take precedence)
- C03C17/09 . . by deposition from the vapour phase
- C03C17/10 . . by deposition from the liquid phase

- C03C17/22 . with other inorganic material ([C03C17/34](#), [C03C17/44](#) take precedence)
- C03C17/22B . . [N: Nitrides]
- C03C17/23 . . Oxides ([C03C17/02](#) takes precedence)
- C03C17/245 . . . by deposition from the vapour phase
- C03C17/245B [N: Coating containing SnO₂]
- C03C17/245C [N: Coating containing TiO₂]
- C03C17/25 . . . by deposition from the liquid phase
- C03C17/25B [N: Coating containing SnO₂]
- C03C17/25C [N: Coating containing TiO₂]
- C03C17/27 . . . by oxidation of a coating previously applied

- C03C17/28 . with organic material ([C03C17/34](#), [C03C17/44](#) take precedence)
- C03C17/30 . . with silicon-containing compounds
- C03C17/32 . . with synthetic or natural resins ([C03C17/30](#) takes precedence)
- C03C17/32B . . . [N: Polyurethanes or polyisocyanates]
- C03C17/32C . . . [N: Polyesters]
- C03C17/32D . . . [N: Epoxy resins]
- C03C17/32E . . . [N: Polyolefins]

- C03C17/34 . with at least two coatings having different compositions ([C03C17/44](#) takes precedence)
- C03C17/34B . . [N: with at least two coatings of organic materials ([C03C17/36](#), [C03C17/42](#) take precedence)]
- C03C17/34D . . [N: with at least two coatings of inorganic materials ([C03C17/36](#), [C03C17/42](#) take precedence)]
- C03C17/34D2 . . . [N: all coatings being oxide coatings]
- C03C17/34D3 . . . [N: at least one of the coatings comprising a suboxide]
- C03C17/34D4 . . . [N: at least one of the coatings being a non-oxide coating]

| | | |
|----------------|-----------|---|
| C03C17/34D4B | | [N: comprising a nitride, oxynitride, boronitride or carbonitride] |
| C03C17/34D4D | | [N: comprising carbon, a carbide or oxycarbide] |
| C03C17/34D4F | | [N: comprising a halide] |
| C03C17/34D4F2 | | [N: comprising a fluoride] |
| C03C17/34D4F4 | | [N: comprising a chloride] |
| C03C17/34D4H | | [N: comprising a chalcogenide] |
| C03C17/34D4H2 | | [N: comprising a sulfide or oxysulfide] |
| C03C17/34D4H4 | | [N: comprising a selenide or telluride] |
| C03C17/34D4K | | [N: comprising silicon, hydrogenated silicon or a silicide] |
| C03C17/34D4M | | [N: comprising a boride or phosphide] |
| C03C17/34D4P | | [N: comprising other salts, e.g. sulfate, phosphate] |
| C03C17/36 | . . | at least one coating being a metal |
| C03C17/36B | . . . | [N: the metal being present as a layer] [N1007] |
| C03C17/36B310 | | [N: Coatings of the type glass/metal/inorganic compound] [N1007] |
| C03C17/36B312 | | [N: Coatings of the type glass/inorganic compound/metal] [N1007] |
| C03C17/36B314 | | [N: Coatings of the type glass/metal/inorganic compound/metal/inorganic compound/other] [N1007] |
| C03C17/36B316 | | [N: Coatings of type glass/inorganic compound/metal/inorganic compound/metal/other] [N1007] |
| C03C17/36B318 | | [N: Coatings of the type glass/metal/other inorganic layers, at least one layer being non-metallic] [N1007] |
| C03C17/36B320 | | [N: Coatings of type glass/inorganic compound/other inorganic layers, at least one layer being metallic] [N1007] |
| C03C17/36B330 | | [N: one layer at least containing a fluoride] [N1007] |
| C03C17/36B331 | | [N: one layer at least containing a chloride, bromide or iodide] [N1007] |
| C03C17/36B332 | | [N: one layer at least containing a nitride, oxynitride, boronitride or carbonitride] [N1007] |
| C03C17/36B334 | | [N: one layer at least containing a sulfide] [N1007] |
| C03C17/36B335 | | [N: one layer at least containing a selenide or telluride] [N1007] |
| C03C17/36B336 | | [N: one layer at least containing carbon, a carbide or oxycarbide] [N1007] |
| C03C17/36B338 | | [N: one layer at least containing silicon, hydrogenated silicon or a silicide] [N1007] |
| C03C17/36B339 | | [N: Multilayers containing at least two functional metal layers] [N1007] |
| C03C17/36B340 | | [N: the multilayer coating containing a metal layer] [N1007] |
| C03C17/36B342 | | [N: the metal being silver] [N1007] |
| C03C17/36B343 | | [N: in combination with other metals, silver being more than 50%] [N1007] |
| C03C17/36B344 | | [N: made of metals other than silver] [N1007] |
| C03C17/36B346 | | [N: the coating stack containing at least one sacrificial layer to protect the metal from oxidation] [N1007] |
| C03C17/36B350 | | [N: the multilayer coating containing at least one conducting layer] [N1007] |
| C03C17/36B352 | | [N: the multilayer coating having optical properties] [N1007] |
| C03C17/36B352L | | [N: Low-emissivity or solar control coatings] [N1007] |
| C03C17/36B352M | | [N: specially adapted for use as mirrors] [N1007] |
| C03C17/36B352P | | [N: specially adapted for use as photomask] [N1110] |

