Data protection statement on the processing of personal data in the context of the pre-employment medical examination procedure

Protecting your privacy is of the utmost importance to the European Patent Office (EPO). We are committed to protecting your personal data and ensuring respect for data subjects' rights when performing our tasks and providing our services. All data of a personal nature that identify you directly or indirectly will be processed lawfully, fairly and with due care.

The processing operations described below are subject to the EPO Data Protection Rules (DPR).

The information in this statement is provided in accordance with Articles 16 and 17 DPR.

This data protection statement explains how the EPO conducts pre-employment medical examinations. These examinations are carried out by external medical service providers, who forward their conclusions on the candidate's capacity to work to the EPO Talent Acquisition department without disclosing any medical data.

1. What is the nature and purpose of the processing operation?

This data protection statement relates to the processing of personal and medical data for the following purposes:

1. To promote and ensure the health, safety and wellbeing of new EPO staff in the workplace
2. To provide medical opinions to the EPO Talent Acquisition department on the candidate's capacity to work
3. To ensure that the job position is compatible with the candidate's health

Personal data are processed in the context of the pre-employment examination as follows:

– Talent Acquisition (TA) sends an email to the candidate with information on the external provider, copying in the external provider to advise the identity of the person who will arrange an examination with them.

– The email includes the following data: candidate's name and email address, starting date and the link to the provider's portal.

– The candidate provides all information relevant for the pre-employment medical assessment using a questionnaire on the provider's portal.

– If the candidate indicates that they have no health-related issues, the provision of medical information is complete. The provider then sends the candidate's name, identification number and the designation "fit for work" to the TA department.

– Should the candidate indicate that there are health-related issues, the portal must give them the opportunity to submit detailed information on these issues.

– A qualified physician with the provider will assess the information submitted and, if necessary, follow up with the candidate in a phone or video call and/or by requesting additional medical investigations to establish a clear picture of the candidate's health situation.

– Should additional medical investigations be needed and the candidate is able to attend the provider clinic (throughout Germany or on the EPO's premises in The Hague), the investigations are then undertaken by the provider on their site.

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– Where a candidate is considered "fit for work" but reasonable adjustments must be made to accommodate their health situation, the provider advises the EPO's Occupational Health Services (OHS) department in confidence of the nature of the adjustments to be made to ensure they can be implemented.

– In addition to "fit for work" and "unfit for work", a third option for the medical opinion may be "fit but suffering from an illness or disableness that may prevent him/her from being entitled to the death benefits provided for in the EPO Regulations until the expiry of a period not exceeding five years from the date on which he/she entered the service" in accordance with Article 2 (Deferred entitlement) of the EPO's Pension Scheme Regulations.

– The provider sends the invoice with the number of the various examinations undertaken to the OHS Delivery Acceptance Officer (DAO) for payment. Moreover, a separate list of the persons who have undergone the various examinations is provided to the OHS DAO for eligibility checking and so on. The DAO checks the invoice and approves payment. The invoice contains only numbers and amounts to be billed. The additional information of the candidate’s name and the date of the examination is used by the OHS DAO to verify the amounts stated in the invoice.

– Candidates are no longer permitted to have their own doctor undertake the pre-employment medical examination.

– Payment of the invoices is then finalised by Accounts Payable.

The processing is not intended to be used for any automated decision-making, including profiling.

Your personal data will not be transferred to recipients outside the EPO which are not covered by Article 8(1), (2) and (5) DPR unless an adequate level of protection is ensured. In the absence of an adequate level of protection, a transfer can only take place if appropriate safeguards have been put in place and enforceable data subject rights and effective legal remedies for data subjects are available, or if derogations for specific situations as per Article 10 DPR apply.

2. What personal data do we process?

The following categories of personal data are processed:

- Personal identification: full name, age, first name, surname, gender, nationality, disability or specific condition, date of birth
- Contact information: personal email, home address, contact details
- Financial: bank details
- Employment information: job title role, office location, start date, contract type, department name and/or number, job group
- Correspondence: personal information provided voluntarily
- Sensitive data: health data

3. Who is responsible for processing the data?

Personal data are processed under the responsibility of Directorate 423 Essential Services, acting as the EPO's delegated data controller.

Personal data may be processed by EPO Talent Acquisition and Occupational Health Services staff involved in managing the activity referred to in this statement.

External contractors involved in maintaining certain services may also process personal data, which can include accessing them.
4. Who has access to your personal data and to whom are they disclosed?

The candidate/employee has the right to access their medical file in accordance with the applicable Data Protection Rules.

The external service provider has access.

EPO medical staff: medical data related to pre-employment medical examinations carried out before 1 January 2023 are stored in the Cority databases and EPO medical staff may therefore have access to Cority data on a case-by-case basis.

As of 1 January 2023, the external provider may exchange the candidate's medical information with OHS medical staff in the following cases only.

- The candidate has health-related issues and there is some doubt as to the candidate's ability to work for the EPO in either the short or medium-term. In these cases, the OHS physician should ensure that the decision on the capacity to work is in line with EPO guidelines.

- The candidate is considered "fit for work" but reasonable adjustments must be made to accommodate their health situation. In these cases, the provider should refer the details of the adjustments to be made in confidence to the OHS department to ensure the adjustments can be implemented.

In these cases, the provider informs the candidate formally that any necessary exchange of medical information is carried out in accordance with Article 5(a) DPR in conjunction with Article 11(2)(b) DPR.

Talent Acquisition (TA): with regard to the medical assessment, the provider reports to TA only that the candidate is "fit/not fit for work", "fit but suffering from an illness or disablement".

Accounts Payable for the payment of invoices

Microsoft for organisational and maintenance purposes. Personal data may be disclosed to third-party service providers for maintenance and support purposes.

Personal data may be disclosed on a need-to-know basis to the staff member(s) of the unit(s) involved in the prevention and settlement of legal disputes (whether in internal, judicial or alternative redress mechanisms afforded by the EPO or any other legal processes involving the EPO), when this is necessary and proportional for them to perform tasks carried out in the exercise of their official activities, including representing the EPO in litigation and pre-litigation. Such processing will take place on a case-by-case basis in accordance with the DPR requirements and with the principles of confidentiality and accountability.

Personal data will only be shared with authorised persons responsible for the necessary processing operations. They will not be used for any other purposes or disclosed to any other recipients.

5. How do we protect and safeguard your personal data?

We take appropriate technical and organisational measures to safeguard and protect your personal data from accidental or unlawful destruction, loss or alteration and unauthorised disclosure or access.

All personal data are stored in secure IT applications in accordance with the EPO's security standards. Appropriate levels of access are granted individually only to the above-mentioned recipients.

For systems hosted on EPO premises, the following base security measures generally apply:

- user authentication and access control (e.g. role-based access control to the systems and network, principles of need-to-know and least privilege);
- logical security hardening of systems, equipment and network;
- physical protection: EPO access controls, additional access controls to datacentre, policies on locking offices;
• transmission and input controls (e.g. audit logging, systems and network monitoring);
• security incident response: 24/7 monitoring for incidents, on-call security expert.

In principle, the EPO has adopted a paperless policy management system; however, if paper files containing personal data need to be stored on EPO premises, they are locked in a secure location with restricted access. When data are outsourced (e.g. stored, accessed and processed), a privacy and security risk assessment is carried out.

For personal data processed on systems not hosted on EPO premises, the providers processing the personal data have committed in a binding agreement to comply with their data protection obligations under the applicable data protection legal frameworks. The EPO has also carried out a privacy and security risk assessment. These systems are required to have implemented appropriate technical and organisational measures, such as physical security measures; access and storage control measures; securing data at rest (e.g. by encryption); user, transmission and input control measures (e.g. network firewalls, network intrusion detection system (IDS), network intrusion protection system (IPS), audit logging); conveyance control measures (e.g. securing data in transit by encryption).

6. How can you access, rectify and receive your data, request that your data be erased, or restrict/object to processing? Can your rights be restricted?