- C03C17/36B354 [N: the multilayer coating having electrical properties] [N1007]
- C03C17/36B354E [N: specially adapted for use as electrodes] [N1007]
- C03C17/36B354H [N: specially adapted for use in heating devices for rear window of vehicles] [N1007]
- C03C17/36B354M [N: specially adapted for use as electromagnetic shield] [N1110]
- C03C17/36B354S [N: specially adapted for use in solar cells] [N1007]
- C03C17/36B356 [N: the multilayer coating being used in glazing, e.g. windows or windscreens] [N1007]
- C03C17/36B358 [N: the multilayer coating being used for decoration purposes] [N1007]
- C03C17/36B360 [N: the multilayer coating being used for ovens] [N1007]
- C03C17/36B370 [N: one oxide layer being obtained by oxidation of a metallic layer] [N1007]
- C03C17/36B372 [N: one metallic layer being obtained by reduction of an oxide layer] [N1007]
- C03C17/36B374 [N: one layer having a composition gradient through its thickness] [N1007]
- C03C17/36B390 [N: one metallic layer at least being obtained by electroless plating] [N1007]
- C03C17/38 . . . at least one coating being a coating of an organic material
- C03C17/40 . . . all coatings being metal coatings
- C03C17/42 . . at least one coating of an organic material and at least one non-metal coating
- C03C17/44 . Lustring

C03C19/00 **Surface treatment of glass, not in the form of fibres or filaments, by mechanical means (sand-blasting, grinding, or polishing glass [B24](#)) [C9908]**

C03C21/00 **Treatment of glass, not in the form of fibres or filaments, by diffusing ions or metals in the surface [C9908]**

- C03C21/00B . [N: in liquid phase, e.g. molten salts, solutions]
- C03C21/00B2 . . [N: to perform ion-exchange between alkali ions ([C03C21/00B4](#) takes precedence)]
- C03C21/00B2B . . . [N: under application of an electrical potential difference]
- C03C21/00B4 . . [N: to introduce in the glass such metals or metallic ions as Ag, Cu]
- C03C21/00B6 . . [N: to perform an exchange of the type $Xn+ \rightarrow nH+$]
- C03C21/00C . [N: in gaseous phase]
- C03C21/00E . [N: in solid phase, e.g. using pastes, powders]