Data subjects have the right to access, rectify and receive their personal data, not to be subject to a decision based solely on automated processing, to have their data erased and to restrict and/or object to the processing of their data (Articles 18 to 24 DPR). Their right to rectification applies only to factual and objective data processed as part of the medical procedure. It does not apply to subjective statements (which, by definition, cannot be factually wrong).

If you have any questions about the processing of your personal data, please write to the delegated data controller at PDPeople-DPL@epo.org. In order to enable us to respond more promptly and precisely, you always need to provide certain preliminary information with your request. We therefore encourage you to fill in this form (for internals) or this form (for externals) and submit it with your request.

We will reply to your request without undue delay and in any event within one month of receipt of the request. However, Article 15(2) DPR provides that this period may be extended by two further months where necessary in view of the complexity and number of requests received. We will inform you of any such delay.

7. What is the legal basis for processing your data?

Article 5(a) in conjunction with Article 11(2)(b) and (3) DPR are the legal basis for the processing of the data.

Article 11(2)(b) DPR: "Processing is necessary for the purposes of carrying out the obligations and exercising specific rights of the controller or of the data subject in the field of employment and social security law insofar as it is authorised by legal provisions of the European Patent Organisation providing for appropriate safeguards for the fundamental rights and the interests of the data subject."

Article 11(3) DPR: "Paragraph 1 does not apply where processing of the special categories of data is required for the purposes of … The assessment of an employee's working capacity, … the management … of medical examinations and opinions provided for in the Service Regulations … And where those data are processed by a health professional subject to the obligation of professional secrecy or by another person subject to an equivalent obligation of secrecy."

Article 9 in conjunction with Article 8(3)(d) of the EPO's Service Regulations (ServRegs) are the legal basis for pre-recruitment medical examinations.

Article 8(3)d ServRegs: "To be eligible for appointment as an employee, a candidate must fulfil the following requirements: […] (d) he must meet the medical requirements of the post".
Article 9 ServRegs: "Before appointment, a successful candidate shall be medically examined by a medical practitioner designated by the President of the Office in order that the appointing authority may be satisfied that he fulfils the requirements of Article 8, paragraph 3, sub-paragraph (d)".

Article 2 of the EPO's Pension Scheme Regulations states that "Where the medical examination which every employee has to undergo at the time of his appointment shows him to be suffering from an illness or disablement, the Office may decide that, as regards risks arising from an illness or disablement existing before he took up his duties, the said employee shall not be entitled to the death benefits provided for in these Regulations until the expiry of a period not exceeding five years from the date on which he entered the service of the Organisation. If an employee leaves one of the Organisations listed in Article 1, paragraph 2, and takes up employment in the Office within a period of not more than six months, the time spent in the service of that Organisation shall be deducted from this five-year period."

8. How long do we keep your data?

The provider will securely store the information provided by candidates and any notes made by their physician in their assessment process for a period of no more than ten years.

Currently, the data is permanently kept in the electronic database Cority due to technical constraints. However, by 2024, the following retention periods should be implemented for the data stored in Cority before 1 January 2023:

a. Pre-employment medical examinations of candidates found unsuitable – two years after the examination
b. Pre-employment medical examinations of candidates not ultimately recruited – six months after the examination
c. Pre-employment medical examinations of candidates found suitable – ten years after the employee has left the EPO

All data stored in the common Outlook inboxes and calendars of the EPO OHS which are older than five years are deleted.

All data are stored electronically only.

The retention periods apply unless litigation is pending. In case of pending litigation, the retention period will be suspended until all means of redress have been exhausted or the decision is final.

9. Contact information

If you have any questions about the processing of your personal data, please write to the delegated data controller at pdpeople-dpl@epo.org. If you are an external data subject, please write to DPOexternalusers@epo.org.

You can also contact our Data Protection Officer at dpo@epo.org (for internals)/ DPOexternalusers@epo.org (for externals).

Review and legal redress

If you consider that the processing infringes your rights as a data subject, you have the right to request review by the controller under Article 49 DPR and, if you disagree with the outcome of the review, the right to seek legal redress under Article 50 DPR.