C03C23/00 **Other surface treatment of glass not in the form of fibres or filaments [C9908]**

- C03C23/00B . [N: by irradiation]
- C03C23/00B2 . . [N: by infra-red light]
- C03C23/00B4 . . [N: by visible light]
- C03C23/00B6 . . [N: by ultra-violet light]
- C03C23/00B8 . . [N: by a laser beam]
- C03C23/00B10 . . [N: by X-rays]

- C03C23/00B12 . . [N: by gamma-rays]
- C03C23/00B14 . . [N: by electrons, protons or alpha-particles]
- C03C23/00B16 . . [N: by neutrons]
- C03C23/00B18 . . [N: by atoms]
- C03C23/00B20 . . [N: by ion implantation]
- C03C23/00B22 . . [N: by plasma or corona discharge]
- C03C23/00B24 . . [N: by microwave radiation]

- C03C23/00D . [N: by thermal treatment]

- C03C23/00F . [N: Cleaning of glass (specially adapted to plate glass [B08B11/00](#))]

- C03C23/00H . [N: comprising a lixiviation step]

- C03C23/00K . [N: Drying; Dehydroxylation]

- C03C23/00P . [N: Poling glass] [N1110]

- C03C23/00S . [N: Solution impregnating; Solution doping; Molecular stuffing, e.g. of porous glass (in manufacture of preforms [C03B37/012](#))]

C03C25/00

Surface treatment of fibres or filaments from glass, minerals, or slags [N: (woven fabrics D03; non-woven fabrics D04; treatment of fabrics in general or non-chemical aspects of treatment of glass fabrics D06M)] [C1002]

- C03C25/00D . [N: by thermal treatment]

- C03C25/00M . [N: by mechanical means]

- C03C25/00S . [N: by solution impregnating; solution doping or molecular stuffing of porous glass] [N1007]

- C03C25/10 . by coating [N9909]
- C03C25/10D . . [N: with materials of composite character] [N0103]
- C03C25/10D2 . . . [N: containing particles, fibres or flakes, e.g. in a continuous phase] [N0103]
- C03C25/10L . . [N: with rubber latex-containing coatings] [N9909]
- C03C25/10M . . [N: Coating with colouring agent-containing compositions, e.g. for obtaining coloured textiles] [N9909]

- C03C25/10N . . [N: Fibres used for reinforcing cement-based products] [N9909]
- C03C25/10N2 . . . [N: with organic coatings] [N9909]
- C03C25/10N4 . . . [N: with inorganic coatings] [N9909]
- C03C25/10P . . [N: to obtain optical fibres] [N9909]
- C03C25/10P2 . . . [N: with organic coatings or claddings] [N9909]
- C03C25/10P2B [N: Organic claddings] [N9909]
- C03C25/10P2D [N: Organic coatings] [N9909]
- C03C25/10P2D2 [N: Single coatings] [N9909]
- C03C25/10P2D4 [N: Multiple coatings] [N9909]

| | | |
|--------------|---------|---|
| C03C25/10P4 | . . . | [N: with inorganic coatings] [N9909] |
| C03C25/10P4C | | [N: Carbon] [N9909] |
| C03C25/10P4M | | [N: Metals] [N9909] |
| C03C25/10P4R | | [N: Multiple inorganic coatings] [N1110] |
| C03C25/10P6 | . . . | [N: with at least one organic coating and at least one inorganic coating] [N1110] |
| C03C25/10Q | . . | [N: to obtain coated fabrics] [N1002] |
| C03C25/12 | . . | General methods for coating; Devices therefor [N9909] |
| C03C25/14 | . . . | Spraying, e.g. pulverisation [N9909] |
| C03C25/14B | | [N: Pulverisation on continuous fibres] [N9909] |
| C03C25/14D | | [N: Pulverisation on fibres in suspension in a gaseous medium] [N9909] |
| C03C25/16 | . . . | Dipping [N9909] |
| C03C25/18 | . . . | using extrusion devices [N9909] |
| C03C25/20 | . . . | Contacting the fibres with applicators, e.g. rolls [N9909] |
| C03C25/22 | . . . | Depositing from the vapour phase [N9909] |
| C03C25/22B | | [N: by chemical vapour deposition or pyrolysis] [N9909] |
| C03C25/22D | | [N: by sputtering] [N9909] |

[N: **Note**

In groups [C03C25/24](#) to [C03C25/40](#), organic coating compositions also cover mixtures of organic and inorganic compounds. A coating composition which cannot be completely classified in a single one of groups [C03C25/24](#) to [C03C25/40](#) should be classified in each relevant group, in accordance with the following rules:

- Compositions containing only one macromolecular constituent and one or more conventional inorganic or non-macromolecular compounds, e.g. acids, solvents, are classified according to the macromolecular constituent only.
- Compositions containing two or more macromolecular constituents and further conventional inorganic or non-macromolecular compounds are classified according to the macromolecular constituent present in the highest proportion. If, however, the other macromolecular constituents represent invention information, classification is also made for these constituents.
- Compositions containing macromolecular constituents present in comparable proportions are classified according to these constituents.
- If non-macromolecular compounds in the composition also represent invention information, [C03C25/38](#), for specific solvents, fillers, dyes or pigments, surfactants, biocides or the like in [C03C25/24](#) or subgroups.

]

| | | |
|-----------|-----|---|
| C03C25/24 | . . | Coatings containing organic materials [N9909] |
|-----------|-----|---|

- C03C25/24E . . . [N: Oils, waxes, fats or derivatives thereof] [N9909]
- C03C25/24J . . . [N: Non-macromolecular compounds not covered by [C03C25/24E](#)] [N9909]
- C03C25/26 . . . Macromolecular compounds or prepolymers, [N: e.g. sizing compositions] [N9909]
- C03C25/28 obtained by reactions involving only carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds [N9909]
- C03C25/28D [N: Acrylic resins] [N9909]
- C03C25/30 Polyolefins [N9909]
- C03C25/30F [N: Polyfluoro olefins] [N9909]
- C03C25/32 obtained otherwise than by reactions involving only carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds [N9909]
- C03C25/32B [N: Starch or starch derivatives] [N9909]
- C03C25/32D [N: Esters or alkyd resins] [N9909]
- C03C25/32F [N: Polycarbonates] [N9909]
- C03C25/32H [N: Polyureas or polyurethanes] [N9909]
- C03C25/32K [N: Polyamides] [N9909]
- C03C25/34 Condensation polymers of aldehydes, e.g. with phenol, ureas, melamines, amides or amines [N9909]
- C03C25/36 Epoxy resins [N9909]
- C03C25/38 Organo-metal compounds [N9909]
- C03C25/40 Organo-silicon compounds [N9909]
- C03C25/42 . . . Coatings containing inorganic materials [N9909]
- C03C25/44 Carbon, e.g. graphite [N9909]
- C03C25/46 Metals [N9909]
- C03C25/48 . . . with two or more coatings having different compositions [N: ([C03C25/10P](#) takes precedence)] [N9909]

Note

If one or more of the individual coatings are of interest, for each of these coatings classification is also made in one or more of groups [C03C25/24](#) to [C03C25/46](#), in accordance with the note before group [C03C25/24](#).

- C03C25/50 . . . Coatings containing organic materials only [N9909]
- C03C25/52 . . . Coatings containing inorganic materials only [N9909]
- C03C25/54 . . . Combinations of one or more coatings containing organic materials only with one or more coatings containing inorganic materials only [N9909]
- C03C25/60 . . by diffusing ions or metals in the surface [N9909]
- C03C25/60B . . . [N: in the liquid phase, e.g. using molten salts or solutions]
- C03C25/60B2 [N: to perform ion-exchange between alkali ions ([C03C25/60B4](#) takes precedence)] [N9909]
- C03C25/60B2B [N: under application of an electrical potential difference] [N9909]
- C03C25/60B4 [N: to introduce in the glass such metals or metallic ions as Ag or Cu] [N9909]
- C03C25/60B6 [N: to perform an exchange of the type $Xn+ \rightarrow nH+$] [N9909]
- C03C25/60C . . . [N: in the gaseous phase] [N9909]
- C03C25/60E . . . [N: in the solid phase, e.g. using pastes, powders] [N9909]
- C03C25/62 . . by application of electric or wave energy or particle radiation, or by ion implantation

- for drying or dehydration [C03C25/64](#) [N9909]
- C03C25/62B . . [N: Electromagnetic waves] [N9909]
- C03C25/62B2 . . . [N: Infra-red] [N9909]
- C03C25/62B4 . . . [N: Visible light] [N9909]
- C03C25/62B6 . . . [N: Ultra-violet] [N9909]
- C03C25/62B8 . . . [N: Laser] [N9909]
- C03C25/62B10 . . . [N: X-rays] [N9909]
- C03C25/62B12 . . . [N: Gamma-rays] [N9909]
- C03C25/62B24 . . . [N: Microwaves] [N9909]
- C03C25/62D . . [N: Particle radiation or ion implantation] [N9909]
- C03C25/62D14 . . . [N: Electrons, protons or alpha-particles] [N9909]
- C03C25/62D16 . . . [N: Neutrons] [N9909]
- C03C25/62D18 . . . [N: Atoms] [N9909]
- C03C25/62D20 . . . [N: Ion implantation] [N9909]
- C03C25/62P . . [N: Plasma or corona discharge] [N9909]
- C03C25/64 . Drying; Dehydration; Dehydroxylation [N9909]
- C03C25/66 . Chemical treatment, e.g. leaching, acid alkali treatment ([dehydroxylation C03C25/46](#)) [N9909]
- C03C25/68 . . by etching [N9909]
- C03C25/70 . Cleaning, e.g. for reuse ([N: [C03C25/00D](#),] [C03C25/62](#) and [C03C25/66](#) take precedence) [N9909]

Guide heading: [Joining glass to glass or to other materials \(fusion seal compositions C03C8/24\)](#)

Note

Layered products classified in groups [C03C27/00](#) or [C03C29/00](#) are also classified in subclass [B32B](#).

- C03C27/00** **Joining pieces of glass to pieces of other inorganic material; Joining glass to glass other than by fusing** ([C03C17/00](#) takes precedence; layered structures comprising at least one glass sheet [B32B17/00](#); wired glass [C03B](#); joining glass to ceramics [C04](#)) [[C9706](#)]
- C03C27/00B . [N: with compositions containing more than 50% lead oxide by weight]
 - C03C27/02 . by fusing glass directly to metal
 - C03C27/04 . Joining glass to metal by means of an interlayer
 - C03C27/04B . . [N: consisting of a combination of materials selected from glass, glass-ceramic or ceramic material with metals, metal oxides or metal salts]
 - C03C27/04B2 . . . [N: of glass, glass-ceramic or ceramic material only]
 - C03C27/04B4 . . . [N: of metals, metal oxides or metal salts only]
 - C03C27/04H . . [N: consisting of an adhesive specially adapted for that purpose]

- [C03C27/06](#) . Joining glass to glass by processes other than fusing (fusing [C03B23/20](#); units for use as elements for closing wall or like openings and comprising two or more parallel glass panes in spaced relationship, the panes being permanently secured together [E06B3/66](#))
- [C03C27/08](#) . . with the aid of intervening metal
- [C03C27/10](#) . . with the aid of adhesive specially adapted for that purpose

- [C03C29/00](#) **Joining metals with the aid of glass**